SUPPLEMENTARY DATA

Calponin-3 is critical for coordinated contractility of actin stress fibers

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SUPPLEMENTARY FIGURES LEGENDS

Supplementary Figure 1. Cnn-3 is present in all stress fiber populations (A) 3D-SIM images of the localizations of endogenous Cnn3 and NMII in a U2OS cell. Please note that Cnn3 is present in all stress fiber categories (dorsal stress fibers are marked with red arrows, ventral stress fibers with orange arrows, and thin transverse arcs with yellow brackets). Importantly, it is also enriched in dorsal stress fibers that do not contain NMII. (B) Wide-filed immunofluorescence images of Cnn3 knockout cells demonstrating that NMIIA and α -actinin-1 (both visualized by antibodies) still localize in stress fibers of Cnn3 knockout cells. (C) 3D-SIM images demonstrating the localizations of endogenous NMIIA and α -actinin-1 as well as F-actin (visualized by fluorescent phalloidin) in Cnn3 knockout cells. Single slices of 3D-SIM images are presented. Scale bars, 10 μ M.

Supplementary Figure 2. Generation and analysis of the Cnn3 knockout cell-line (A) sgRNA was designed to target the exon 1 of the CNN3 gene (labeled dark blue) with GGG PAM-sequence (labeled in red). Sanger sequencing of the first complete exon of the *CNN3* gene from wild-type (forward only), and Cnn3 knockout (forward and reverse reads) cells. (B) Next-generation sequencing (NGS) of the same region from knockout cells shows three variants. (C) Each three variant of CNN3 gene harbor a premature stop codon in the second exon, thus resulting in drastically truncated versions of the protein. Stop codons labeled as '*' – asterisk symbol.

Supplementary Figure 3. Cnn-3 si RNAknockdown. (A) siRNA SMARTPool (of 4 target sequences) was applied to obtain Cnn3 knockdown cells. (B) Depletion of Cnn3 was from siRNA cells (CNN3 siRNA) and knockout cells (CNN3 KO) was confirmed with Western Blot. anti-tubulin antibody was used a control for sample loading. (C) To visualize the Cnn3 siRNA phenotype, actin filaments (by fluorescent phalloidin staining) and focal adhesions (by anti-vinculin antibody) of mixed populations of control and Cnn3 knockdown cells were visualized. Outlines of Cnn3 knockdown cells (as detected by anti Cn3 antibody) are represented by white-dash lines. Stress fiber categories in wild-type and Cnn3 knockdown cells are marked as in Fig. 1A. Scale bars, 10 μM.

Supplementary Figure 4. Pillar displacements before and after the breakage. A comparison of the pillar positions before and after the breakage indicates that the force on pillars close to the breakage (1-3) as well as further away (4,5) drops after the event (left, red arrows indicate pillar movements above the noise level of 30nm). Right: Individual pillar traces of the pillars marked on the left show

a buildup of force on some pillars prior to the breakage event and close to the breakage point (pillars 1-3).

SUPPLEMENTAL VIDEOS

Suppl. movie 1. Control movie on stress fiber dynamics in U2OS cell, transfected with GFP actin. Images were acquired for 30 min, every 30 s. Display rate is 10 frames/second.

Suppl. movie 2. Stress fiber dynamics in Cnn3 knockdown U2OS cell, transfected with GFP actin. Images were acquired for 30 min, every 30 s. Display rate is 10 frames/second.

Suppl. movie 3. Stress fiber dynamics in Cnn3 knockout U2OS cell, transfected with GFP actin. Images were acquired for 30 min, every 30 s. Display rate is 10 frames/second.





A	Dharmacon ID	Target Sequence	E
	CNN3, J-0111612-17	5'-UCUCUUACCUAGCGAACAA	-
	CNN3, J-0111612-18	5'-GAGAUUACCAAUAUAGCGA	(*
	CNN3, J-0111612-19	5'-CAGUGAAGAAGGUCAACGA	(~
	CNN3, J-0111612-20	5'-CGGUGGACAACUCGACAAU	1





S3

