

HBc183 wt and non-S/T>A CTD mutants, +/- different kinases

Assembly domain-	*140	*150	*160	*170	*180	dominant m/z _{obs}	MH ⁺ fits # P	M _{calc} [Da]
LSTLPETTVVRRRGRSPRRRTPSPRRRRSQSRRRRSQRE ₁₈₃ QC ₁₈₃								
wt						21,103	0 P	21,116
wt + SRPK1						21,664	7 P	21,676
140						15,910	0 P	15,917
140 + SRPK1						15,918	0 P	15,917
149						16,841	0 P	16,844
149 + SRPK1						16,847	0 P	16,844
C183A						21,084	0 P	21,082
C183A + SRPK1						21,644	7 P	21,656
wt + PKA cd						21,361	3 P	21,356
wt + PKC cd						21,353	3 P	21,356

HBc183 CTD S/T>A mutants, all + SRPK1

S155A	A					21,585	6 P	21,580
T160A	A					21,566	6 P	21,561
S162A	A					21,579	6 P	21,580
S168A	A					21,572	6 P	21,580
S170A	A					21,576	6 P	21,580
S176A	A					21,577	6 P	21,580
S178A	A					21,574	6 P	21,580
S181A	A					21,659	7 P	21,660
S155A_T160A	A	A				21,465	5 P	21,470
S155A_S162A	A	A				21,485	5 P	21,484
S162A_S168A	A	A				21,483	5 P	21,484
S162A_S168A	R	A				21,569	5 P	21,569
S162A_S168G	A	G				21,467	5 P	21,470
S176A_S178A	A	A				21,484	5 P	21,484
S176A_S181A	A	A				21,560	6 P	21,564
S155A_T160A_S162A	A	A				21,387	4 P	21,388
T162A_S168G_S170A	A	G	A			21,367	4 P	21,374
S176A_S178A_S181A	A	A	A			21,464	5 P	21,468

S7 Fig. Predominant number of phosphoryl groups in kinase coexpressed wild-type HBc183 and CTD derivatives by MALDI-TOF MS analysis. The top line shows the C terminal HBc sequence starting at position 140. In the upper block coexpression with a specific kinase is indicated; proteins in the lower block are all HBc183 S/T>A variants coexpressed with SRPK1 Δ NS1. Dots indicate identical amino acids. The column “dominant m/z_{obs}” indicates the major observed m/z peak, the next column shows the number of phosphoryl groups giving the closest match to the respective calculated MH⁺ mass in Da given in the last column; consider that one phosphoryl group adds ~80 Da. HBc140 and HBc149 coexpressed with SRPK1 showed the same masses as the mono-expressed proteins, indicating a lack of target sites in the assembly domain and the linker. Coexpression with the catalytic domains of PKA and PKC introduced predominantly three phosphoryl groups into the CLP forming wild-type HBc183 protein; for the non-assembling GFP-TEV-CTD fusion protein four- and five-fold phosphorylated species were most abundant (S6 Fig); this may reflect better target site accessibility. For SRPK1, each S/T>A mutation except S181A caused the loss of one phosphoryl group.