## PhoglyStruct: Prediction of phosphoglycerylated lysine residues using structural properties of amino acids

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	Upstream Downstream of lysine														
	±1	±2	±3	±4	±5	±6	±7	±8	±9	±10	±11	±12	±13	±14	±15
Sensitivity	0.787	0.8442	0.7211	0.7814	0.7959	0.7515	0.8455	0.7208	0.8009	0.7621	0.7159	0.7223	0.7673	0.6926	0.6309
Specificity	0.7135	0.7148	0.7644	0.751	0.6996	0.7049	0.664	0.7395	0.7441	0.7232	0.7372	0.7554	0.7424	0.7461	0.7644
Accuracy	0.7302	0.7475	0.7529	0.7565	0.7239	0.7162	0.709	0.7351	0.7589	0.7331	0.7333	0.7461	0.7481	0.7338	0.7335
MCC	0.446	0.49	0.4463	0.4785	0.447	0.402	0.448	0.414	0.488	0.432	0.406	0.431	0.455	0.399	0.372
G-Mean	0.7493	0.7758	0.7424	0.7660	0.7462	0.7278	0.7493	0.7301	0.772	0.7424	0.7265	0.7387	0.7547	0.7189	0.6944

## Supplement 1: Geometric Means for the different window sizes

## Supplement 2: Comparison of PhoglyStruct with simpler set of features

The table below shows the comparison of PhoglyStruct with simpler set of features for the same 10-fold cross-validation set. Simpler\_Features are features for each lysine taking into account the occurrence of amino acids in the ±2 residue window. The matrix representing each lysine is of the size 20x5 where 20 is the different types of amino acid in the genome and 5 is the 2 upstream, the lysine and 2 downstream amino acid. Out of the 20 amino acids, a value of 1 is given to the amino acid present at that position otherwise the rest are given a value of 0. Therefore, the feature representing each lysine is a 100-dimensional vector. As it can be seen, PhoglyStruct, which uses the structural properties of amino acids, outperforms this simpler set of features.

Method	Sensitivity	Specificity	G-Mean	Accuracy	МСС	F-Measure	AUC
Simpler_Features	0.6470	0.7490	0.6887	0.7233	0.3612	0.5326	0.6982
PhoglyStruct	0.8726	0.7331	0.7976	0.7678	0.5343	0.6513	0.8034