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Reporting Summary

Nature Research wishes to improve the reproducibility of the work that we publish. This form provides structure for consistency and transparency in reporting. For further information on Nature Research policies, see <u>Authors & Referees</u> and the <u>Editorial Policy Checklist</u>.

Statistical parameters

	t, or Methods section).
n/a	Confirmed
	\square The exact sample size (n) for each experimental group/condition, given as a discrete number and unit of measurement
	An indication of whether measurements were taken from distinct samples or whether the same sample was measured repeatedly
	The statistical test(s) used AND whether they are one- or two-sided Only common tests should be described solely by name; describe more complex techniques in the Methods section.
	A description of all covariates tested
	A description of any assumptions or corrections, such as tests of normality and adjustment for multiple comparisons
	A full description of the statistics including <u>central tendency</u> (e.g. means) or other basic estimates (e.g. regression coefficient) AND <u>variation</u> (e.g. standard deviation) or associated <u>estimates of uncertainty</u> (e.g. confidence intervals)
	For null hypothesis testing, the test statistic (e.g. <i>F</i> , <i>t</i> , <i>r</i>) with confidence intervals, effect sizes, degrees of freedom and <i>P</i> value noted <i>Give P values as exact values whenever suitable.</i>
\boxtimes	For Bayesian analysis, information on the choice of priors and Markov chain Monte Carlo settings
\times	For hierarchical and complex designs, identification of the appropriate level for tests and full reporting of outcomes
	\boxtimes Estimates of effect sizes (e.g. Cohen's d , Pearson's r), indicating how they were calculated
	Clearly defined error bars State explicitly what error hars represent (e.g. SD. SE. Cl.)

Our web collection on <u>statistics for biologists</u> may be useful.

Software and code

Policy information about availability of computer code

Data collection

Behavioral data collection was accomplished using custom software (Maestro, https://sites.google.com/a/srscicomp.com/maestro/home). Neurophysiological data collection was performed using Plexon. Further details regarding data collection are provided in the Methods section.

Data analysis

Data analysis and computational modeling were performed using custom code written in MatLab. Analysis code is available upon reasonable request to the corresponding author.

For manuscripts utilizing custom algorithms or software that are central to the research but not yet described in published literature, software must be made available to editors/reviewers upon request. We strongly encourage code deposition in a community repository (e.g. GitHub). See the Nature Research guidelines for submitting code & software for further information.

Dolicy	informati	on shou	t availab	sility of	date

Policy information about <u>availability of data</u>

All manuscripts must include a data availability statement. This statement should provide the following information, where applicable:

- Accession codes, unique identifiers, or web links for publicly available datasets
- A list of figures that have associated raw data
- A description of any restrictions on data availability

The data are available from the corresponding author upon reasonable request.

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Please select the best fit for your research. If you are not sure, read the appropriate sections before making your selection.

Life sciences

Behavioural & social sciences

Ecological, evolutionary & environmental sciences

For a reference copy of the document with all sections, see <u>nature.com/authors/policies/ReportingSummary-flat.pdf</u>

Life sciences study design

All studies must disclose on these points even when the disclosure is negative.

Sample size

Our sample of neural recordings (N = 164 neurons) was drawn from 2 monkeys, which is standard for our field.

Exclusions

Exclusion criteria are listed in the paper. We excluded neurons that responded very weakly during the eye movements we studied. We also excluded trials where a saccade intervened in the critical analysis interval.

Replication

We saw the same basic effects in 164 neurons in two monkeys. We are completely transparent about the behavioral conditions and stimuli.

Randomization

Our animals were not separated into groups.

Blinding

Our animals were not separated into groups, therefore blinding was unnecessary.

Reporting for specific materials, systems and methods

Ma	terials & experimental systems	Me	ethods
n/a	Involved in the study	n/a	Involved in the study
\boxtimes	Unique biological materials	\boxtimes	ChIP-seq
\boxtimes	Antibodies	\boxtimes	Flow cytometry
\boxtimes	Eukaryotic cell lines	\boxtimes	MRI-based neuroimaging
\boxtimes	Palaeontology		
	Animals and other organisms		
\bigvee	Human research participants		

Animals and other organisms

Policy information about <u>studies involving animals</u>; <u>ARRIVE guidelines</u> recommended for reporting animal research

Laboratory animals	Macaca mulatta, Male, weight 10-14 kg, ages 8 and 10 years			
Wild animals	No wild animals were used in this study.			
Field-collected samples	No field-collected samples were used in this study.			