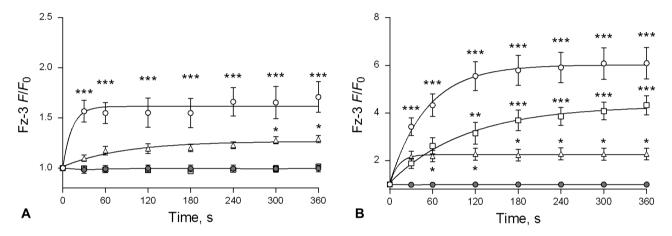
Supplementary Fig. S1 Calibration of fluorophores. Washed Fz-3 (A) or Fluo-4 (B) loaded platelet suspensions were treated for 15 minutes with Zn^{2+} or Ca^{2+} ionophores in the presence of 2 mM $CaCl_2$ or $ZnSO_4$, to determine R_{max} values. Fz-3 R_{min} was obtained from platelets pre-treated for 15 minutes with 50 μ M TPEN, while R_{max} was obtained following co-incubation with 5 μ M pyrithione (Py) with 2 mM $ZnSO_4$ for 15 minutes. Fluo-4 R_{min} was obtained from platelets pre-treated for 15 minutes with 2 mM EGTA in the absence of extracellular Ca^{2+} , while R_{max} was obtained following pre-incubation with 1 μ M A23187 in the presence of 2 mM $CaCl_2$.



Supplementary Fig. S2. Extracellular calcium does not significantly affect agonist- or ionophore-evoked $[Zn^{2+}]_i$ fluctuations. Washed, Fz-3 loaded platelets suspended in Tyrode's buffer supplemented with 2 mM CaCl₂ were stimulated with platelet agonists (A); CRP-XL (1 μ g/mL, \odot), U46619 (10 μ M, \odot), thrombin (1 U/mL) or ionophores (B); clioquinol (\Box , 300 μ M), pyrithione, (\triangle , 300 μ M), A23187 (\odot , 300 μ M), during which changes in fluorescence were monitored. \bullet vehicle control (DMSO). Data are mean \pm standard error of the mean (SEM) from at least 4 independent experiments. Significance is denoted as ***p < 0.001, **p < 0.01 or *p < 0.05.