SUPPLEMENTAL TABLE TITLES AND LEGENDS

Table S1. Related to Figure 1. High-confidence set of *Mtb* secreted proteins.

Mtb culture filtrates separated by SDS-PAGE (Figure S1A) were subjected to LC-MS/MS analysis to identify secreted proteins. These results were manually curated to remove known cytoplasmic or cell-wall contaminants (Målen et al., 2007).

Table S2. Related to Figure 1. Comparison of U937 and 293T co-purifying proteins.

To evaluate the impact of addition of U937 macrophage cell lysates to our PPI scheme (Figure 1A), a subset of bacterial proteins were re-analyzed by AP-MS using 293T lysate alone without inclusion of the U937 lysate. All these interactions were scored by MiST and those with values ≥0.7 are displayed.

Table S3. Related to Figure 1. Full AP-MS dataset.

All host proteins identified from the AP-MS proteomics pipeline described in this study (Figure 1).

Table S4. Related to Figure 1. MiST scoring of AP-MS dataset.

Table S5. Related to Figure 2. Comparison of AP-MS datasets from different pathogens.

Table S6. Related to Figure 2. Functional annotation of high-confidence interacting host proteins.

DAVID v6.8 Uniprot keywords analysis was used to annotate all host proteins with MiST ≥0.7 for the indicated pathogens.

Table S7. Related to Figure 2. Evolutionary analysis of *Mtb*-interacting proteins.

SnIPRE and iHS analysis data.

Table S8. Related to Figure 4. PTMs of host proteins during infection with Mtb.

Table S9. Related to Methods. Oligonucleotides, DNA barcodes, and complementation sequences.