Section/Topic	Itom	Standard Checklist item	Extension for cluster	Dogo
Section/Topic	ltem No	Standard Checklist Item	designs	Page No *
			designs	
Title and abstract				
	1a	Identification as a	Identification as a cluster	1
		randomised trial in the title	randomised trial in the title	
	1b	Structured summary of trial design, methods, results, and conclusions (for specific guidance see CONSORT for abstracts) ^{1,2}	See table 2	2
Introduction				
Background and objectives	2a	Scientific background and explanation of rationale	Rationale for using a cluster design	4 & 5
	2b	Specific objectives or hypotheses	Whether objectives pertain to the the cluster level, the individual participant level or both	4&5
Methods				
Trial design	3a	Description of trial design (such as parallel, factorial) including allocation ratio	Definition of cluster and description of how the design features apply to the clusters	5
	3b	Important changes to methods after trial commencement (such as eligibility criteria), with reasons		
Participants	4a	Eligibility criteria for participants	Eligibility criteria for clusters	5
	4b	Settings and locations where the data were collected		5
Interventions	5	The interventions for each group with sufficient details to allow replication, including how and when they were actually administered	Whether interventions pertain to the cluster level, the individual participant level or both	9-11
Outcomes	6а	Completely defined pre- specified primary and secondary outcome measures, including how and	Whether outcome measures pertain to the cluster level, the individual participant level or both	11

Table 1: CONSORT 2010 checklist of information to include when reporting a cluster randomised trial

		when they were assessed		
	6b	Any changes to trial outcomes after the trial commenced, with reasons		
Sample size	7a	How sample size was determined	Method of calculation, number of clusters(s) (and whether equal or unequal cluster sizes are assumed), cluster size, a coefficient of intracluster correlation (ICC or <i>k</i>), and an indication of its uncertainty	11
	7b	When applicable, explanation of any interim analyses and stopping guidelines		
Randomisation:				
Sequence generation	8a	Method used to generate the random allocation sequence		7
	8b	Type of randomisation; details of any restriction (such as blocking and block size)	Details of stratification or matching if used	7
Allocation concealment mechanism	9	Mechanism used to implement the random allocation sequence (such as sequentially numbered containers), describing any steps taken to conceal the sequence until interventions were assigned	Specification that allocation was based on clusters rather than individuals and whether allocation concealment (if any) was at the cluster level, the individual participant level or both	7
Implementation	10	Who generated the random allocation sequence, who enrolled participants, and who assigned participants to interventions	Replace by 10a, 10b and 10c	
	10a		Who generated the random allocation sequence, who enrolled clusters, and who assigned clusters to interventions	7
	10b		Mechanism by which individual participants were included in clusters for the purposes of the trial (such as complete	7

Inc. Inc. From whom consent was sought 7 From whom consent was sought 7 Individual cluster members, or individual cluster members, or both), and whether consent was sought before or after assignment to interventions (for example, participants, care providers, those assessing outcomes) and how 7 Inter results and how 11b If done, who was blinded after assignment to interventions (for example, participants, care providers, those assessing outcomes) and how 7 Inter similarity of interventions 11b If relevant, description of the similarity of interventions (for each group, the numbers) and secondary outcome analyses and adjusted intended treatment, and were analysed for the primary outcome 11 & 12 assignment to functional analyses of participants who were randomly assigned, received intended treatment, and were analysed for the primary outcome 5 & 6 Results 13 b for each group, the numbers of clusters that were randomly assigned, received intended treatment, and were analysed for the primary outcome 5 & 6 Rescultant 12 b Tor each group, toses and exclusions for both clusters and individual cluster members and indi					
Binding 11 a If done, who was blinded after assignment to interventions (for example, participants, care providers, those assessing outcomes) and how 7 Binding 11 b If done, who was blinded after assignment to interventions (for example, participants, care providers, those assessing outcomes) 7 Statistical methods 12 b Statistical methods used to compare groups for primary and secondary outcomes analyses, with as subgroup analyses and asjusted analyses with as subgroup analyses and asjusted analyses. 11 & 12 Perticipant flow (a) digram is strongly recommended() 13 a For each group, the numbers of participants who were analysed for the primary outcome analyses. 5 & 6 Results 13 b For each group, losses and exclusions for both clusters and individual cluster members of participants who were analysed for the primary outcome 5 & 6 13 b For each group, losses and exclusions for both clusters and individual cluster members of reactions after reasons 5 & 6 Recruitment 14 b Dates defining the periods of the primary outcome 5 & 6 13 b For each group, losses and readomisation, together with readomisation, together with readomisation, together with readomisation together with readomisation together with readomisation together with readomisation, together with readomisation, together with readomisation together w				enumeration, random sampling)	
after assignment to interventions (for example, participants, care providers, those assessing outcomes)Sealence and how11bIf relevant, description of the similarity of interventionsHow clustering was taken into account11 & 12Statistical methods12aStatistical methods used to compare groups for primary and secondary outcomesHow clustering was taken into account11 & 1212bMethods for additional analyses, such as subgroup analyses and adjusted analysesFor each group, the numbers of participants who were randomly assigned, received intended treatment, and were analysed for the primary outcomeSo each group, the numbers of clusters that were randomly assigned, received intended treatment, and were analysed for the primary outcomeSo each group, losses and exclusions after randomisation, together with reasonsSo each group, losses and exclusions for both clusters and individual cluster membersSo each exclusions for both clusters and individual cluster membersSo each exc		10c		(representatives of the cluster, or individual cluster members, or both), and whether consent was sought before or after	7
after assignment to interventions (for example, participants, care providers, those assessing outcomes)Sealence and how11bIf relevant, description of the similarity of interventionsHow clustering was taken into account11 & 12Statistical methods12aStatistical methods used to compare groups for primary and secondary outcomesHow clustering was taken into account11 & 1212bMethods for additional analyses, such as subgroup 					
similarity of interventionsStatistical methodsStatistical methods used to compare groups for primary and secondary outcomesHow clustering was taken into account11 & 1212bMethods for additional analyses, such as subgroup analyses and adjusted analysesI1 & 1211 & 12ResultsFor each group, the numbers of participant flow (a diagram is strongly recommended)For each group, the numbers of participants who were randomly assigned, received intended treatment, and were analysed for the primary outcomeFor each group, the numbers of clusters that were randomly assigned, received intended treatment, and were analysed for the primary outcome5 & 613bFor each group, losses and exclusions after randomisation, together withi reasonsFor each group, losses and exclusions for both clusters and individual cluster members5 & 6Recruitment14aDates defining the periods of recruitment and follow-upFor each group, losses for the exclusions for both clusters and individual cluster members5Baseline data15A table showing baselineBaseline characteristics for the12 & 13	Blinding	11a	after assignment to interventions (for example, participants, care providers, those assessing outcomes)		7
compare groups for primary and secondary outcomesaccount12bMethods for additional analyses, such as subgroup analyses and adjusted analyses11 & 12ResultsFor each group, the numbers of participant flow (a diagram is strongly recommended)For each group, the numbers of participants who were randomly assigned, received 		11b			
ResultsParticipant flow (a diagram is strongly recommended)13aFor each group, the numbers of participants who were randomly assigned, received intended treatment, and were analysed for the primary outcomeFor each group, the numbers of clusters that were randomly assigned, received intended treatment, and were analysed for the primary outcome5 & 613bFor each group, losses and exclusions after randomisation, together with reasonsFor each group, losses and exclusions for both clusters and individual cluster members5 & 6Recruitment14aDates defining the periods of recruitment and follow-upFor each group, losses and exclusions for both clusters and individual cluster5Baseline data15A table showing baselineBaseline characteristics for the 12 & 1312 & 13	Statistical methods	12a	compare groups for primary	-	11 & 12
Participant flow (a diagram is strongly recommended)13aFor each group, the numbers of participants who were randomly assigned, received intended treatment, and were analysed for the primary outcomeFor each group, the numbers clusters that were randomly assigned, received intended treatment, and were analysed for the primary outcome5 & 613bFor each group, losses and exclusions after randomisation, together with reasonsFor each group, losses and exclusions for both clusters and individual cluster members5 & 6Recruitment14aDates defining the periods of recruitment and follow-up5514bWhy the trial ended or was stopped55Baseline data15A table showing baselineBaseline characteristics for the12 & 13		12b	analyses, such as subgroup analyses and adjusted		11 & 12
diagram is strongly recommended)of participants who were randomly assigned, received intended treatment, and were analysed for the primary outcomeclusters that were randomly assigned, received intended treatment, and were analysed for the primary outcomeSecond S	Results				
exclusions after randomisation, together with reasonsexclusions for both clusters and individual cluster membersRecruitment 14aDates defining the periods of recruitment and follow-up514bWhy the trial ended or was stopped5Baseline data15A table showing baselineBaseline characteristics for the12 & 13	diagram is strongly	13a	of participants who were randomly assigned, received intended treatment, and were analysed for the	clusters that were randomly assigned, received intended treatment, and were analysed for	5&6
recruitment and follow-up 14b Why the trial ended or was stopped Baseline data 15 A table showing baseline Baseline characteristics for the 12 & 13		13b	exclusions after randomisation, together with	exclusions for both clusters and	5&6
Baseline data 15 A table showing baseline Baseline characteristics for the 12 & 13	Recruitment	14a			5
0		14b			
	Baseline data	15	-		12 & 13

		characteristics for each group	applicable for each group	
Numbers analysed	16	For each group, number of participants (denominator) included in each analysis and whether the analysis was by original assigned groups	For each group, number of clusters included in each analysis	6
Outcomes and estimation	17a	For each primary and secondary outcome, results for each group, and the estimated effect size and its precision (such as 95% confidence interval)	Results at the individual or cluster level as applicable and a coefficient of intracluster correlation (ICC or k) for each primary outcome	12-18
	17b	For binary outcomes, presentation of both absolute and relative effect sizes is recommended		
Ancillary analyses	18	Results of any other analyses performed, including subgroup analyses and adjusted analyses, distinguishing pre-specified from exploratory		12-18
Harms	19	All important harms or unintended effects in each group (for specific guidance see CONSORT for harms ³)		
Discussion				
Limitations	20	Trial limitations, addressing sources of potential bias, imprecision, and, if relevant, multiplicity of analyses		23
Generalisability	21	Generalisability (external validity, applicability) of the trial findings	Generalisability to clusters and/or individual participants (as relevant)	7
Interpretation	22	Interpretation consistent with results, balancing benefits and harms, and considering other relevant evidence		20-22
Other information				
Registration	23	Registration number and		5

		name of trial registry	
Protocol	24	Where the full trial protocol can be accessed, if available	5
Funding	25	Sources of funding and other support (such as supply of drugs), role of funders	24

* Note: page numbers optional depending on journal requirements

Table 2: Extension of CONSORT for abstracts1² to reports of cluster randomised trials

Item	Standard Checklist item	Extension for cluster trials
Title	Identification of study as randomised	Identification of study as cluster randomised
Trial design	Description of the trial design (e.g. parallel, cluster, non-inferiority)	
Methods		
Participants	Eligibility criteria for participants and the settings where the data were collected	Eligibility criteria for clusters
Interventions	Interventions intended for each group	
Objective	Specific objective or hypothesis	Whether objective or hypothesis pertains to the cluster level, the individual participant level or both
Outcome	Clearly defined primary outcome for this report	Whether the primary outcome pertains to the cluster level, the individual participant level or both
Randomization	How participants were allocated to interventions	How clusters were allocated to interventions
Blinding (masking)	Whether or not participants, care givers, and those assessing the outcomes were blinded to group assignment	
Results		
Numbers randomized	Number of participants randomized to each group	Number of clusters randomized to each group
Recruitment	Trial status ¹	
Numbers analysed	Number of participants analysed in each group	Number of clusters analysed in each group
Outcome	For the primary outcome, a result for each group and the estimated effect size and its precision	Results at the cluster or individual participant level as applicable for each primary outcome
Harms	Important adverse events or side effects	
Conclusions	General interpretation of the results	
Trial registration	Registration number and name of trial register	
Funding	Source of funding	

¹ Relevant to Conference Abstracts

REFERENCES

- ¹ Hopewell S, Clarke M, Moher D, Wager E, Middleton P, Altman DG, et al. CONSORT for reporting randomised trials in journal and conference abstracts. *Lancet* 2008, 371:281-283
- ² Hopewell S, Clarke M, Moher D, Wager E, Middleton P, Altman DG at al (2008) CONSORT for reporting randomized controlled trials in journal and conference abstracts: explanation and elaboration. *PLoS Med* 5(1): e20
- ³ Ioannidis JP, Evans SJ, Gotzsche PC, O'Neill RT, Altman DG, Schulz K, Moher D. Better reporting of harms in randomized trials: an extension of the CONSORT statement. *Ann Intern Med* 2004; 141(10):781-788.