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# **Reporting Summary**

Nature Research wishes to improve the reproducibility of the work that we publish. This form provides structure for consistency and transparency in reporting. For further information on Nature Research policies, see <u>Authors & Referees</u> and the <u>Editorial Policy Checklist</u>.

#### Statistical parameters

	en statistical analyses are reported, confirm that the following items are present in the relevant location (e.g. figure legend, table legend, main ;, or Methods section).
n/a	Confirmed
	The exact sample size (n) for each experimental group/condition, given as a discrete number and unit of measurement
	An indication of whether measurements were taken from distinct samples or whether the same sample was measured repeatedly
	The statistical test(s) used AND whether they are one- or two-sided Only common tests should be described solely by name; describe more complex techniques in the Methods section.
$\boxtimes$	A description of all covariates tested
	A description of any assumptions or corrections, such as tests of normality and adjustment for multiple comparisons
	A full description of the statistics including <u>central tendency</u> (e.g. means) or other basic estimates (e.g. regression coefficient) AND <u>variation</u> (e.g. standard deviation) or associated <u>estimates of uncertainty</u> (e.g. confidence intervals)
	For null hypothesis testing, the test statistic (e.g. <i>F</i> , <i>t</i> , <i>r</i> ) with confidence intervals, effect sizes, degrees of freedom and <i>P</i> value noted <i>Give P values as exact values whenever suitable.</i>
	For Bayesian analysis, information on the choice of priors and Markov chain Monte Carlo settings
	For hierarchical and complex designs, identification of the appropriate level for tests and full reporting of outcomes
	Estimates of effect sizes (e.g. Cohen's d, Pearson's r), indicating how they were calculated
	Clearly defined error bars State explicitly what error bars represent (e.g. SD, SE, CI)

Our web collection on statistics for biologists may be useful.

#### Software and code

Policy information about availability of computer code

Data collection

Matlab, version 2015a

Data analysis

R, version 3.4; JAGS, version 4.0

For manuscripts utilizing custom algorithms or software that are central to the research but not yet described in published literature, software must be made available to editors/reviewers upon request. We strongly encourage code deposition in a community repository (e.g. GitHub). See the Nature Research guidelines for submitting code & software for further information.

#### Data

Policy information about <u>availability of data</u>

All manuscripts must include a data availability statement. This statement should provide the following information, where applicable:

- Accession codes, unique identifiers, or web links for publicly available datasets
- A list of figures that have associated raw data
- A description of any restrictions on data availability

The data that support the findings of this study are available from the corresponding author upon request.

# Field-specific reporting

Please select the best in it	i your research. If you are not sure, i	ead the appropriate sections before making your selection.
Life sciences	Behavioural & social sciences	Ecological, evolutionary & environmental sciences

For a reference copy of the document with all sections, see <a href="https://nauthors/policies/ReportingSummary-flat.pdf">nature.com/authors/policies/ReportingSummary-flat.pdf</a>

# Life sciences study design

Blinding

Sampling strategy

All studies must disclose on these points even when the disclosure is negative.

Describe how sample size was determined, detailing any statistical methods used to predetermine sample size OR if no sample-size calculation Sample size was performed, describe how sample sizes were chosen and provide a rationale for why these sample sizes are sufficient.

Data exclusions Describe any data exclusions. If no data were excluded from the analyses, state so OR if data were excluded, describe the exclusions and the rationale behind them, indicating whether exclusion criteria were pre-established.

Describe the measures taken to verify the reproducibility of the experimental findings. If all attempts at replication were successful, confirm this Replication OR if there are any findings that were not replicated or cannot be reproduced, note this and describe why.

Randomization Describe how samples/organisms/participants were allocated into experimental groups. If allocation was not random, describe how covariates were controlled OR if this is not relevant to your study, explain why.

> Describe whether the investigators were blinded to group allocation during data collection and/or analysis. If blinding was not possible, describe why OR explain why blinding was not relevant to your study.

# Behavioural & social sciences study design

All studies must disclose on these points even when the disclosure is negative.

Study description Quantitative experimental study of how humans make subjective value-based decisions Research sample University of Zurich students used as a representative sample of young healthy population. n=127 (55 females), age 19-37 Sampling strategy Random sampling procedure Sample-size was based on previous studies conducted in our lab (Polania et al, 2014,2015) Data collection Visual stimuli were presented on a computer screen. Responses were inserted using a computer keyboard or mouse depending on the experiment Timing Data was collected during the years 2015-2017, between 9:00am and 5:00pm No data was excluded from the analyses Data exclusions Non-participation There were no dropouts Randomization Participants were randomly assigned to each of the experiments

# Ecological, evolutionary & environmental sciences study design

All studies must disclose on these points even when the disclosure is negative.

Study description Briefly describe the study. For quantitative data include treatment factors and interactions, design structure (e.g. factorial, nested, hierarchical), nature and number of experimental units and replicates.

Research sample Describe the research sample (e.g. a group of tagged Passer domesticus, all Stenocereus thurberi within Organ Pipe Cactus National Monument), and provide a rationale for the sample choice. When relevant, describe the organism taxa, source, sex, age range and

any manipulations. State what population the sample is meant to represent when applicable. For studies involving existing datasets, describe the data and its source.

Note the sampling procedure. Describe the statistical methods that were used to predetermine sample size OR if no sample-size calculation was performed, describe how sample sizes were chosen and provide a rationale for why these sample sizes are sufficient.

Data collection	Describe the data collection procedure, including who recorded the data and how.		
Timing and spatial scale	Indicate the start and stop dates of data collection, noting the frequency and periodicity of sampling and providing a rationale for these choices. If there is a gap between collection periods, state the dates for each sample cohort. Specify the spatial scale from which the data are taken		
Data exclusions  If no data were excluded from the analyses, state so OR if data were excluded, describe the exclusions and the rationale indicating whether exclusion criteria were pre-established.			
Reproducibility	Describe the measures taken to verify the reproducibility of experimental findings. For each experiment, note whether any atternate repeat the experiment failed OR state that all attempts to repeat the experiment were successful.		
Randomization	Describe how samples/organisms/participants were allocated into groups. If allocation was not random, describe how covariates were controlled. If this is not relevant to your study, explain why.		
Describe the extent of blinding used during data acquisition and analysis. If blinding was not possible, describe why OR explain blinding was not relevant to your study.			
Did the study involve field	tion and transport		
Field conditions	Describe the study conditions for field work, providing relevant parameters (e.g. temperature, rainfall).		
Location	State the location of the sampling or experiment, providing relevant parameters (e.g. latitude and longitude, elevation, water depth).		
Access and import/export	Describe the efforts you have made to access habitats and to collect and import/export your samples in a responsible manner and in compliance with local, national and international laws, noting any permits that were obtained (give the name of the issuing authority, the date of issue, and any identifying information).		
Disturbance	Describe any disturbance caused by the study and how it was minimized.		

# Reporting for specific materials, systems and methods

Materials & experimental systems	Methods	
n/a Involved in the study	n/a Involved in the study	
Unique biological materials	ChIP-seq	
Antibodies	Flow cytometry	
Eukaryotic cell lines	MRI-based neuroimaging	
Palaeontology	•	
Animals and other organisms		
Human research participants		
·		

## Unique biological materials

Policy information about <u>availability of materials</u>

Obtaining unique materials

Describe any restrictions on the availability of unique materials OR confirm that all unique materials used are readily available from the authors or from standard commercial sources (and specify these sources).

#### **Antibodies**

Antibodies used

Describe all antibodies used in the study; as applicable, provide supplier name, catalog number, clone name, and lot number.

Validation

Describe the validation of each primary antibody for the species and application, noting any validation statements on the manufacturer's website, relevant citations, antibody profiles in online databases, or data provided in the manuscript.

#### Eukaryotic cell lines

Policy information about cell lines

Cell line source(s)

State the source of each cell line used.

Authentication

Describe the authentication procedures for each cell line used OR declare that none of the cell lines used were authenticated.

Mycoplasma contamination

Confirm that all cell lines tested negative for mycoplasma contamination OR describe the results of the testing for mycoplasma contamination OR declare that the cell lines were not tested for mycoplasma contamination.

Commonly misidentified lines (See ICLAC register)

Name any commonly misidentified cell lines used in the study and provide a rationale for their use.

#### Palaeontology

Specimen provenance

Provide provenance information for specimens and describe permits that were obtained for the work (including the name of the issuing authority, the date of issue, and any identifying information).

Specimen deposition

Indicate where the specimens have been deposited to permit free access by other researchers.

Dating methods

If new dates are provided, describe how they were obtained (e.g. collection, storage, sample pretreatment and measurement), where they were obtained (i.e. lab name), the calibration program and the protocol for quality assurance OR state that no new dates are provided.

Tick this box to confirm that the raw and calibrated dates are available in the paper or in Supplementary Information.

#### Animals and other organisms

Policy information about studies involving animals; ARRIVE guidelines recommended for reporting animal research

Laboratory animals

For laboratory animals, report species, strain, sex and age OR state that the study did not involve laboratory animals.

Wild animals

Provide details on animals observed in or captured in the field; report species, sex and age where possible. Describe how animals were caught and transported and what happened to captive animals after the study (if killed, explain why and describe method; if released, say where and when) OR state that the study did not involve wild animals.

Field-collected samples

For laboratory work with field-collected samples, describe all relevant parameters such as housing, maintenance, temperature, photoperiod and end-of-experiment protocol OR state that the study did not involve samples collected from the field.

#### Human research participants

Policy information about studies involving human research participants

Population characteristics

see above

Recruitment

Participants were recruited via the online system recruitment platform of the University of Zurich. An important condition to participate in the experiment was that participants were familiar with the food products used in our experiments. The products were selected from the two biggest supermarket chains in Switzerland (Migros and Coop). This selection process was essential to test the hypotheses of our experiments.

#### ChIP-seq

#### Data deposition

Confirm that both raw and final processed data have been deposited in a public database such as GEO.

Confirm that you have deposited or provided access to graph files (e.g. BED files) for the called peaks.

Data access links

May remain private before publication.

For "Initial submission" or "Revised version" documents, provide reviewer access links. For your "Final submission" document, provide a link to the deposited data.

Files in database submission

Provide a list of all files available in the database submission.

Genome browser session (e.g. <u>UCSC</u>)

Provide a link to an anonymized genome browser session for "Initial submission" and "Revised version" documents only, to enable peer review. Write "no longer applicable" for "Final submission" documents.

#### Methodology

Replicates

Describe the experimental replicates, specifying number, type and replicate agreement.

Sequencing depth	Describe the sequencing depth for each experiment, providing the total number of reads, uniquely mapped reads, length of reads and whether they were paired- or single-end.
Antibodies	Describe the antibodies used for the ChIP-seq experiments; as applicable, provide supplier name, catalog number, clone name, and lot number.
Peak calling parameters	Specify the command line program and parameters used for read mapping and peak calling, including the ChIP, control and index files used.
Data quality	Describe the methods used to ensure data quality in full detail, including how many peaks are at FDR 5% and above 5-fold enrichment.
Software	Describe the software used to collect and analyze the ChIP-seq data. For custom code that has been deposited into a community repository, provide accession details.
Flow Cytometry	
Plots	

How Cytometry					
Plots					
Confirm that:					
The axis labels state the r	The axis labels state the marker and fluorochrome used (e.g. CD4-FITC).				
The axis scales are clearly	The axis scales are clearly visible. Include numbers along axes only for bottom left plot of group (a 'group' is an analysis of identical markers).				
All plots are contour plots with outliers or pseudocolor plots.					
A numerical value for nur	A numerical value for number of cells or percentage (with statistics) is provided.				
Methodology					
Sample preparation	Describe the sample preparation, detailing the biological source of the cells and any tissue processing steps used.				
Instrument	Identify the instrument used for data collection, specifying make and model number.				
Software	Describe the software used to collect and analyze the flow cytometry data. For custom code that has been deposited into a community repository, provide accession details.				
Cell population abundance	Describe the abundance of the relevant cell populations within post-sort fractions, providing details on the purity of the samples and how it was determined.				
Gating strategy	Describe the gating strategy used for all relevant experiments, specifying the preliminary FSC/SSC gates of the starting cell population, indicating where boundaries between "positive" and "negative" staining cell populations are defined.				
Tick this box to confirm the	hat a figure exemplifying the gating strategy is provided in the Supplementary Information.				

### Magnetic resonance imaging

#### Experimental design

Design specifications

Design type

or block (if trials are blocked) and interval between trials. Behavioral performance measures State number and/or type of variables recorded (e.g. correct button press, response time) and what statistics were used to establish that the subjects were performing the task as expected (e.g. mean, range, and/or standard deviation across subjects). Acquisition

Specify the number of blocks, trials or experimental units per session and/or subject, and specify the length of each trial

Indicate task or resting state; event-related or block design.

'			
Imaging type(s)	Specify: functional, structural, diffusion, perfusion.		
Field strength	Specify in Tesla		
Sequence & imaging parameters	Specify the pulse sequence type (gradient echo, spin echo, etc.), imaging type (EPI, spiral, etc.), field of view, matrix size, slice thickness, orientation and TE/TR/flip angle.		
Area of acquisition	State whether a whole brain scan was used OR define the area of acquisition, describing how the region was determined.		
Diffusion MRI Used	Not used		

Preprocessing			
Preprocessing software	Provide detail on software version and revision number and on specific parameters (model/functions, brain extraction, segmentation, smoothing kernel size, etc.).		
		normalized/standardized, describe the approach(es): specify linear or non-linear and define image types sformation OR indicate that data were not normalized and explain rationale for lack of normalization.	
Normalization template	Describe the template used for normalization/transformation, specifying subject space or group standardized space (e.g. original Talairach, MNI305, ICBM152) OR indicate that the data were not normalized.		
Noise and artifact removal		r procedure(s) for artifact and structured noise removal, specifying motion parameters, tissue signals and signals (heart rate, respiration).	
Volume censoring	Define your software and/or method and criteria for volume censoring, and state the extent of such censoring.		
Statistical modeling & inference			
		mass univariate, multivariate, RSA, predictive, etc.) and describe essential details of the model at the first evels (e.g. fixed, random or mixed effects; drift or auto-correlation).	
Effect(s) tested		e effect in terms of the task or stimulus conditions instead of psychological concepts and indicate whether ctorial designs were used.	
Specify type of analysis: Whole	e brain	ROI-based Both	
Statistic type for inference (See Eklund et al. 2016)  Specify voxel-wise or cluster-wise and report all relevant parameters for cluster-wise methods.		wise or cluster-wise and report all relevant parameters for cluster-wise methods.	
Correction Describ		type of correction and how it is obtained for multiple comparisons (e.g. FWE, FDR, permutation or Monte	
Models & analysis			
n/a Involved in the study  Functional and/or effective connectivity  Graph analysis  Multivariate modeling or predictive analysis			
Functional and/or effective connectivity		Report the measures of dependence used and the model details (e.g. Pearson correlation, partial correlation, mutual information).	
Graph analysis		Report the dependent variable and connectivity measure, specifying weighted graph or binarized graph, subject- or group-level, and the global and/or node summaries used (e.g. clustering coefficient, efficiency, etc.).	
Multivariate modeling and predictive analysis		Specify independent variables, features extraction and dimension reduction, model, training and evaluation metrics.	