# **Expanded View Figures**

### Figure EV1. Effect of valinomycin treatment on the levels of NDP52 and mitochondrial proteins.

- A HeLa-GFP-Parkin cells incubated with valinomycin for 0-24 h. Cell lysates were subjected to Western blotting using the indicated antibodies.
- B HeLa-GFP-Parkin cells incubated with valinomycin for 3 h in the presence or absence of 100 nM bafilomycin A<sub>1</sub> or epoxomicin. Cell lysates were subjected to Western blotting using the indicated antibodies.
- C HeLa-GFP-Parkin cells expressing mCherry-NDP52 were incubated with valinomycin. Cells were immunostained with anti-Tom20 antibody. Colocalization of GFP-Parkin, NDP52, and Tom20 was determined using Line Scan. Fluorescence intensities of each channel were measured along the white arrow. Scale bars, 10 μm.
- D Mitophagy flux assay in FIP200 KD cells. Cells transfected with siFIP200 oligo were incubated with valinomycin for 6 h in the presence or absence bafilomycin A<sub>1</sub>. Results are a summary of three independent experiments. Values are the means  $\pm$  SEM. \*\*P < 0.01 compared with scrambled oligo-treated cells, determined with one-way ANOVA followed by the Student's *t*-test.
- E mCherry-NDP52 was expressed in HeLa-GFP-Parkin cells and immunostained with anti-Lamp2 antibody. Scale bars, 10 μm.



Figure EV1.

## Figure EV2. Ubiquitin-binding-deficient mutants of NDP52 fail to localize at damaged mitochondria.

- A Schematic structures of NDP52 truncated mutants used in this study.
- B HeLa-GFP-Parkin cells expressing mCherry-NDP52 ΔSKICH, ΔCLIR, or ΔLIM-L were immunostained with anti-Tom20 antibody. Scale bars, 10 μm. Colocalization of GFP-Parkin, mCherry-NDP52 mutant, and Tom20 was determined using Line Scan. Fluorescence intensities of each channel were measured along the white arrow.
- C HeLa-GFP-Parkin cells expressing mCherry-NDP52 or  $\Delta$ CLIR were incubated with valinomycin and bafilomycin A<sub>1</sub> for 3 h. Cell lysates were subjected to immunoprecipitation using an anti-RFP antibody. Immunoprecipitates were analyzed by Western blotting.
- D HeLa-GFP-Parkin cells expressing mCherry-NDP52 mutants were incubated with valinomycin and bafilomycin A<sub>1</sub> for 3 h. Cell lysates were subjected to immunoprecipitation using an anti-RFP antibody. Immunoprecipitates were analyzed by Western blotting.
- E HeLa-GFP-Parkin cells expressing mCherry-NDP52ΔZF2 or D439R/C443K were incubated with valinomycin for 2 h. Immunostaining was performed with anti-Tom20 antibody. Scale bar, 10 μm. Colocalization of GFP-Parkin, mCherry-NDP52 mutant, and Tom20 was assessed using Line Scan.
- F Mitophagic flux in NDP52 KD cells transfected with siRNA-resistant NDP52 or NDP52 mutants. Cells were incubated with valinomycin for 3 h. Results are a summary of three independent experiments. Values are the means  $\pm$  SEM. \*\*P < 0.01 vs. scrambled oligo-transfected cells; †P < 0.05, ††P < 0.01 vs. empty vector-transfected cells, determined with one-way ANOVA followed by the Tukey–Kramer *post hoc* test.
- G mCherry-NDP52 was expressed in TBK1 KD cells. Cells were incubated with 1 μM valinomycin for 2 h and immunostained with anti-Tom20 antibody. Scale bars, 10 μm. Colocalization of GFP-Parkin, mCherry-NDP52 mutant, and Tom20 was determined using Line Scan.







#### Figure EV3. Intra-mitochondrial localization of MTPAP does not change following valinomycin treatment.

- A The number of mitophagosomes per cell was counted in NDP52 KD, MTPAP KD, and control cells. Results are a summary of three independent experiments. Values are the means  $\pm$  SEM. \*\*P < 0.01 vs. control, determined with one-way ANOVA followed by the Tukey–Kramer *post hoc* test.
- B MTPAP-FLAG was expressed in HeLa-GFP-Parkin cells. Cells were incubated with valinomycin for 0 or 2 h. Immunostaining was performed with anti-FLAG and anti-Tom20 antibodies. Scale bars, 10 µm.
- C HeLa-GFP-Parkin cells transfected with pMTPAP-FLAG or empty vector were incubated with valinomycin and bafilomycin A<sub>1</sub> for 2 h. Cell lysates were immunoprecipitated with anti-FLAG magnetic beads.
- D HeLa-GFP-Parkin cells expressing MTPAP-FLAG were incubated with 1 μM valinomycin for 2 h and then subjected to immunoelectron microscopy analysis using an anti-FLAG antibody. Arrow, immunogold-labeled FLAG-MTPAP. Scale bar, 500 nm.
- E HeLa-GFP-Parkin cells were incubated with or without valinomycin and cycloheximide for 2 h, and Western blotting was performed.

# Figure EV4. Knockdown of PHB2, Rab35, and TBK1 does not influence the interaction between NDP52 and MTPAP.

- A Mitophagic flux in cells transfected with siNDP52, siPHB2, and a combination of siRNAs. Cells were incubated with valinomycin for 3 h. Results are a summary of three independent experiments. Values are the means  $\pm$  SEM. \**P* < 0.05, \*\**P* < 0.01 vs. scrambled oligo-transfected cells; †*P* < 0.05 vs. siNDP52-transfected cells;  $\frac{P}{P} < 0.05$  vs. siPHB2-transfected cells, determined with one-way ANOVA followed by the Tukey–Kramer *post hoc* test.
- B Images of PHB2 KD cells expressing mCherry-NDP52 under valinomycin treatment. The images are from the upper movie of Movie EV8. Cyan, GFP-Parkin; magenta, mCherry-NDP52. Scale bars, 10 μm.
- C mCherry-NDP52 was expressed in MTPAP KD, PHB2 KD, and control cells. Lysates from cells treated with valinomycin and bafilomycin A<sub>1</sub> for 2 h were subjected to immunoprecipitation using anti-RFP beads. Immunoprecipitates were analyzed by Western blotting. The position of MTPAP is indicated by arrowheads.
- D Mitophagic flux in cells transfected with combinations of siNDP52 and siRab35. Cells were incubated with valinomycin for 2 h. Results are a summary of three independent experiments. Values are the means  $\pm$  SEM. \*P < 0.05 vs. scrambled oligo-transfected cells; NS, not significant.
- E Images of Rab35 KD cells expressing mCherry-NDP52 under valinomycin treatment. The images are from the lower movie of Movie EV8. Cyan, GFP-Parkin; magenta, mCherry-NDP52. Scale bars, 10 μm.
- F mCherry-NDP52 was expressed in MTPAP KD, Rab35 KD, and control cells. Lysates from cells treated with 1 μM valinomycin and 100 nM bafilomycin A<sub>1</sub> for 2 h were subjected to immunoprecipitation using anti-RFP beads. Immunoprecipitates were analyzed by Western blotting. The position of MTPAP is indicated by arrowheads.
- G mCherry-NDP52 was expressed in MTPAP KD, TBK1 KD, and control cells. Lysates from cells treated with 1 µM valinomycin and 100 nM bafilomycin A<sub>1</sub> for 2 h were subjected to immunoprecipitation using anti-RFP beads. Immunoprecipitates were analyzed by Western blotting. The position of MTPAP is indicated by arrowheads.





Figure EV4.

# Α

MOTIF	START	END	LIR sequence	PSSM score
xLIR	245	250	DMFLDL	13 (7.9e-02)
WxxL	96	101	SQFGPI	5 (1.0e+00)
WxxL	111	116	GLYAVV	4 (1.4e+00)
WxxL	146	151	SRFFNL	3 (1.9e+00)
WxxL	175	180	QLFELL	6 (7.4e-01)
WxxL	235	240	NTFGKL	5 (1.9e+00)
WxxL	341	346	YIYGAL	1 (3.6e+00)
WxxL	496	501	QKFVDL	8 (3.9e-01)
WxxL	523	528	RPWGLV	10 (2.0e-01)

В



# Figure EV5. xLIR motif and WXXL motifs in human MTPAP.

- A One xLIR motif and nine WXXL motifs of human MTPAP were identified by the iLIR online server.
- B HeLa-GFP-Parkin cells expressing xLIR mutant and WXXL mutants of MTPAP-FLAG incubated with valinomycin and bafilomycin A1 for 3 h. Cell lysates were subjected to immunoprecipitation with anti-FLAG magnetic beads. Immunoprecipitates were analyzed by Western blotting.