

eTable 2 Geometric mean sVEGF and mean and SD $\log_e(s\text{VEGF})$ across study visits by treatment arm

	Ranibizumab continuous (n=158)		Ranibizumab discontinuous (n=156)		Bevacizumab continuous (n=150)		Bevacizumab discontinuous (n=146)		Overall (n=610)	
	Mean (SD) GM $\log_e(s\text{VEGF})$		Mean (SD) GM $\log_e(s\text{VEGF})$		Mean (SD) GM $\log_e(s\text{VEGF})$		Mean (SD) GM $\log_e(s\text{VEGF})$		Mean (SD) GM $\log_e(s\text{VEGF})$	
Visit 0										
sVEGF (including imputed)	154	5.04 (0.78)	164	5.10 (0.84)	173	5.16 (0.90)	182	5.21 (0.81)	168	5.12 (0.84)
Below detectable limit (n, %)	3/152	2.0%	6/149	4.0%	8/143	5.6%	5/137	3.6%	22/581	3.8%
Visit 1										
sVEGF (including imputed)	149	5.01 (0.86)	173	5.15 (0.74)	50	3.92 (1.04)	51	3.93 (1.11)	92	4.52 (1.11)
Below detectable limit (n, %)	1/150	0.7%	4/150	2.7%	37/144	25.7%	35/135	25.9%	77/579	13.3%
Visit 11										
sVEGF (including imputed)	112	4.72 (1.10)	120	4.79 (1.14)	42	3.73 (1.17)	57	4.04 (1.43)	76	4.33 (1.29)
Below detectable limit (n, %)	12/126	9.5%	17/134	12.7%	49/122	40.2%	42/123	34.1%	120/505	23.8%
Visit 12										
sVEGF (including imputed)	120	4.79 (1.11)	129	4.86 (1.07)	43	3.77 (1.24)	59	4.08 (1.39)	81	4.40 (1.28)
Below detectable limit (n, %)	15/134	11.2%	11/135	8.1%	46/119	38.7%	37/123	30.1%	109/511	21.3%
Visit 23										
sVEGF (including imputed)	101	4.61 (1.09)	113	4.73 (1.10)	31	3.43 (1.23)	43	3.76 (1.37)	64	4.16 (1.31)
Below detectable limit (n, %)	14/122	11%	14/127	11%	65/112	58%	44/113	39%	137/474	29%
Visit 24										
sVEGF (including imputed)	105	4.65 (1.13)	108	4.68 (1.24)	31	3.44 (1.33)	45	3.81 (1.44)	64	4.16 (1.39)
Below detectable limit (n, %)	13/130	10.0%	15/132	11.4%	65/123	52.8%	49/120	40.8%	142/505	28.1%

GM=geometric mean. SD=standard deviation. sVEGF= serum vascular endothelial growth factor. sVEGF values below 32 could not be detected; therefore values below the detectable limit were imputed from a uniform distribution between 0 and 32. SDs on the \log_e scale can be added or subtracted from the mean on the \log_e scale and exponentiated to calculate the approximate range within which 68% (1SD) or 95% (2SD) of the data points lie.