Supplementary Table 1. The questionnaire for evaluating on-farm biosecurity level developed by authors based on the biosecurity assessment tool 'BioAsseT'

developed by PRRS-Japan Elimination Team (P-JET)composed of a group of swine veterinarians (http://site-pjet.com/).

Questions	Answer Frame	Scoring
	I. Site	
i. Site Condition		
1) Choose the number of other farms located within 3 km radius from		4
your farm.	B 1,2	4/3*2=8/3
	C 3,4 D 5 or more.	4/3 0
	D S of more.	0
2) Chose the distance from the nearest neighboring farm.	A More than 3km radius.	4
	B Less than 3km radius but more than 1km radius.	8/3
	C Less than 1km radius.	4/3
	D On the same premises.	0
3) Choose the distance from the nearest slaughterhouse.	A More than 10km radius.	4
-,	B Less than 10 km radius but more than 4km radius.	8/3
	C Less than 4km radius but more than 1km radius.	4/3
	D Less than 1km radius.	0
Choose the situation of the nearest public road.	A Dead end.	4
	B My farm is directly attached to the public road, but livestock transport vehicles rarely path.	3
	C Public road run through my premises, but livestock transport vehicles rarely path.	2
	D My farm is directly attached to the public road and livestock transport vehicles often path.	1
	E Public road run through my premises and livestock transport vehicles often path.	0
	II. External Biosecurity	
ii. Replacement Gilts		
5) Choose the introduction frequency of gilts.	A We don't introduce gilts from supplier (Complete closed flock.)	4
	B We purchase introduce gilts annually (Self-rearing system.)	8/3
	C We purchase gilts monthly.	4/3
	D We purchase gilts weekly.	0
6) Choose the acclimatization/quarantine period for gilts to herd flora	A More than 3 months.	4
before entering stables.	B Less than 3 months but more than 2 months.	8/3
	C Less than 2 months but more than 1 month.	4/3
	D Less than 1 month.	0
7) Chappen the important and we wanted a second for important		
7) Choose the inspection methods you use for inspecting	A Both ELISA kit and PCR. B Either ELISA kit or PCR.	4
acclimatization.	C None.	2
	C None.	0
iii. Employee		
8) Choose the entrance requirements for visitors.	A Visitors are enforced to have shower in/out. The shower room has one-way access.	4
	B Visitors are enforced to have shower in/out. The shower room does not have one-way access.	8/3
	C Visitors are not enforced to have shower in/out but hands wash & disinfection are required.	4/3
	D No requirements.	0
9) Choose the hygienic requirements for clothing and shoes change.	A Disinfect shoes before entering and change to farm specific clothing and shoes.	4
9) Choose the hygienic requirements for clothing and shoes change.	No disinfection of shoes before entering but change to farm specific clothing and shoes	2
	B Choose B if you use shoes cover.	2
	C No requirements for clothing and shoes change.	0
iv. Transport Vehicles		
10) Choose the status of transport vehicles delivering fattening pigs	A The transport vehicles are used privately for delivering purpose.	4
to slaughter house.	B The transport vehicles are used privately but not only for delivering purpose.	3

	C The transport vehicles are shared with other single farm per day.	2
	D The transport vehicles are shared with other several farms per day but loaded individually.	1
	E The transport vehicles are shared with other several farms per day and loaded jointly.	0
11) Choose the status of cleaning procedure for transport vehicles.	A The vehicles have first "wash and disinfection" at slaughter house and have another intensive "wash, disinfection and drying " at own farm.	4
	B We follow the above procedure but incomplete.	8/3
	C The vehicles have first "wash" at slaughter house and have another "wash and disinfection" at own farm."	4/3
	D No cleaning procedure is taken.	0
12) Choose the requirements for vehicle driver after delivering.	A The driver is engaged in delivering only or is enforced one night down time (pig contact free period).	4
	B The driver is enforced to have shower in before entering farm on the day.	8/3
	C The driver is not enforced to have shower in but to change clothing and shoes.	4/3
	D No requirements.	0
13) Choose the status of transport vehicle among own farm.	A The transport vehicles are used privately .	4
	B The transport vehicles are shared with other farms and require cleaning, disinfection and drying procedure.	2
	C The transport vehicles are shared with other farms without rules.	0
v. Manure & Carcass		
14) Choose the status of collection storage for dead body.	A The transport vehicles drive to private collection storage settled outside of the sanitary area or use private incinerator to dispose dead body.	4
	B The transport vehicle drive to shared collection storage outside of the sanitary areas.	3
	C The transport vehicle drive into collection storage settled inside of the sanitary area no matter private use or shared without loading dead body from other farms.	2

	D The transport vehicle drive into collection storage settled inside of the sanitary area no matter private use or	1
	shared, with loading dead body from other farms.	
	E Not applicable (N/A) to above statements.	0
15) Choose the status of transport vehicle used for carrying dead animals	A The transport vehicle are used privately for carrying dead animals to storage only.	4
between pen and collection storage.	B The transport vehicle are used privately but for multiple purpose.	8/3
	C The transport vehicles are shared with other several farms but loaded individually.	4/3
	D The transport vehicles are shared with other several farms and loaded jointly.	0
16) Choose the status of cleaning procedure for transport vehicles used	A The transport vehicles are washed and disinfected properly.	4
to carry dead animals inside the farm.	B No cleaning procedure is taken or unknown.	0
17) Choose the requirements for vehicle driver after transporting.	A The driver is engaged in delivering only or is enforced one night down time (pig contact free period).	4
	B The driver is enforced to have shower in before entering farm on the day.	8/3
	C The driver is not enforced to have shower in but to change clothing and shoes.	4/3
	D No requirements.	0
18) Choose the manure composting facility.	A We have private composting facility and use private vehicle to transport manure.	4
	B We share composting facility with others but use private vehicle to transport manure.	2
	C We share both composting facility and vehicle to transport manure.	0
vi. Vermin Controls		
19) Choose the rodent control in your farm.	A No trace of rodents are observed in our farm.	4
	B Regular deratizations are made in our farm.	8/3
	C Indeterminate deratizations are made in our farm.	4/3
	D No deratizations are made despite the trace of rodents.	0
20) Choose the wild birds control in your farm.	A Our farm is fully equipped with bird preventing net and overhauled regularly.	4
	B Our farm is partly equipped with bird preventing net.	2
	C No measurements against wild birds.	0
vii. Farm Contractors		
21) Choose the entrance requirements for farm contractors entering	A Contractors are obliged to have down time and shower in.	4
stables.	B Contractors are obliged to have down time and change clothing and shoes.	8/3
	C Contractors are obliged to have down time but no requirements for clothing and shoes, D No requirements nor entering record.	4/3 0
22) Choose the requirements for materials and tools to enter.	A Fumigation is required or farm specific materials and tools are used.	4
	B Disinfection other than fumigation is required.	2
	C No requirements.	0
viii. Pen Layouts	III.+B118:E195 Internal Biosecurity	
23) Choose the status of pen independence.	A All the growth stages are independent by stables.	4
-,	B All the growth stages are independent by pen with independent underfloor.	3
	C All the growth stages are independent by crate with joint underfloor.	2
	D Growth stages are mixed in the stables but partitioned by walls.	1
	E Growth stages are mixed in the stables without physical separation.	0
24) Choose the status of site independence.	A The sites are independent by production stages.	4
	B All the production stages are gathered in the single site but settled in order of growth stages.	2
	C All the production stages are gathered in the single site and settled randomly among growth stages.	0
ix. Pig-flows		
25) Choose the status of all-in all-out system at farrowing stage.	A All-in all-out by each stable unit.	4
	B All-in all-out by each pen unit.	8/3

	b / an in an out by each per ante.	0,5
	C We have continuous flow in order of expected date of delivery.	4/3
	D We have continuous flow and mixed without order.	0
26) Choose the status of all-in all-out system at weaning stage.	A All-in all-out by each stable unit.	4
	B All-in all-out by each pen unit.	8/3
	C We have continuous flow in order of age.	4/3
	D We have continuous flow and mixed without order.	0
27) Choose the status of all-in all-out system at fattening stage.	A All-in all-out by each stable unit.	4
	B All-in all-out by each pen unit.	8/3
	C We have continuous flow in order of age.	4/3
	D We have continuous flow and mixed without order.	0
28) Choose the status of all-in all-out system at quarantine period	A All-in all-out by each stable unit.	4
for gilts.	B All-in all-out by each pen unit.	8/3
	C We have continuous flow in order of age.	4/3
	D We have continuous flow and mixed without order.	0
29) Choose the status of isolation and culling of sick animals.	A Both active isolation and culling are operated.	4
	B Active isolation but inactive culling are operated.	2
	C Both inactive isolation and culling are operated.	0
30) Choose the status of boomerang fattening pigs.	A We completely all-out the fattening pigs.	4
	B We have specific stable for boomerang pigs.	8/3
	C We return to the stable with other batch without direct contact by settling specific pen for boomerang pigs.	4/3

D We return to the stable with other batch and mixed with the different li	tters.

31) Choose the status of cleaning at farrowing pen.	A Organic substances are all washed out and counter checked by supervisor.	Л
si) choose the status of cleaning at fairlowing pen.	B Organic substances are all washed out but no counter check by supervisor.	4 8/
	C Organic substances are often remain behind the facilities.	4/
	D We do not regularly wash farrowing pen.	0
32) Choose the status of cleaning at weaning pen.	A Organic substances are all washed out and counter checked by supervisor.	4
	B Organic substances are all washed out but no counter check by supervisor.	8/
	C Organic substances are often remain behind the facilities.	4/
	D We do not regularly wash weaning pen.	0
33) Choose the status of cleaning at fattening pen.	A Organic substances are all washed out and counter checked by supervisor.	4
	 B Organic substances are all washed out but no counter check by supervisor. C Organic substances are often remain behind the facilities. 	8/ 4/
	D We do not regularly wash fattening pen.	-, C
34) Choose the status of disinfection procedure at farrowing pen.	A We use aldehydes, hypochlorite or foam solution of strong-alkaline benzalkonium chloride.	4
	B We use other solutions mentioned above.	8/
	C We rarely follow the instructions of disinfectant dosage D We use no disinfectant.	4/ C
5) Choose the drying period for farrowing pen.	A More than 1 week.	
5) choose the drying period for fairbowing perio	B Less than 1 week but recharge sows after confirming drying state.	8/
	C Less than 1 week and recharge sows without confirming drying state.	4/
	D Recharge sows at the same day of discharge or recharge without drying.	C
36) Choose the status of disinfection procedure at weaning pen.	A We use aldehydes, hypochlorite or foam solution of strong-alkaline benzalkonium chloride. B We use other solutions mentioned above.	4
	C We rarely follow the instructions of disinfectant dosage.	8/ 4
	D We use no disinfectant.	(⁻
7) Choose the drying period for weaning pen.	A More than 1 week.	
	B Less than 1 week but recharge weaners after confirming drying state.	8,
	C Less than 1 week and recharge weaners without confirming drying state.	4/
	D Recharge weaners at the same day of discharge or recharge without drying.	(
8) Choose the status of disinfection procedure at fattening pen.	A We use aldehydes, hypochlorite or foam solution of strong-alkaline benzalkonium chloride. B We use other solutions mentioned above.	2
	C We rarely follow the instructions of disinfectant dosage	8/ 4/
	D We use no disinfectant.	(
9) Choose the drying period for fattening pen.	A More than 1 week.	
	B Less than 1 week but recharge fattening pig after confirming drying state.	8/
	C Less than 1 week and recharge fattening pig without confirming drying state. D Recharge fattening pigs at the same day of discharge or recharge without drying.	4/ C
i. Employee		
	A Change every pen.	_
• •	B Change every stable.	8,
• •		8,
0) Choose the frequency of changing shoes.	 B Change every stable. C Change every growth stage. D No exchange. 	8, 4, (
0) Choose the frequency of changing shoes.	B Change every stable. C Change every growth stage. D No exchange. A Change every pen. B Change every stable.	8/ 4/ (
0) Choose the frequency of changing shoes.	B Change every stable. C Change every growth stage. D No exchange. A Change every pen. B Change every stable. C Change every stable. C Change every growth stage.	8/ 4/ (2 8/ 4/
0) Choose the frequency of changing shoes.	B Change every stable. C Change every growth stage. D No exchange. A Change every pen. B Change every stable.	8/ 4/ (2 8/ 4/
 i0) Choose the frequency of changing shoes. i1) Choose the frequency of changing clothing and globes. iii. Injection Needles 	B Change every stable. C Change every growth stage. D No exchange. A Change every pen. B Change every stable. C Change every stable. D No exchange. D No exchange.	8/ 4/ () 2 8/ 4/
 0) Choose the frequency of changing shoes. 1) Choose the frequency of changing clothing and globes. ii. Injection Needles 	B Change every stable. C Change every growth stage. D No exchange. A Change every pen. B Change every stable. C Change every stable. C Change every stable. D No exchange.	8; 4; (2 8; 4;
 i0) Choose the frequency of changing shoes. i1) Choose the frequency of changing clothing and globes. iii. Injection Needles 	B Change every stable. C Change every growth stage. D No exchange. A Change every pen. B Change every stable. C Change every stable. D No exchange. D No exchange.	8/ 4/ () 2 8/ 4/
 iii. Injection Needles Choose the frequency of changing clothing and globes. Choose the frequency of changing injection needles for sows. 	B Change every stable. C Change every growth stage. D No exchange. A Change every stable. C Change every stable. C Change every growth stage. D No exchange. A One for one sow. B We use jet injector. C No exchange.	8/ 4/ () 2 8/ 4/
 ii. Injection Needles Choose the frequency of changing clothing and globes. Choose the frequency of changing injection needles for sows. 	B Change every stable. C Change every growth stage. D No exchange. A Change every pen. B Change every stable. C Change every stable. C Change every growth stage. D No exchange. A One for one sow. B We use jet injector. C No exchange.	8/ 4/ (2 8/ 4/
 i0) Choose the frequency of changing shoes. i1) Choose the frequency of changing clothing and globes. ii. Injection Needles ii2) Choose the frequency of changing injection needles for sows. ii3) Choose the frequency of changing injection needles for weaners. 	B Change every stable. C Change every growth stage. D No exchange. A Change every stable. C Change every stable. C Change every growth stage. D No exchange. A One for one sow. B We use jet injector. C No exchange.	8/ 4/ 0 4 8/ 4/ 0 4 2 0 0 4 2 0 0 4 2 0 0
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 i0) Choose the frequency of changing shoes. i1) Choose the frequency of changing clothing and globes. ii. Injection Needles ii2) Choose the frequency of changing injection needles for sows. ii3) Choose the frequency of changing injection needles for weaners. 	B Change every stable. C Change every growth stage. D No exchange. A Change every pen. B Change every stable. C Change every stable. C Change every growth stage. D No exchange. A One for one sow. B We use jet injector. C No exchange.	8/ 4/ 0 2 8/ 4/ 0 2 2 0 0 2 2 0 0 2 2 0 0 2 2 0 0 2 2 0 0 2 2 0 0 2 2 0 0 2 2 0 0 2 2 0 0 0 2 2 0 0 0 2 2 2 2 0
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 i. Employee 10) Choose the frequency of changing shoes. 11) Choose the frequency of changing clothing and globes. ii. Injection Needles 12) Choose the frequency of changing injection needles for sows. 13) Choose the frequency of changing injection needles for weaners. 14) Choose the frequency of changing injection needles for piglets. iii. Delivery Stalls 15) Choose the status of disinfection procedure for mutilation material 	B Change every stable. C Change every growth stage. D No exchange. A Change every pen. B Change every stable. C Change every growth stage. D No exchange. A One for one sow. B We use jet injector. C No exchange. A One for single pen or at least one for one litter. B One for single pen or single batch. C No exchange. A We use jet injector or at least one for less than 10 piglets in the single pen. B One for more than 10 piglets in the single pen. C One for single batch. D No exchange.	8/ 4/ 0 4 8/ 4/ 0 4 2 0 0 4 2 0 0 4 2 0 0 4
 40) Choose the frequency of changing shoes. 41) Choose the frequency of changing clothing and globes. 41) Choose the frequency of changing injection needles for sows. 42) Choose the frequency of changing injection needles for weaners. 43) Choose the frequency of changing injection needles for piglets. 44) Choose the frequency of changing injection needles for piglets. 	B Change every stable. C Change every growth stage. D No exchange. A Change every stable. C Change every stable. C Change every growth stage. D No exchange. A One for one sow. B We use jet injector. C No exchange. A One for one sow. B We use jet injector or at least one for one litter. B One for single pen or single batch. C No exchange. A We use jet injector or at least one for less than 10 piglets in the single pen. B One for more than 10 piglets in the single pen. C One for single batch. D No exchange. Is A B Disinfect per piglet. B Disinfect per single littler. C Disinfect per single batch.	
 iii. Delivery Stalls 	B Change every stable. C Change every growth stage. D No exchange. A Change every stable. C Change every stable. C Change every growth stage. D No exchange. A One for one sow. B We use jet injector. C No exchange. A One for one sow. B We use jet injector or at least one for one litter. B One for single pen or single batch. C No exchange. A We use jet injector or at least one for less than 10 piglets in the single pen. B One for single batch. C No exchange. A We use jet injector or at least one for less than 10 piglets in the single pen. B One for more than 10 piglets in the single pen. C One for single batch. D No exchange. Is d Disinfect per piglet. B Disinfect per single littler.	8/ 4/ 0 2 8/ 4/ 0 2 2 0 0 2 2 0 0 2 2 0 0 2 2 0 0 2 2 0 0 2 2 0 0 0 2 2 0 0 0 2 2 0
 iii. Delivery Stalls 	B Change every stable. C Change every growth stage. D No exchange. A Change every stable. C Change every stable. C Change every growth stage. D No exchange. A One for one sow. B We use jet injector. C No exchange. A One for one sow. B We use jet injector or at least one for one litter. B One for single pen or single batch. C No exchange. A We use jet injector or at least one for less than 10 piglets in the single pen. B One for more than 10 piglets in the single pen. C One for single batch. D No exchange. Is A B Disinfect per piglet. B Disinfect per single littler. C Disinfect per single batch.	8/ 4/ 0 2 8/ 4/ 0 2 2 0 0 2 2 0 0 2 2 0 0 2 2 0 0 0 2 2 0 0 0 2 2 0

	C Execute before giving adequate colostrum intake.	0
47) Choose the status of operating nurse sows.	A Execute at minimum level after adequate colostrum intake.	4
* Nurse sows: sows wean her own piglets to give	B Execute actively after adequate colostrum intake.	2
extra teat capacity to excess piglets.	C Execute before giving adequate colostrum intake.	0
48) Choose the status of caring runt piglets.	 A Operate active culling. B No culling but use fostering technic or early weaning. C No fostering and wean as usual. D Pass to the nursing sow and mix with healthy piglets or isolate with excessed weaning age at farrowing pen. 	4 8/3 4/3 0