Epidemiology of acute kidney injury among hospitalized children in China Supplements

METHOD

AGE- AND SEX- SPECIFIC REFERENCE VALUE OF SERUM CREATININE IN CHILDREN
We selected from the total study population 718,158 children with at least one serum creatinine
measurement, excluding those with any of the following conditions during the hospitalization: any kidney
diseases, dehydration, diarrhea, sepsis, shock, respiratory failure, heart failure, malnutrition, need intensive
care, or death during hospitalization. We log-transformed value of the first available creatinine test in each
selected child and estimated the sex-specific smoothed curves of serum creatinine with respect to age, and
used the estimated geometric mean of creatinine given age and sex as the age- and sex-standardized
reference value. The age- and sex- specific reference value for serum creatinine can be approximated by the

equation: $(5 \times age - 16) \mu mol/L$ for boys aged more than 13 years and $(2 \times age + 21) \mu mol/L$ for all others.

Table S1. Characteristics of the total pediatric population

	Included in the analysis set n=101,836 (11%)	Excluded from the analysis set n=846,018 (89%)
Age (years)	4.7 (5)	4.4 (4)
Infancy (1 month-1 year)	33,402 (33)	200,504 (24)
Childhood (2-10 year)	50,107 (49)	534,557 (64)
Adolescence (11-18 year)	18,327 (18)	102,862 (12)
Male		
Male	61,565 (61)	533,560 (64)
Female	40,271 (40)	304,363 (36)
Location		
Central	47,181 (46)	385,396 (46)
Northern	27,786 (27)	235,826 (28)
Southern	26,869 (26)	216,701 (26)
Hospital type		
Children hospital	63,124 (62)	644,375 (77)
General hospital	38,712 (38)	193,548 (23)
In-hospital death	1188 (1)	1411 (0.2)
Need intensive care	14,587 (14)	21,308 (3)
Length of stay (days)	14 (9, 21)	7 (4, 10)
Clinical settings		
Respiratory infection	33,445 (33)	269,105 (32)
Non-cardiac surgery	32,142 (32)	310,816 (37)
Congenital heart disease/	20,462 (20)	36,974 (4)
cardiac surgery Anemia	7385 (7)	18,268 (2)
Sepsis	6544 (6)	14,768 (2)
Diarrhea/dehydration	6323 (6)	36,420 (4)
Glomerulonephritis	5550 (5)	12,937 (2)
CKD [#]	51 (0.01)	97 (0.05)
Heart failure	5200 (5)	7172 (0.9)
Respiratory failure	4154 (4)	4444 (0.5)
Trauma/burn	3882 (4)	15,002 (2)
Epilepsy	3581 (4)	47,368 (6)
Intestinal obstruction	2846 (3)	8127 (1)
Malnutrition	2028 (2)	5727 (0.7)
Shock	1743 (2)	1330 (0.2)
Urinary tract obstruction	1474 (1)	4845 (0.6)
Urinary tract infection	1263 (1)	5918 (0.7)
Hypoxic ischemic encephalopathy	669 (0.7)	1495 (0.2)

^{*} Age (years) is expressed in mean (sd); length of stay is expressed in median (q25,q75); other data are expressed in N (%).

 $^{^{\#}}$ CKD: physician-diagnosed chronic kidney disease stage 3-4, given by ICD10 codes: N18.803, N18.804

Table S2. Cumulative incidence of AKI and diagnosis rate by diagnostic code

	N	CA-AKI N (%)	HA-AKI N (%)	Total AKI N (%)	AKI diagnosis rate [*] , N (%)
All patients	101,836	7,220 (7)	12,688 (13)	20,006 (20)	712 (4)
Age [#]					
Infant	32,804	2,974 (9)	6,082 (19)	9,056 (28)	118 (1)
Childhood	50,600	3,196 (6)	5,493 (11)	8,689 (17)	354 (4)
Adolescent	18,432	1,050 (6)	1,113 (6)	21,63 (12)	240 (11)
Hospital type					
Children	63,124	4,561 (7)	9,055 (14)	13,616 (22)	457 (3)
General	38,712	2,659 (7)	3,633 (9)	6,292 (16)	255 (4)
Location					
Central	47,181	3,751 (8)	6,752 (14)	10,503 (22)	486 (5)
North	27,786	1,900 (7)	2,425 (9)	4,325 (16)	139 (3)
South	26,869	1,569 (6)	3,511 (13)	5,080 (19)	87 (2)

^{*}AKI diagnosis rate was calculated the percentage of AKI by diagnostic code from the admission and discharge record among the AKI cases identified based on the serum creatinine change.

Abbreviation: CA-AKI, community acquired AKI; HA-AKI, hospital acquired AKI

^{*}Infant, childhood, and adolescent were defined as age of <1, 2-5, and 11-18 years, respectively.

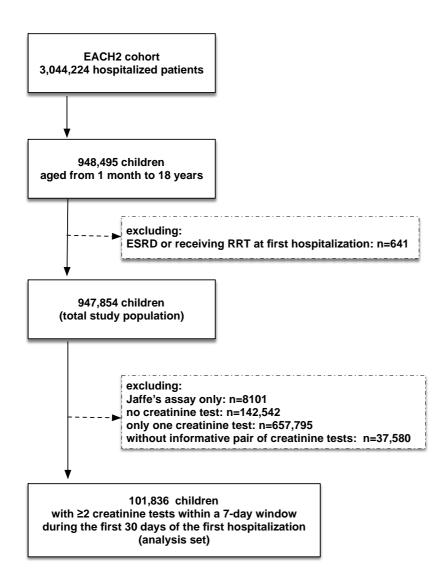


Figure S1. Study population and the analysis set

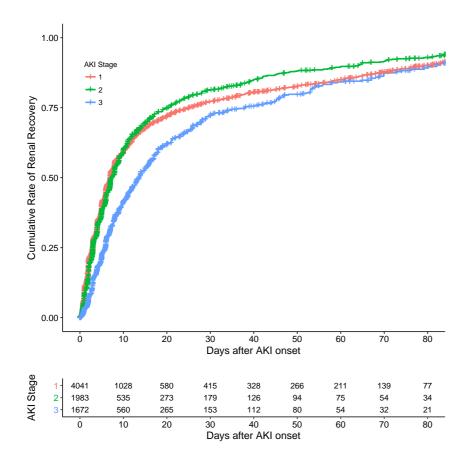


Figure S2. Kaplan Meier Curves of cumulative renal recovery of hospital acquired AKI by AKI stages

Appendix - List of Analyzed Drugs

Proton Pump Inhibitors

Omeprazole

Lansoprazole

Pantoprazole

Esomeprazole

Rabeprazole

Aminoglycoside Antibiotic

Gentamicin

Amikacin

Tobramycin

Streptomycin

Etimicin

Antiepileptic Drugs

Sodium Valproate

Phenobarbital

Carbamazepine

Oxcarbazepine

Levetiracetam

Lamotrigine

Topiramate

Clonazepam

Pregabalin

Zonisamide

Gabapentin

Phenytoin Sodium

Antituberculosis Drugs

Isoniazid

Pyrazinamide

Rifampin

Isoniazid Aminosalicylate Tablets

Ethambutol

Antifungal Drugs

Fluconazole

Itraconazole

Voriconazole

Amphotericin B

Caspofungin

Amphotericin

Micafungin Net

Miconazole

Flucytosine

Ketoconazole

Caspofungin Acetate

Antiviral Drugs

Ganciclovir

Vidarabine

Ribavirin

Acyclovir

Oseltamivir

Lamivudine

Valacyclovir

Foscarnet Sodium

Penciclovir

Entecavir

Adefovir Dipivoxil

Telbivudine

Chemotherapeutic Drugs

Vindesine

Daunorubicin

Etoposide

Cisplatin

Cyclophosphamide

Topotecan

Ifosfamide

Vincristine

Carboplatin

Pegaspargase

Cytarabine

Mitoxantrone

Fluorouracil

Doxorubicin

Rituximab

Methotrexate

Sirolimus

Idarubicin

Mercaptopurine

Cladribine

Pirarubicin

Pingyangmycin

Doxorubicin

Methotrexate

Epirubicin

Bevacizumab

Paclitaxel

Bleomycin

Bleomycin

Dacarbazine

Arsenic Trioxide

Hydroxyurea

Actinomycin D

Nedaplatin

Gemcitabine

Retinoic Acid

Asparaginase

Temozolomide

Oxaliplatin

Tegafur, Gimeracil And Oteracil Porassium

Thioguanine

Ubenimex

Camptothecin

Aclarubicin

Harringtonine

Mannatide

Calcium Levofolinate

Fludarabine

Brucea Javanica Oil

Docetaxel

Arsenious Acid

Rukuaixiao

Contrast Media

Urografin

Iohexol

Iopamidol

Gadodiamide

Iopromide

Ioversol

Acetone

Iodized Oil

Gadopentetate Dimeglumine

Iodixanol

Nonsteroid Anti-Inflammatory Drug

Ibuprofen

Acetaminophen

Aspirin

Compound Paracetamol And Methylephedrine Oral Solution

Diclofenac

Indomethacin

Compound Pseudoephedrine Hydrochloride

Paracetamol Suppositories

Paracetamol, Pseudoephedrine Hydrochloride,

Dextromethorphan Hydrobromide And Chlorphenamine Maleate Tablets

Sodium Salicylate

Pediatric Paracetamol, Atificial Cow-Bezoar And Chlorphenamine Maleate

Paracetamol, Caffein, Atificial Cow-Bezoar And Chlorphenamine Maleate

Compound Aminophenazone And Barbital

Glucosamine

Pseudoephedrine Hydrochlorid, Chlorpheniramine Maleate

And Dextromethorphan Hydrobromide

Acetaminophen Oral Solution

Dexibuprofen

Flurbiprofen

Etoricoxib

Parecoxib Sodium

Acetaminophen Oral Solution

Compound Indomethacin Tincture

Paracetamol Solution

Celecoxib Propacetamol Superoxide Dismutase Meloxicam

Other Antibiotics

Vancomycin
Teicoplanin
Sulfonamide
Trimethoprim and Sulfamethoxazole
Compound Sulfamethoxazole

Appendix - List of Participating Hospitals

- 1. Nanfang Hospital, Southern Medical University, Guangzhou, China;
- 2. The First Affiliated Hospital of Zhengzhou University, Zhengzhou, China;
- 3. West China Second University Hospital, Sichuan University, Chengdu, China;
- 4. Sichuan Provincial People's Hospital, University of Electronic Science and Technology of China, Chengdu, China;
- 5. Guangdong General Hospital, Guangdong Academy of Medical Sciences, Guangzhou, China;
- 6. Children's Hospital of Chongqing Medical University, Chongqing, China;
- 7. Guizhou Provincial People's Hospital, Guizhou University, Guiyang, China;
- 8. The Second Affiliated Hospital, Zhejiang University, Hangzhou, China;
- 9. Guilin Medical University Affiliated Hospital, Guilin, China;
- 10. Tongji Hospital Affiliated to Tongji Medical College, Huazhong University of Science and Technology, Wuhan, China;
- 11. The First Affiliated Hospital, Zhejiang University, Hangzhou, China;
- 12. The First Affiliated Hospital of Shenzhen University, Shenzhen University, Shenzhen, China;
- 13. The Second Affiliated Hospital of Dalian Medical University, Dalian, China;
- 14. Huashan Hospital, Fudan University, Shanghai, China;
- 15. Zhong Da Hospital, Nanjing, China;
- 16. Sun Yat-sen Memorial Hospital, Sun Yat-sen University, Guangzhou, China;
- 17. Children's Hospital of Nanjing Medical University, Nanjing, China;
- 18. The Children Hospital of Zhejiang University, Hangzhou, China;
- 19. Anhui Provincial Children's Hospital, Hefei, China;
- 20. Guangzhou Women and Children's Medical Center, Guangzhou Medical University, Guangzhou, China;
- 21. Children's Hospital of Fudan University, Shanghai, China;
- 22. Chengdu Women and Children's Central Hospital, Chengdu, China;
- 23. Shanghai Children's Medical Center, Shanghai Jiaotong University, Shanghai, China;
- 24. Jinan Children's Hospital, Jinan, China;
- 25. Lanzhou University Second Hospital, Lanzhou, China.

Appendix - List of Diagnosis Codes

Congenital heart disease/ Cardiac surgery: Q24.9, O99.89, I97.110, I97.120, I97.130, I97.710, I97.790, I97.810, I97.820

Glomerulonephritis: N00.2, N00.3, N00.4, N00.5, N00.7, N01.2, N01.4, N01.5, N01.7, N02.2, N02.3, N02.4, N02.5, N02.7, N03.2, N03.3, N03.4, N03.5, N03.7, N04.2, N04.3, N04.4, N04.5, N04.7, N05.2, N05.3, N05.4, N05.5, N05.7, N06.2, N06.3, N06.4, N06.5, N06.7, N07.2, N07.3, N07.4, N07.5, N07.7

Respiratory failure: J95.821, J95.822, J96.00, J96.01, J96.02, J96.10, J96.11, J96.12, J96.20, J96.21, J96.22, J96.90, J96.91, J96.92, P28.5

Shock: A48.3, O03.31, O03.81, O04.81, O07.31, O08.3, O75.1, R45.7, R57.0, R57.1, R57.8, R57.9, R65.21, T75.01, T78.2, T79.4, T81.1, T81.11, T81.12, T81.19, T88.2, Y63.4, Y84.3

Heart failure: I09.81, I11.0, I13.0, I13.2, I50.2, I50.3, I50.4, I50.8, I50.9, I97.13

Urinary tract obstruction: N13.0, N13.2, N32.0, N13.5, N13.8, N13.9

Diabetes: E08.00, E08.01, E08.1, E08.2, E08.3, E08.4, E08.5, E08.6, E08.8, E08.9, E09.0, E09.1, E09.2, E09.3, E09.4, E09.5, E09.6, E09.8, E09.9, E10.1, E10.2, E10.3, E10.4, E10.5, E10.6, E10.8, E10.9, E11.0, E11.1, E11.2, E11.3

Diarrhea: K58.0, K59.1, P78.3, R19.7

Dehydration: P74.1, T67.3, E86.0

Sepsis: A02.1, A22.7, A26.7, A32.7, A40, A41.0, A41.1, A41.2, A41.3, A41.4, A41.5, A41.8, A41.9, A42.7, A54.86, B37.7, O03.37, O03.87, O04.87, O07.37, O08.82, O85, P36, R65.2

Respiratory infection: J06.9, J22, J44.0, J47.0

Intestinal obstruction: K50.012, K50.112, K50.812, K50.912, K51.012, K51.212, K51.312, K51.412, K51.512, K51.812, K56.5, K56.60, K56.69, K91.3, P76

Trauma: G89.11, G89.21, H05.33, H05.42, H40.3, H61.31, K08.11, K08.41, K08.81, K08.82, M18.3, M87.2, O71.8, O71.9, T79.8, T79.9, Z87.828, Z91.49

Burn: T20.00, T20.01, T20.02, T20.03, T20.04, T20.05, T20.06, T20.07, T20.09, T20.1, T20.2, T20.3, T21.0, T21.1, T21.2, T21.3, T22.0

Anemia: D46.0, D46.1, D46.2, D46.4, D50, D51, D52, D53, D55, D56, D57.4, D58, D59, D61,D62, D63, D64

Malnutrition: E43, E44, E45, E46, E64.0, O25.1, O25.2, O25.3

Epilepsy: G40.00, G40.01, G40.1, G40.2, G40.3, G40.4, G40.80, G40.90, G40.91, G40.B0, G40.B1, Z82.0

Hypoxic ischemic encephalopathy: P91.60, P91.61, P91.62

Urinary tract infection: N39.0, P39.3

Preterm: O42.01, O42.11, O42.91, O60.1, O60.2, P07.3, P59.0

Hematological malignancy:C90, C91, C92, C93, C94, C95, C81, C82, C83, C84, C85, C86