

Corresponding author(s):	Ronald Duman
Last updated by author(s):	Dec 10, 2018

Reporting Summary

Nature Research wishes to improve the reproducibility of the work that we publish. This form provides structure for consistency and transparency in reporting. For further information on Nature Research policies, see <u>Authors & Referees</u> and the <u>Editorial Policy Checklist</u>.

Sta	atistics		
For	all statistical analys	es, confirm that the following items are present in the figure legend, table legend, main text, or Methods section.	
n/a	Confirmed		
	The exact sam	pple size (n) for each experimental group/condition, given as a discrete number and unit of measurement	
	A statement of	on whether measurements were taken from distinct samples or whether the same sample was measured repeatedly	
	The statistical Only common to	test(s) used AND whether they are one- or two-sided ests should be described solely by name; describe more complex techniques in the Methods section.	
\boxtimes	A description	of all covariates tested	
	A description	of any assumptions or corrections, such as tests of normality and adjustment for multiple comparisons	
	A full description of the statistical parameters including central tendency (e.g. means) or other basic estimates (e.g. regression coefficient) AND variation (e.g. standard deviation) or associated estimates of uncertainty (e.g. confidence intervals)		
	For null hypothesis testing, the test statistic (e.g. <i>F</i> , <i>t</i> , <i>r</i>) with confidence intervals, effect sizes, degrees of freedom and <i>P</i> value noted Give <i>P</i> values as exact values whenever suitable.		
\boxtimes	For Bayesian a	analysis, information on the choice of priors and Markov chain Monte Carlo settings	
\boxtimes	For hierarchic	al and complex designs, identification of the appropriate level for tests and full reporting of outcomes	
Estimates of effect sizes (e.g. Cohen's <i>d</i> , Pearson's <i>r</i>), indicating how they were calculated			
	1	Our web collection on <u>statistics for biologists</u> contains articles on many of the points above.	
So	ftware and c	code	
Poli	cy information abou	ut <u>availability of computer code</u>	
Da	ata collection	Commercially available programs were used for locomotor activity collection (Anymaze, Med-PC).	
Da	ata analysis	Anymaze, Graphpad Prism, SPSS, ImageJ were used while analyzing data	
		om algorithms or software that are central to the research but not yet described in published literature, software must be made available to editors/reviewers. deposition in a community repository (e.g. GitHub). See the Nature Research guidelines for submitting code & software for further information.	
Da	ta		
Policy information about <u>availability of data</u> All manuscripts must include a <u>data availability statement</u> . This statement should provide the following information, where applicable: - Accession codes, unique identifiers, or web links for publicly available datasets - A list of figures that have associated raw data - A description of any restrictions on data availability			
The	data corresponding t	to the studies detailed here are available from the the lead contact upon reasonable request.	
Fi	eld-speci	fic reporting	
Plea	se select the one b	elow that is the best fit for your research. If you are not sure, read the appropriate sections before making your selection.	
\boxtimes	Life sciences	Behavioural & social sciences Ecological, evolutionary & environmental sciences	
For a	reference copy of the do	ocument with all sections, see <u>nature.com/documents/nr-reporting-summary-flat.pdf</u>	

Life sciences study design

All studies must dis	sclose on these points even when the disclosure is negative.
Sample size	Sample sizes were chosen based on previous experience with the behavioral test employed, and power analysis (G*Power, Universitat Dusseldorf) conducted following a pilot study (not reported).
Data exclusions	3 mice (2 Drd1-Cre, 1 Drd1-WT) were removed from analysis for failure to display any immobility during initial forced swim exposure. 1 mouse was removed from NSF results in the D1 agonist experiment (1.0ug) due to feeding time greater than 2SD from the group mean.
Replication	The key experimental finding is that photostimulation of Drd1-cells in the mPFC was antidepressant and anxiolytic. We directly replicate this finding with a second cohort, and we provide supporting evidence through inhibition (chemogenetic and optogenetic) studies and pharmacological studies (agonist and antagonist).
Randomization	Animals were assigned to treatment based on genotype, and randomly assigned to drug treatments.
Blinding	Our forced swim test was scored and includes the following statement - Immobility was scored by a blind observed and defined as a lack of activity except that necessary to keep the head above water.

Reporting for specific materials, systems and methods

We require information from authors about some types of materials, experimental systems and methods used in many studies. Here, indicate whether each material, system or method listed is relevant to your study. If you are not sure if a list item applies to your research, read the appropriate section before selecting a response.

iviateriais & experimentai	systems Methods
n/a Involved in the study	n/a Involved in the study
Antibodies	ChIP-seq
Eukaryotic cell lines	Flow cytometry
Palaeontology	MRI-based neuroimaging
Animals and other organis	ms
Human research participa	nts
Clinical data	
ı	
Antibodies	
Antibodies used	We counted cFos positive cells using Santa Cruz SC52 to label cFos+ cells
	The cFos antibody employed (SC52) is listed for use in mice and has 595 listed citations on the SantaCruz website (https://www.scbt.com/scbt/product/c-fos-antibody-4)
Eukaryotic cell lines	
Policy information about <u>cell line</u>	<u>is</u>
Cell line source(s)	State the source of each cell line used.
Authentication	Describe the authentication procedures for each cell line used OR declare that none of the cell lines used were authenticated.
Mycoplasma contamination	Confirm that all cell lines tested negative for mycoplasma contamination OR describe the results of the testing for mycoplasma contamination OR declare that the cell lines were not tested for mycoplasma contamination.
Commonly misidentified lines (See ICLAC register)	Name any commonly misidentified cell lines used in the study and provide a rationale for their use.

Palaeontology

Specimen provenance	Provide provenance information for specimens and describe permits that were obtained for the work (including the name of the issuing authority, the date of issue, and any identifying information).
Specimen deposition	Indicate where the specimens have been deposited to permit free access by other researchers.
Dating methods	(If new dates are provided, describe how they were obtained (e.g. collection, storage, sample pretreatment and measurement),

where they were obtained (i.e. lab name), the calibration program and the protocol for quality assurance OR state that no new Dating methods dates are provided. Tick this box to confirm that the raw and calibrated dates are available in the paper or in Supplementary Information. Animals and other organisms Policy information about studies involving animals; ARRIVE guidelines recommended for reporting animal research Experimental subjects were 8-12 week old male, and female, Drd1-Cre (Gensat EY262), Drd2-Cre (Gensat ER44) mice and WT Laboratory animals littermates bred on a C57BL/6J background, or C57BL/6J mice (Jackson Laboratories, Bar Harbor ME). Wild animals Provide details on animals observed in or captured in the field; report species, sex and age where possible. Describe how animals were caught and transported and what happened to captive animals after the study (if killed, explain why and describe method; if released, say where and when) OR state that the study did not involve wild animals. Field-collected samples For laboratory work with field-collected samples, describe all relevant parameters such as housing, maintenance, temperature, photoperiod and end-of-experiment protocol OR state that the study did not involve samples collected from the field. Animal use and procedures were in accordance with the National Institutes of Health Guide for the Care and Use of Laboratory Ethics oversight Animals and approved by the Yale University Animal Care and Use Committees. Note that full information on the approval of the study protocol must also be provided in the manuscript. Human research participants Policy information about studies involving human research participants Describe the covariate-relevant population characteristics of the human research participants (e.g. age, gender, genotypic Population characteristics information, past and current diagnosis and treatment categories). If you filled out the behavioural & social sciences study design questions and have nothing to add here, write "See above." Describe how participants were recruited. Outline any potential self-selection bias or other biases that may be present and how Recruitment these are likely to impact results. Ethics oversight Identify the organization(s) that approved the study protocol. Note that full information on the approval of the study protocol must also be provided in the manuscript. Clinical data Policy information about clinical studies All manuscripts should comply with the ICMJE guidelines for publication of clinical research and a completed CONSORT checklist must be included with all submissions. Clinical trial registration Provide the trial registration number from ClinicalTrials.gov or an equivalent agency. Note where the full trial protocol can be accessed OR if not available, explain why. Study protocol Describe the settings and locales of data collection, noting the time periods of recruitment and data collection. Data collection Describe how you pre-defined primary and secondary outcome measures and how you assessed these measures. Outcomes ChIP-seq Data deposition Confirm that both raw and final processed data have been deposited in a public database such as GEO. Confirm that you have deposited or provided access to graph files (e.g. BED files) for the called peaks. For "Initial submission" or "Revised version" documents, provide reviewer access links. For your "Final submission" document, Data access links May remain private before publication.

provide a link to the deposited data.

Files in database submission

Provide a list of all files available in the database submission.

Genome browser session (e.g. UCSC)

Provide a link to an anonymized genome browser session for "Initial submission" and "Revised version" documents only, to enable peer review. Write "no longer applicable" for "Final submission" documents.

Methodology

Replicates

Describe the experimental replicates, specifying number, type and replicate agreement.

Sequencing depth	Describe the sequencing depth for each experiment, providing the total number of reads, uniquely mapped reads, length of
sequencing depth	reads and whether they were paired- or single-end.
Antibodies	Describe the antibodies used for the ChIP-seq experiments; as applicable, provide supplier name, catalog number, clone name, and lot number.
Peak calling parameters	Specify the command line program and parameters used for read mapping and peak calling, including the ChIP, control and index files used.
Data quality	Describe the methods used to ensure data quality in full detail, including how many peaks are at FDR 5% and above 5-fold enrichment.
Software	Describe the software used to collect and analyze the ChIP-seq data. For custom code that has been deposited into a community repository, provide accession details.
Flow Cytometry	
Plots	
Confirm that:	
The axis labels state the n	narker and fluorochrome used (e.g. CD4-FITC).
The axis scales are clearly	visible. Include numbers along axes only for bottom left plot of group (a 'group' is an analysis of identical markers).
All plots are contour plots	s with outliers or pseudocolor plots.
A numerical value for nur	nber of cells or percentage (with statistics) is provided.
— Methodology	
Sample preparation	Describe the sample preparation, detailing the biological source of the cells and any tissue processing steps used.
Instrument	Identify the instrument used for data collection, specifying make and model number.
Software	Describe the software used to collect and analyze the flow cytometry data. For custom code that has been deposited into a community repository, provide accession details.
Cell population abundance	Describe the abundance of the relevant cell populations within post-sort fractions, providing details on the purity of the samples and how it was determined.
Gating strategy	Describe the gating strategy used for all relevant experiments, specifying the preliminary FSC/SSC gates of the starting cell population, indicating where boundaries between "positive" and "negative" staining cell populations are defined.
Tick this box to confirm the	nat a figure exemplifying the gating strategy is provided in the Supplementary Information.
Magnetic resonance	e imaging
Experimental design	
Design type	Indicate task or resting state; event-related or block design.
Design specifications	Specify the number of blocks, trials or experimental units per session and/or subject, and specify the length of each trial or block (if trials are blocked) and interval between trials.
Behavioral performance mea	State number and/or type of variables recorded (e.g. correct button press, response time) and what statistics were used to establish that the subjects were performing the task as expected (e.g. mean, range, and/or standard deviation across subjects).
Acquisition	
Imaging type(s)	Specify: functional, structural, diffusion, perfusion.
Field strength	Specify in Tesla

Imaging type(s)	Specify: functional, structural, diffusion, perfusion.
Field strength	Specify in Tesla
Sequence & imaging parameters	Specify the pulse sequence type (gradient echo, spin echo, etc.), imaging type (EPI, spiral, etc.), field of view, matrix size, slice thickness, orientation and TE/TR/flip angle.
Area of acquisition	State whether a whole brain scan was used OR define the area of acquisition, describing how the region was determined.
Diffusion MRI Used	Not used

Preprocessing	
Preprocessing software	Provide detail on software version and revision number and on specific parameters (model/functions, brain extraction, segmentation, smoothing kernel size, etc.).
Normalization	If data were normalized/standardized, describe the approach(es): specify linear or non-linear and define image types used for transformation OR indicate that data were not normalized and explain rationale for lack of normalization.
Normalization template	Describe the template used for normalization/transformation, specifying subject space or group standardized space (e.g. original Talairach, MNI305, ICBM152) OR indicate that the data were not normalized.
Noise and artifact removal	Describe your procedure(s) for artifact and structured noise removal, specifying motion parameters, tissue signals and physiological signals (heart rate, respiration).
Volume censoring	Define your software and/or method and criteria for volume censoring, and state the extent of such censoring.
Statistical modeling & inference	
Model type and settings	Specify type (mass univariate, multivariate, RSA, predictive, etc.) and describe essential details of the model at the first and second levels (e.g. fixed, random or mixed effects; drift or auto-correlation).
Effect(s) tested	Define precise effect in terms of the task or stimulus conditions instead of psychological concepts and indicate whether ANOVA or factorial designs were used.
Specify type of analysis: Whole	brain ROI-based Both
Statistic type for inference (See <u>Eklund et al. 2016</u>)	Specify voxel-wise or cluster-wise and report all relevant parameters for cluster-wise methods.
Correction	Describe the type of correction and how it is obtained for multiple comparisons (e.g. FWE, FDR, permutation or Monte Carlo).
Models & analysis	
n/a Involved in the study	
Functional and/or effective connectivity	
Graph analysis	
Multivariate modeling or predictive analysis	

Carroj.	
Models & analysis	
n/a Involved in the study	
Functional and/or effective connectivity	Report the measures of dependence used and the model details (e.g. Pearson correlation, partial correlation, mutual information).
Graph analysis	Report the dependent variable and connectivity measure, specifying weighted graph or binarized graph, subject- or group-level, and the global and/or node summaries used (e.g. clustering coefficient, efficiency

Multivariate modeling and predictive analysis

Specify independent variables, features extraction and dimension reduction, model, training and evaluation metrics.