

Table S3. Clinical findings in 35 patients with 46, XY DSD.

ID	sex#	DSD subcategory	clinical diagnos is	age at referra l	cause of referral	EM S scor e	Tanner stages	associated conditions
1	M	DGD	TRS	1y11m	empty scrotum	9	prepuber tal	complex obstetric history (1 miscarriage, death of 2nd child in 1st day of life due to combined congenital defects)
2	M	DGD	TRS	2y8m	empty scrotum	9	prepuber tal	
3	M	DGD	TRS	5y7m	empty scrotum	9	prepuber tal	
4	M	DGD	TRS	7y4m	empty scrotum	9	prepuber tal	SGA, gestational hypertension
5	M	DGD	TRS	8y10m	empty scrotum	9	prepuber tal	
6	F	DGD	CGD	13y	abdominal mass, delayed puberty	9	B1P3	yolk sac tumor, tall stature
7	F	DGD	CGD	14y6m	recurrent abdominal pain, delayed puberty	0	B1P4	no hormonal work-up prior to surgical treatment, bilateral gonadoblastoma, bilateral immature teratoma
8	F	DGD	CGD	16y2m	abdominal mass, primary amenorrhea	0	B3P3	c-section due to placenta praevia, prematurity, mixed germ cell tumor secreting E2, tall stature
9	F	DGD	CGD	17y8m	primary amenorrhea	0	B1P4	bilateral gonadoblastoma secreting T, tall stature
10	M	DAS	5αRD	10m	atypical genitalia	9	prepuber tal	
11	M	DAS	5αRD	12m	atypical genitalia	9	prepuber tal	bilateral sandal gap (limb anomalies)
12	M	DAS	5αRD	2y1m	atypical genitalia	9	prepuber tal	prematurity

13	F	DAS	DAS	21m	atypical genitalia	3	prepuber tal	right side inguinal hernia, gonadectomy at the age of 2y10m, testes on histopathology
14	M	DAA	NSDU M	11d	atypical genitalia	9	prepuber tal	SGA, normal urinary system on US, glanular hypospadias in father
15	M	DAA	NSDU M	22d	atypical genitalia	5	prepuber tal	positive family history for AIS
16	M	DAA	NSDU M	3m	atypical genitalia	6	prepuber tal	
17	M	DAA	NSDU M	3m	atypical genitalia	?	prepuber tal	SGA, c-section due to fetal distress, umbilical hernia
18	M	DAA	NSDU M	6m	atypical genitalia	6	prepuber tal	c-section due to breech position
19	M	DAA	NSDU M	3y3m	atypical genitalia	7.5	prepuber tal	SGA, c-section due to fetal distress, prematurity, underweight
20	F	DAA	CAIS	10d	atypical genitalia	3	prepuber tal	bilateral inguinal hernias, positive family history for AIS
21	F	DAA	CAIS	5y10 m	atypical genitalia	1	prepuber tal	asthma
22	F	DAA	CAIS	165m	primary amenorrhea	0	B5P2	tall stature, obesity
23	F	DAA	CAIS	17y4 m	primary amenorrhea	0	B5P2	pectus excavatum
24	F	DAA	CAIS	17y9 m	primary amenorrhea	2	B5P2	c-section due to fetal distress, bilateral inguinal hernias, tall stature, overweight
25	F	DAA	CAIS	17y9 m	primary amenorrhea	1	B5P2	tall stature, unilateral inguinal hernia
26	F	DAA	CAIS	14y6 m	primary amenorrhea	2	B5P2	c-section due to placental abruption, bilateral inguinal hernias, hyposmia
27	F	DAA	PAIS	6m	atypical genitalia	3	prepuber tal	SGA, c-section due to fetal distress, oligohydramnios, prematurity
28	M	sDSD	sDSD	2m	atypical genitalia	6	prepuber tal	atrial septal defect type II, left kidney ectopy, with time idiopathic hypertransaminasemia developed

29	M	sDSD	sDSD	2m	atypical genitalia	8	prepuberal	SGA, c-section due to breech position, congenital heart defect, left kidney ectopy, nonautoimmunological primary hypothyroidism, with time hypergonadotropic hypogonadism developed, older brother of patient ID 30 †
30	M	sDSD	sDSD	6m	atypical genitalia	6	prepuberal	facial dysmorphia, multiple pituitary hormone deficiency (TSH, GH, ACTH), pituitary posterior lobe ectopy, younger brother of patient ID 29 †
31	M	sDSD	sDSD	18m	atypical genitalia	4	prepuberal	SGA, complex obstetric history (4th pregnancy, 2nd delivery, 2 miscarriages), facial dysmorphia, psychomotor delay, hypotonia, left side hypoacusis, patent foramen ovale, hip dysplasia, asthma, dilatation of the ventricular system and the frontal lobes subarachnoid spaces on MRI
32	M	sDSD	sDSD	2y2m	atypical genitalia with adrenal insufficiency	8	prepubertal	primary adrenal insufficiency, epilepsy, mild developmental delay, with time hypergonadotropic hypogonadism developed
33	M	sDSD	sDSD	6y10m †	atypical genitalia	3	prepuberal	SGA, epilepsy, diaphragmatic hernia, younger brother of patient ID 34 †
34	M	sDSD	sDSD	12y10m †	atypical genitalia	3	G2P2	obesity, short stature (rhGH treatment), hypermetropia, older brother of patient ID 33 †
35	F	sDSD	sDSD	7d	atypical genitalia	0	prepuberal	c-section due to fetal distress, facial dysmorphia, microcephaly, syndactyly of 2nd and 3rd toes, clinodactyly of 2nd and 3rd fingers of the left hand, psychomotor delay, short stature (rhGH treatment), dilatation of subarachnoid spaces on MRI

#sex of rearing; †first pair of siblings; ‡second pair of siblings

Abbreviations: DSD, disorder of sex development; EMS, external masculinisation score; M, male; DGD, disorder of gonadal development; TRS, testicular regression syndrome; y, years; m, months; SGA, small for gestational age; F, female; CGD, complete gonadal dysgenesis; E2, estradiol; T, testosterone; DAS, disorder of androgen synthesis; 5αRD, 5α-reductase deficiency; NSDUM, non-specific disorder of

undermasculinisation; d, days; US, ultrasound; AIS, androgen insensitivity syndrome; CAIS, complete androgen insensitivity syndrome; sDSD, syndromic DSD; rhGH, recombinant human growth hormone; TSH, thyroid stimulating hormone; GH, growth hormone; ACTH, adrenocorticotropic hormone