

Supporting Information

Azasulfurylpeptide Modulation of CD-36 Mediated Inflammation Without Effect on Neovascularization

Stéphane Turcotte,^{1,§} Katia Mellal,^{2,§} Ramesh Chingle,¹ Mukandila Mulumba,² Samy Omri,³ Lylia Dif-Yaiche,¹ Sylvain Chemtob^{3,4}, Huy Ong,^{2,*} William D. Lubell^{1,*}

¹Departments of Chemistry, ²Faculty of Pharmacy, ⁴Pediatrics, Ophthalmology and Pharmacology, Université de Montréal, Montréal, Canada

³Maisonneuve-Rosemont Hospital, Montréal, Canada

§ Equal contribution

* Correspondence: william.lubell@umontreal.ca; Tel.: +1-514-343-7339

* Equal contribution

huy.ong@umontreal.ca; william.lubell@umontreal.ca

Table of Contents

Solution Phase Synthesis	2
General Methods	2
<i>tert</i> -Butyl 3-fluorenylidene <i>N</i> -(4-fluorobenzyl)carbazate (27)	2
<i>tert</i> -Butyl <i>N</i> -(4-fluorobenzyl)carbazate (28)	2
<i>N</i> -(Fmoc)Alanine <i>N</i> '-(Boc)hydrazide (SI-1)	3
<i>N</i> -(Alloc)Alanine <i>N</i> '-(Boc)hydrazide (SI-2)	3
<i>N</i> -(Fmoc)-Alanine Hydrazide (SI-3)	3
<i>N</i> -(Alloc)Alanine hydrazidium trifluoroacetate (SI-4)	3
<i>N</i> -(Fmoc)Alaninyl-azasulfurylglycinyl-D-phenylalanine <i>tert</i> -Butyl Ester (SI-5)	4
<i>N</i> -(Fmoc)-Alaninyl-azasulfurylglycinyl-D-phenylalanine (14)	4
<i>N</i> -(Alloc)Alaninyl-azasulfurylglycinyl-D-phenylalanine <i>tert</i> -Butyl Ester (19)	4
<i>N</i> -(Alloc)Alaninyl-azasulfurylglycinyl-D-phenylalanine (17)	4
<i>N</i> -(Alloc)Alaninyl-(2-amino-(<i>R</i>)-4-benzyl)sulfahydantoin (18)	5
H-Lys(Boc)-NH-Rink resin (11)	5
4-(TBDMSO)benzaldehyde (SI-6)	5
4-(TBDMSO)benzyl alcohol (SI-7)	5
4-(TBDMSO)benzyl bromide (SI-8)	6

Solution Phase Synthesis

General Methods

4-Nitrophenyl D-phenylalanine *tert*-butyl ester sulfamidate,[20] *N*-(Alloc)alanine,[20] fluorenone hydrazone,[31] and *tert*-butyl 3-fluorenylidene carbazate,[31] all were synthesized according to literature methods; references concord with the publication text. *Iso*-butyl chloroformate, 4-methylmorpholine, *tert*-butyl carbazate, potassium carbonate, sodium carbonate, 4-fluorobenzyl bromide, triethylamine, 40% tetraethylammonium hydroxide in water, all were purchased from Aldrich® and used as received. Benzyl bromide was purchased from Aldrich® and filtered through a small plug of silica gel prior to use. Fmoc-Ala-OH was purchased from GL Biochem® (Shanghai, China) Ltd. 1,2-Dichloroethane (DCE), trifluoroacetic acid (TFA), 1,4-dioxane, Fmoc-OSu, sulfuric acid and *tert*-butyl acetate were respectively purchased from Aldrich®, A&C Chemicals®, J. T. Baker®, GenScript® Corporation, A&C Chemicals® and Aldrich®, and used as received. Anhydrous solvents [tetrahydrofuran (THF) and dichloromethane (DCM)] were obtained by passage through a solvent filtration system (GlassContour®, Irvine, CA). Ethyl acetate (EtOAc) and hexanes were purchased from Fisher Chemical® and fractionally distilled prior to use. Microwave irradiation was accomplished using a 300 MW Biotage® apparatus on the high-absorption level; temperature was monitored automatically. Flash chromatography was performed (according to Still, W. C.; Kahn, M.; Mitra, A. *J. Org. Chem.* **1978**, *43*, 2923) on 230–400 mesh silica gel, and thin-layer chromatography was performed on silica gel 60 F254 plates from Merck®. Melting points were measured using a Gallenkamp® apparatus and are uncorrected. Specific rotations, $[\alpha]_D$ values, were calculated from optical rotations measured at 20 °C in CHCl₃ or MeOH at the specified concentrations (*c* in g/100 mL) using a 1-dm cell (*l*) on a PerkinElmer Polarimeter 341, using the general formula: $[\alpha]_D^{20} = (100 \times \alpha) / (l \times c)$. Accurate mass measurements were performed on a LC-MSD instrument from Agilent technologies in positive electrospray ionisation (ESI) mode at the Université de Montréal Mass Spectrometry facility. Sodium and proton adducts {[M+Na]⁺ and [M+H]⁺} were used for empirical formula confirmation. ¹H NMR spectra were measured in CDCl₃ (7.26 ppm) or CD₃OD (3.34 ppm) or DMSO-*d*₆ (2.5 ppm). ¹³C NMR spectra were measured in CDCl₃ (77.36 ppm) or CD₃OD (49.86 ppm) or DMSO-*d*₆ (39.52 ppm). When distinguishable, proton and carbon resonances for minor isomer are respectively reported in brackets and parentheses. Coupling-constant *J* values are measured in Hertz (Hz) and chemical shift values are reported in parts per million (ppm). Infrared spectra were recorded in the neat on an ATR Bruker® apparatus.

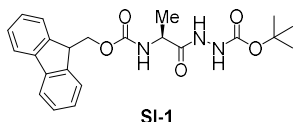
tert-Butyl 3-fluorenylidene *N*-(4-fluorobenzyl)carbazate (27)

A solution of *tert*-Butyl 3-fluorenylidene carbazate (**26**, 3 g, 10.2 mmol, prepared according to reference 31) in 40 mL of anhydrous THF at 0 °C was treated with 40% tetraethylammonium hydroxide in H₂O (5.49 mL, 15.3 mmol), stirred for 30 min, treated with 4-fluorobenzyl bromide (3.26 mL, 15.3 mmol), allowed to warm to room temperature (rt), stirred for 16 h, diluted with CH₂Cl₂, washed with H₂O (2 X), dried with MgSO₄, filtered, and evaporated. The residue was purified by flash chromatography using 1:4 EtOAc:hexane as solvent system. Evaporation of the collected fractions gave carbazate **27** as yellow solid (2.56 g, 52% yield): *R*_f 0.61 (4:1 hexane/EtOAc); mp 140 °C; ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 400 MHz) δ 1.31 (9H, s), 4.99 (2H, s), 7.10-7.30 (4H, m), 7.30-7.45 (4H, m), 7.51 (1H, d, *J* = 11.0), 7.54 (1H, d, *J* = 11.1), 7.73 (1H, d, *J* = 10.2), 7.84 (1H, d, *J* = 10.0); ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 75 MHz) δ: 28.5, 56.3, 82.1, 120.1 (d, *J*^{-19F} = 22.5) 123.4, 127.8 (d, *J*^{-19F} = 41.0), 128.43, 128.45, 128.6, 131.58, 131.85 (d, *J*^{-19F} = 41.1), 137.1, 139.9 (d, *J*^{-19F} = 214.5), 142.9, 152.9; HRMS (ESI) *m/z* calculated for C₂₅H₂₄FN₂O₂ [M+H]⁺ 403.1744; found 403.1816.

tert-Butyl *N*-(4-fluorobenzyl)carbazate (28)

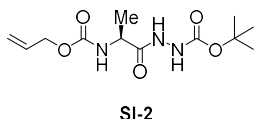
tert-Butyl *N*-(4-fluorobenzyl)fluorenylidene carbazate (**27**, 2.52 g, 6.27 mmol) was treated with a solution of NH₂OH·HCl (1.7 g, 25.11 mmol) in pyridine (17 mL) at 60 °C for 12 h. The volatiles were evaporated and the residue was purified by flash chromatography eluting with 1:9 EtOAc:Hexane. Carbazate **28** was obtained as an oil (1.08 g, 72% yield): *R*_f 0.1 (hexane:EtOAc 4:1); ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 400 MHz) δ 1.46 (9H, s), 3.96 (2H, br), 4.48 (2H, s), 6.90-7.05 (2H, m), 7.15-7.30 (2H, m); ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 75 MHz) δ 29.0, 54.0, 81.2, 115.6 (d, *J*^{-19F} = 21.2), 129.9 (d, *J*^{-19F} = 8.0), 134.1 (d, *J*^{-19F} = 3.2), 157.0, 162.5 (d, *J*^{-19F} = 243.8); HRMS (ESI) *m/z* calculated for C₁₂H₁₈FN₂O₂ [M+H]⁺ 241.1274; found 241.1346.

N-(Fmoc)Alanine *N'*-(Boc)hydrazide (SI-1)



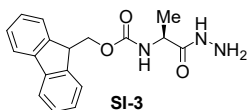
A solution of *N*-(Fmoc)alanine (1.87 g, 6.00 mmol) in dry THF (35 mL) at $-15\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ was treated with *iso*-butyl chloroformate (780 μL , 6.00 mmol) and 4-methylmorpholine (820 μL , 15.0 mmol), stirred for 15 min, treated with a solution of *tert*-butyl carbazate (0.66 g, 5.00 mmol) in dry THF (5 mL), and stirred for 2h. The volatiles were evaporated. The residue was dissolved in DCM (100 mL), washed with water (2 x 100 mL), dried over MgSO_4 , filtered and evaporated. The residue was purified by flash chromatography eluting with 1:1 hexane:EtOAc to afford *N*-(Fmoc)alanine *N'*-(Boc)-hydrazide as a solid (1.94 g, 91%); R_f 0.32 (hexane:EtOAc 1:1); mp $73\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$; $[\alpha]^{20}_{\text{D}} -23.9^{\circ}$ (CHCl_3 , c 1.04); $^1\text{H NMR}$ (CDCl_3 , 400 MHz) δ 1.35-1.50 (12H, m), 4.10-4.20 (1H, m), 4.30-4.40 (3H, m), 5.79 (1H, br), 6.82 (1H, br), 7.20-7.30 (2H, m), 7.30-7.40 (2H, m), 7.50-7.60 (2H, m), 7.70-7.80 (2H, m), 8.64 (1H, br); $^{13}\text{C NMR}$ (CDCl_3 , 100 MHz) δ 18.7, 28.4, 47.3, 49.3, 67.5, 82.1, 120.3, 125.4, 127.4, 128.0, 141.6, 144.0, 155.7, 156.5, 172.6; IR (neat) $\nu_{\text{max}}/\text{cm}^{-1}$ 1161, 1245, 1368, 1450, 1531, 1695, 2979, 3290; HRMS (ESI) m/z calculated for $\text{C}_{23}\text{H}_{27}\text{N}_3\text{NaO}_5$ $[\text{M}+\text{Na}]^+$ 448.1842; found 448.1836.

N-(Alloc)Alanine *N'*-(Boc)hydrazide (SI-2)



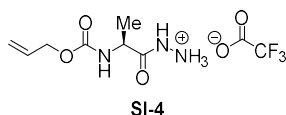
N-(Alloc)Alanine *N'*-(Boc)hydrazide was synthesized using the same protocol above from *N*-(Alloc)alanine (2.08 g, 12.0 mmol), *iso*-butyl chloroformate (1.57 mL, 12.0 mmol) and 4-methylmorpholine (1.65 mL, 15.0 mmol) in dry THF (70 mL), and purified by flash chromatography eluting with 11:9 hexane:EtOAc to afford a solid (2.04 g, 71%); R_f 0.19 (hexane:EtOAc 3:2); mp $54\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$; $[\alpha]^{20}_{\text{D}} -36.8^{\circ}$ (CHCl_3 , c 1.06); $^1\text{H NMR}$ (CDCl_3 , 400 MHz) δ 1.41 (3H, d, $J = 7.1$), 1.45 (9H, s), 4.25-4.35 (1H, m), 4.50-4.60 (2H, m), 5.21 (1H, dq, $J = 1.2, 10.4$), 5.30 (1H, dq, $J = 1.5, 17.2$), 5.53 (1H, br), 5.80-5.95 (1H, m), 6.69 (1H, br), 8.42 (1H, br); $^{13}\text{C NMR}$ (CDCl_3 , 100 MHz) δ 18.7, 28.4, 49.2, 66.2, 81.9, 118.2, 132.7, 155.8, 156.4, 172.8; IR (neat) $\nu_{\text{max}}/\text{cm}^{-1}$ 1156, 1236, 1367, 1452, 1501, 1679, 2978, 3279; HRMS (ESI) m/z calculated for $\text{C}_{12}\text{H}_{21}\text{N}_3\text{NaO}_5$ $[\text{M}+\text{Na}]^+$ 310.1373; found 310.1377.

N-(Fmoc)-Alanine Hydrazide (SI-3)



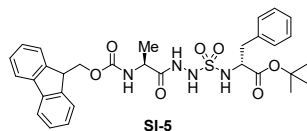
N-(Fmoc)Alanine *N'*-(Boc)-hydrazide (399 mg, 0.94 mmol) was treated with TFA:DCM 1:1 (1 mL) at rt for 1 h. The volatiles were evaporated, the residue was dissolved in DCM and co-evaporated several times to remove TFA. The residue was partitioned between sat. NaHCO_3 (20 mL) and CHCl_3 (20 mL), and the aqueous phase was extracted with CHCl_3 (4 x 20 mL). The combined organic layers were dried over MgSO_4 , filtered and evaporated to afford *N*-(Fmoc)alanine hydrazide as a solid (302 mg, 99%), that was used without further purification: R_f 0.20 (hexane:EtOAc 3:7); mp $141\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$; $[\alpha]^{20}_{\text{D}} -15.3^{\circ}$ (THF, c 0.68); $^1\text{H NMR}$ (DMSO-d_6 , 400 MHz) δ 1.24 (3H, d, $J = 7.1$), 4.00-4.10 (1H, m), 4.20-4.35 (5H, m), 7.30-7.40 (2H, m), 7.45 (2H, t, $J = 7.2$), 7.53 (1H, d, $J = 7.8$), 7.77 (2H, d, $J = 6.8$), 7.92 (2H, d, $J = 7.5$), 9.11 (1H, s); $^{13}\text{C NMR}$ (DMSO-d_6 , 100 MHz) δ 18.4, 46.6, 48.8, 65.6, 120.1, 125.3, 127.1, 127.6, 140.7, 143.8, 143.9, 155.6, 171.8. IR (neat) $\nu_{\text{max}}/\text{cm}^{-1}$ 1104, 1251, 1323, 1381, 1537, 1660, 1655, 1688, 2974, 3303; HRMS (ESI) m/z calculated for $\text{C}_{18}\text{H}_{19}\text{N}_3\text{NaO}_3$ $[\text{M}+\text{Na}]^+$ 348.1319; found 348.1318.

N-(Alloc)Alanine hydrazidinium trifluoroacetate (SI-4)



N-(Alloc)Alanine hydrazidium trifluoroacetate was synthesized using the above protocol as an oil (1.49 g, 99%): $[\alpha]^{20}_{\text{D}} -66.5^{\circ}$ (MeOH, *c* 0.92); $^1\text{H NMR}$ (CD_3OD , 400 MHz) showed a 1:1 mixture of hydrazide salt isomers:¹ δ 1.417 (3H, d, *J* = 7.2) [1.419 (3H, d, *J* = 7.2)], 4.20-4.30 (1H, m), 4.50-4.60 (2H, m), 5.20 (1H, dq, *J* = 1.3, 10.5), 5.33 (1H, dq, *J* = 1.4, 17.2), 5.90-6.00 (1H, m); $^{13}\text{C NMR}$ (CD_3OD , 100 MHz)⁶ δ 19.2 (18.6) 51.5, 67.5 (67.6), 118.2 (d, *J*- ^{19}F = 287.9), 118.54 (118.60), 135.05 (134.95), 158.9 (159.0), 162.5 (d, *J*- ^{19}F = 36.9), 175.1 (172.2). IR (neat) $\nu_{\text{max}}/\text{cm}^{-1}$ 1129, 1179, 1201, 1249, 1450, 1521, 1655, 3270; HRMS (ESI) *m/z* calculated for $\text{C}_7\text{H}_{14}\text{N}_3\text{O}_3$ $[\text{M}]^+$ 188.1030; found 188.1033.

N-(Fmoc)Alaninyl-azasulfurylglycinyl-D-phenylalanine *tert*-Butyl Ester (SI-5)



A solution of 4-nitrophenyl D-phenylalanine *tert*-butyl ester sulfamidate (976 mg, 2.31 mmol) in THF (10.0 mL) was added to *N*-(Fmoc)alanine hydrazide (976 mg, 3.00 mmol) in a microwave vessel. The mixture was treated with DIEA (517 μL , 3.00 mmol), at which point the solution turned yellow. Gentle heating with a heat gun may be required to facilitate dissolution. The vessel was sealed and heated to 60 $^{\circ}\text{C}$ using microwave irradiation for 2.5 h. The volatiles were then evaporated and the residue was purified by flash chromatography eluting with 3:2 hexane:EtOAc. The collected fractions were combined and evaporated to a residue that was dissolved in DCM (25 mL). The organic phase was washed with sat. NaHCO_3 (3 \times 25 mL), dried over MgSO_4 , filtered and evaporated to afford Fmoc-Ala-AsG-D-Phe-*Ot*-Bu as a solid (1.22 g, 87%): R_f 0.24 (hexane:EtOAc 3:2); mp 82 $^{\circ}\text{C}$; $[\alpha]^{20}_{\text{D}} 48.9^{\circ}$ (CHCl_3 , *c* 0.79); $^1\text{H NMR}$ (CDCl_3 , 400 MHz) δ 1.35-1.45 (12H, m), 3.09 (1H, dd, *J* = 7.4, 13.9), 3.15 (1H, dd, *J* = 5.6, 14.0), 4.15-4.25 (1H, m), 4.30-4.45 (4H, m), 5.65 (1H, d, *J* = 7.4), 5.77 (1H, d, *J* = 6.9), 7.20-7.35 (8H, m), 7.42 (2H, t, *J* = 7.4), 7.61 (2H, t, *J* = 7.5), 7.78 (2H, d, *J* = 7.5), 8.64 (1H, s); $^{13}\text{C NMR}$ (CDCl_3 , 100 MHz) δ 18.2, 28.2, 39.1, 47.3, 49.4, 57.6, 67.6, 83.5, 120.2, 125.4, 127.4, 128.0, 128.7, 130.1, 135.9, 141.6, 143.9, 144.1, 156.5, 171.2, 172.3; IR (neat) $\nu_{\text{max}}/\text{cm}^{-1}$ 1105, 1154, 1251, 1367, 1451, 1523, 1709, 2979, 3065, 3275; HRMS (ESI) *m/z* calculated for $\text{C}_{31}\text{H}_{36}\text{N}_4\text{NaO}_7\text{S}$ $[\text{M}+\text{Na}]^+$ 631.2197; found 631.2187.

N-(Fmoc)-Alaninyl-azasulfurylglycinyl-D-phenylalanine (14)

Acid **10** was synthesized from Fmoc-Ala-AsG-D-Phe-*Ot*-Bu (150 mg, 0.25 mmol) as described for **10**, which afforded **14** as a solid (135 mg, 99%): R_f 0.17 (hexane:EtOAc 3:7); mp 185 $^{\circ}\text{C}$; $[\alpha]^{20}_{\text{D}} -15.3^{\circ}$ (CHCl_3 , *c* 0.84); $^1\text{H NMR}$ (CDCl_3 , 400 MHz) δ 1.24 (3H, d, *J* = 6.3), 3.00-3.15 (2H, m), 4.05-4.15 (1H, m), 4.20-4.25 (1H, m), 4.25-4.35 (2H, m), 4.41 (1H, t, *J* = 5.1), 5.78 (1H, br), 5.89 (1H, br), 7.00-7.15 (6H, m), 7.21 (2H, t, *J* = 7.4), 7.32 (2H, t, *J* = 7.4), 7.45-7.60 (2H, m), 7.68 (2H, d, *J* = 7.6), 8.76 (1H, br); $^{13}\text{C NMR}$ (CDCl_3 , 100 MHz) δ 18.2, 38.8, 47.2, 49.4, 56.9, 67.9, 120.3, 125.4, 127.4, 128.1, 128.9, 130.0, 135.3, 141.5, 143.7, 144.0, 157.0, 173.4, 174.3; IR (neat) $\nu_{\text{max}}/\text{cm}^{-1}$ 1161, 1239, 1261, 1353, 1457, 1525, 1689, 3221; HRMS (ESI) *m/z* calculated for $\text{C}_{27}\text{H}_{29}\text{N}_4\text{O}_7\text{S}$ $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$ 553.1752; found 553.1750.

N-(Alloc)Alaninyl-azasulfurylglycinyl-D-phenylalanine *tert*-Butyl Ester (19)

N-(Alloc)Alaninyl-azasulfurylglycinyl-D-phenylalanine *tert*-Butyl Ester (**19**) was synthesized from *N*-(Alloc)alanine hydrazidium trifluoroacetate (563 mg, 1.87 mmol) using the protocol above with sulfamidate (718 mg, 1.70 mmol), NEt_3 (496 μL , 3.57 mmol) in DCE (7.5 mL), purified by flash chromatography eluting with 3:2 hexane:EtOAc, to afford a solid (557 mg, 70%): R_f 0.33 (hexane:EtOAc 3:2); mp 52 $^{\circ}\text{C}$; $[\alpha]^{20}_{\text{D}} -70.9^{\circ}$ (CHCl_3 , *c* 1.00); $^1\text{H NMR}$ (CDCl_3 , 400 MHz) δ 1.36 (3H, d, *J* = 7.1), 1.39 (9H, s), 3.06 (1H, dd, *J* = 6.6, 13.9), 3.11 (1H, dd, *J* = 5.5, 13.9), 4.20-4.30 (2H, m), 4.45-4.60 (2H, m), 5.19 (1H, dd, *J* = 1.2, 10.4), 5.27 (1H, dd, *J* = 1.2, 17.2), 5.51 (1H, d, *J* = 6.9), 5.64 (1H, d, *J* = 7.8), 5.80-5.95 (1H, m), 7.20-7.30 (6H, m), 8.56 (1H, s); $^{13}\text{C NMR}$ (CDCl_3 , 100 MHz) δ 18.2, 28.2, 39.1, 49.5, 57.6, 66.5, 83.5, 118.4, 127.4, 128.7, 130.1, 132.7, 135.9, 156.4, 171.2, 172.4; IR (neat) $\nu_{\text{max}}/\text{cm}^{-1}$ 1150, 1249, 1364, 1454, 1515, 1688, 2977, 3219; HRMS (ESI) *m/z* calculated for $\text{C}_{20}\text{H}_{30}\text{N}_4\text{NaO}_7\text{S}$ $[\text{M}+\text{Na}]^+$ 493.1727; found 493.1728.

N-(Alloc)Alaninyl-azasulfurylglycinyl-D-phenylalanine (17)

N-(Alloc)Alaninyl-azasulfurylglycinyl-D-phenylalanine (**17**) was synthesized as described for **10** from *tert*-butyl ester **19** (100 mg, 0.21 mmol), which afforded a solid (87 mg, 99%): mp 51 $^{\circ}\text{C}$; $[\alpha]^{20}_{\text{D}} -62.4^{\circ}$ (CHCl_3 , *c* 1.00);

^1H NMR (CDCl_3 , 400 MHz) δ 1.33 (3H, d, $J = 6.5$), 3.05-3.25 (2H, m), 4.20-4.35 (1H, m), 4.35-4.50 (2H, m), 4.52 (1H, dd, $J = 5.1, 12.9$), 5.18 (1H, d, $J = 10.4$), 5.27 (1H, d, $J = 17.2$), 5.80-5.90 (2H, m), 5.95-6.05 (1H, br), 7.15-7.30 (5H, m), 7.50-7.70 (1H, br), 8.00-8.20 (1H, br), 8.90 (1H, s); ^{13}C NMR (CDCl_3 , 100 MHz) δ 17.9, 38.9, 49.8, 57.1, 66.9, 118.8, 127.6, 128.9, 130.0, 132.4, 135.4, 157.1, 173.8, 174.5; IR (neat) $\nu_{\text{max}}/\text{cm}^{-1}$ 1157, 1215, 1343, 1455, 1521, 1678, 3249; HRMS (ESI) m/z calculated for $\text{C}_{16}\text{H}_{22}\text{N}_4\text{NaO}_7\text{S}$ $[\text{M}+\text{Na}]^+$ 437.1101; found 437.1092.

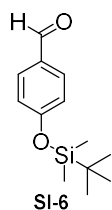
***N*-(Alloc)Alaninyl-(2-amino-(*R*)-4-benzyl)sulfahydantoin (18)**

A solution of AsG-peptide **17** (70 mg, 0.17 mmol) in THF (1 mL) was treated with DIC (26.3 μL , 0.17 mmol) at rt for 18h. The precipitate was filtered through a plastic syringe filter and the filtrate was evaporated to a residue that was purified by flash chromatography eluting with 2:3 EtOAc:Hexane to afford sulfahydantoin **18** (38 mg; 57%); R_f 0.23 (EtOAc:Hexane 2:3); mp 72 $^\circ\text{C}$; $[\alpha]^{20}_{\text{D}}$ 43.0 $^\circ$ (CHCl_3 , c 1.17); ^1H NMR (CDCl_3 , 500 MHz) δ 1.42 (3H, d, $J = 6.2$), 3.15 (1H, dd, $J = 10.5, 14.4$), 3.33 (1H, dd, $J = 3.8, 14.5$), 4.40-4.65 (4H, m), 5.22 (1H, dd, $J = 0.9, 10.4$), 5.30 (1H, dd, $J = 1.3, 17.2$), 5.54 (1H, d, $J = 7.2$), 5.80-5.95 (1H, m), 6.15 (1H, d, $J = 6.6$), 7.25-7.30 (3H, m), 7.30-7.35 (2H, m), 9.23 (1H, s); ^{13}C NMR (CDCl_3 , 125 MHz) δ 18.0, 36.8, 49.2, 61.1, 66.8, 118.7, 127.8, 129.2, 129.7, 132.4, 135.6, 156.8, 167.1, 172.1; IR (neat) $\nu_{\text{max}}/\text{cm}^{-1}$ 1189, 1240, 1346, 1455, 1498, 1690, 1765, 2949, 3673; HRMS (ESI) m/z calculated for $\text{C}_{16}\text{H}_{20}\text{N}_4\text{NaO}_6\text{S}$ $[\text{M}+\text{Na}]^+$ 419.0996; found 419.1013.

H-Lys(Boc)-NH-Rink resin (11)

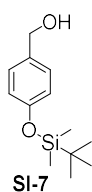
Fmoc-Rink resin (**17**, 1.25 g, 0.64 mmol / g, 0.80 mmol or 1.00 g, 1.00 mmol / g, 1.00 mmol) was swollen in DMF (8 mL) in a 12 mL plastic filtration tube with a polyethylene filter, treated with 20% piperidine in DMF (8 mL) to remove the Fmoc group, coupled to Fmoc-Lys(Boc)-OH (respectively 1.12 g, 2.40 mmol or 1.41 g, 3.00 mmol) using HBTU (respectively 0.91 g, 2.40 mmol or 1.14 g, 3.00 mmol) and DIEA (respectively 0.83 mL, 4.80 mmol or 1.00 mL, 6.00 mL) as described for the synthesis of **3a**. After washing the resin with DMF (3 x 8 mL), MeOH (3 x 8 mL) and DCM (3 x 8 mL), the resin was treated with 20% piperidine in DMF (8 mL) to remove the Fmoc group, which afforded resin **11**.

4-(TBDMSO)benzaldehyde (SI-6)



Imidazole (5.11 g, 75.0 mmol) was dissolved in dry DCM (250 mL) in a 500 mL flamed dried flask under argon, cooled to 0 $^\circ\text{C}$, treated with 4-hydroxybenzaldehyde (5.00 g, 40.9 mmol), followed by tert-butyldimethylsilyl chloride (6.78 g, 45.0 mmol), and allowed to warm to room temperature. After stirring for 18 h, the mixture was washed with water (3 x 100 mL). The organic layer was dried over MgSO_4 , filtered and evaporated to a residue, that was purified by flash chromatography eluting with hexane:EtOAc 19:1 to afford 4-(TBDMSO)benzaldehyde as an oil (8.38 g, 87%); R_f 0.68 (hexane:EtOAc 4:1); ^1H NMR (CDCl_3 , 400 MHz) δ 0.27 (6H, s), 1.02 (9H, s), 6.97 (2H, d, $J = 8.3$), 7.81 (2H, d, $J = 8.3$), 9.91 (1H, s); ^{13}C NMR (CDCl_3 , 100 MHz) δ -4.0, 18.6, 25.9, 120.8, 130.7, 132.2, 161.8, 191.2; IR (neat) $\nu_{\text{max}}/\text{cm}^{-1}$ 1157, 1212, 1275, 1473, 1508, 1599, 1698, 2859, 2933; HRMS (ESI) m/z calculated for $\text{C}_{13}\text{H}_{21}\text{O}_2\text{Si}$ $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$ 237.1305; found 237.1314.

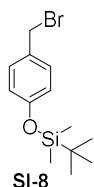
4-(TBDMSO)benzyl alcohol (SI-7)



4-(TBDMSO)Benzaldehyde (3.00 g, 12.7 mmol) was dissolved in EtOH (25 mL), cooled to 0 $^\circ\text{C}$, and treated with NaBH_4 (0.96 g, 25.4 mmol). After stirring for 2 h, the solution was poured slowly into 150 mL of 1 N HCl at 0 $^\circ\text{C}$. The aqueous solution was then extracted with Et_2O (4 x 150 mL) and the organic phase was dried

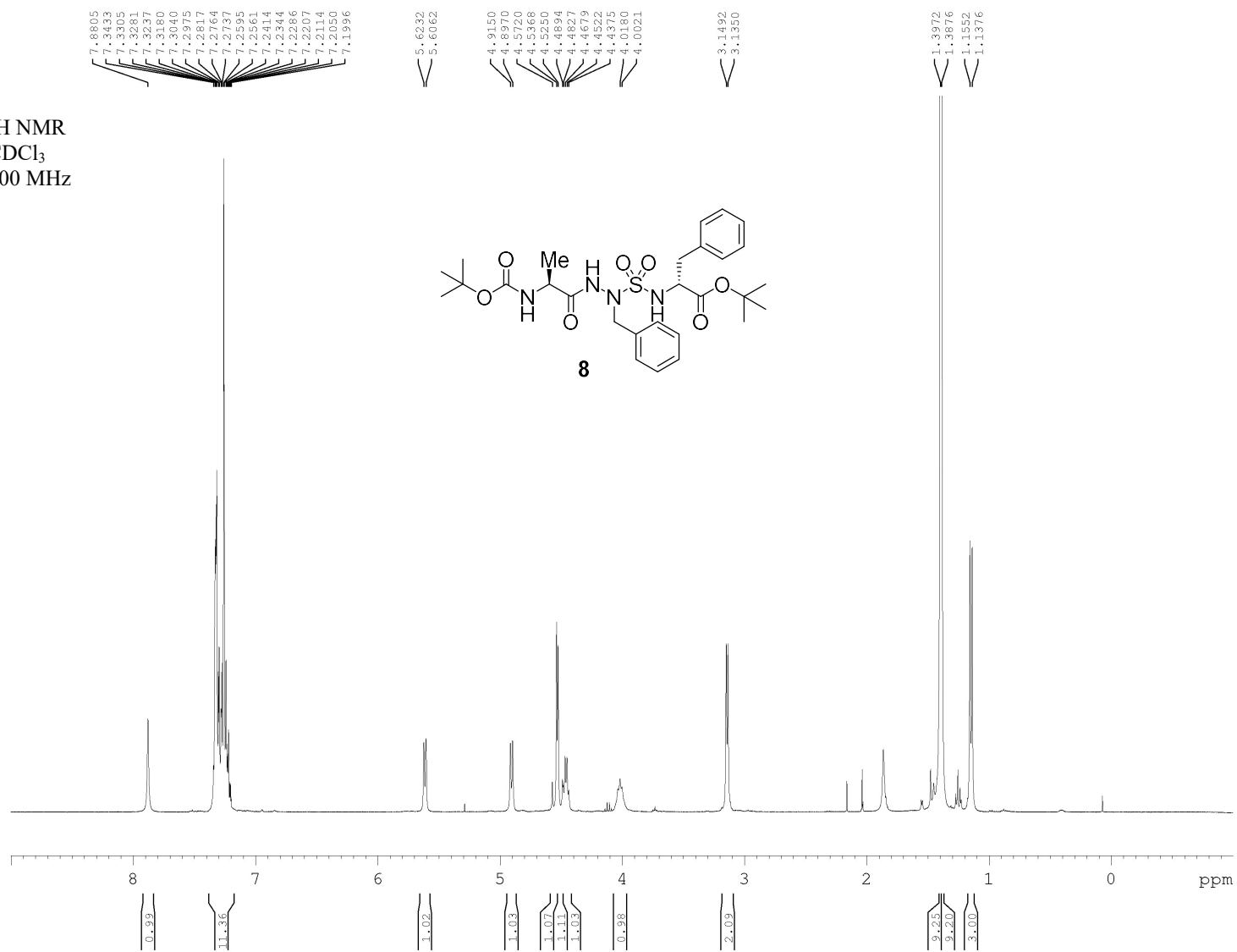
over MgSO_4 , filtered and evaporated to a residue. The crude residue was purified by flash chromatography eluting with hexane: EtOAc 4:1 to afford 4-(TBDMSO)benzyl alcohol as an oil (2.68 g, 88%): R_f 0.32 (Hexane:EtOAc 4:1); $^1\text{H NMR}$ (CDCl_3 , 400MHz) δ 0.24 (6H, s), 1.03 (9H, s), 2.43 (1H, br), 4.58 (2H, s), 6.86 (2H, d, $J = 8.1$), 7.23 (2H, d, $J = 8.1$); $^{13}\text{C NMR}$ (CDCl_3 , 100 MHz) δ -4.1, 18.5, 26.0, 65.2, 120.4, 128.8, 134.0, 155.5; IR (neat) $\nu_{\text{max}}/\text{cm}^{-1}$ 1254, 1472, 1510, 1610, 2857, 2930, 3339; HRMS (ESI) m/z calculated for $\text{C}_{13}\text{H}_{23}\text{O}_2\text{Si}$ $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$ 239.1462; found 239.1457.

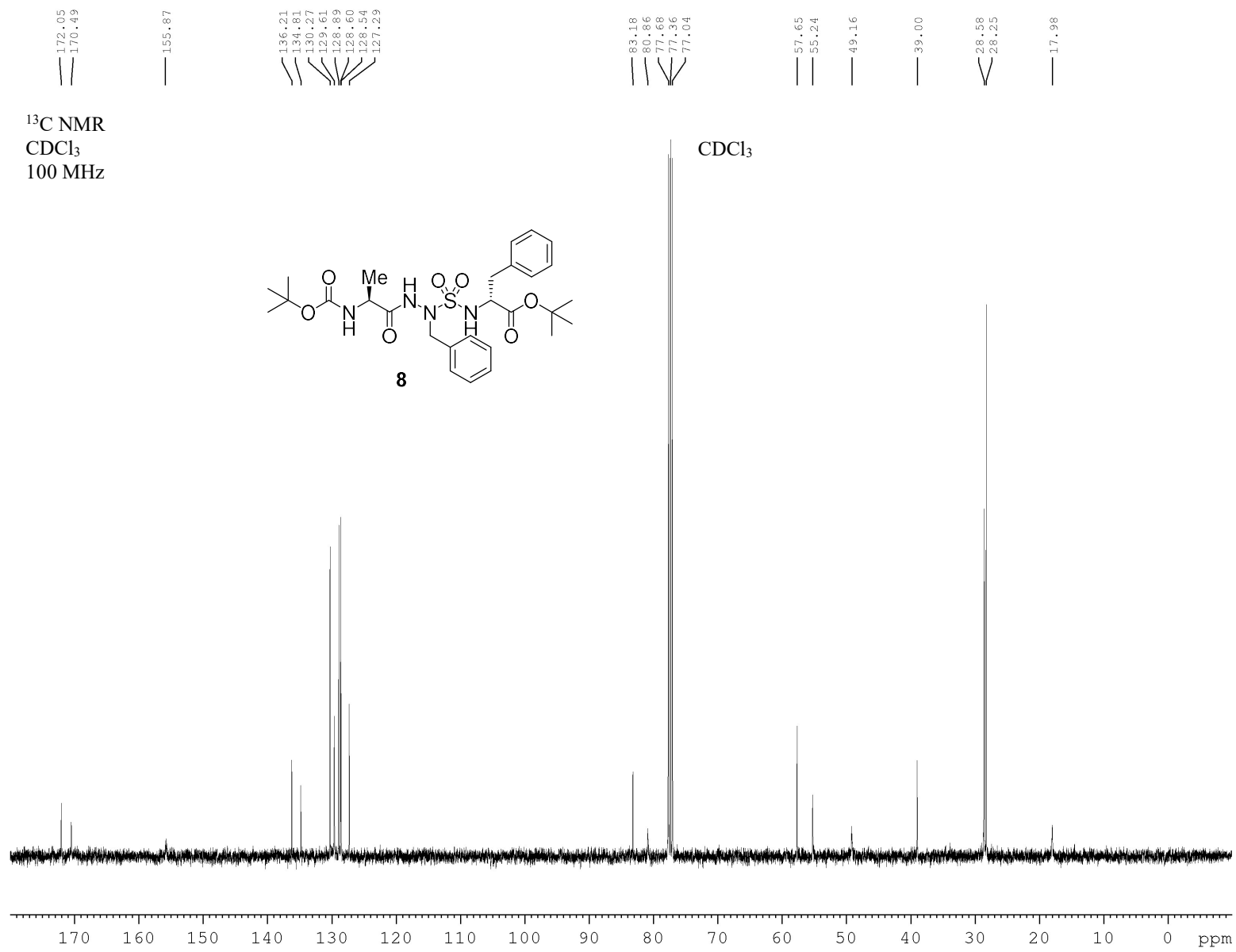
4-(TBDMSO)benzyl bromide (SI-8)



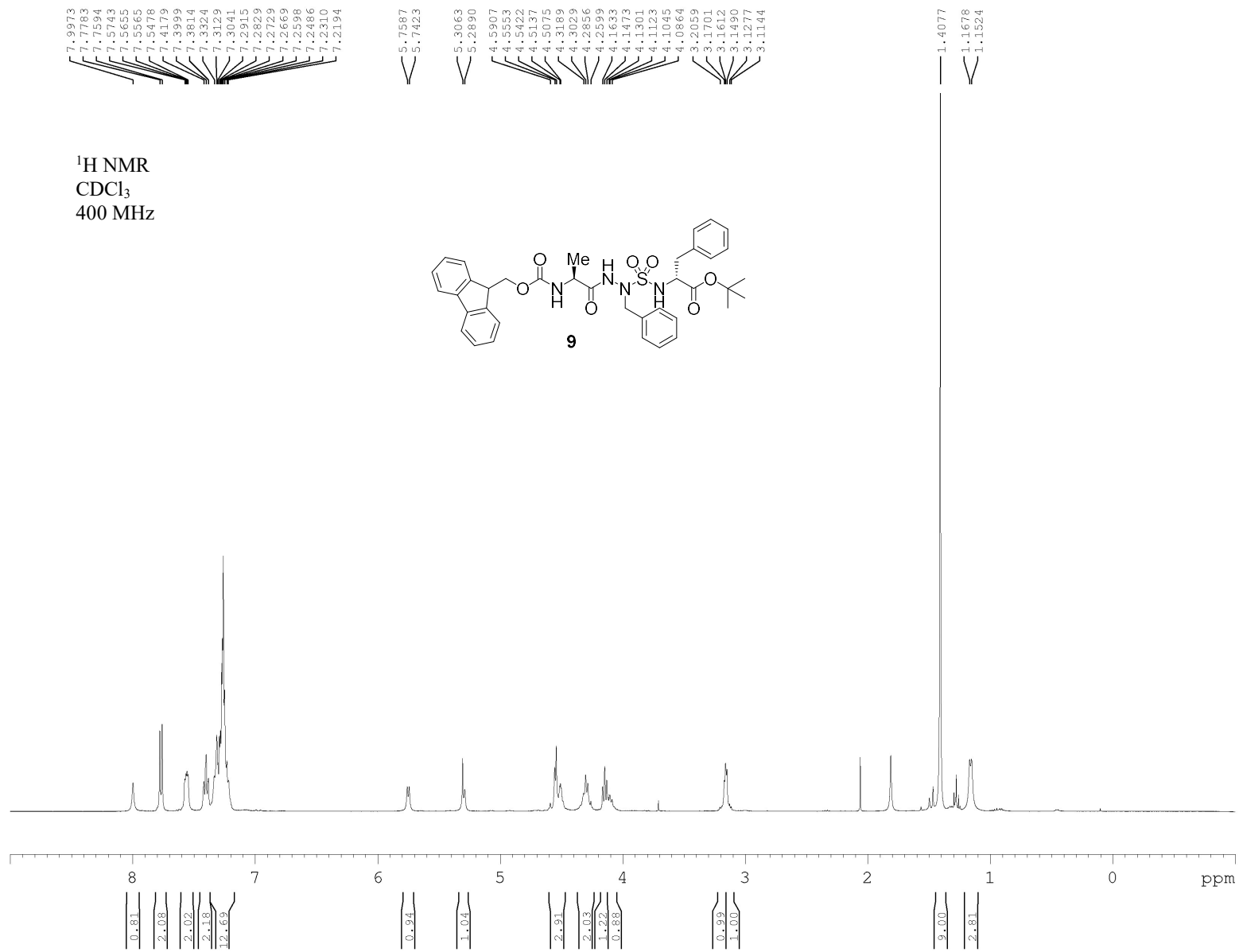
Phosphorus tribromide (35 μL , 0.38 mmol) was dissolved in dry DCM (30 mL), cooled to 0 $^\circ\text{C}$, and treated drop-wise with a solution of 4-(TBDMSO)benzyl alcohol (180 mg, 0.76 mmol) in dry DCM (40 mL). After stirring at 0 $^\circ\text{C}$ for 30 min, the mixture was filtered through a small plug of silica gel to afford benzyl bromide **51** as an oil (215 mg, 95%: R_f 0.77 (hexane: EtOAc, 9:1); $^1\text{H NMR}$ (CDCl_3 , 400 MHz) δ 0.26 (6H, s), 1.04 (9H, s), 4.53 (2H, s), 6.85 (2H, d, $J = 8.5$), 7.31 (2H, d, $J = 8.5$); $^{13}\text{C NMR}$ (CDCl_3 , 100 MHz) δ -4.1, 18.5, 26.0, 34.3, 120.6, 130.7, 130.8, 156.2; IR (neat) $\nu_{\text{max}}/\text{cm}^{-1}$ 1269, 1511, 1608, 2859, 2929, 2953.

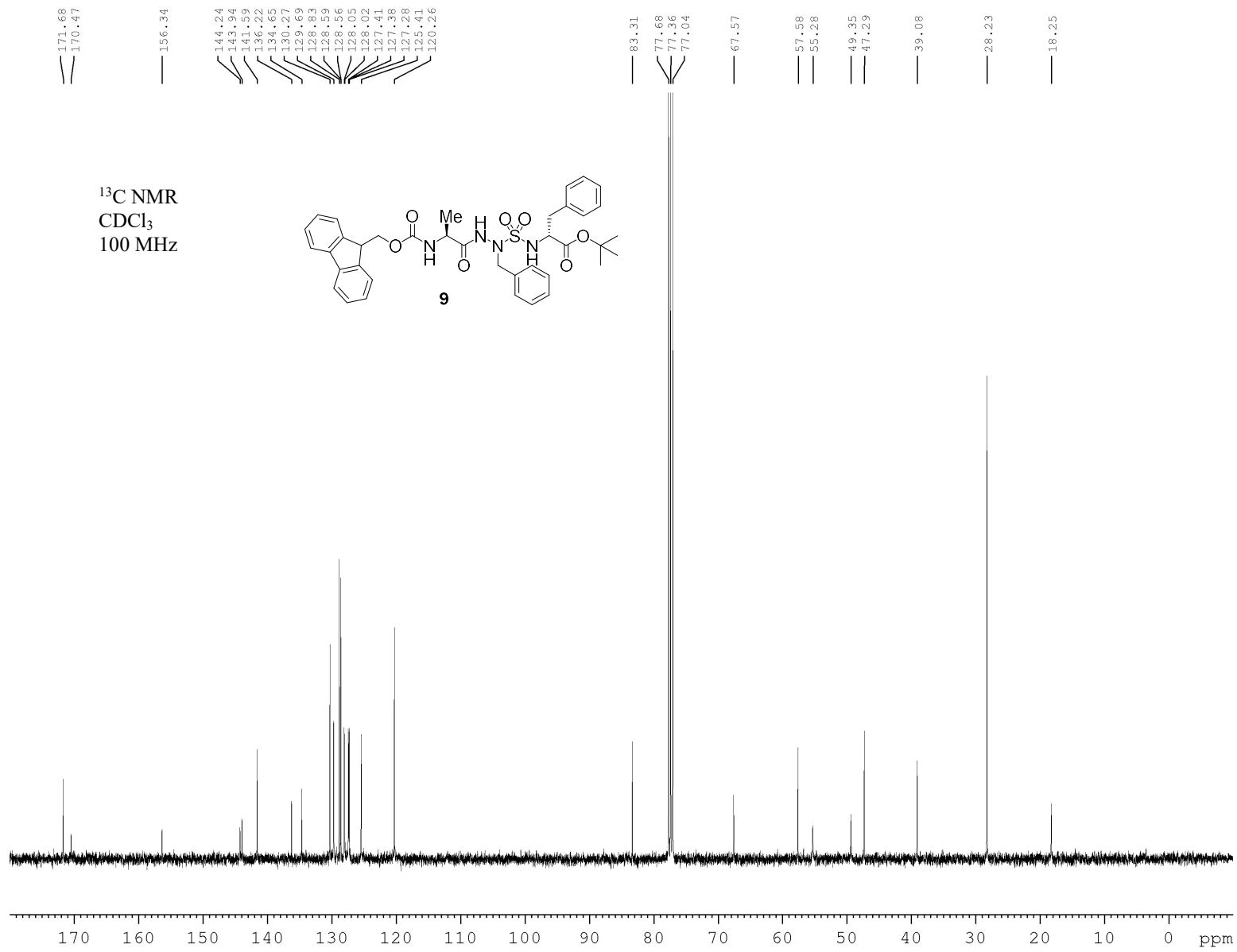
¹H NMR
CDCl₃
400 MHz

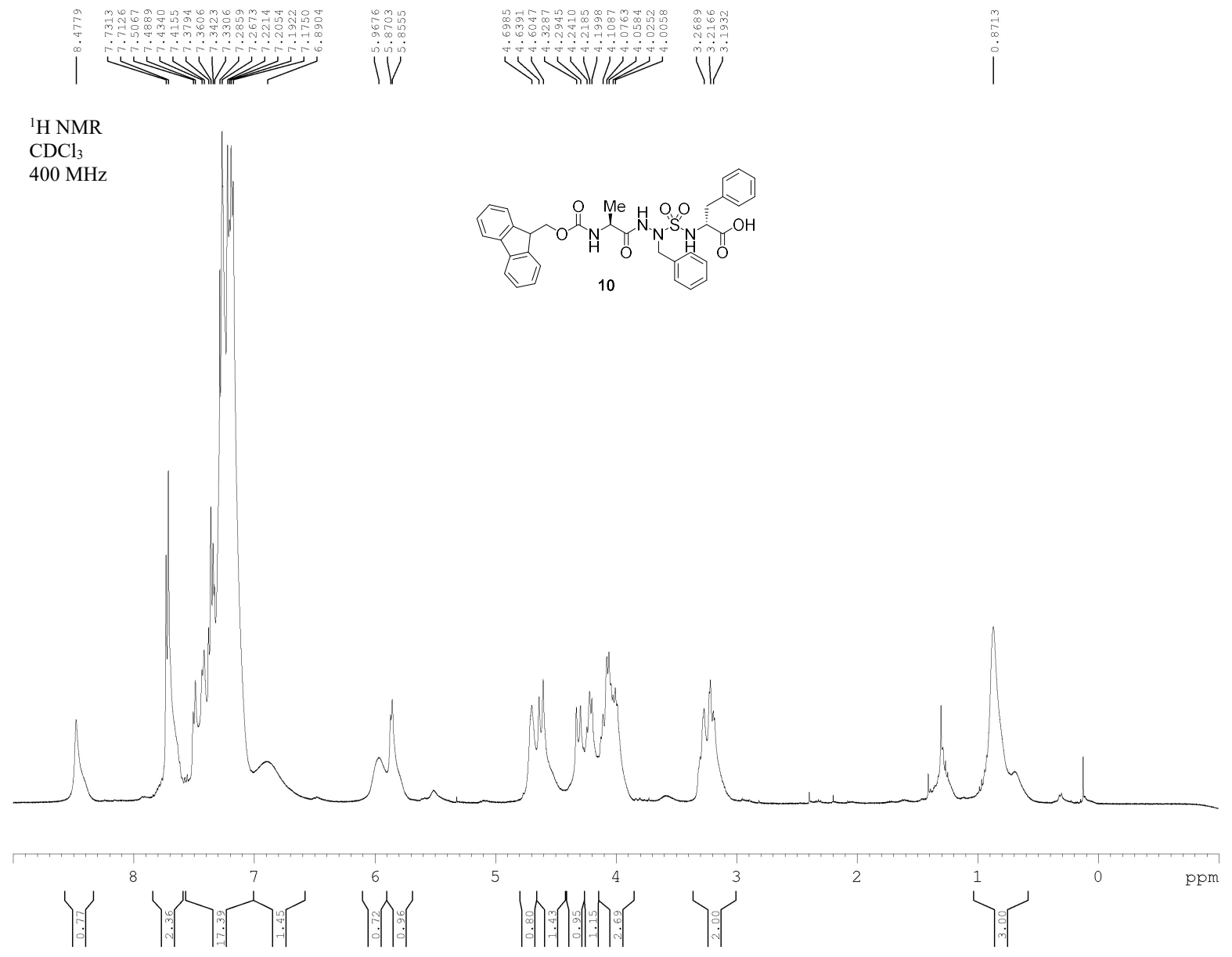


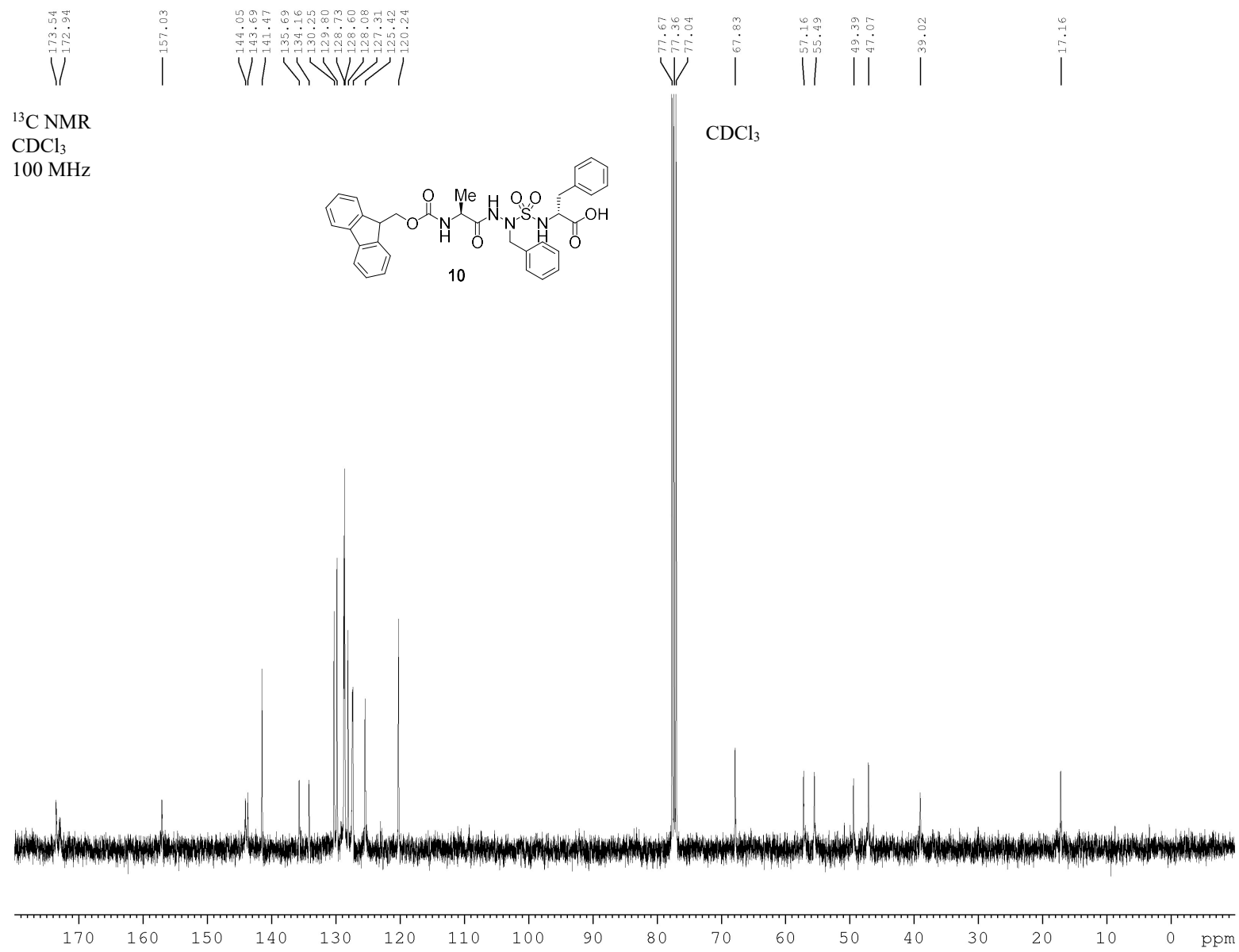


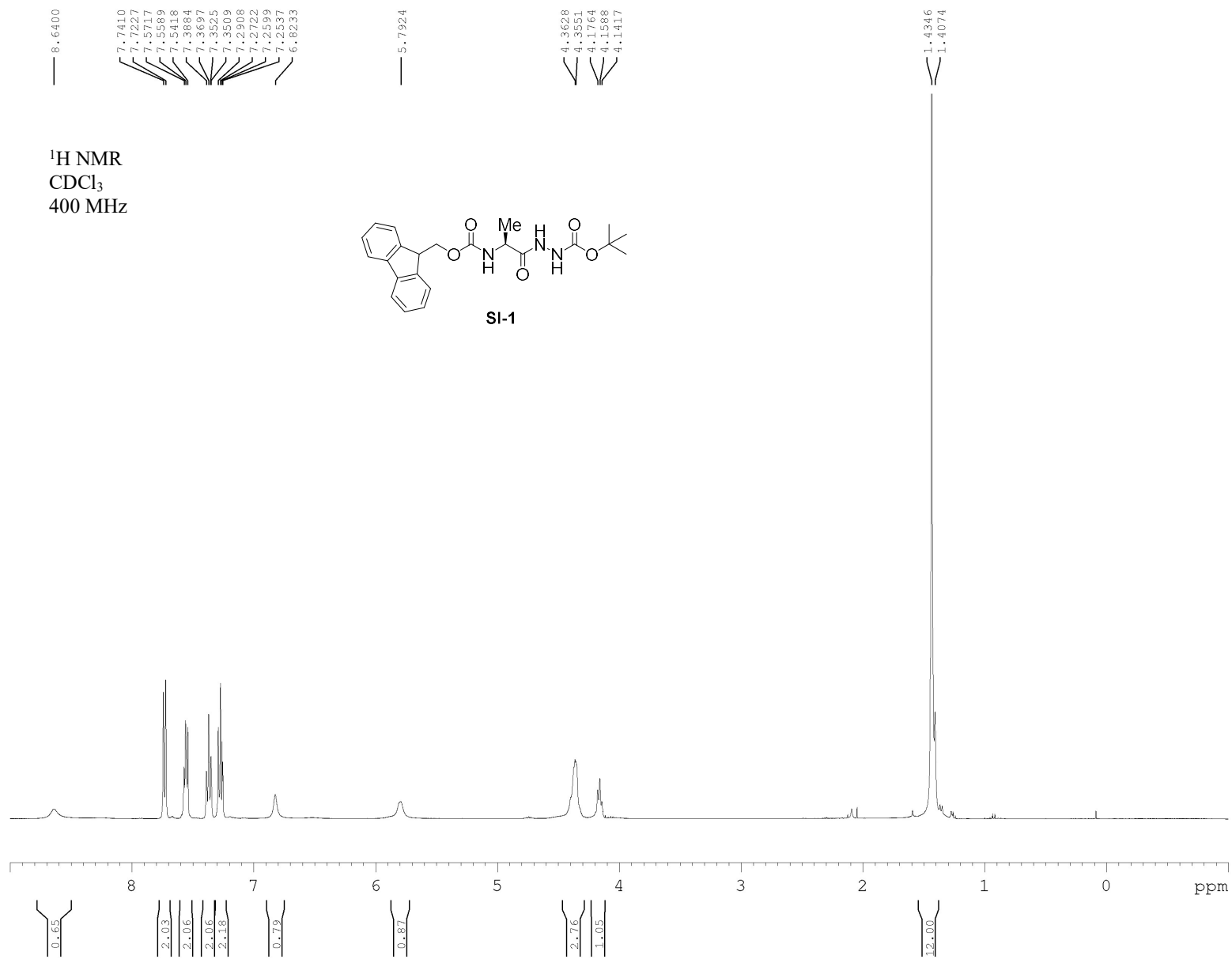
¹H NMR
CDCl₃
400 MHz

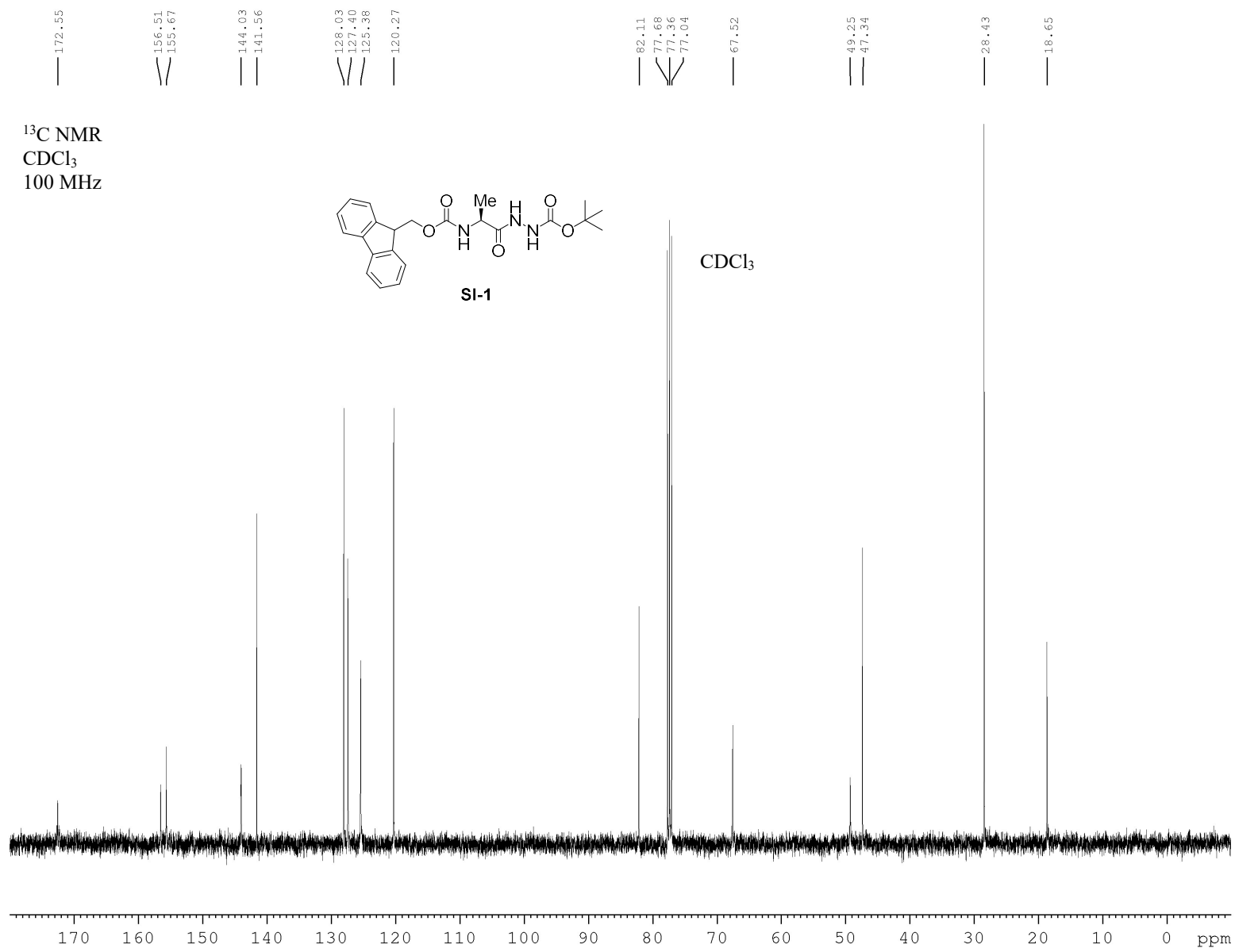




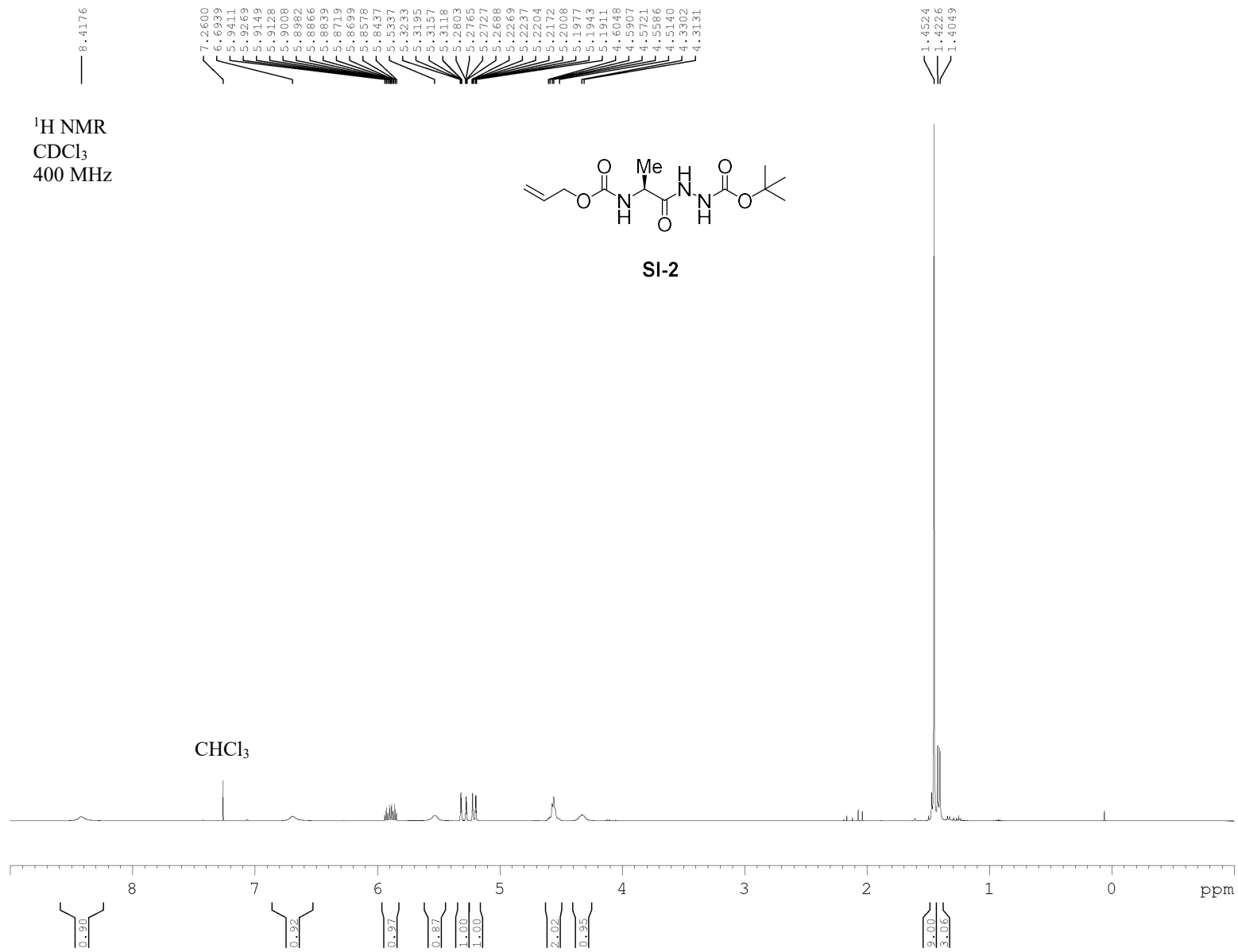


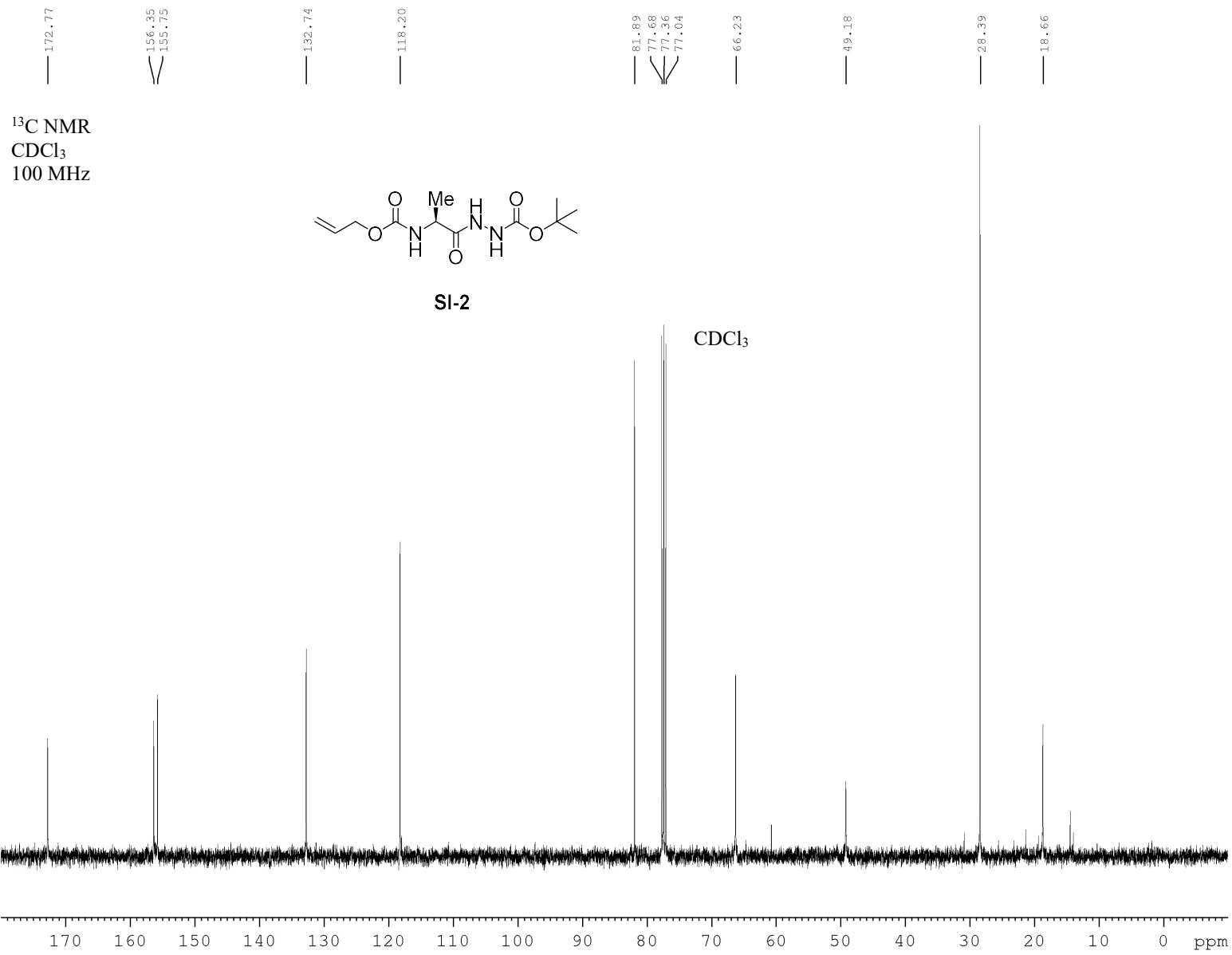




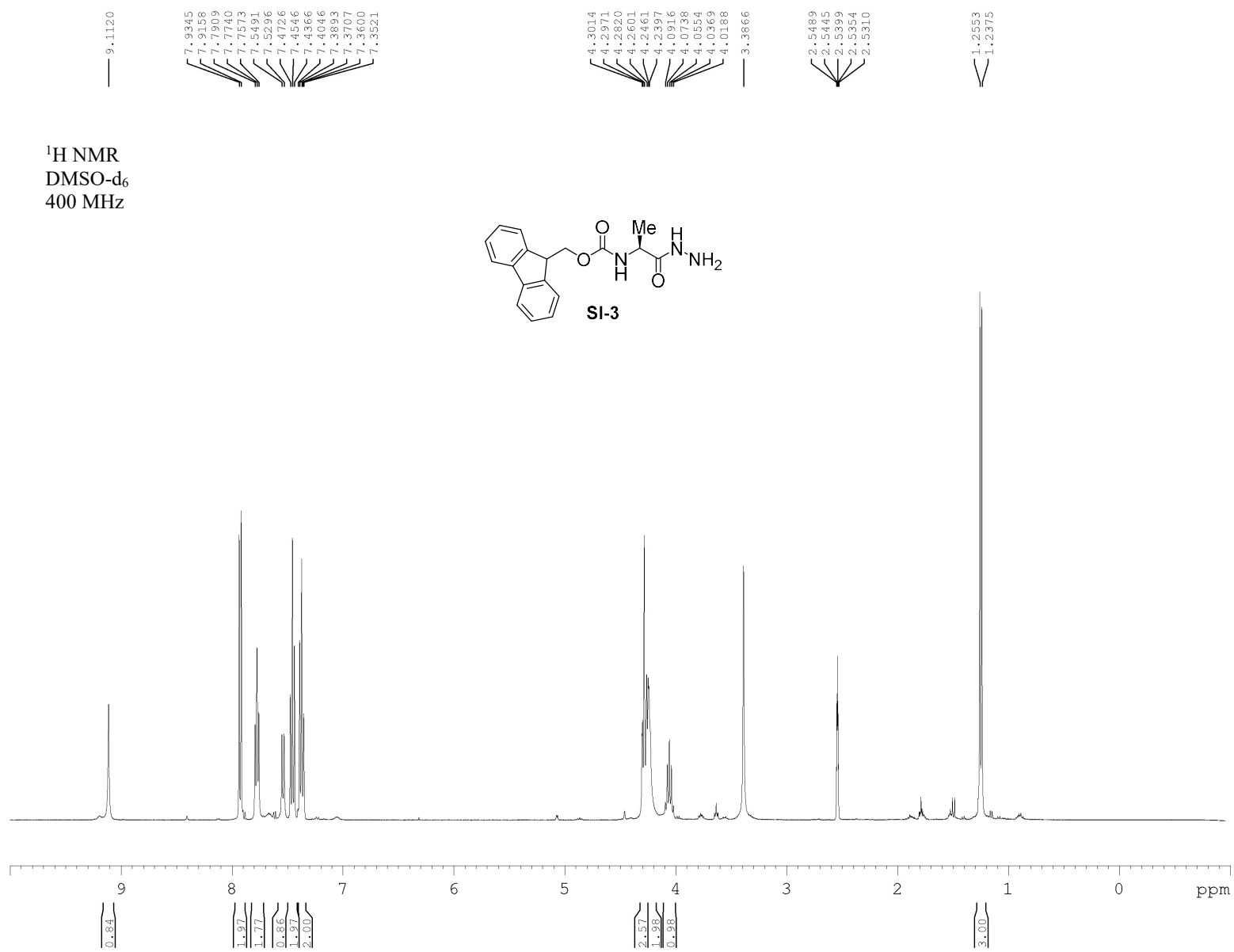
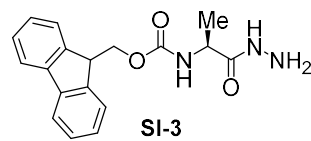


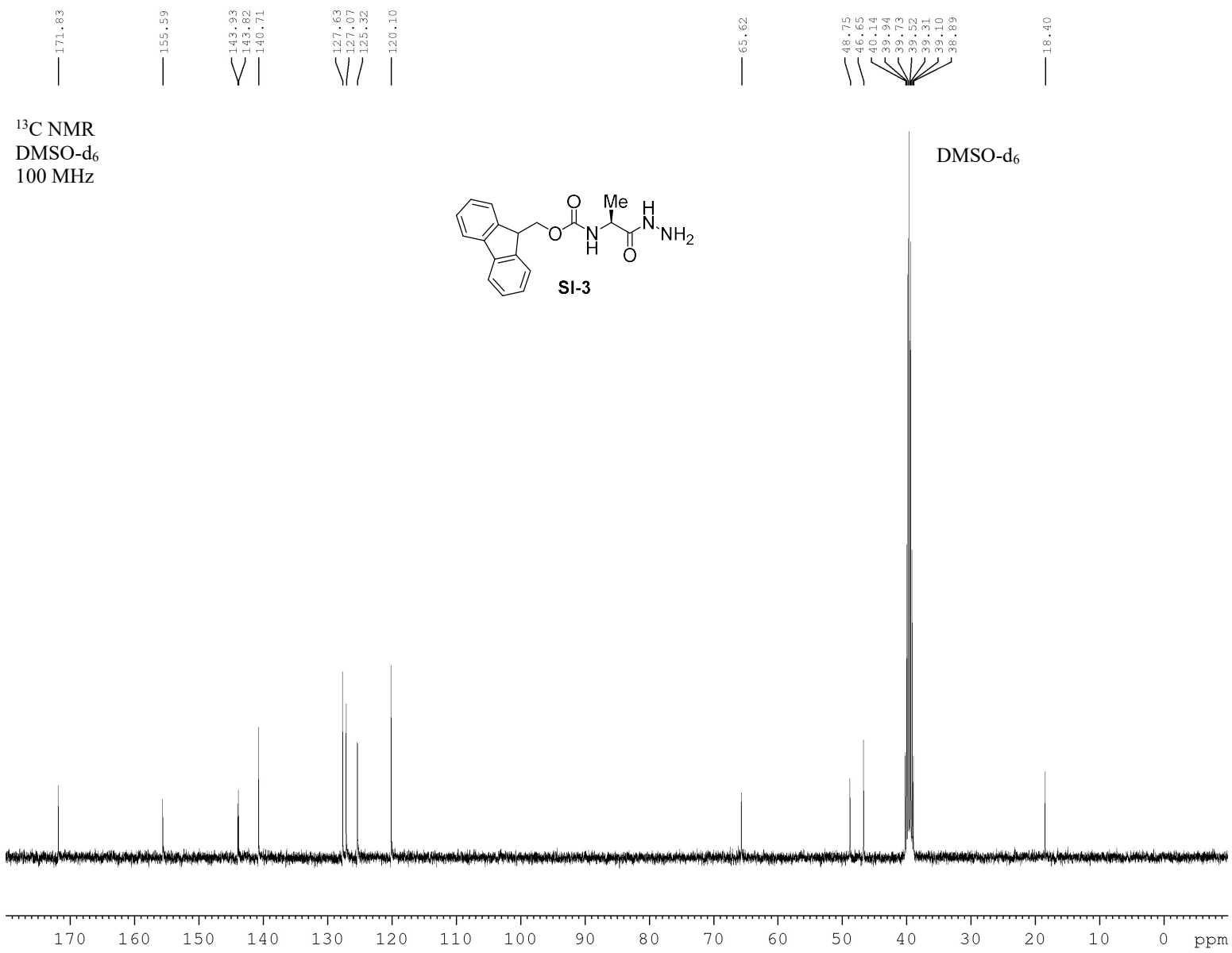
¹H NMR
CDCl₃
400 MHz



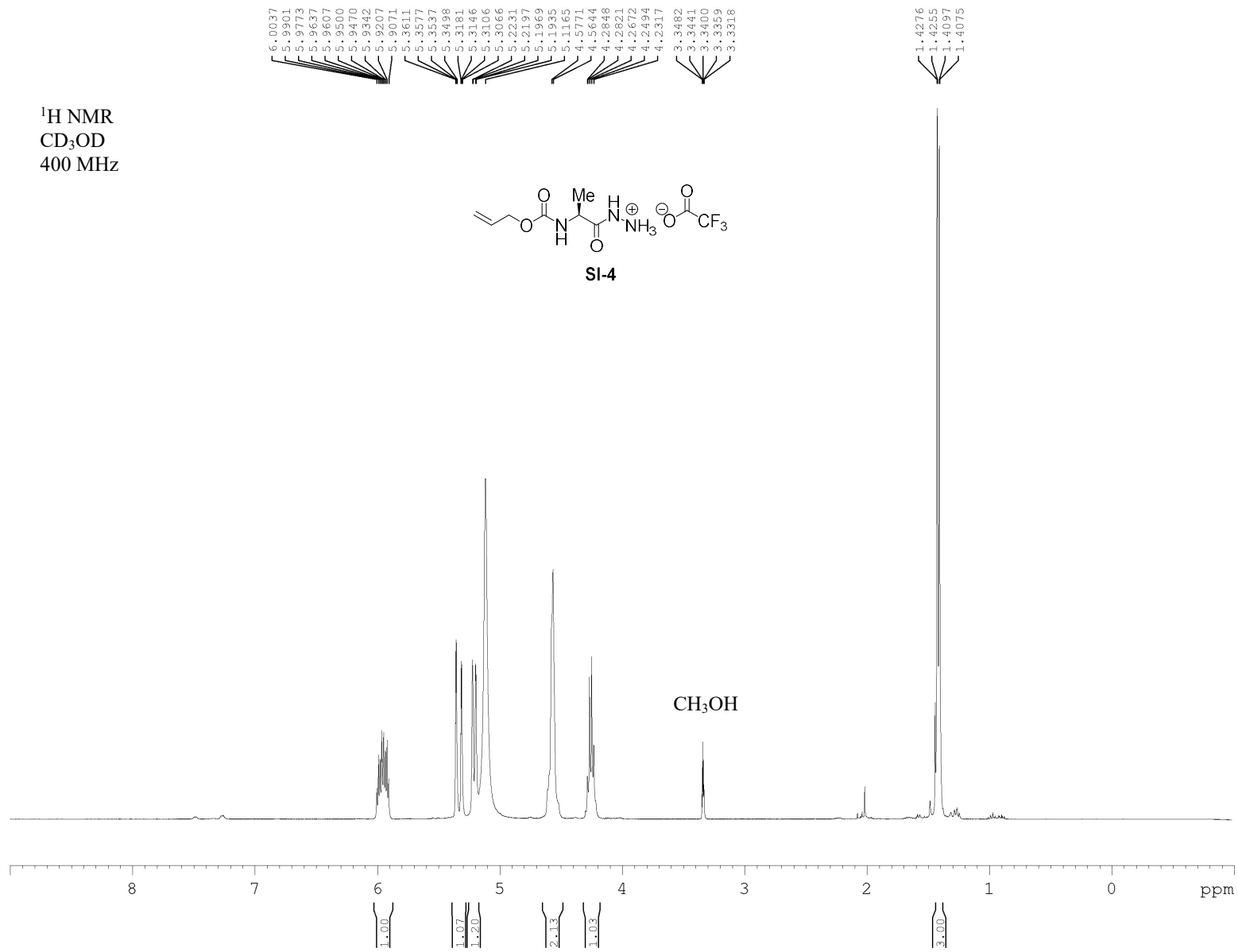


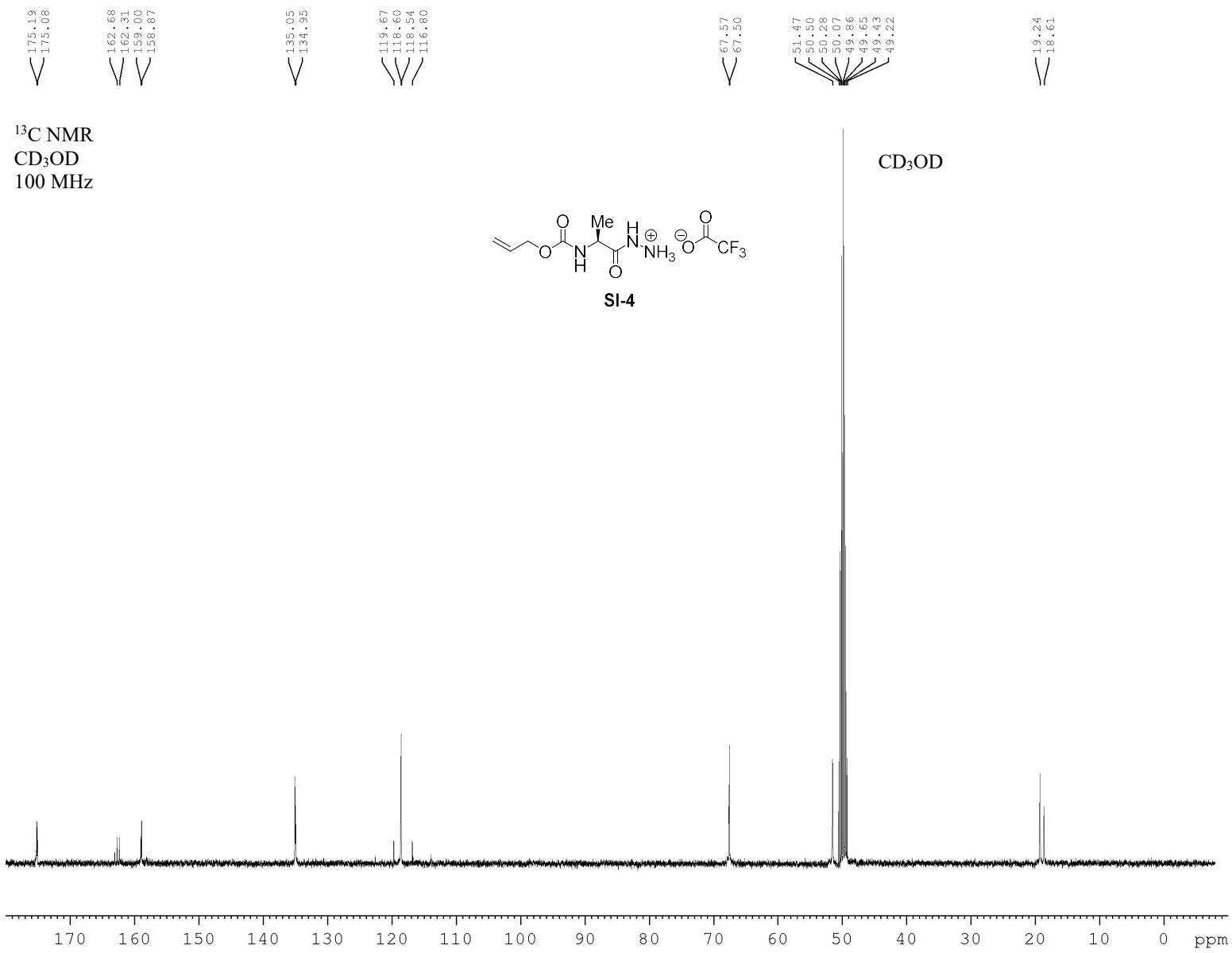
¹H NMR
DMSO-d₆
400 MHz

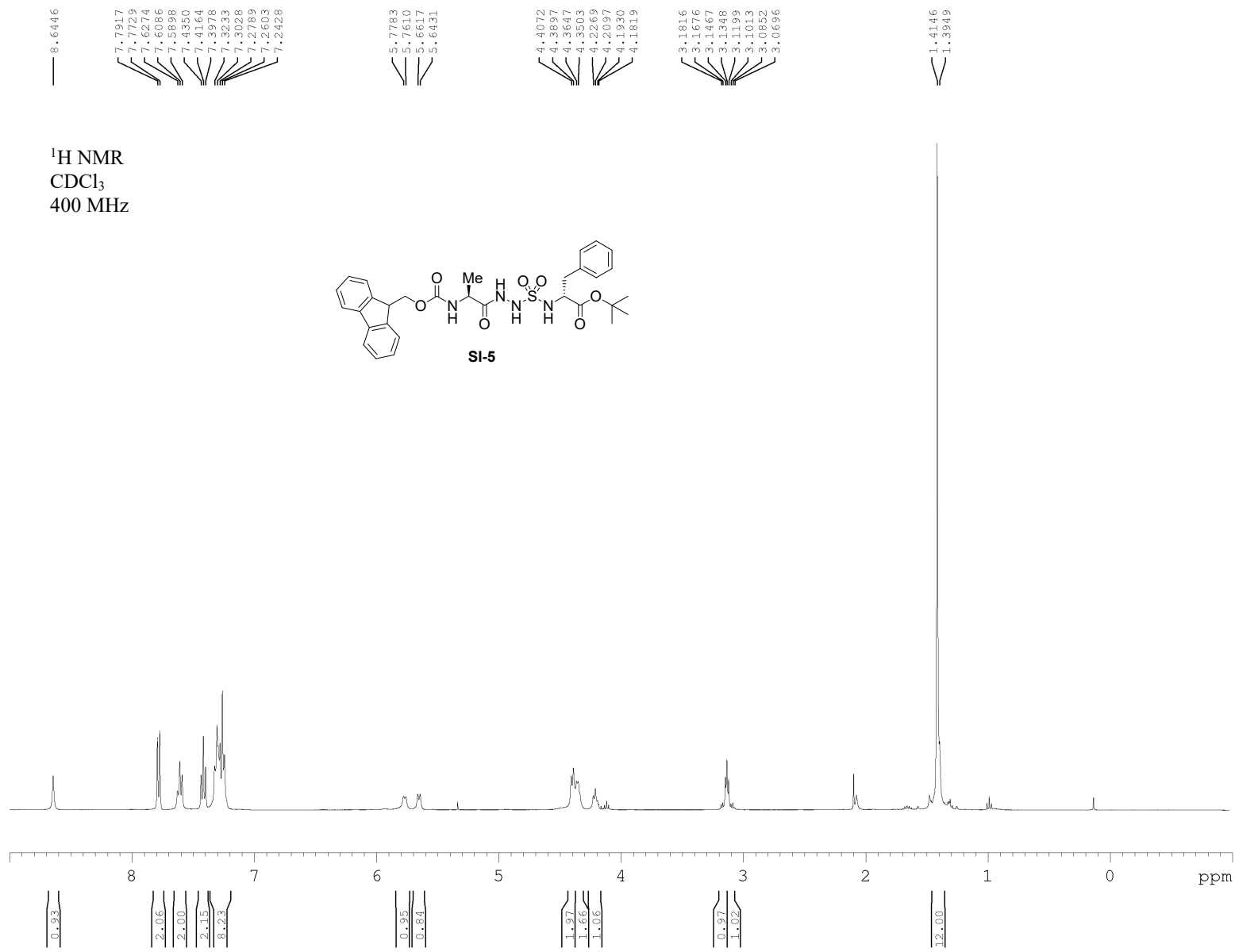


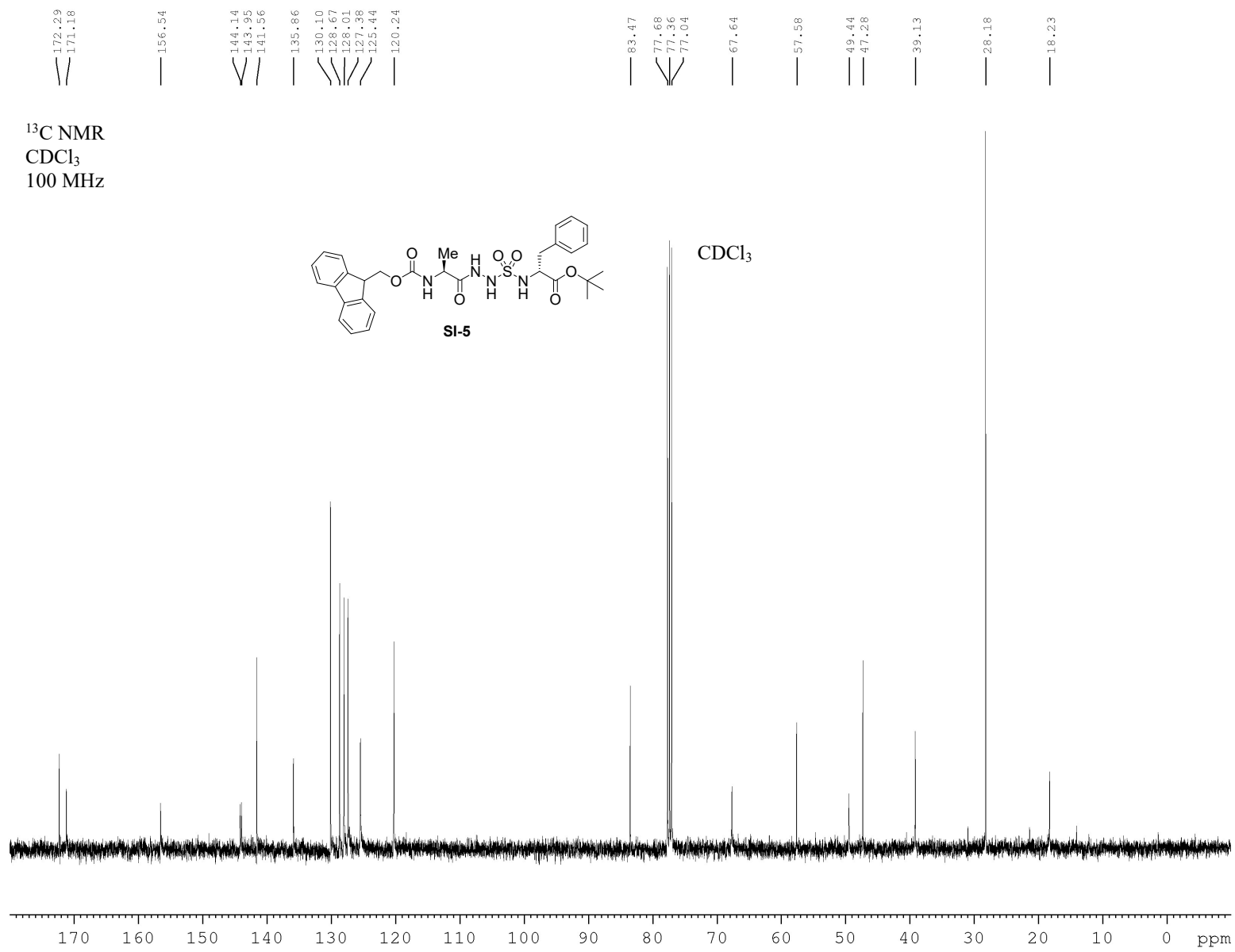


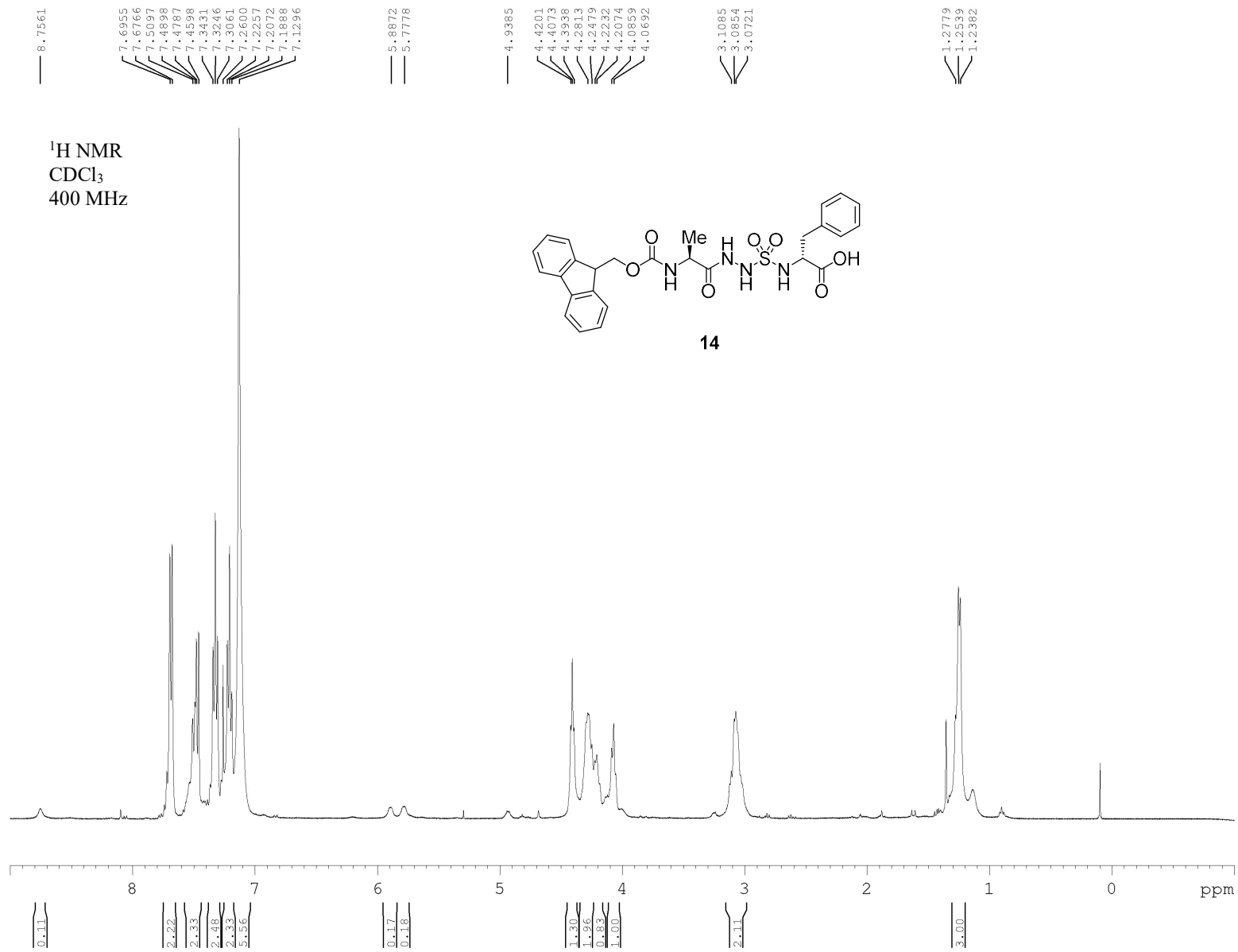
¹H NMR
CD₃OD
400 MHz

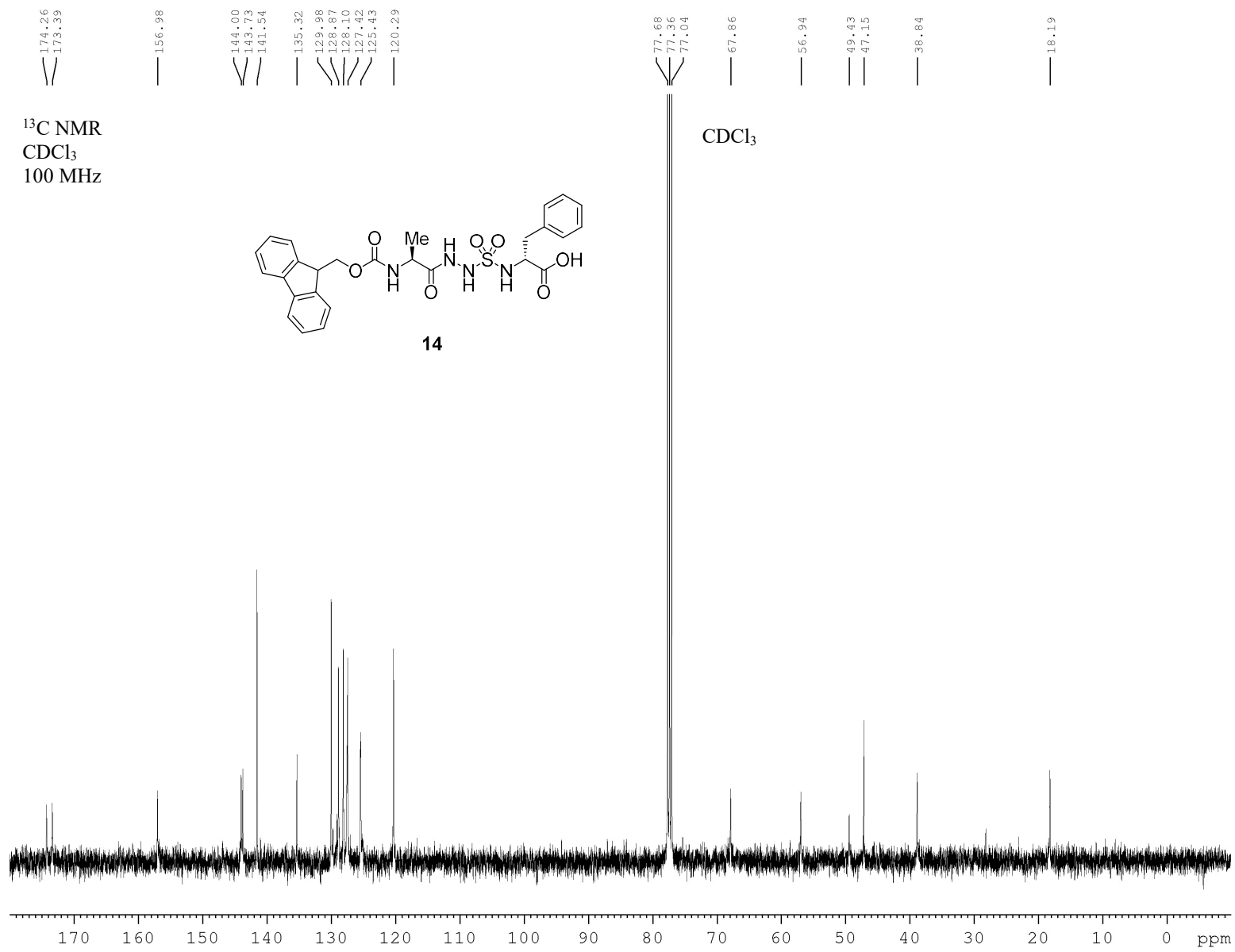




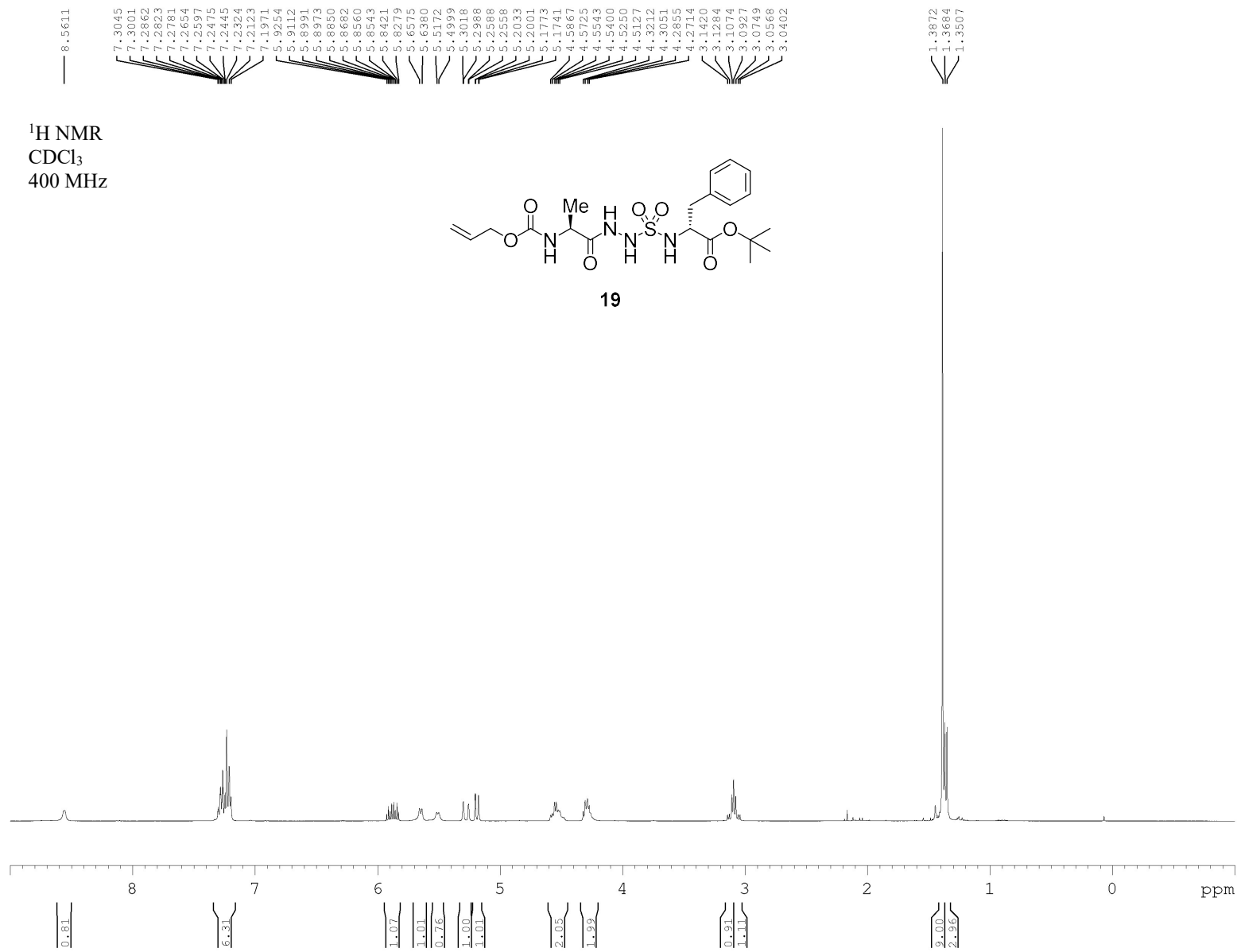


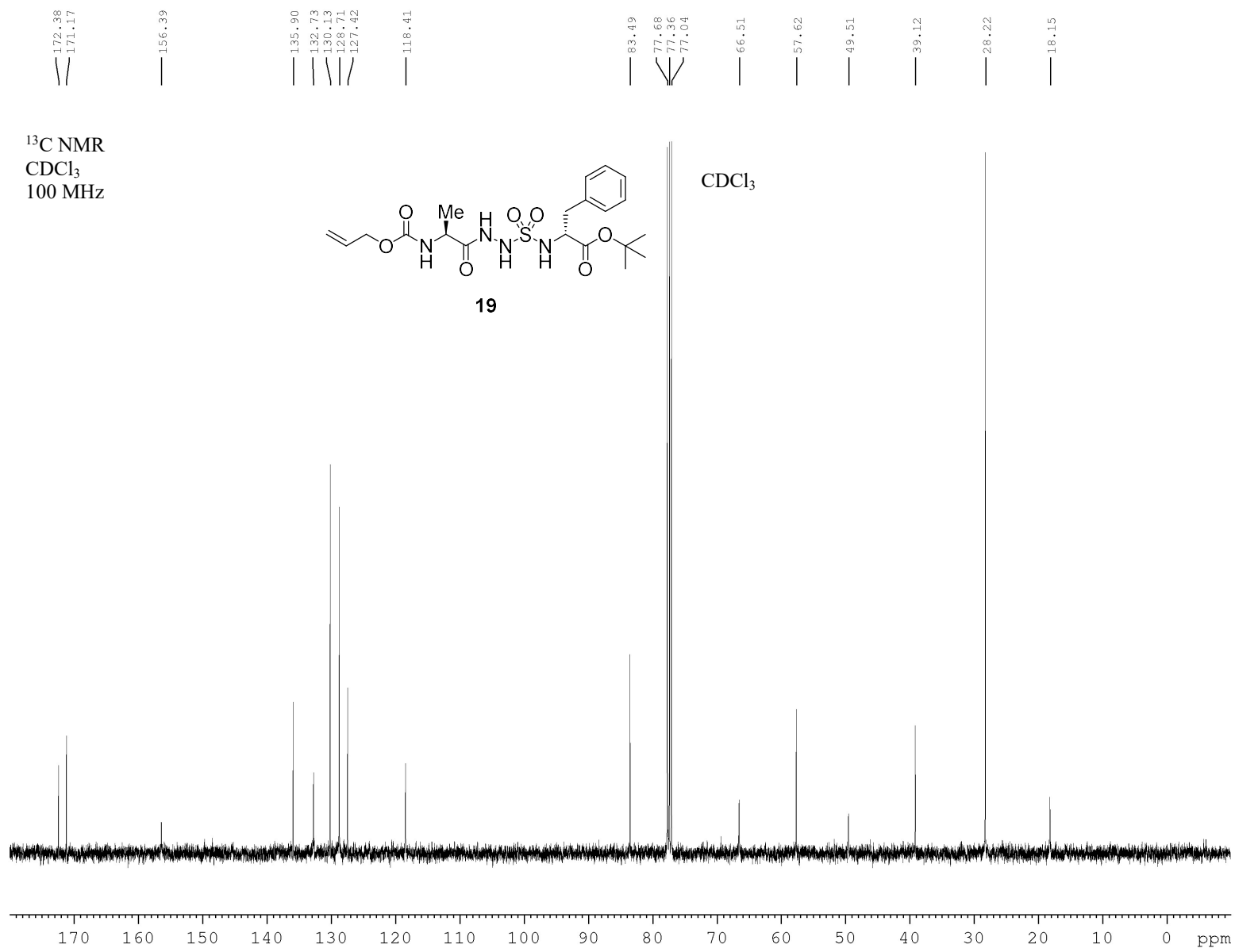


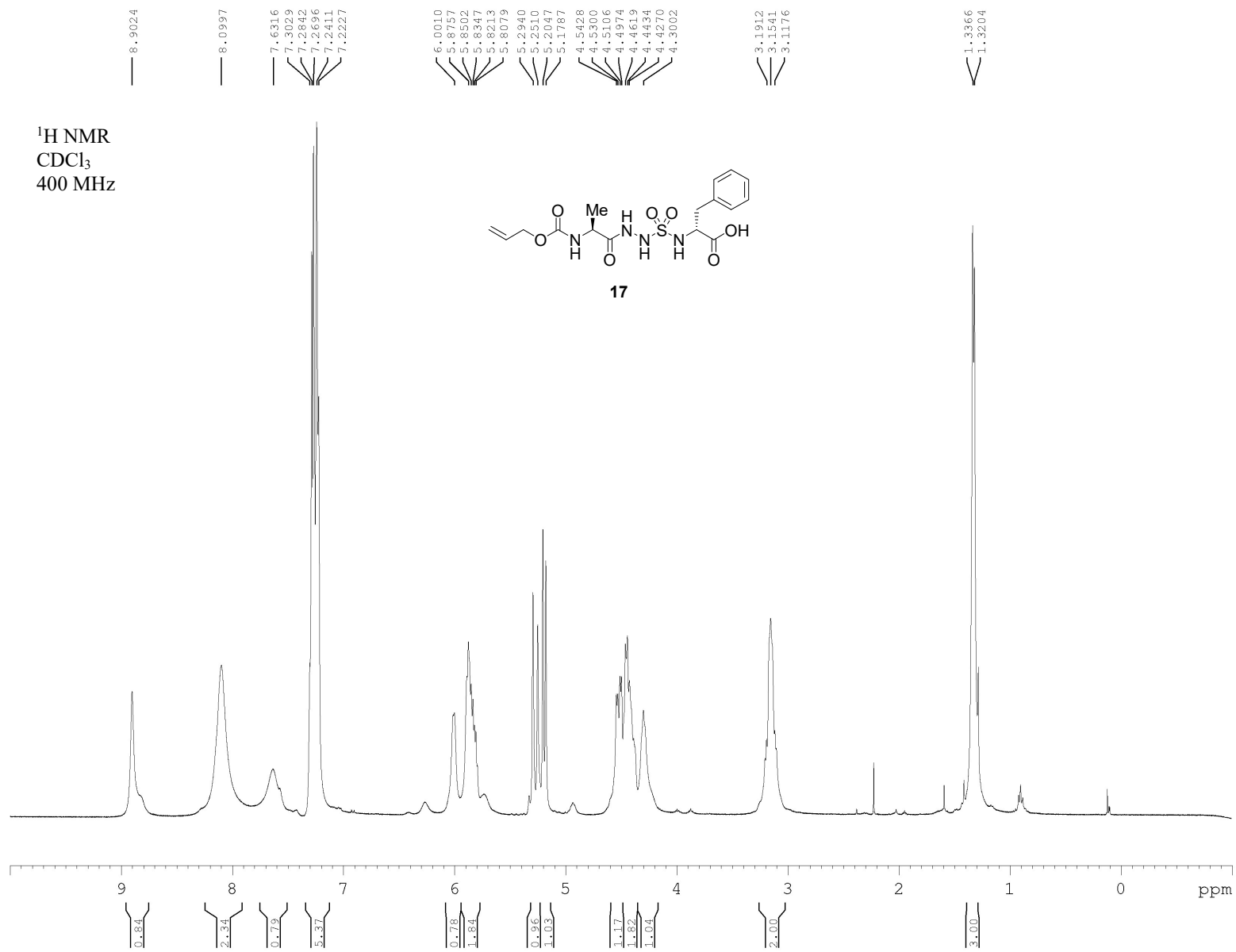


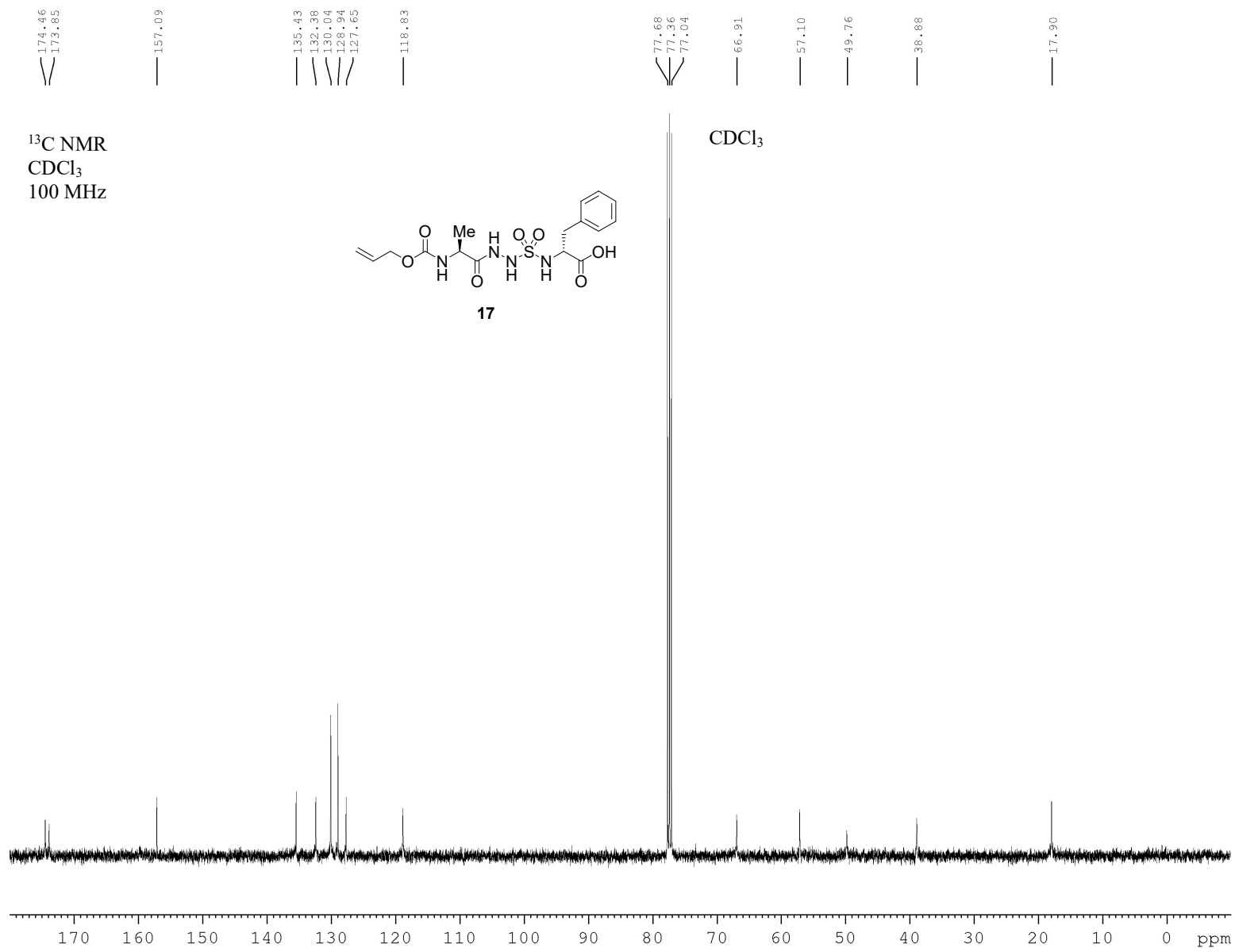


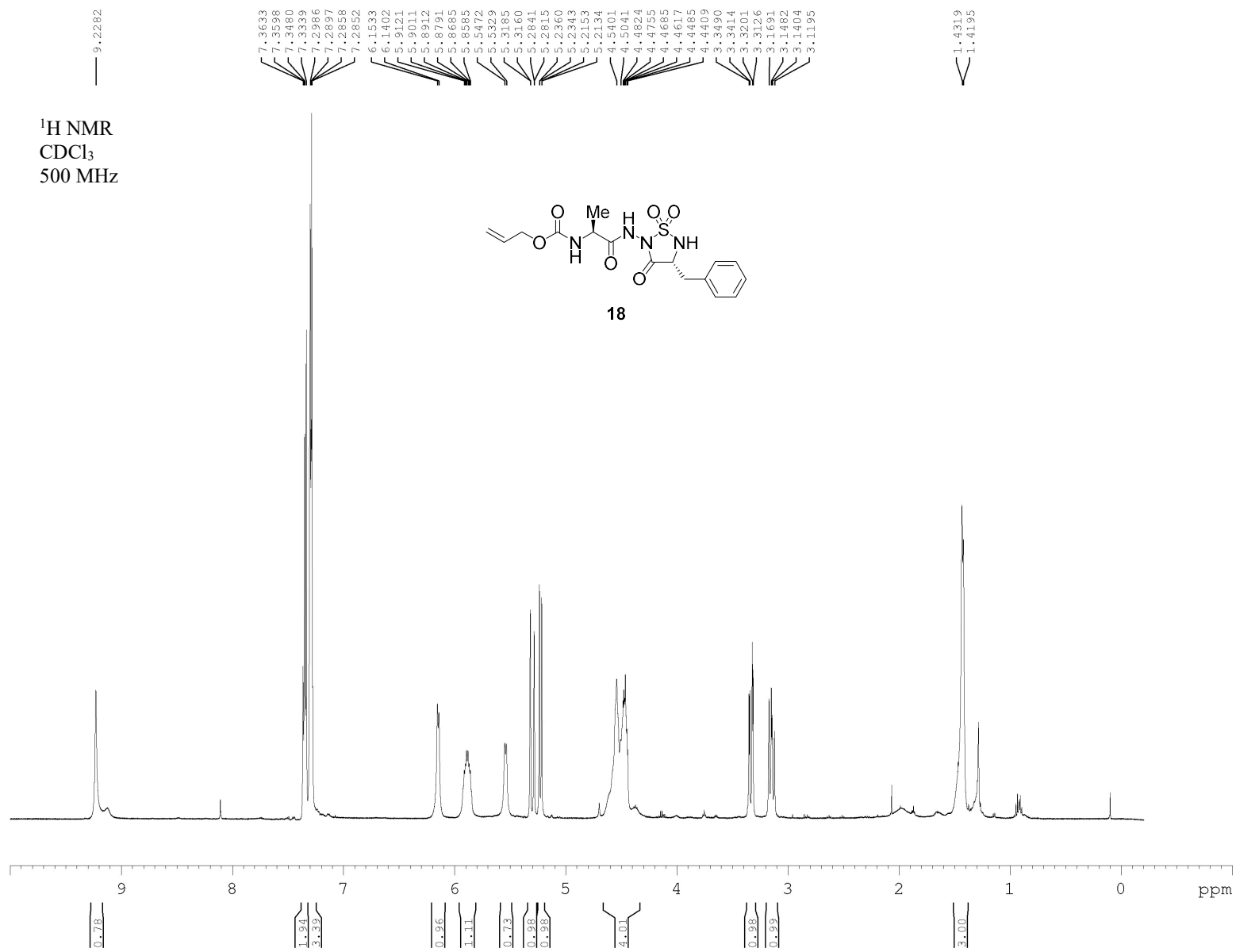
¹H NMR
CDCl₃
400 MHz

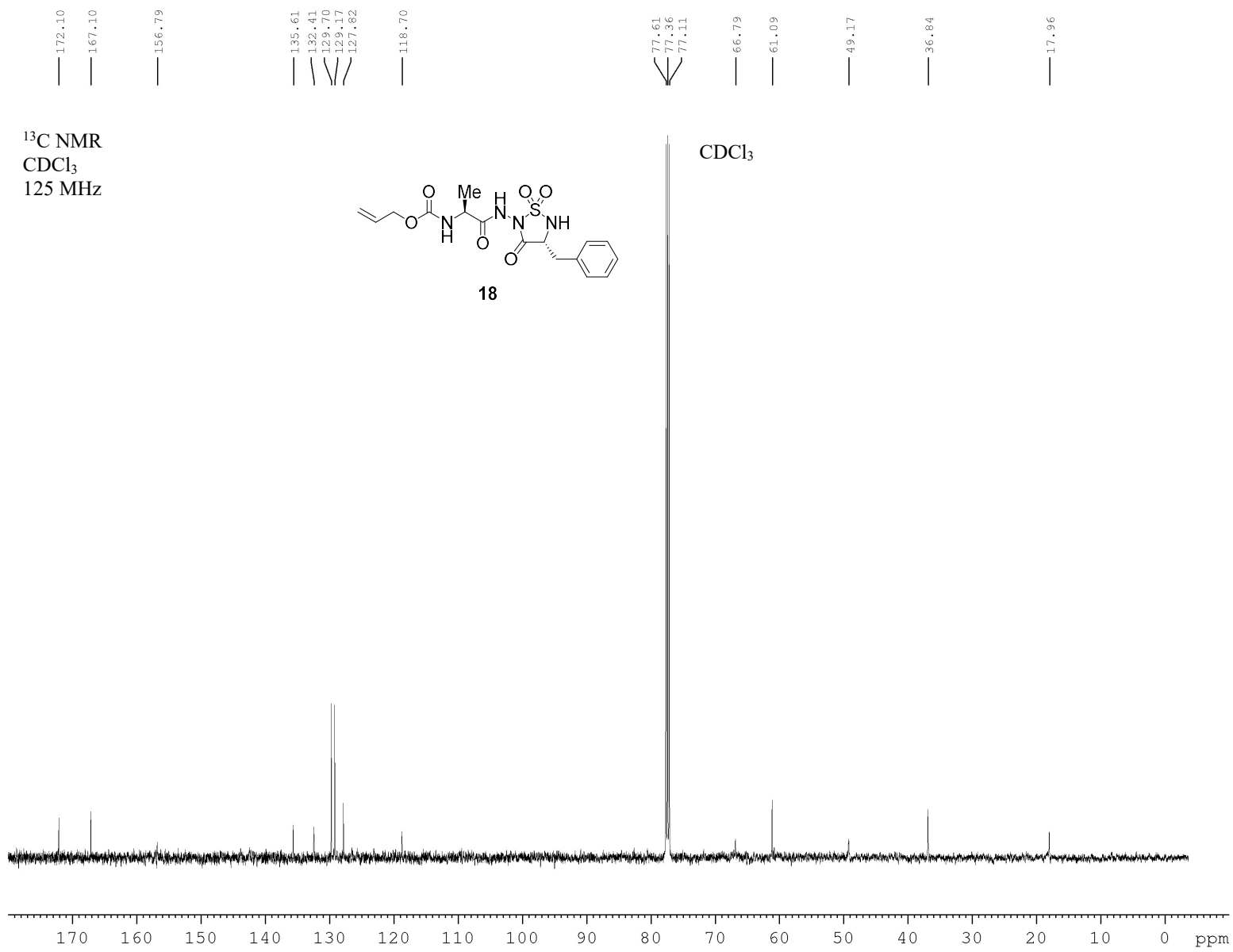




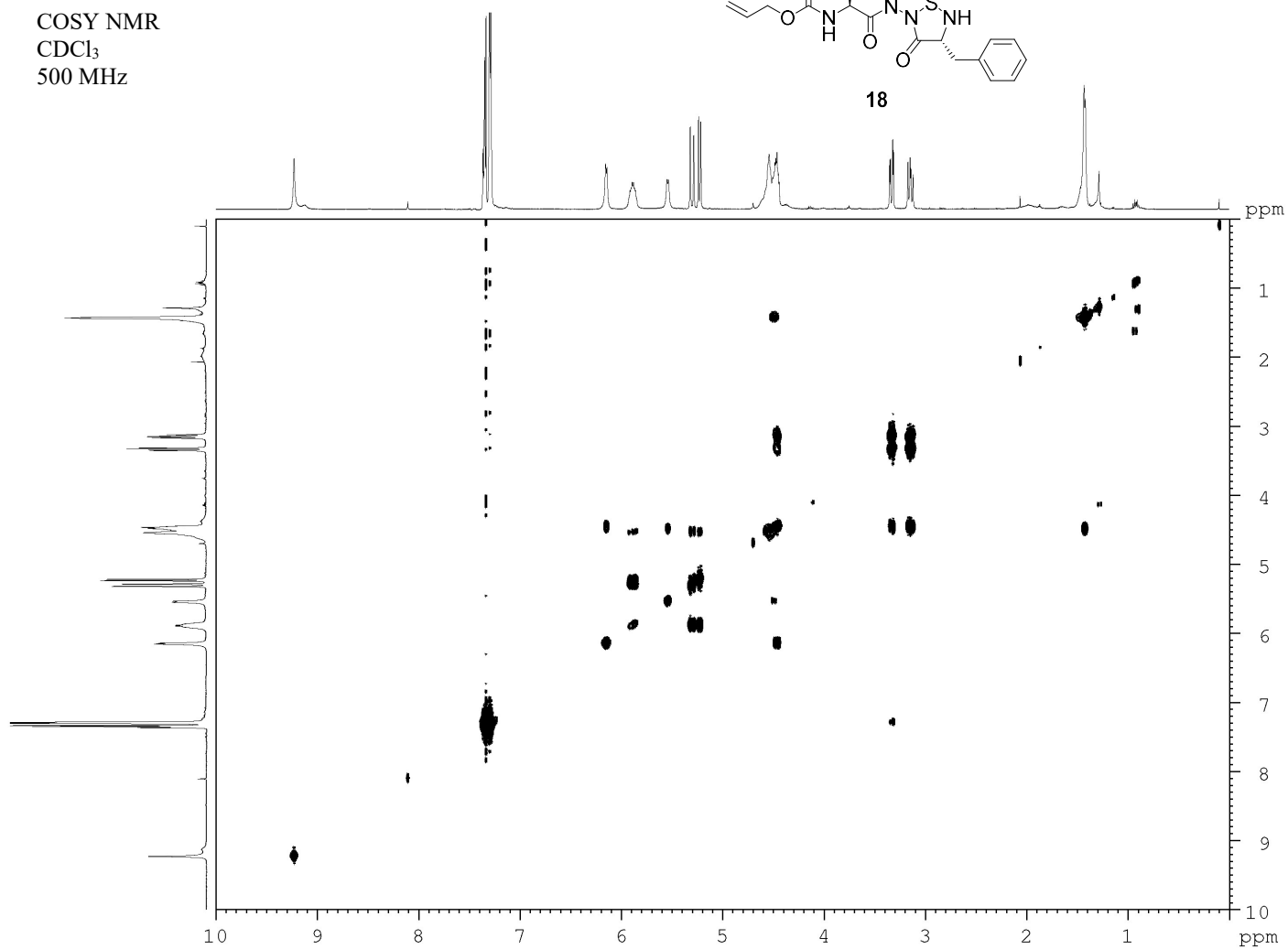
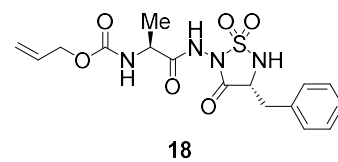




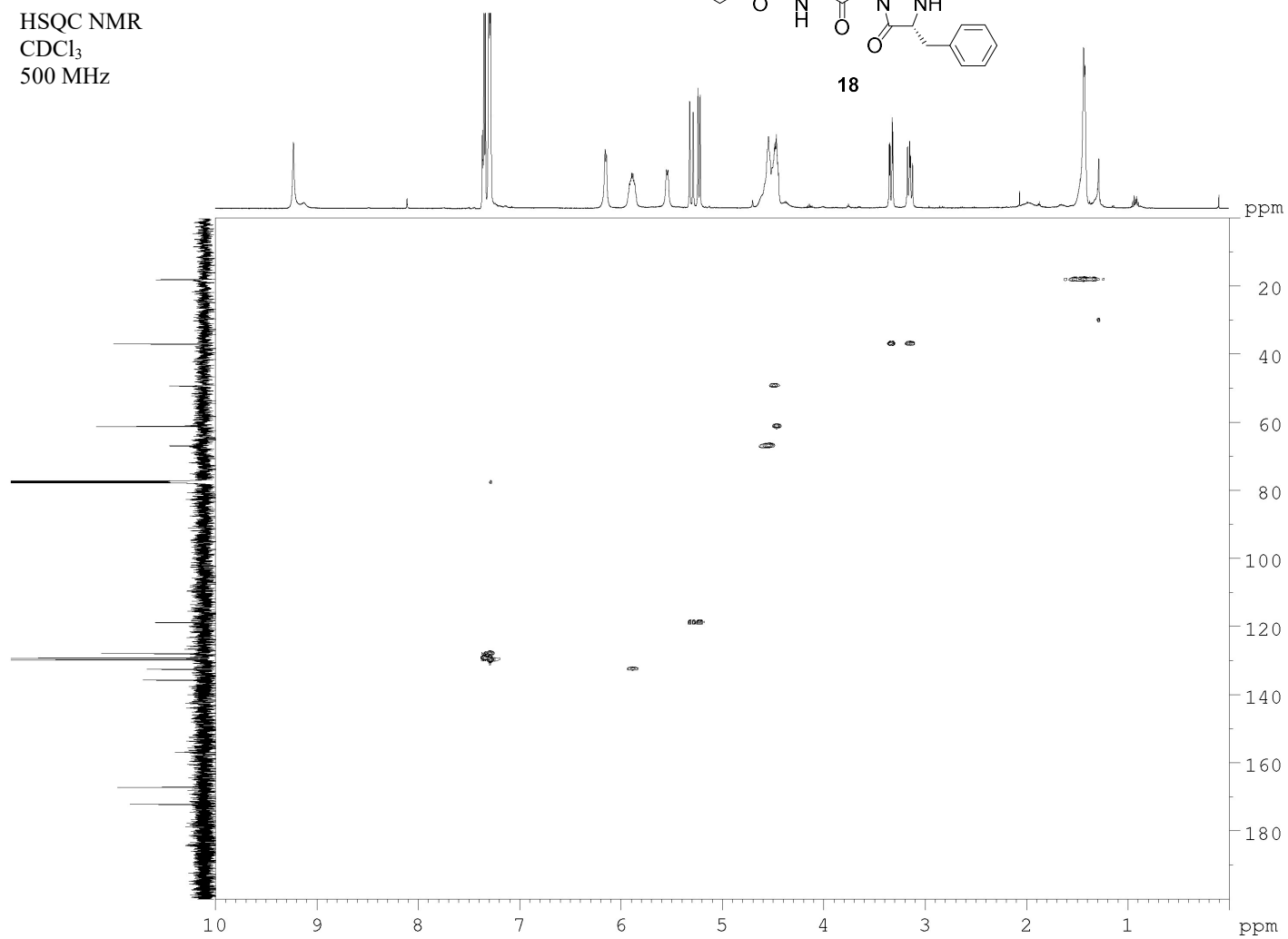
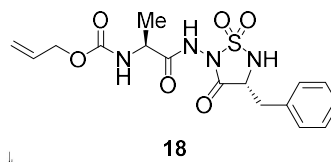




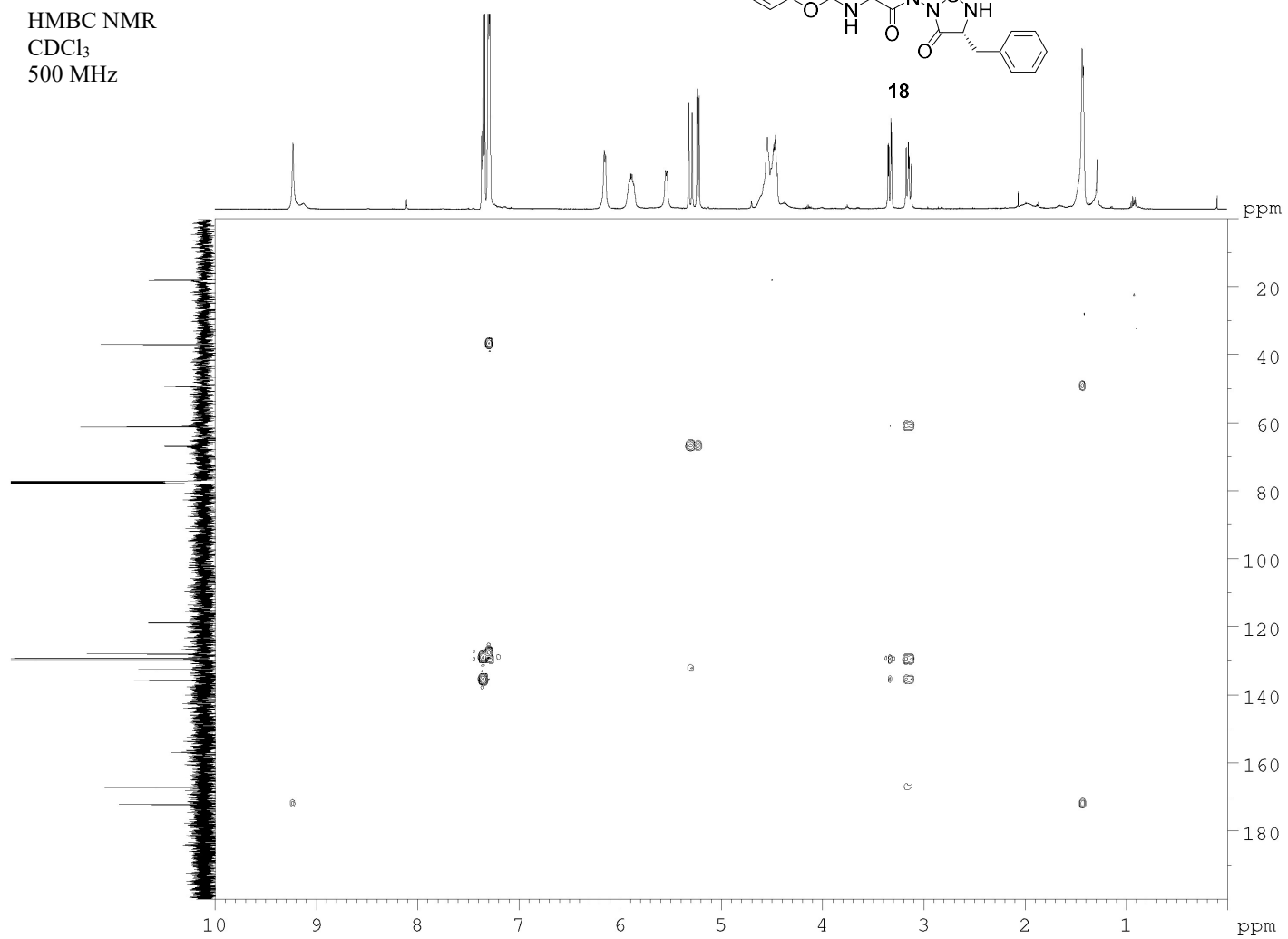
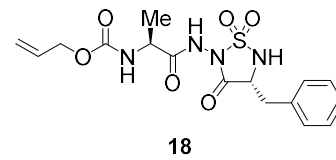
COSY NMR
CDCl₃
500 MHz

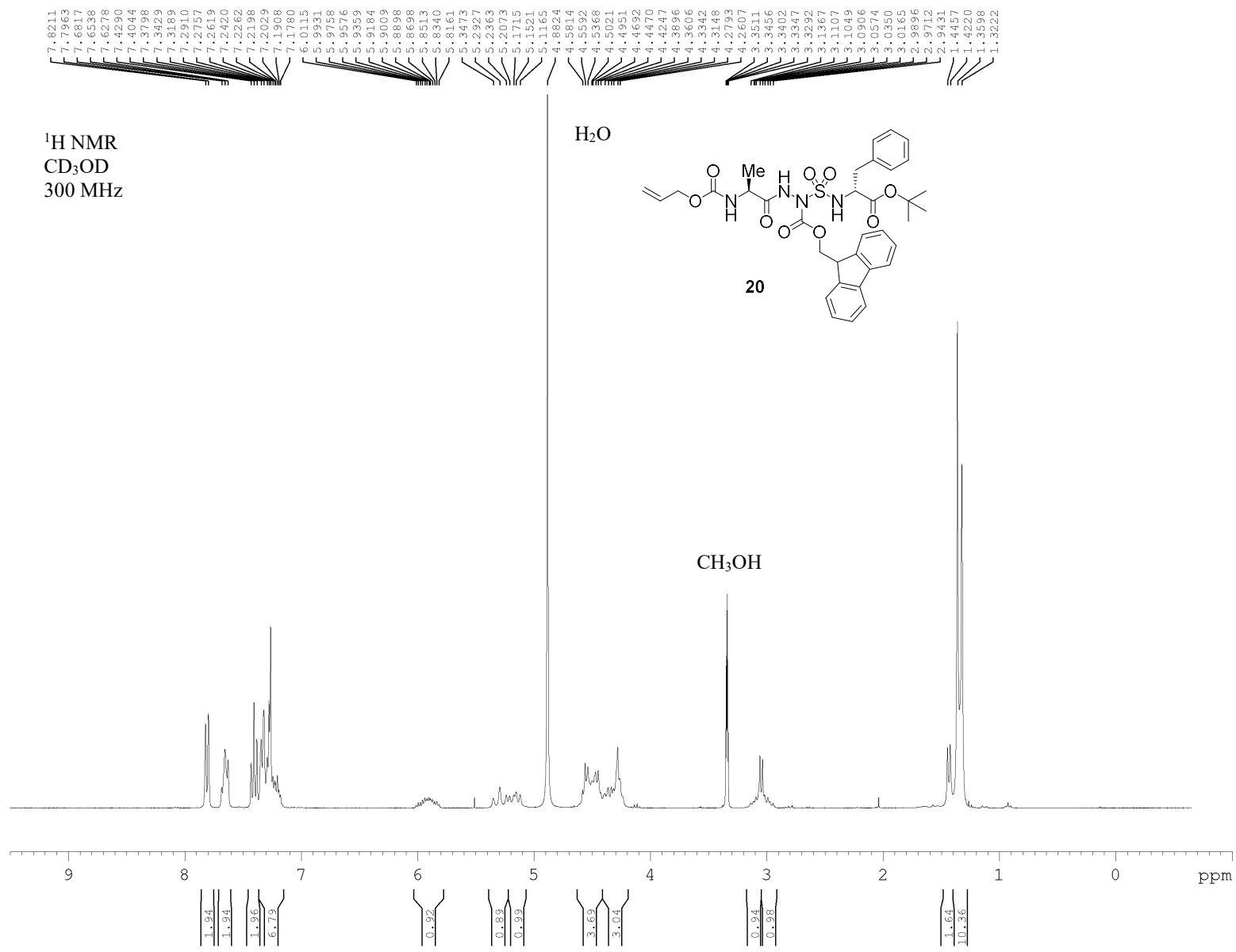


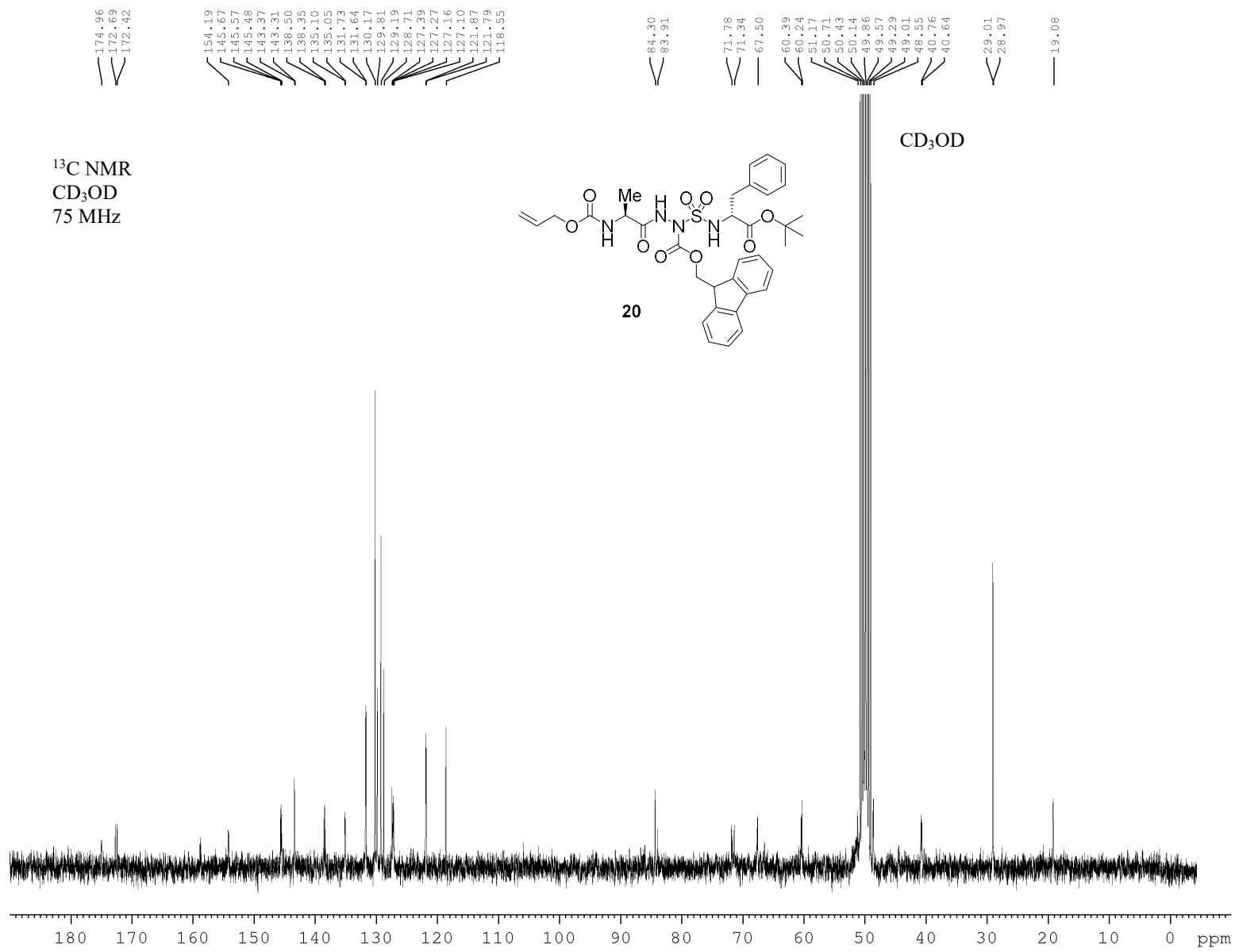
HSQC NMR
CDCl₃
500 MHz

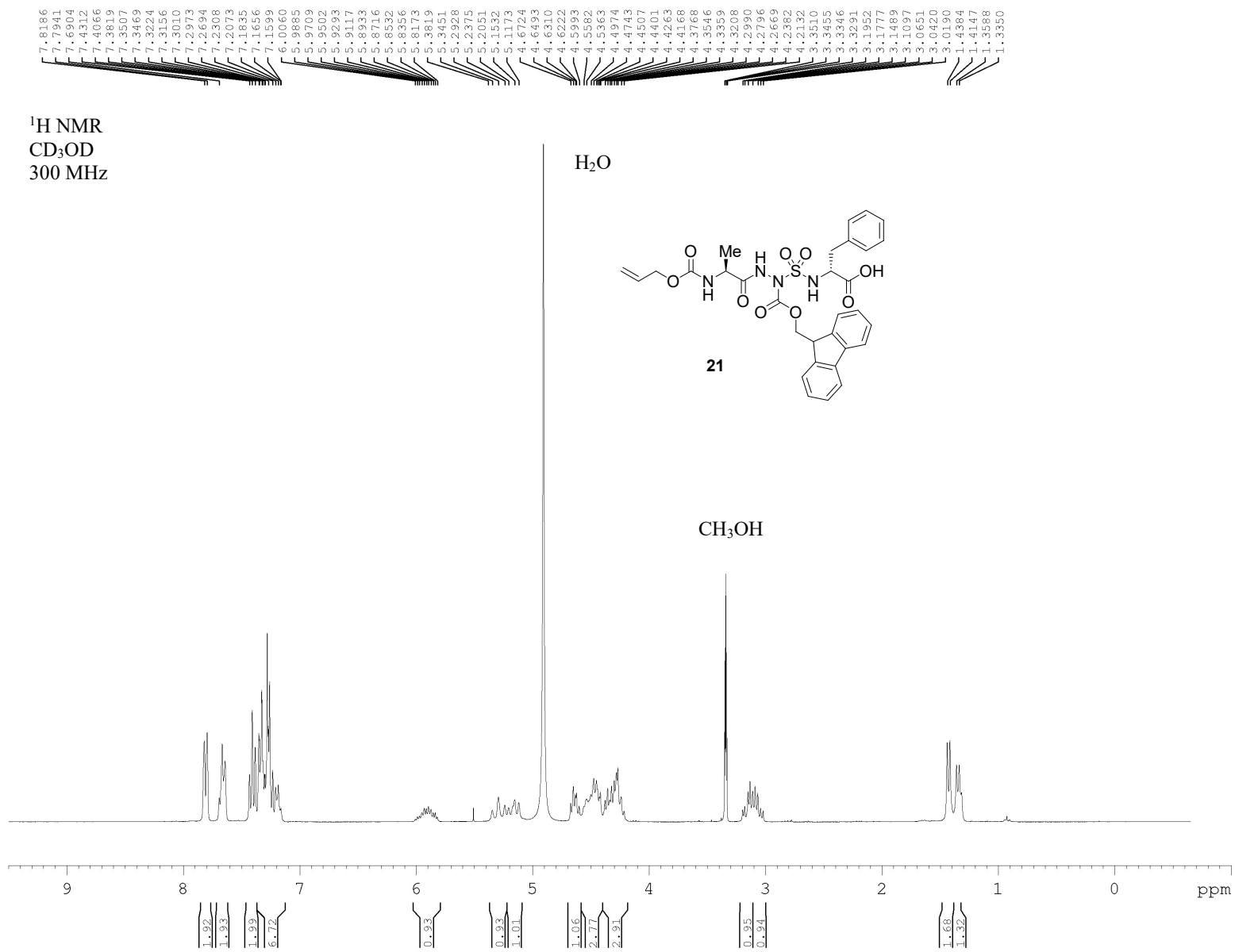


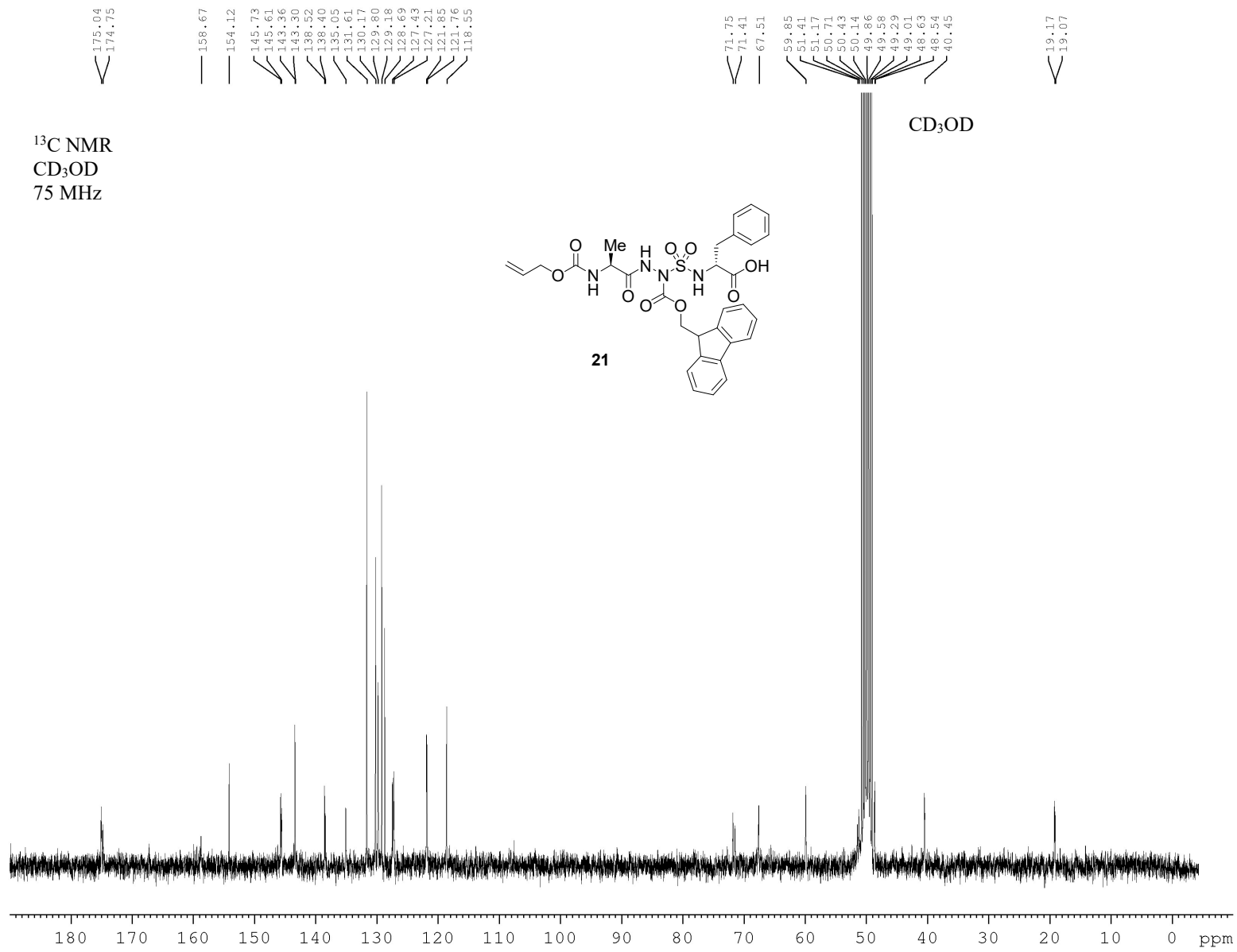
HMBC NMR
CDCl₃
500 MHz



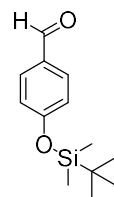




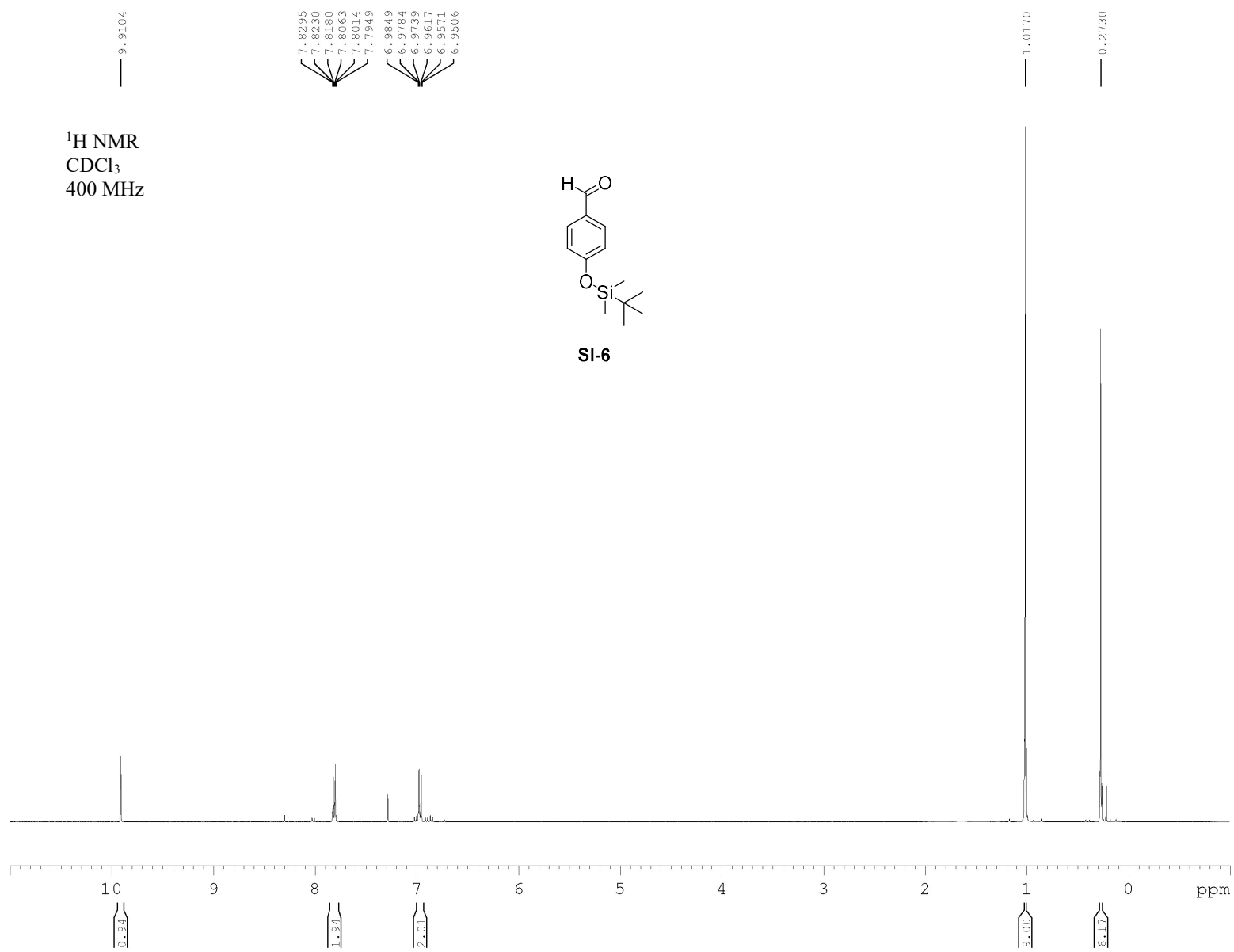


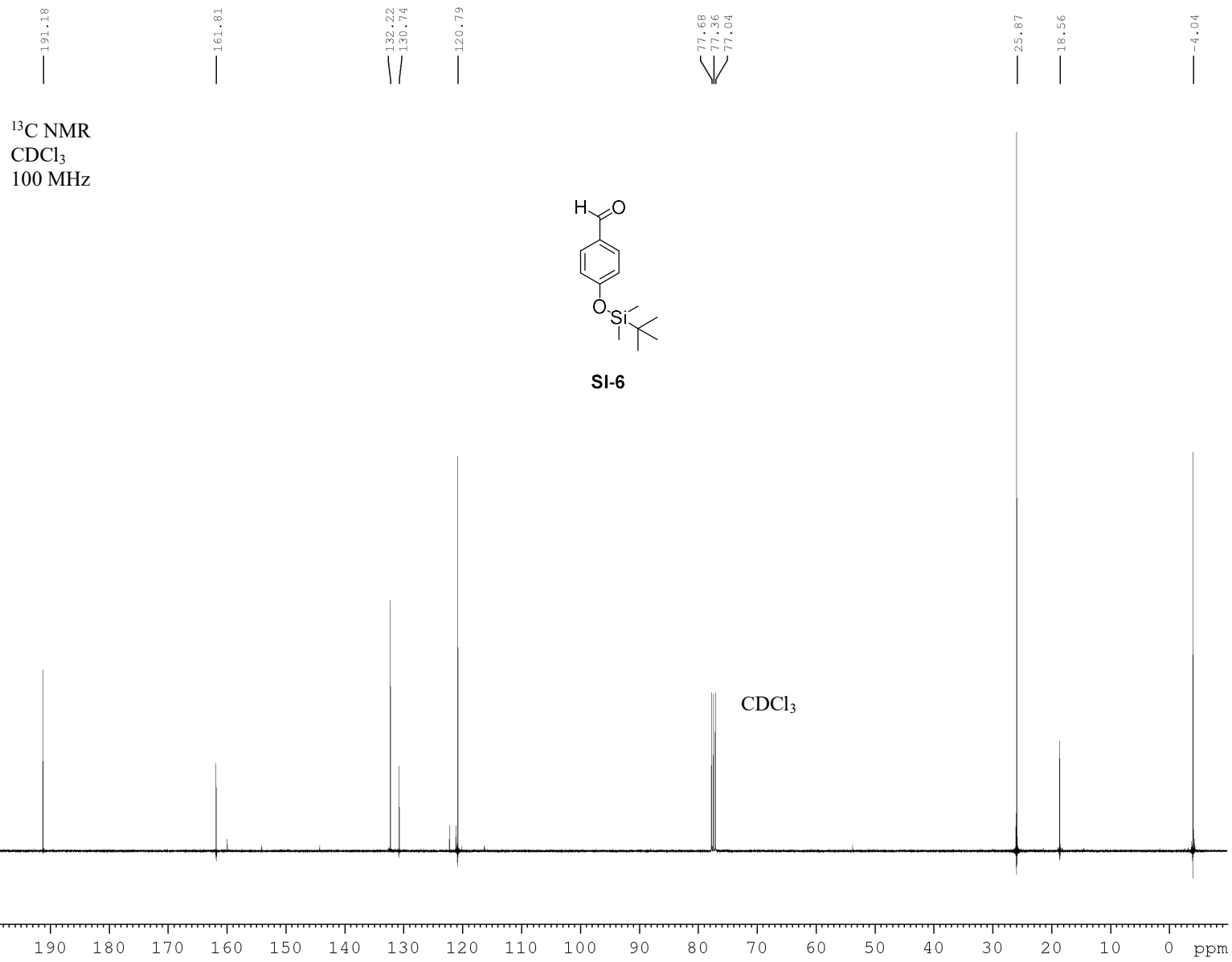


¹H NMR
CDCl₃
400 MHz

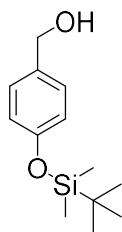


SI-6

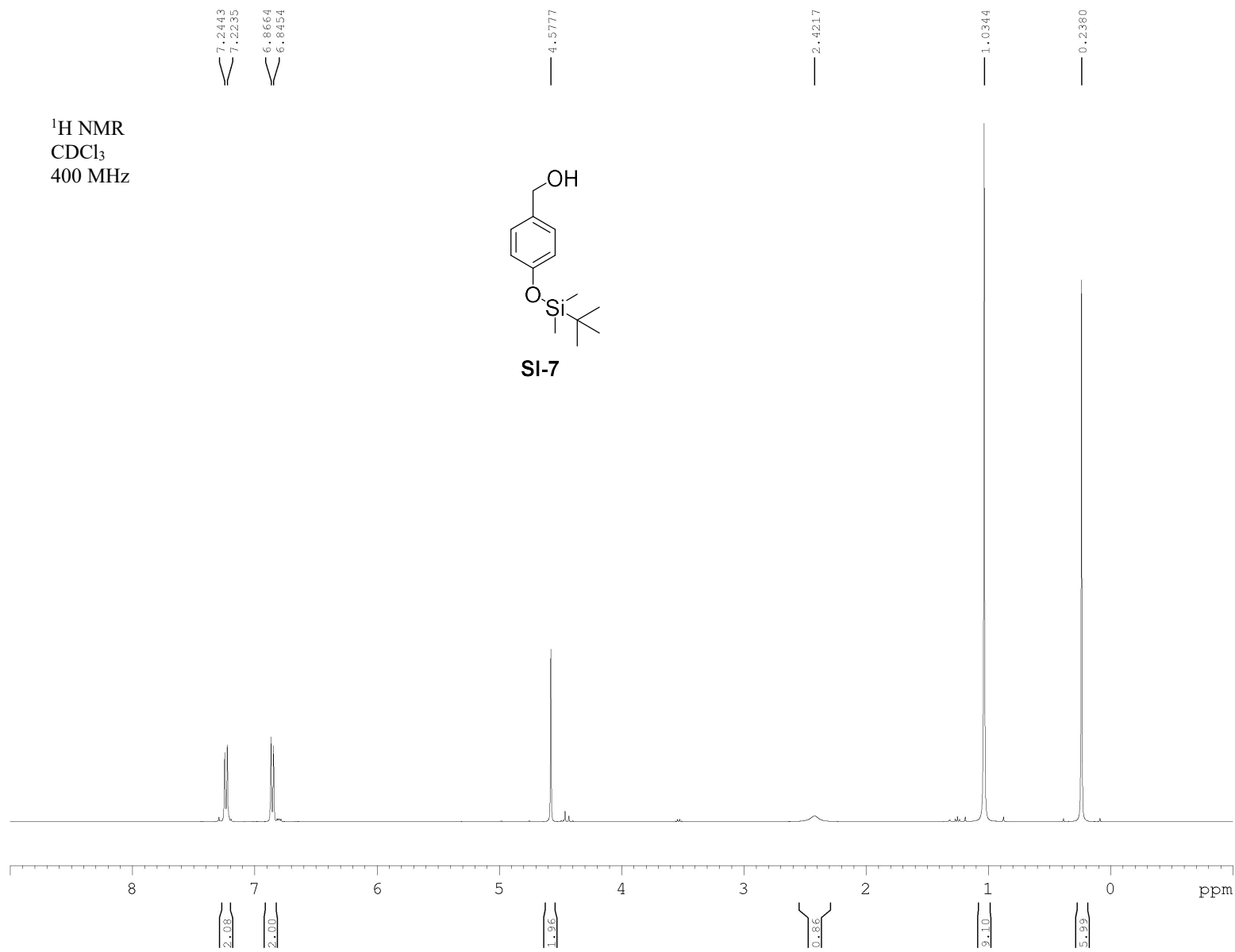


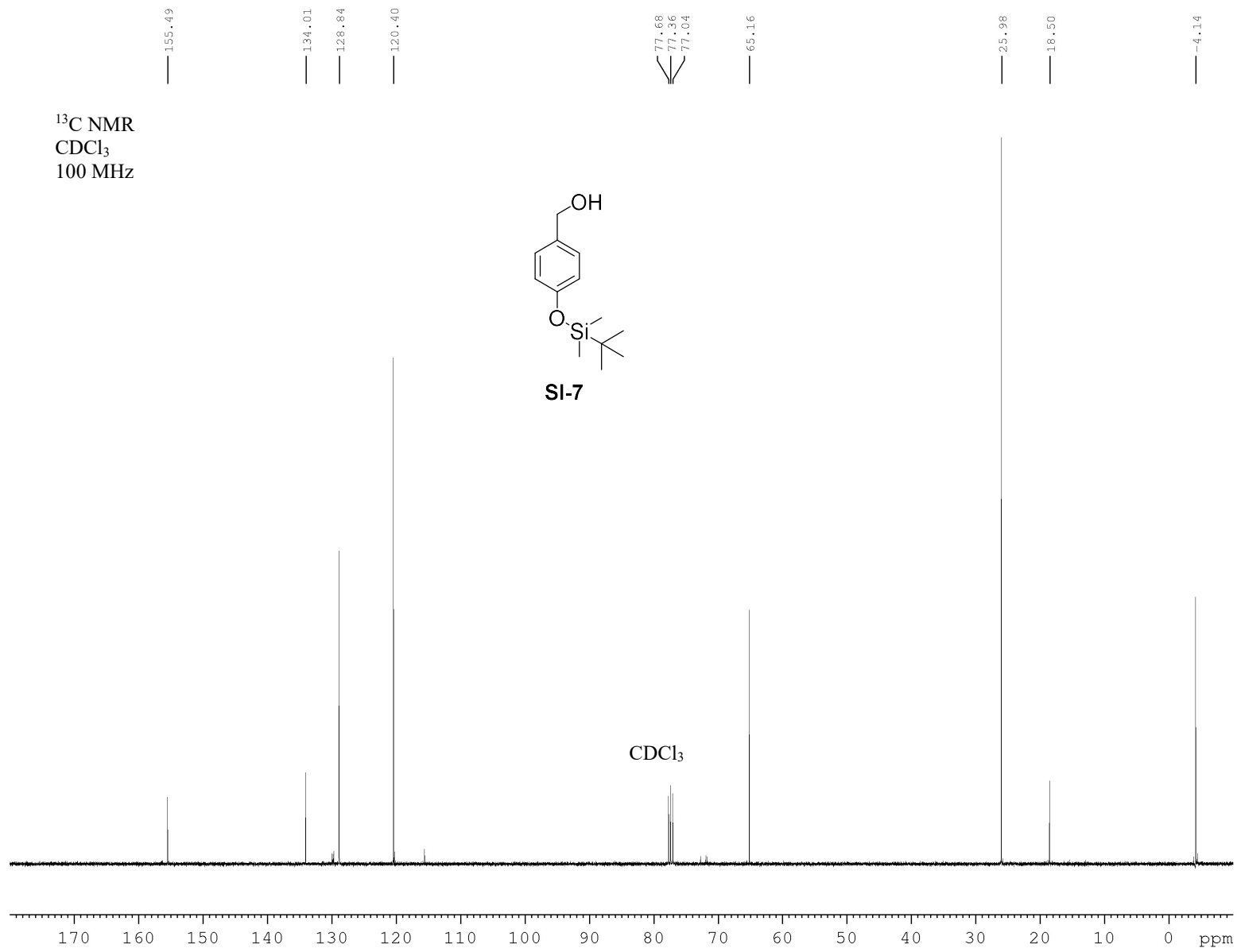


¹H NMR
CDCl₃
400 MHz

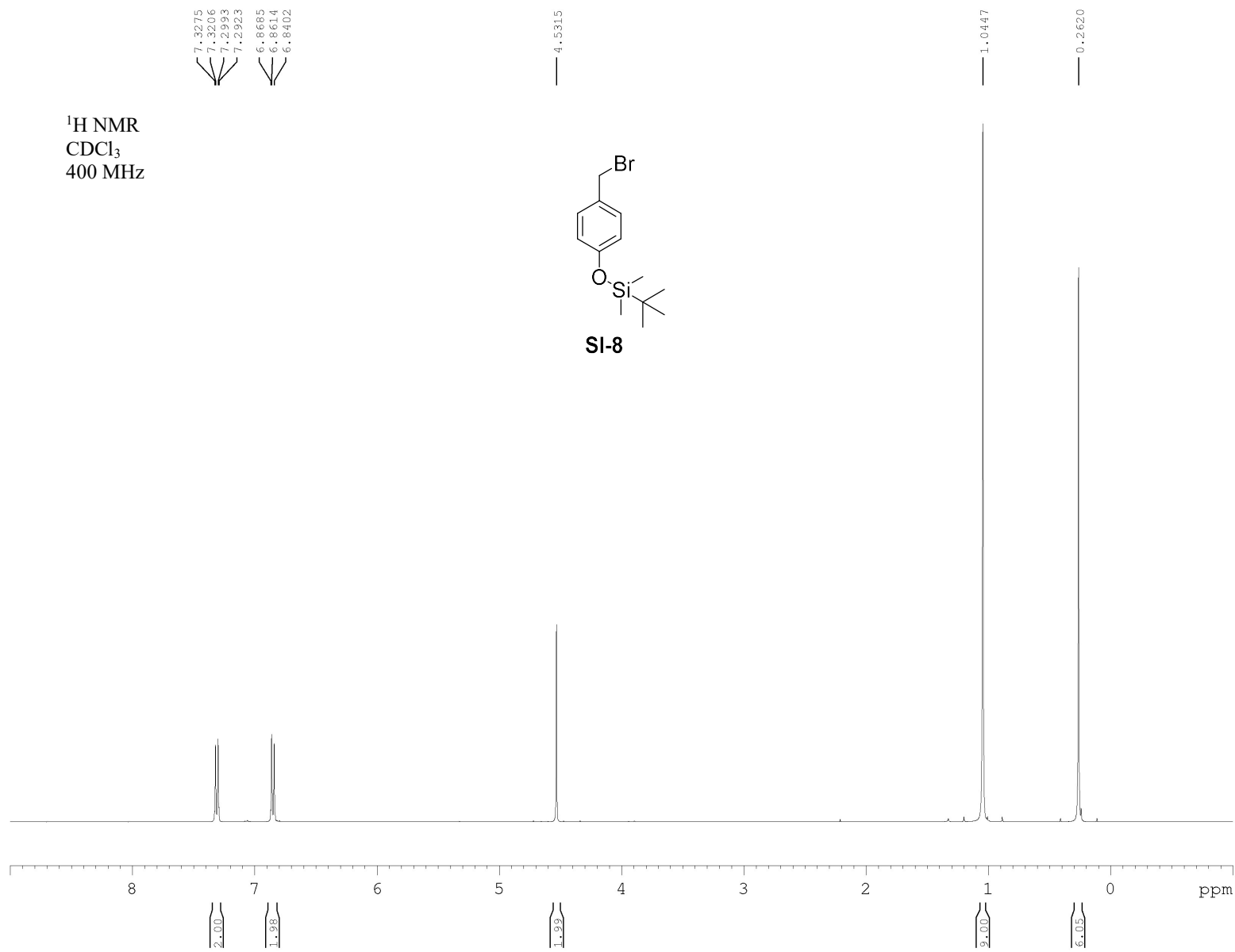
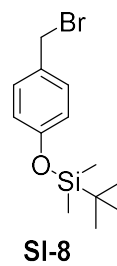


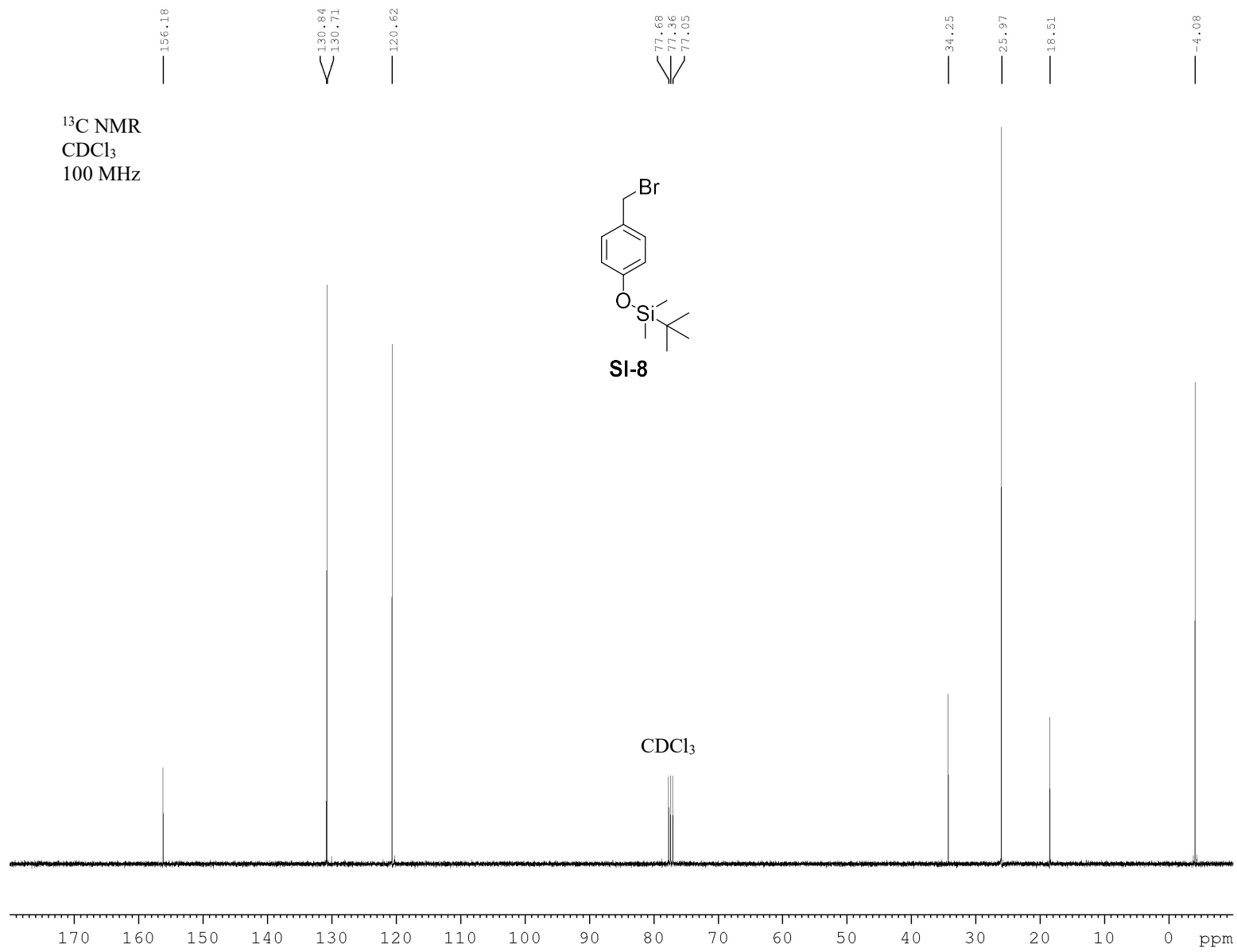
SI-7

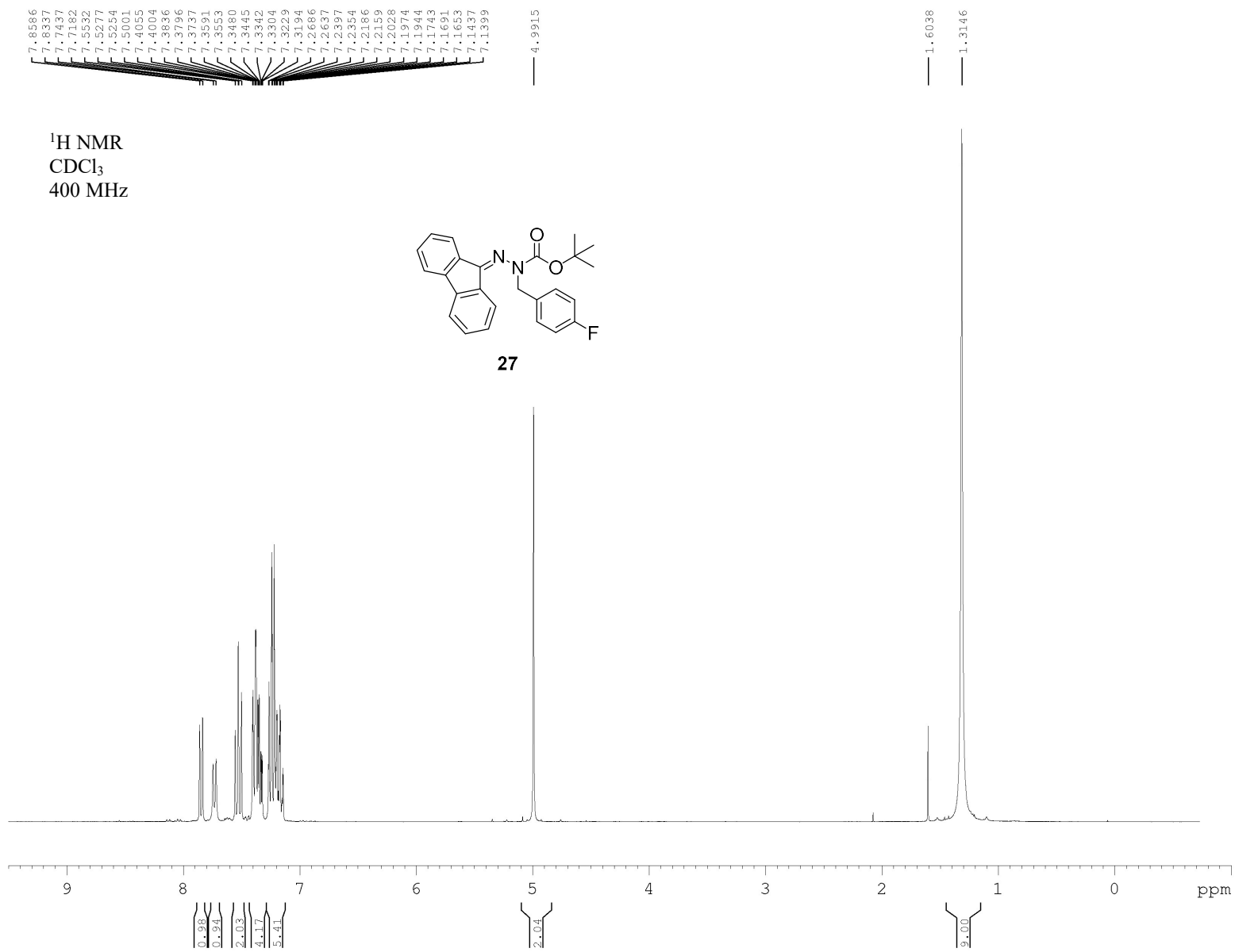


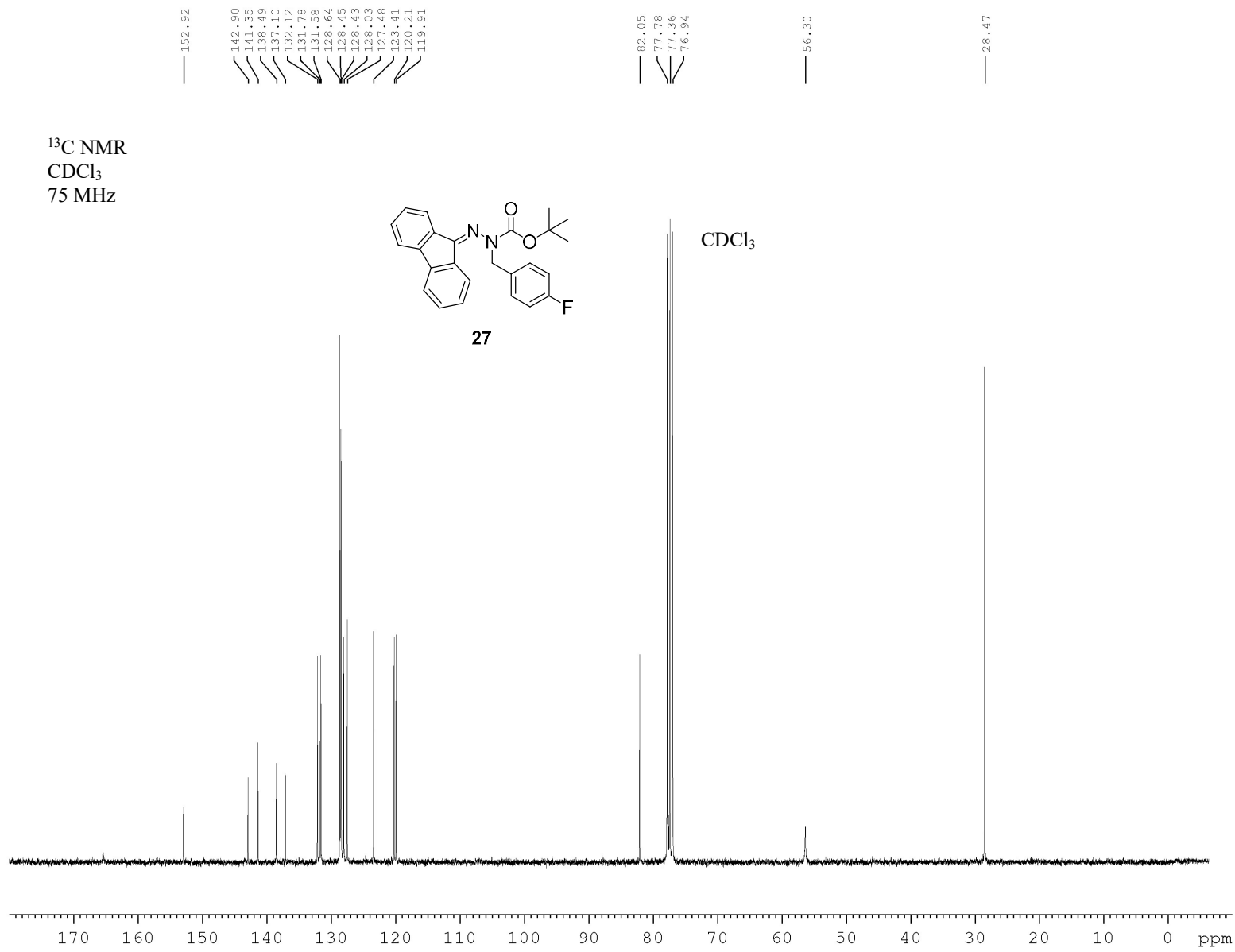


¹H NMR
CDCl₃
400 MHz

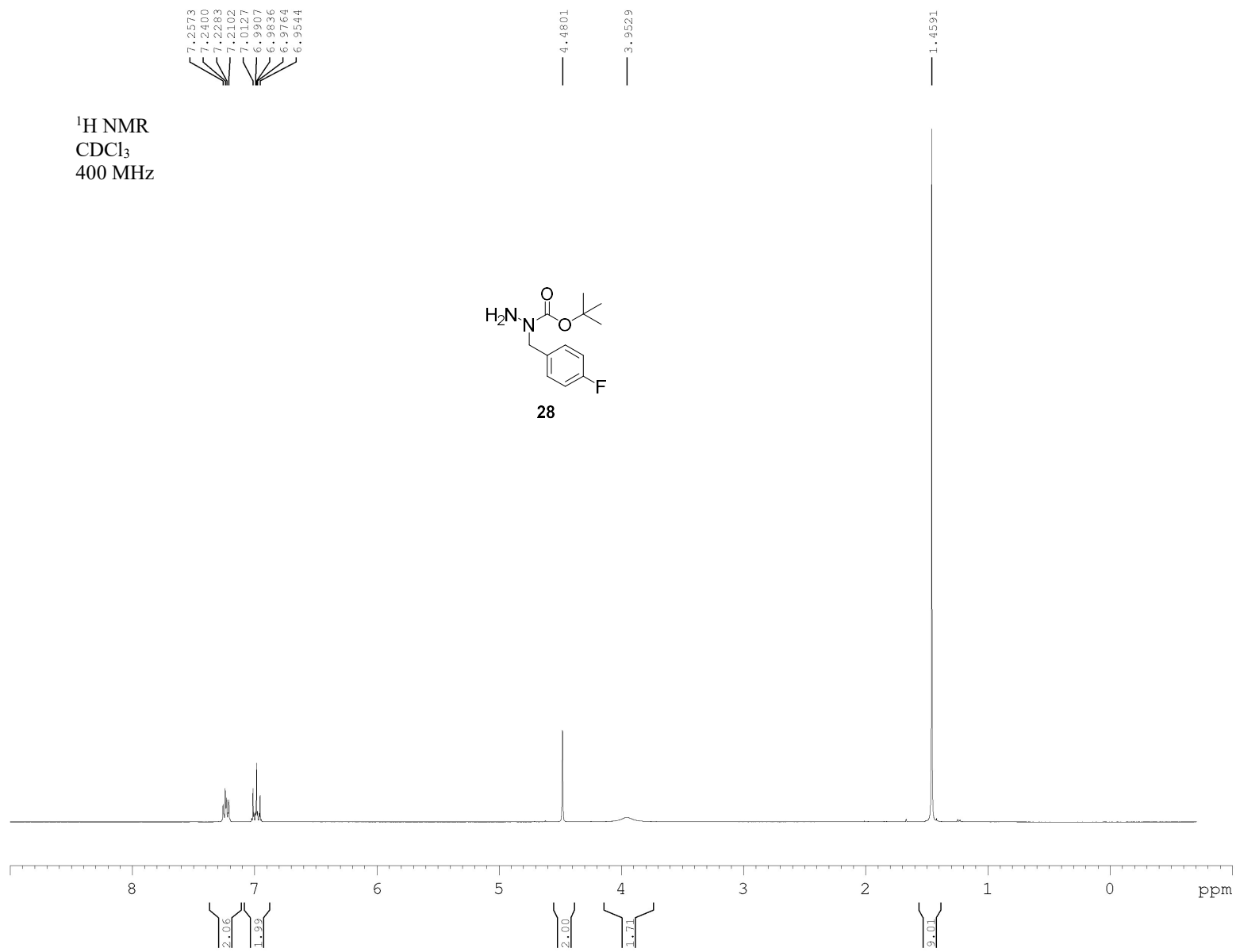
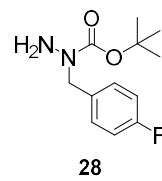


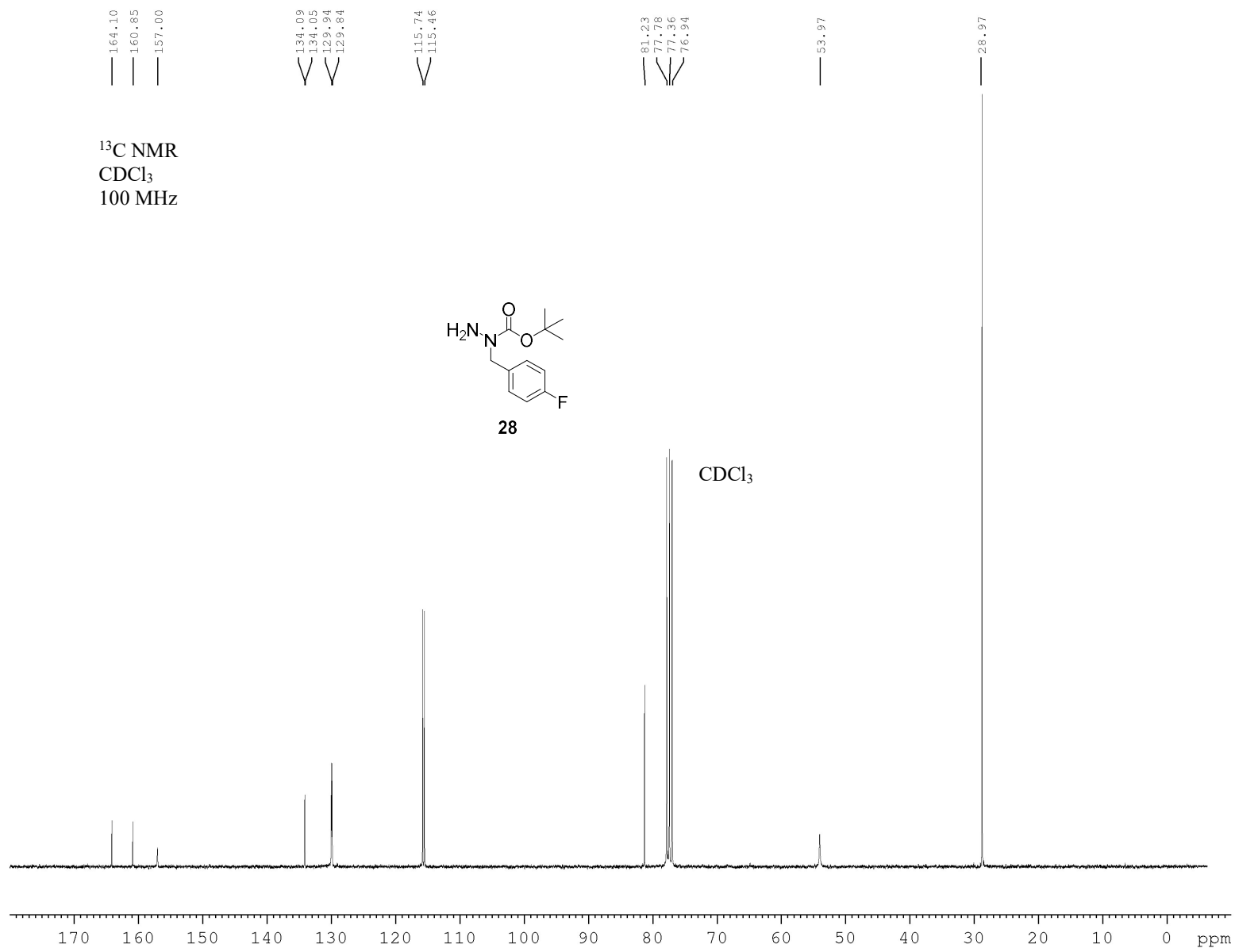


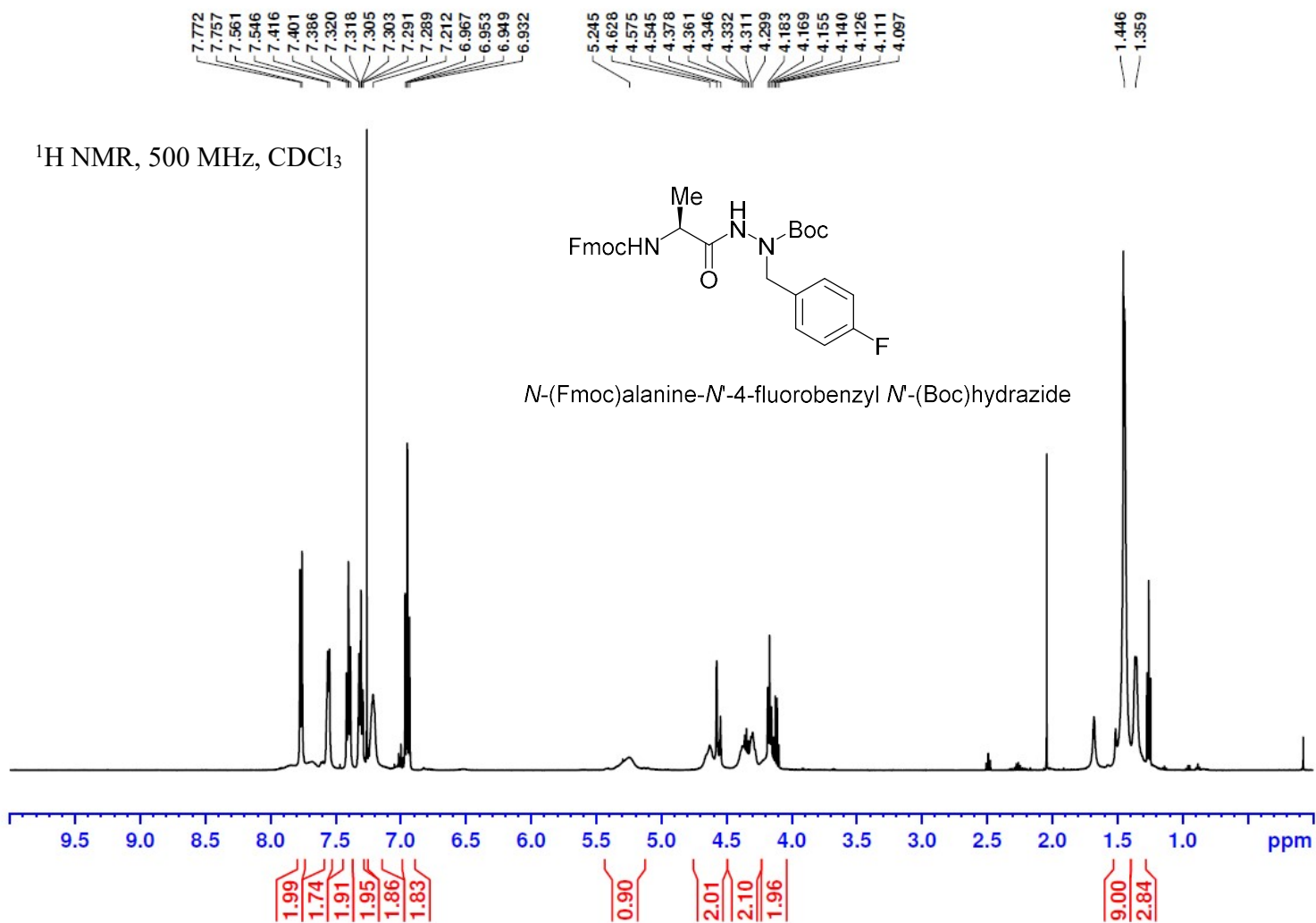


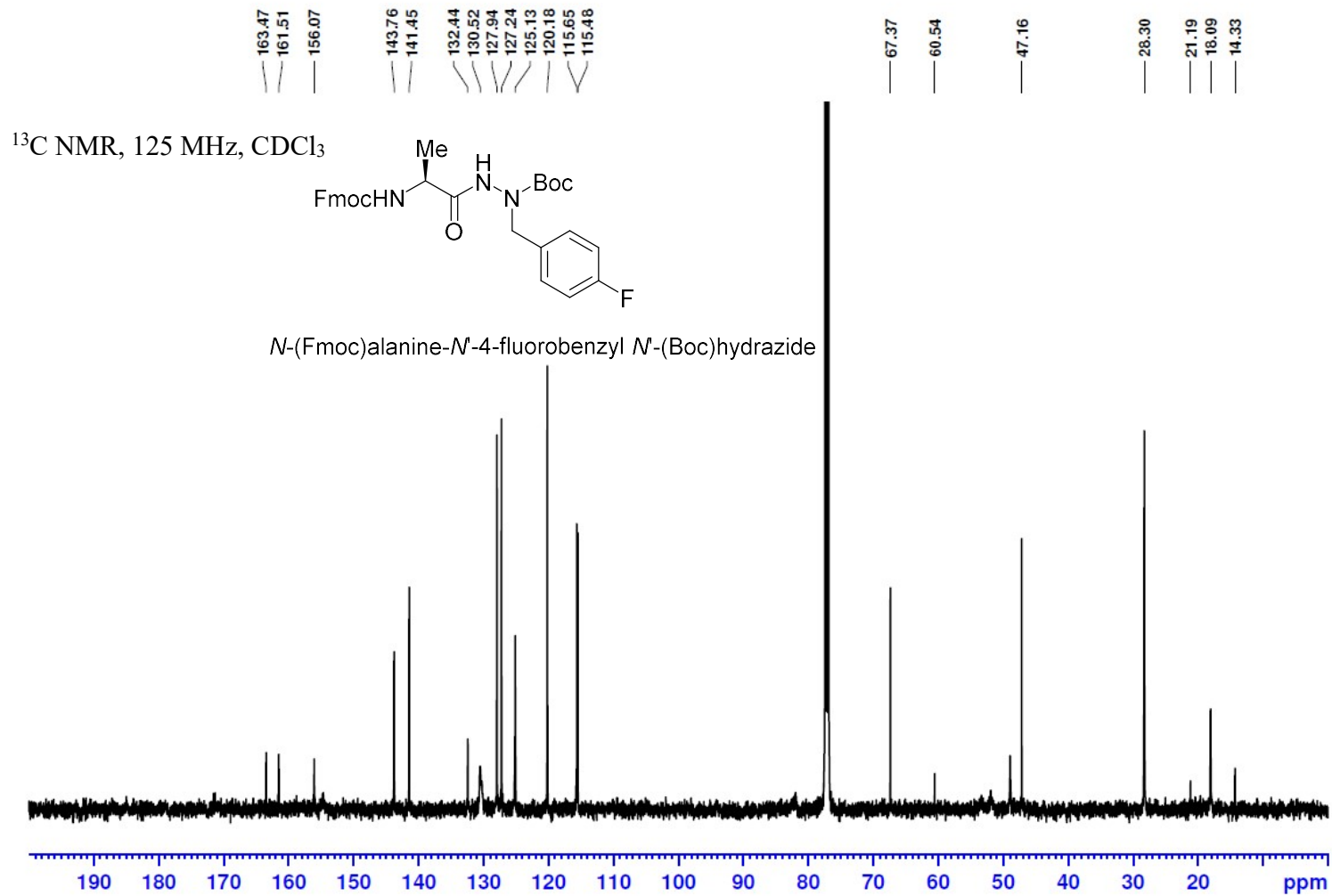


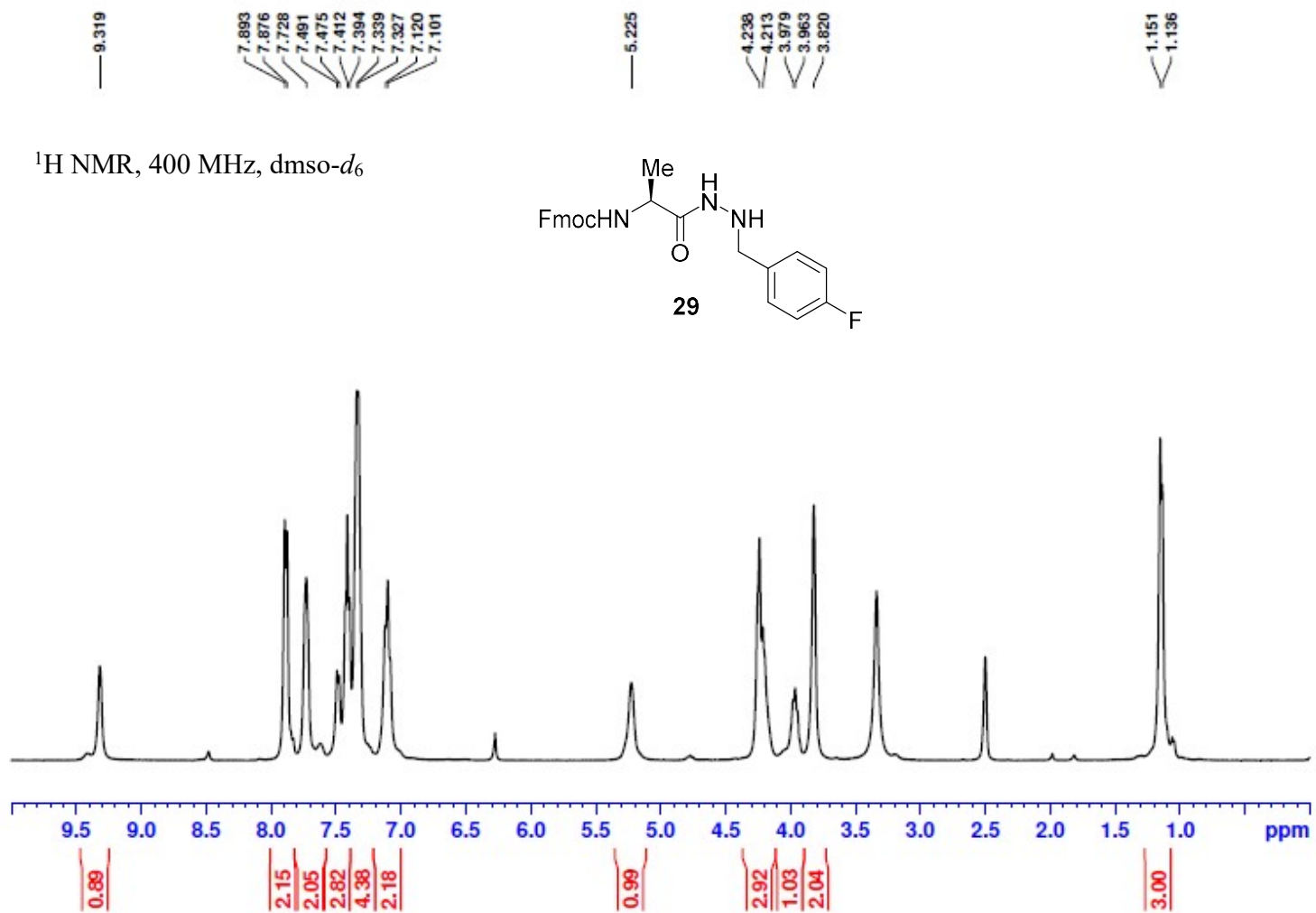
¹H NMR
CDCl₃
400 MHz

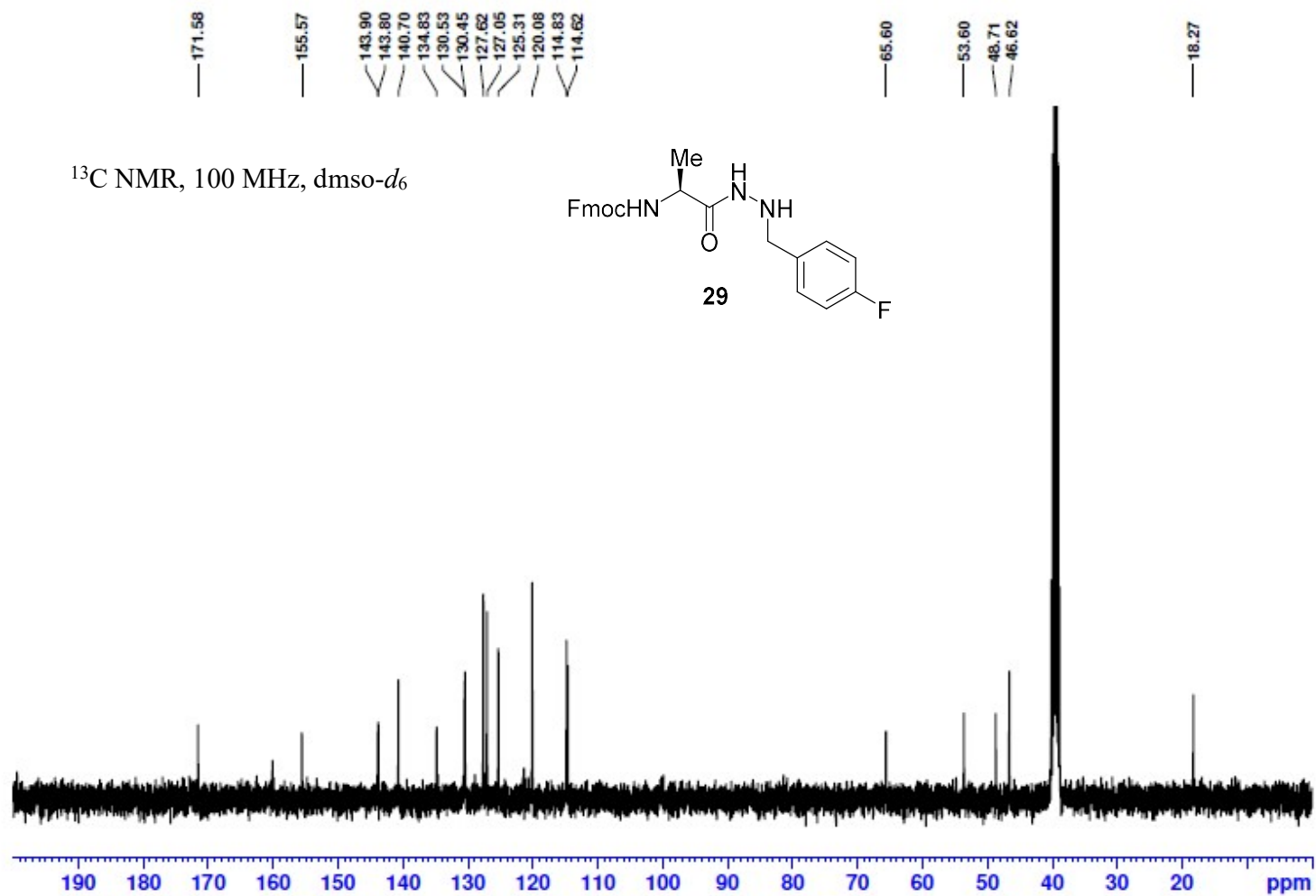




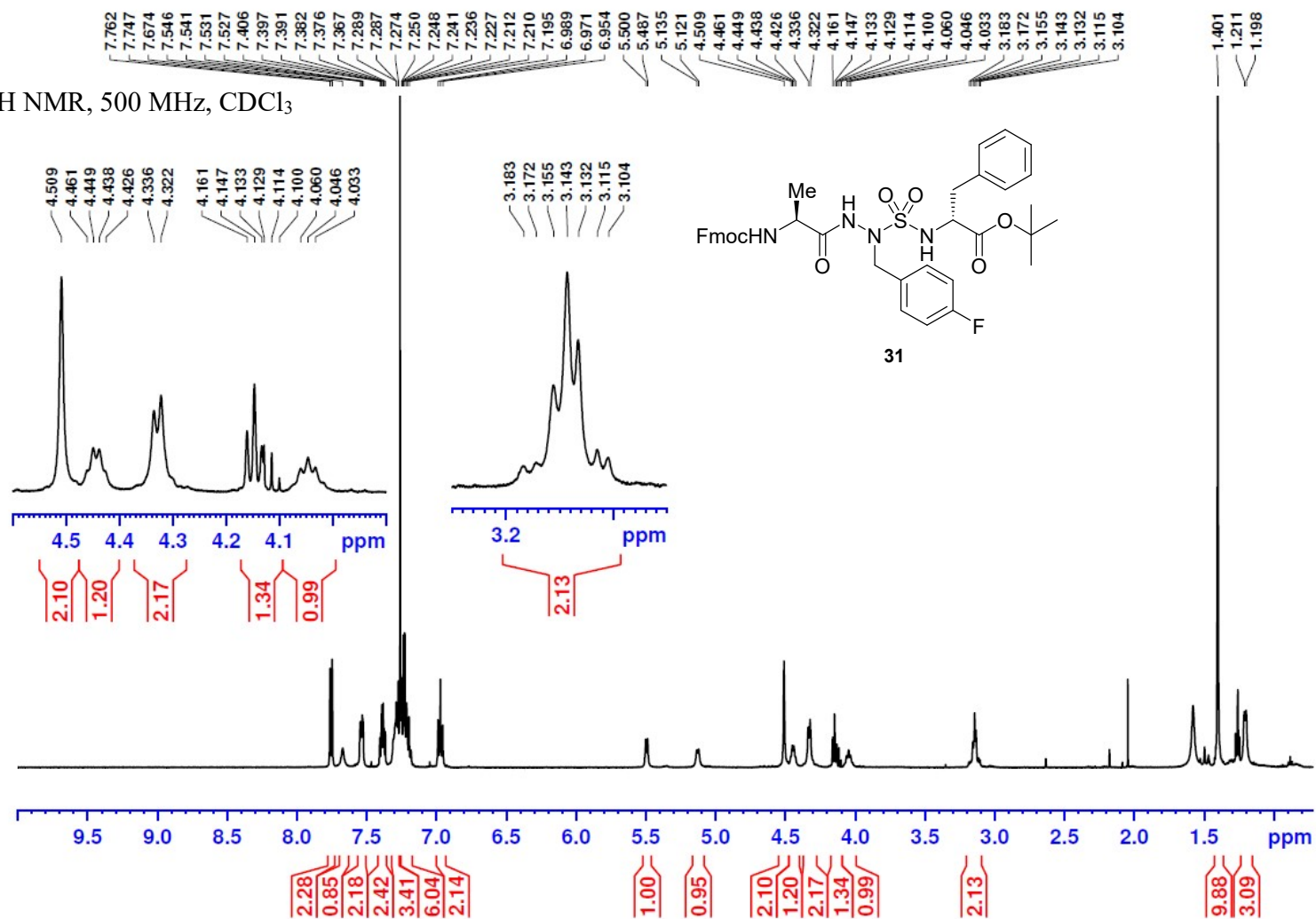


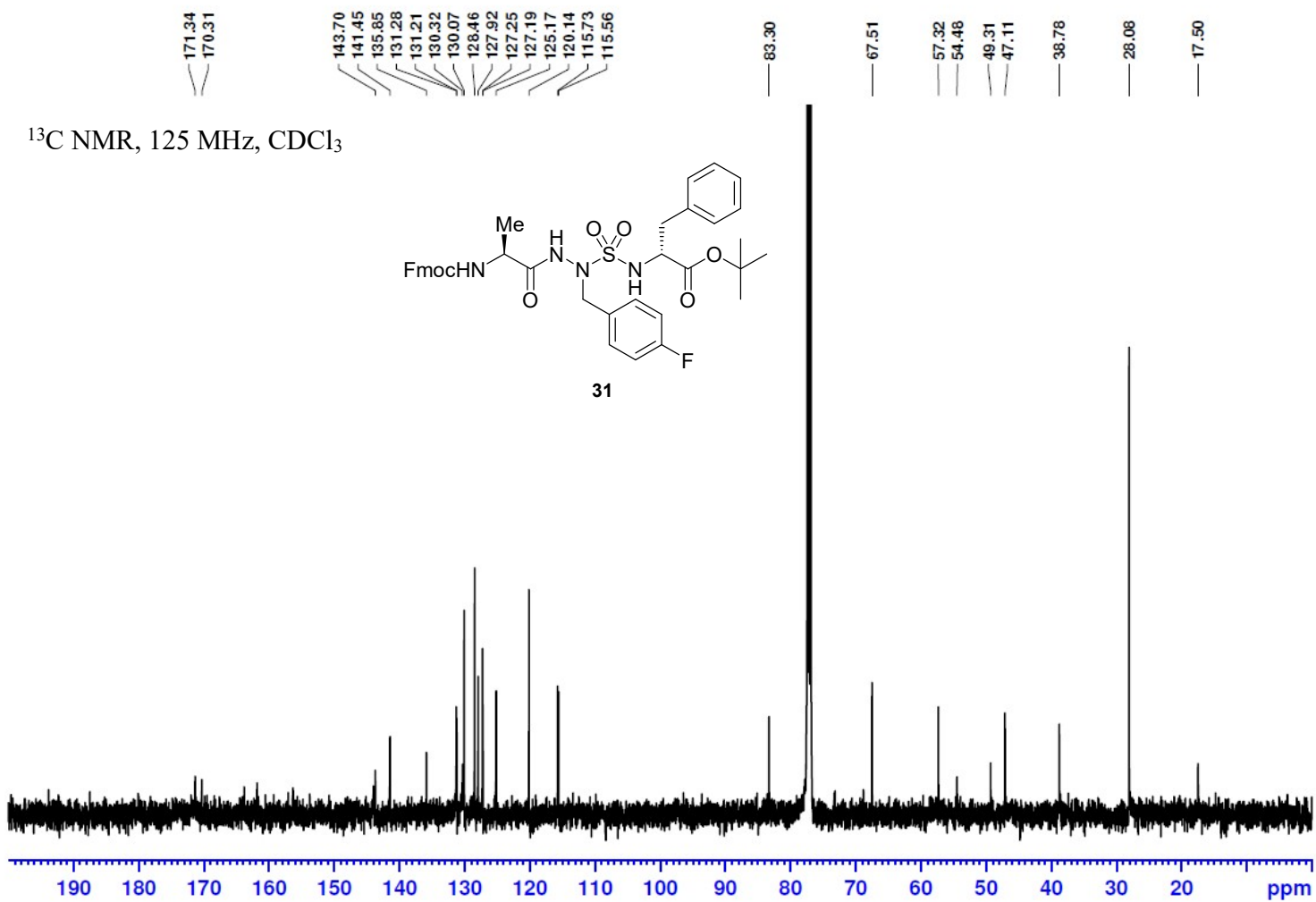


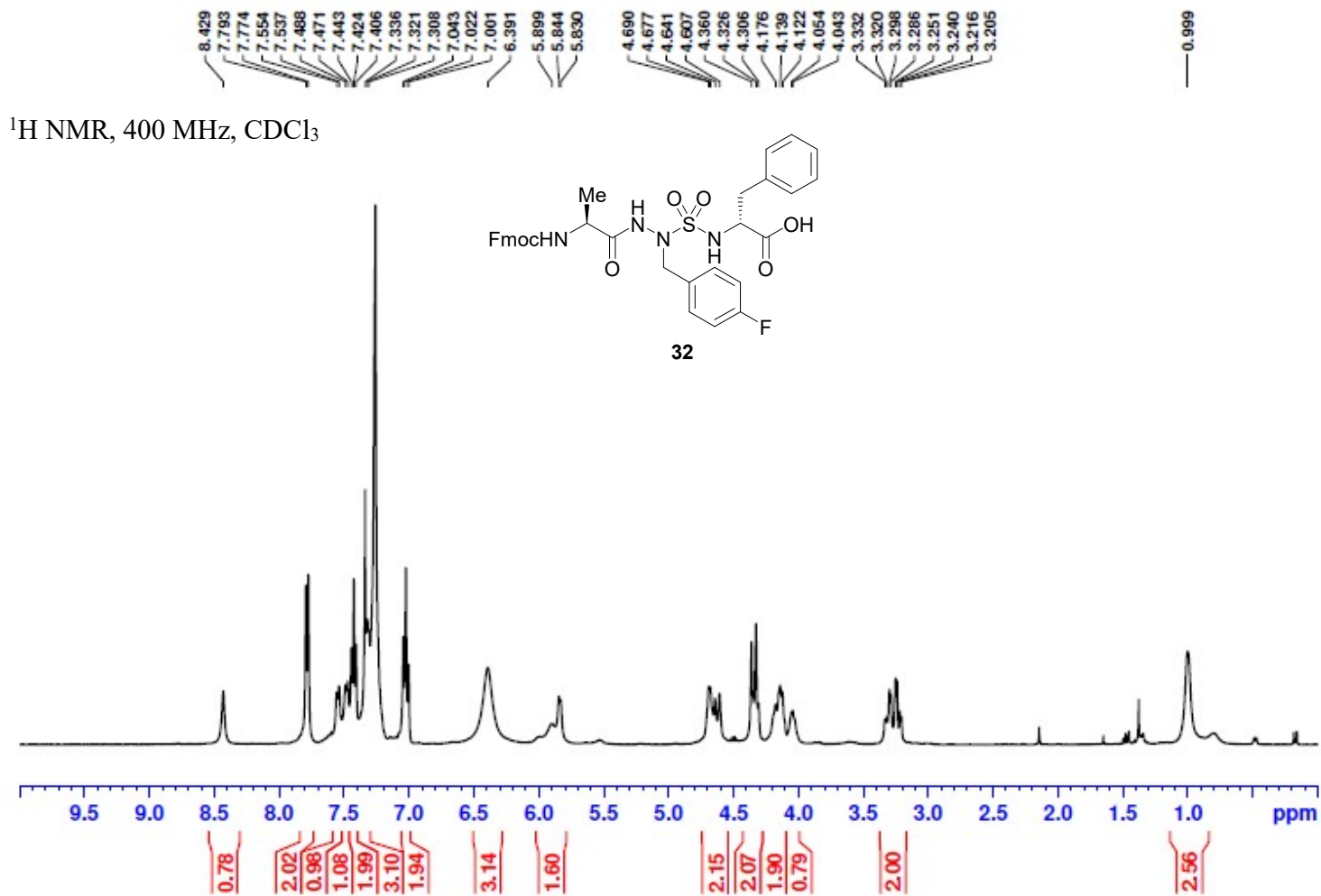


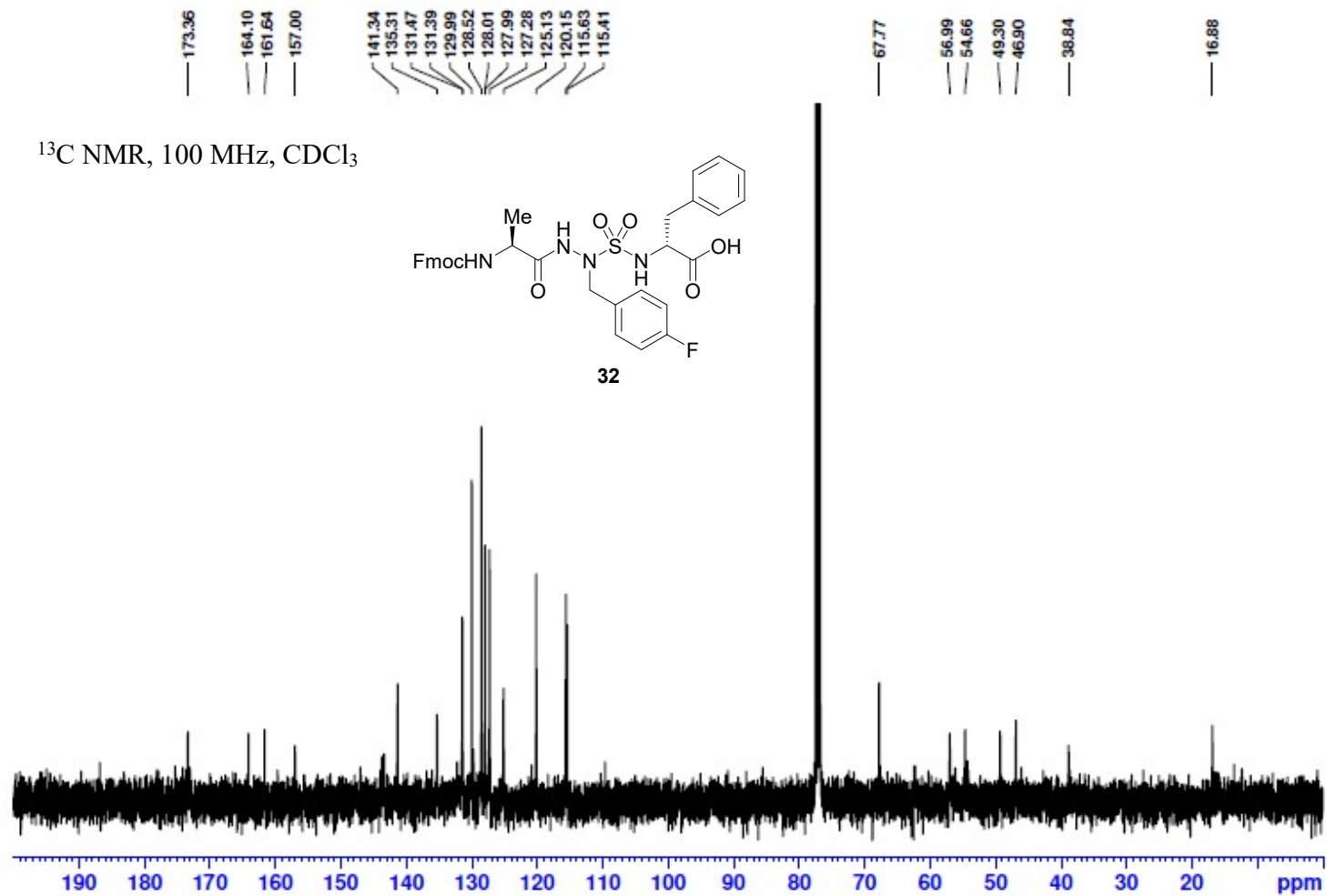


^1H NMR, 500 MHz, CDCl_3









D-7000 HPLC System Manager Report

Analyzed: 01/11/10 12:40 PM

Reported: 01/11/10 01:47 PM
Processed: 01/11/10 01:47 PM

Data Path: H:\echantillons\DATA\0246\

Processing Method: Grad 05-80%MeOH 30min(40min)ST

System(acquisition): Sys 1

Series:0246

Application: echantillons

Vial Number: 3

Sample Name: SPST-7-1(P2)_5-80MeOH

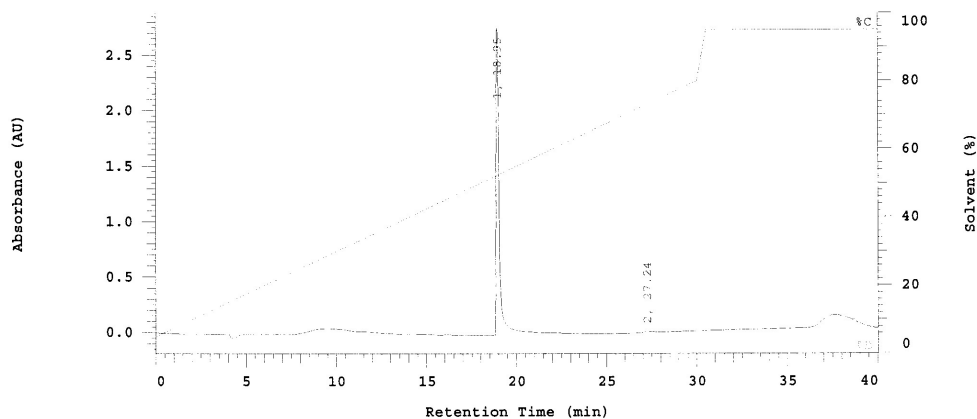
Vial Type: UNK

Injection from this vial: 1 of 1

Volume: 5.0 ul

Sample Description: SPST-7-1(P2)_5-80MeOH

Chrom Type: Fixed WL Chromatogram, 214 nm



Acquisition Method: Grad 05-80%MeOH 30min(40min)ST

Column Type:

Developed by: Lubell

Pump A Type: L-7100

Solvent A: H2O 0.1% FA

Solvent B: MeCN 0.1% FA

Solvent C: MeOH 0.1% FA

Solvent D: Storage H2O/ORG 35/65 no FA

Method Description: grad 5 to 80% MeOH in 30 min, 10 min wash at 95% MeOH

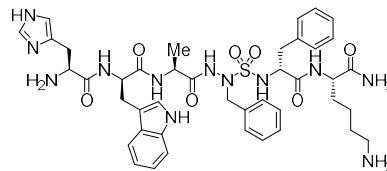
Chrom Type: Fixed WL Chromatogram, 214 nm

Peak Quantitation: AREA

Calculation Method: AREA%

No.	RT	Area	Area %
1	18.95	15485900	98.771
2	27.24	192660	1.229
		15678560	100.000

Peak rejection level: 10000



3a

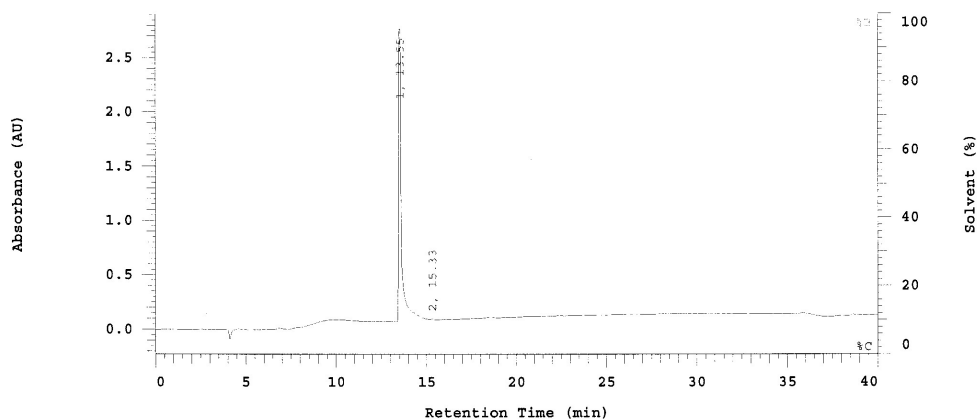
D-7000 HPLC System Manager Report

Analyzed: 01/11/10 10:55 AM Reported: 01/11/10 01:48 PM
 Processed: 01/11/10 01:45 PM

Data Path: H:\echantillons\DATA\0244\
 Processing Method: Grad 05-80%MeCN 30min(40min)ST

System(acquisition): Sys 1 Series:0244
 Application: echantillons Vial Number: 3
 Sample Name: SPST-7-1(P2)_5-80MeCN Vial Type: UNK
 Injection from this vial: 1 of 1 Volume: 5.0 ul
 Sample Description: SPST-7-1(P2)_5-80MeCN

Chrom Type: Fixed WL Chromatogram, 214 nm



Acquisition Method: Grad 05-80%MeCN 30min(40min)ST
 Column Type: Developed by: Lubell
 Pump A Type: L-7100
 Solvent A: H2O 0.1% FA Solvent B: MeCN 0.1% FA
 Solvent C: MeOH 0.1% FA Solvent D: Storage H2O/ORG 35/65 no FA

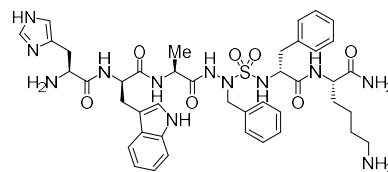
Method Description: grad 5 to 80% MeCN in 30 min, 10 min wash at 95% MeCN

Chrom Type: Fixed WL Chromatogram, 214 nm

Peak Quantitation: AREA
 Calculation Method: AREA%

No.	RT	Area	Area %
1	13.55	16142720	99.809
2	15.33	30920	0.191
		16173640	100.000

Peak rejection level: 10000

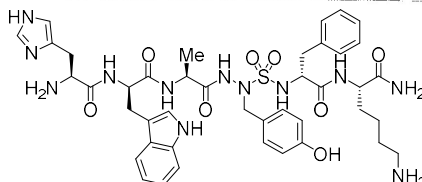
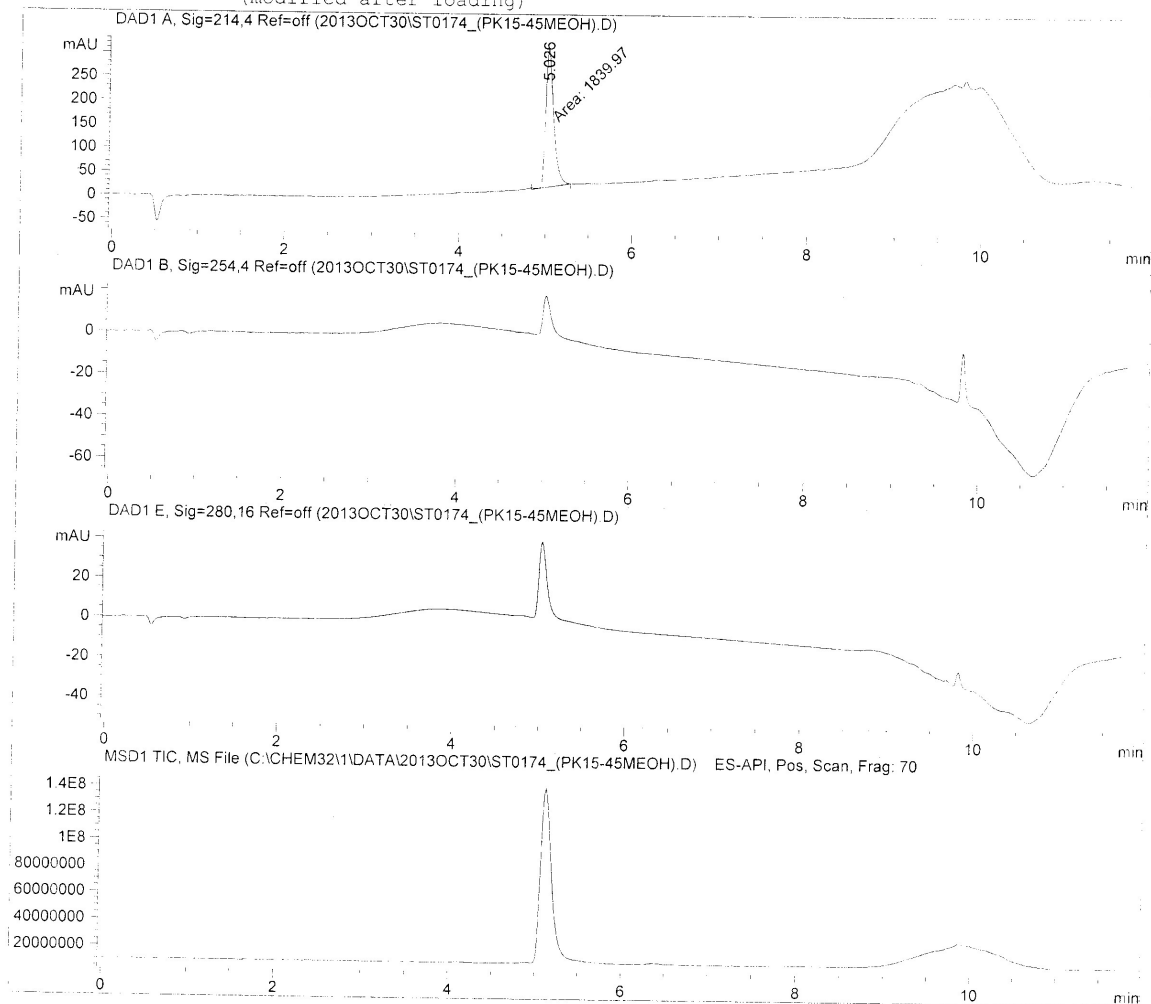


Data File C:\CHEM32\1\DATA\2013OCT30\ST0174_(PK15-45MEOH).D
Sample Name: ST0174_(PK15-45MEOH)

=====

Acq. Operator : carine	Seq. Line : 17
Acq. Instrument : Instrument 1	Location : P2-A-05
Injection Date : 29/10/2013 12:50:59 PM	Inj : 1
	Inj Volume : 5 µl
Different Inj Volume from Sequence !	Actual Inj Volume : 3 µl
Acq. Method : C:\CHEM32\1\METHODS\LC_15_45_12MN_MEOH_	
Last changed : 23/10/2013 9:42:49 AM	
Analysis Method : C:\CHEM32\1\METHODS\CONDITIONNEMENT_15ACN_5 MIN.M	
Last changed : 29/10/2013 2:22:35 PM by carine	

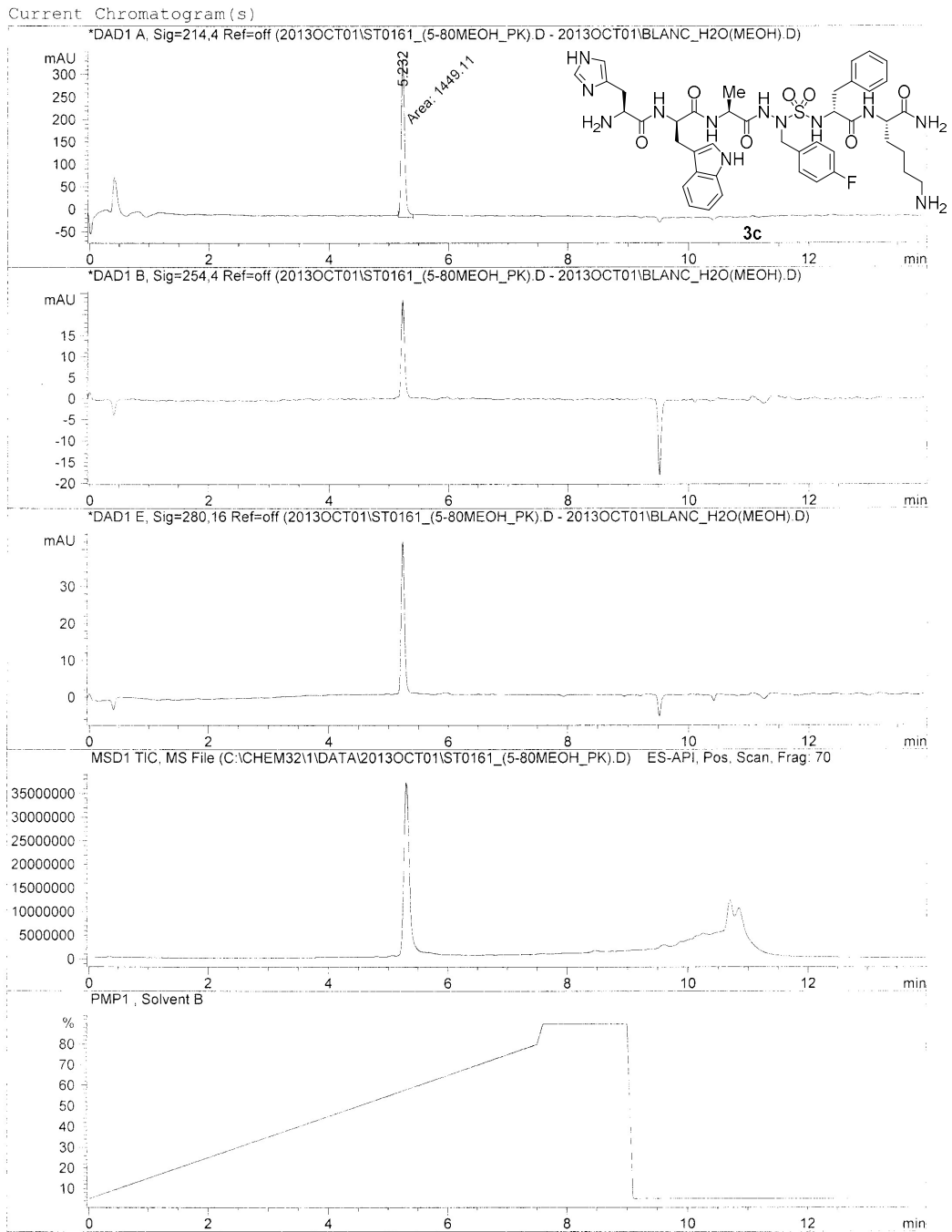
(modified after loading)

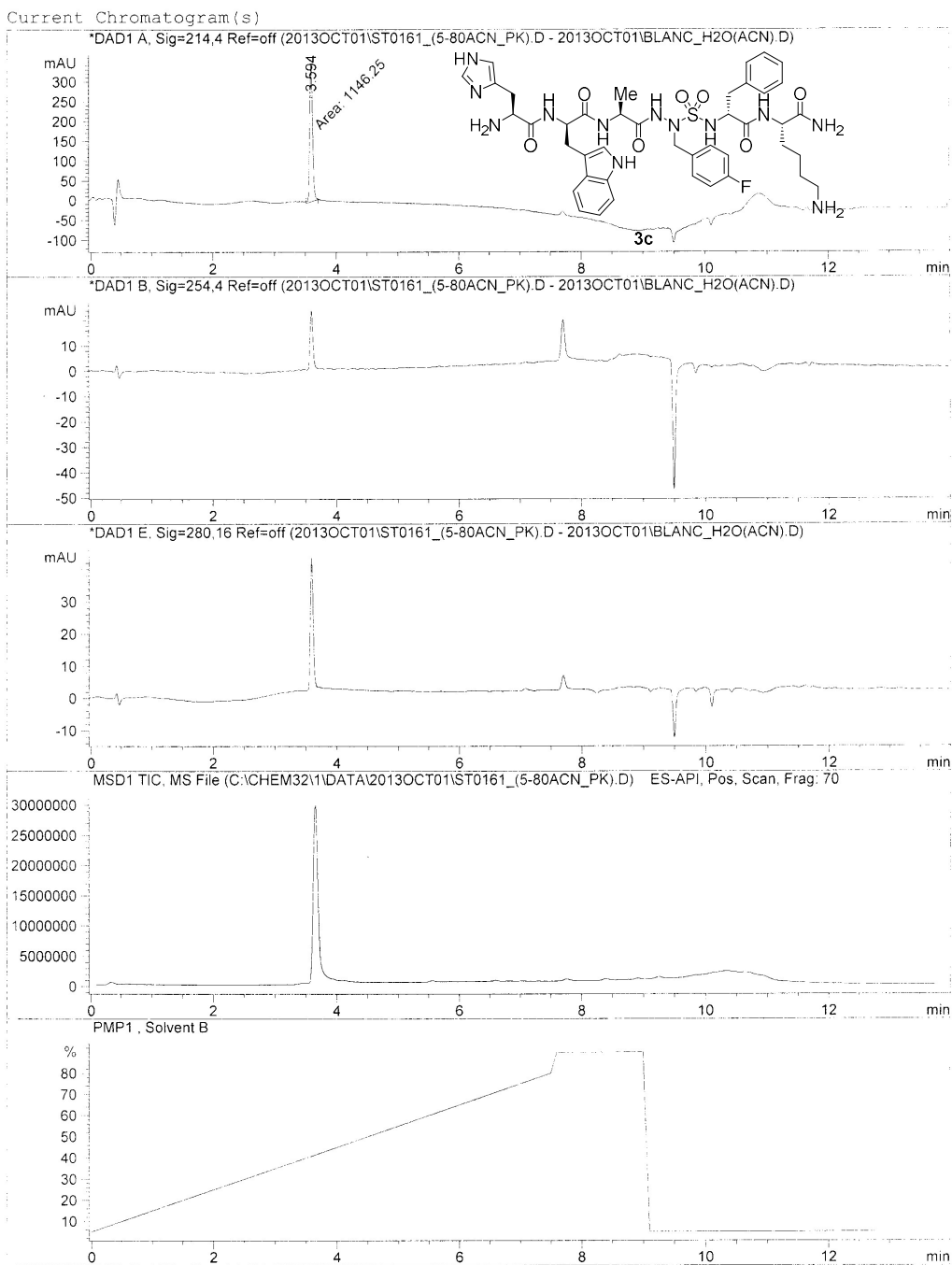


Instrument 1 29/10/2013 2:22:36 PM carine

Page 1 of 2

Print of window 38: Current Chromatogram(s)

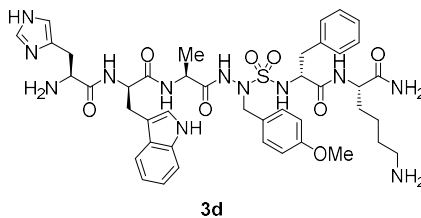
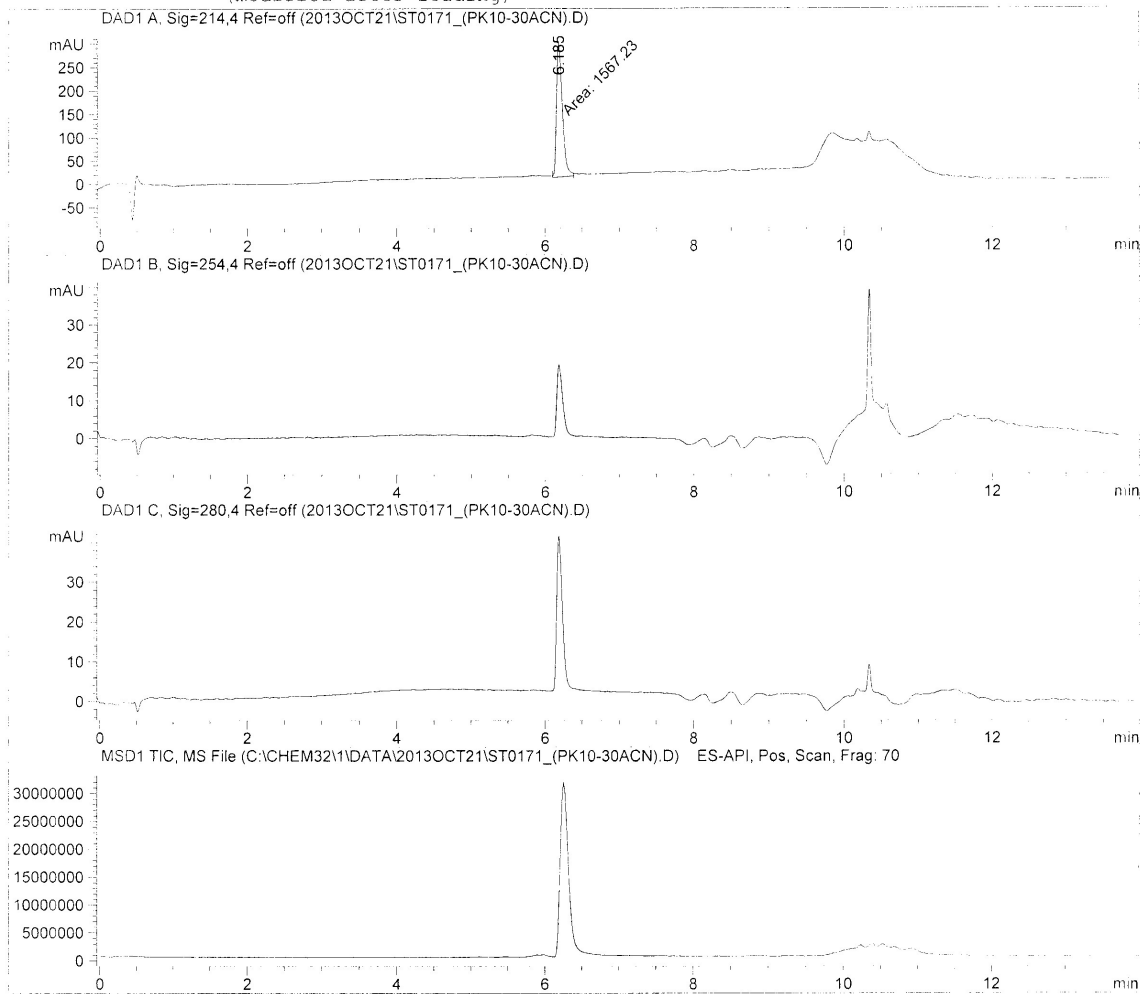




Data File C:\CHEM32\1\DATA\2013OCT21\ST0171_(PK10-30ACN).D
Sample Name: ST0171_(PK10-30ACN)

=====

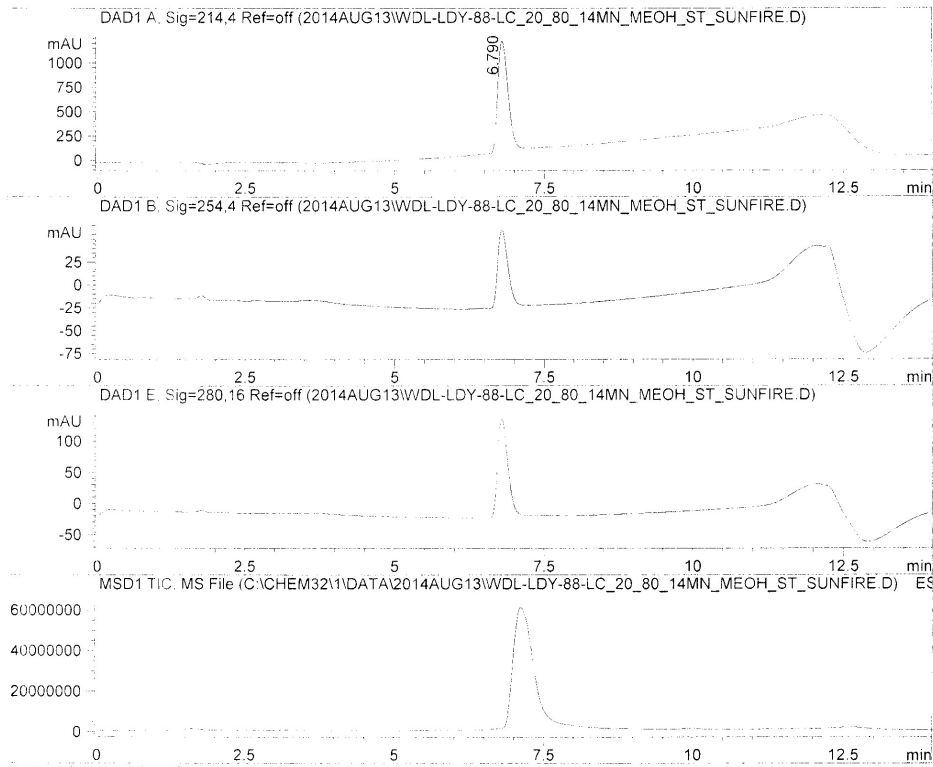
Acq. Operator	:		Seq. Line	:	24
Acq. Instrument	:	Instrument 1	Location	:	P2-A-01
Injection Date	:	21/10/2013 4:47:23 PM	Inj	:	1
			Inj Volume	:	5 µl
Acq. Method	:	C:\CHEM32\1\METHODS\LC_10_30_14MN_ACN_S			
Last changed	:	18/10/2013 9:56:58 AM			
Analysis Method	:	C:\CHEM32\1\METHODS\LC_20_90_12MN_MEOH_CB.M			
Last changed	:	22/10/2013 9:56:50 AM			
		(modified after loading)			



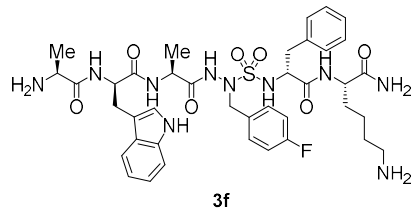
Instrument 1 22/10/2013 9:57:32 AM

Page 1 of 2

Data File name: C:\CHEM32\1\DATA\2014AUG13\WDL-LDY-88-LC_20_80_14MN_MEOH_ST->
 Date:13 July 2014
 Acq method: C:\CHEM32\1\METHODS\LC_20_80_14MN_MEOH_



Ret. Time	Height	Area	Area %
6.790	1140.937	13941.933	100.000



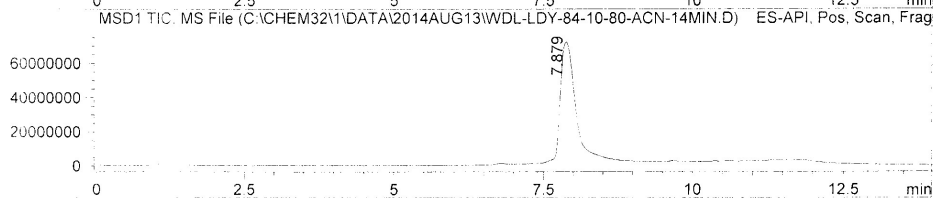
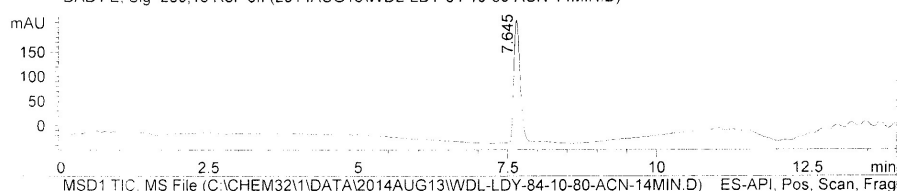
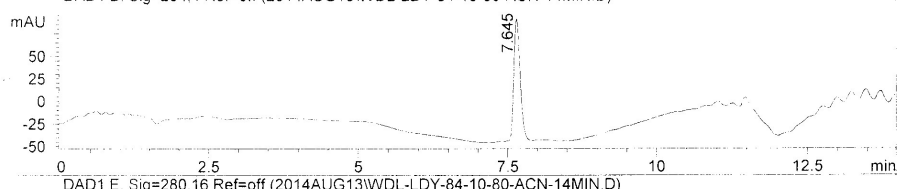
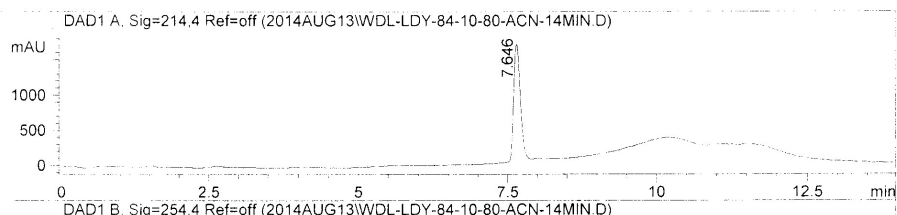
Ret. Time	Height	Area	Area %

Ret. Time	Height	Area	Area %

Data File name: C:\CHEM32\1\DATA\2014AUG13\WDL-LDY-84-10-80-ACN-14MIN.D

Date: 13 July 2014

Acq method: C:\CHEM32\1\METHODS\LC_10_80_14MN_ACN_S



Ret. Time	Height	Area	Area %
7.646	1653.223	12945.865	100.000

Ret. Time	Height	Area	Area %
7.645	132.671	956.554	100.000

Ret. Time	Height	Area	Area %
7.645	252.605	1929.010	100.000

