

Supplementary Material for

Longitudinal association between astrocyte function and glucose metabolism in autosomal dominant Alzheimer's disease

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Supplementary Table 1 Longitudinal relationships between ^{11}C -DED binding and ^{18}F -FDG uptake in 12 regions of interest in mutation noncarriers

Region	Fixed-effects coefficient, β_1 (\pm SE)	<i>P</i> value	Degrees of freedom	<i>t</i> value	<i>F</i>	R^2_c
Frontal cortex	0.244 \pm 0.270	0.381	15.07	0.90	0.82	0.73
Parietal cortex	0.183 \pm 0.233	0.442	16.76	0.79	0.62	0.65
Temporal cortex	-0.016 \pm 0.193	0.934	14.83	-0.08	0.01	0.70
Occipital cortex	0.387 \pm 0.223	0.099	17.91	1.74	3.02	0.73
Anterior cingulate cortex	0.042 \pm 0.193	0.829	16.88	0.22	0.05	0.74
Posterior cingulate cortex	0.009 \pm 0.176	0.961	16.95	0.05	0.002	0.60
Insular cortex	0.042 \pm 0.138	0.764	17.96	0.31	0.09	0.77
Parahippocampus	0.021 \pm 0.081	0.801	16.01	0.26	0.07	0.70
Caudate nucleus	0.287 \pm 0.137	0.057	12.74	2.09	4.37	0.91
Putamen	0.107 \pm 0.115	0.367	16.65	0.93	0.86	0.58
Thalamus	0.132 \pm 0.123	0.301	15.83	1.07	1.14	0.59
Hippocampus	-0.005 \pm 0.062	0.939	15.13	-0.08	0.01	0.55

Linear mixed-effects models (LMEMs) were used to assess the longitudinal relationships between ^{11}C -DED binding and ^{18}F -FDG uptake in 12 regions of interest in mutation noncarriers using the equation: $^{18}\text{F}\text{-FDG}_{\text{ROI}} \sim \beta_0 + \beta_1 \text{ }^{11}\text{C}\text{-DED}_{\text{ROI}} + \text{Random intercept } (I) + \varepsilon$, where β_0 and β_1 are fixed-effects coefficients, Random intercept is a variable that takes into account the repeated measures in the same individual subject number I , and ε is an error term.

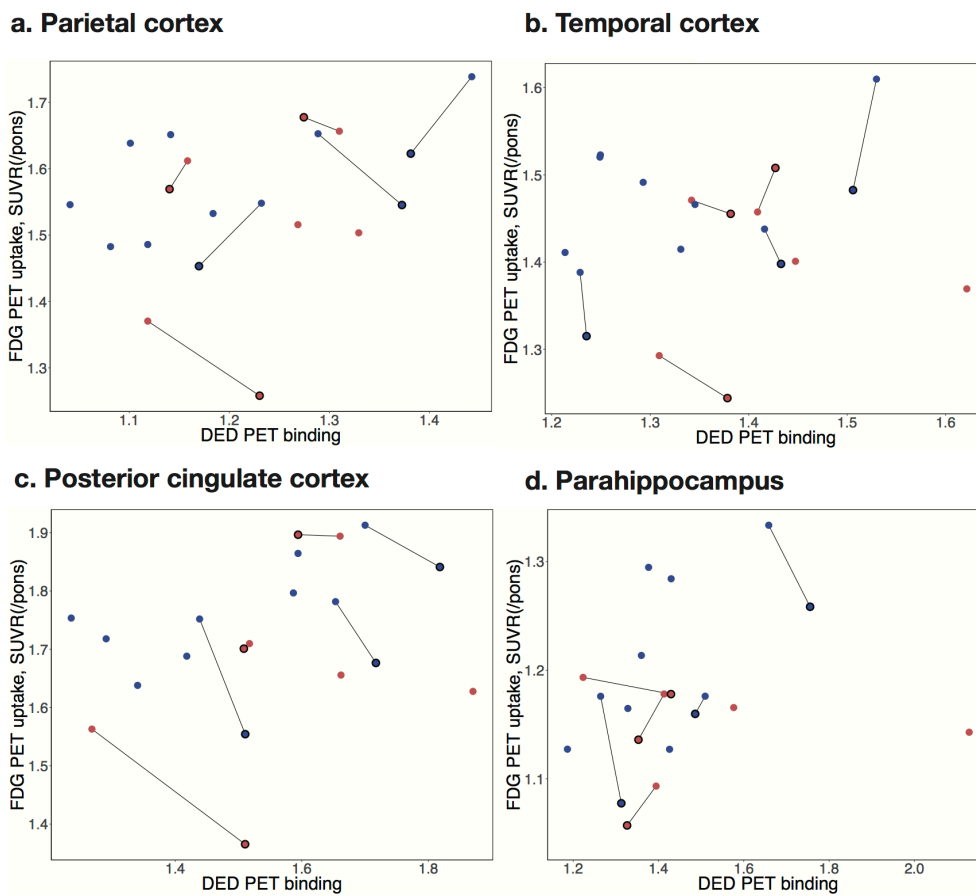
$^{11}\text{C}\text{-DED}$ = ^{11}C -deuterium-L-deprenyl; $^{18}\text{F}\text{-FDG}$ = ^{18}F -fluorodeoxyglucose; R^2_c = conditional coefficient of determination; SE = standard error

Supplementary Table 2 Results of the linear mixed-effects models to investigate the interaction of Mutation status (carrier/non-carrier) on the longitudinal relationships between ¹¹C-DED binding and ¹⁸F-FDG uptake in 12 regions of interest in the whole sample of mutation carriers and noncarriers

Region	Fixed-effects coefficient of interaction term, β_3 (\pm SE)	<i>P</i> value	Degrees of freedom	<i>t</i> value	<i>F</i>	R^2_c
Frontal cortex	0.746 \pm 0.514	0.158	28.86	1.45	2.11	0.83
Parietal cortex	0.754 \pm 0.373	0.052	32.87	2.02	4.08	0.80
Temporal cortex	0.986 \pm 0.351	0.008	32.22	2.81	7.91	0.87
Occipital cortex	0.485 \pm 0.385	0.218	29.97	1.26	1.59	0.81
Anterior cingulate cortex	0.616 \pm 0.282	0.036	32.66	2.18	4.76	0.85
Posterior cingulate cortex	0.698 \pm 0.238	0.006	32.99	2.93	8.59	0.83
Insular cortex	0.411 \pm 0.188	0.037	27.80	2.19	4.79	0.88
Parahippocampus	0.515 \pm 0.150	0.002	32.87	3.43	11.80	0.84
Caudate nucleus	0.140 \pm 0.190	0.466	30.09	0.74	0.54	0.89
Putamen	0.444 \pm 0.241	0.075	32.77	1.84	3.39	0.77
Thalamus	0.260 \pm 0.159	0.112	29.27	1.64	10.78	0.71
Hippocampus	0.231 \pm 0.176	0.201	28.58	1.31	1.71	0.79

Linear mixed-effects models (LMEMs) were used to assess the interaction of Mutation status (carrier/non-carrier) on the longitudinal relationship between ¹¹C-DED binding and ¹⁸F-FDG uptake in 12 regions of interest, using the equation: $^{18}\text{F-FDG}_{\text{ROI}} \sim \beta_0 + \beta_1 \text{ }^{11}\text{C-DED}_{\text{ROI}} + \beta_2 \text{ Mutation status} + \beta_3 \text{ }^{11}\text{C-DED}_{\text{ROI}} : \text{Mutation status (interaction)} + \text{Random intercept } (I) + \epsilon$, where Mutation status is a categorical variable (carrier/non-carrier), β_1 , β_2 and β_3 are fixed-effects coefficients with β_3 representing the coefficient of the interaction term, Random intercept takes into account the repeated measures in the same individual subject number *I*, and ϵ is an error term. Associations that were significant after multiple comparisons correction using false discovery rate (FDR) are indicated in bold.

¹¹C-DED = ¹¹C-deuterium-L-deprenyl; ¹⁸F-FDG = ¹⁸F-fluorodeoxyglucose; R^2_c = conditional coefficient of determination; SE = standard error



Supplementary Fig. 1 Scatterplots illustrating the longitudinal patterns of ^{11}C -DED binding and ^{18}F -FDG uptake in mutation noncarriers. The longitudinal relationships are illustrated in the following regions: **(a)** parietal cortex, **(b)** temporal cortex, **(c)** posterior cingulate cortex, and **(d)** parahippocampus. Blue circles = presymptomatic mutation carriers; red circles = symptomatic mutation carriers; symbols with black outline = follow-up data; symbols with no outline = baseline data.

DED = ^{11}C -deuterium-L-deprenyl; FDG = ^{18}F -fluorodeoxyglucose; SE = standard error; SUVR = standardised uptake value ratio