

Supporting Information for : A biosensor-based approach reveals links between efflux pump expression and cell cycle regulation in pleiotropic drug resistance of yeast

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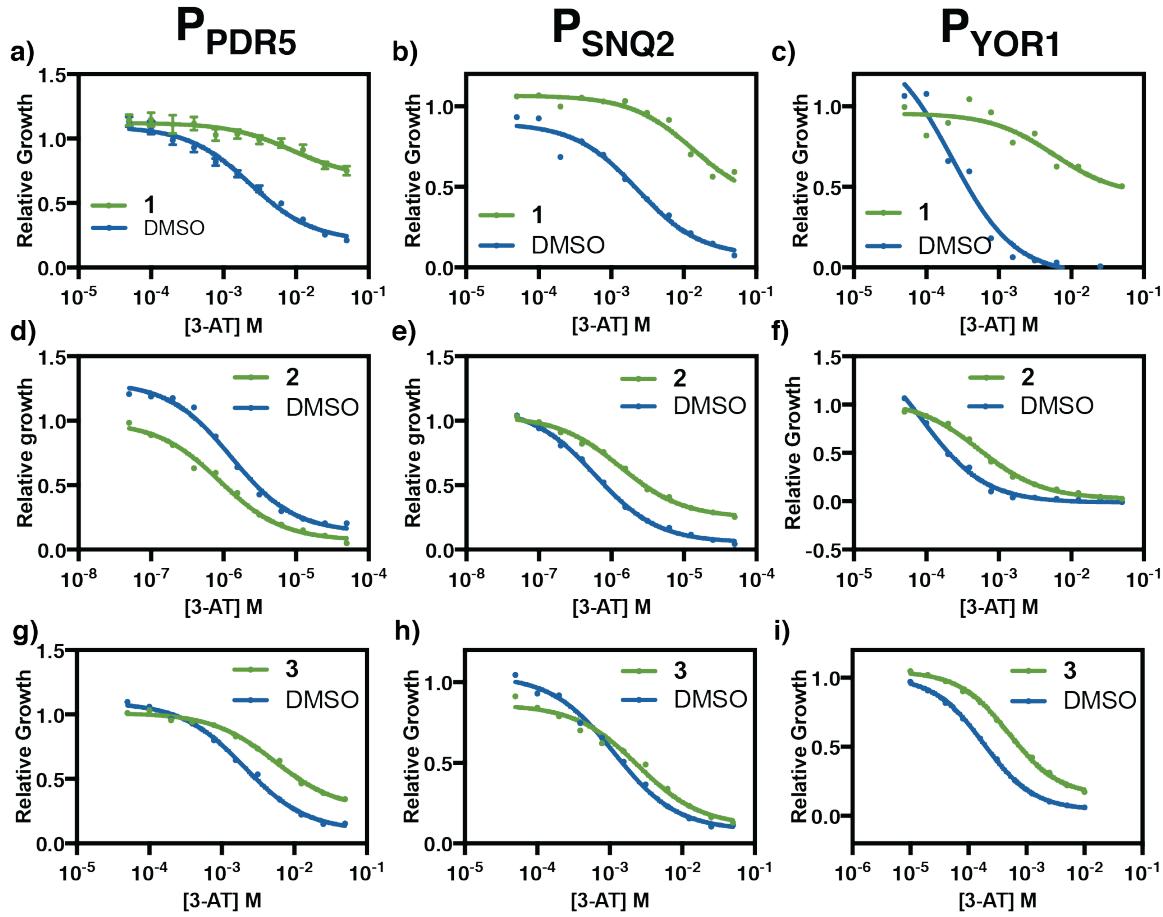
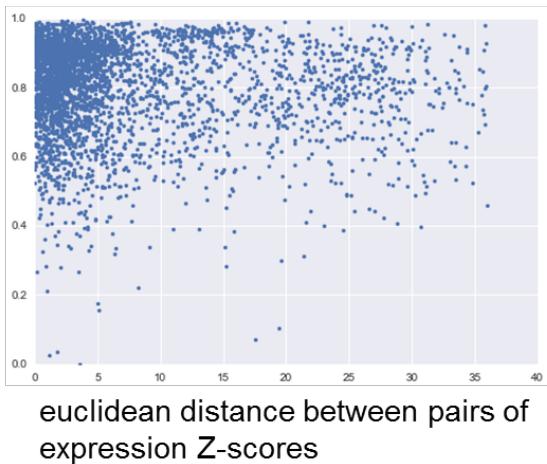


Figure S1: Does dependent response of strains JLY31-33 to 3-AT in the presence of compounds 1-3. All strains were grown in YNB media with 10 μ M drug or an equivalent amount of DMSO. Line represents best fit dose-response curve, and error bars represent SD (n=4). **a)** JLY31 treated with 1 (reused from Figure 1c and included here for context). **b)** JLY32 treated with 1. **c)** JLY33 treated with 1. **d)** JLY31 treated with 2. **e)** JLY32 treated with 2. **f)** JLY33 treated with 2. **g)** JLY31 treated with 3. **h)** JLY32 treated with 3. **i)** JLY33 treated with 3.

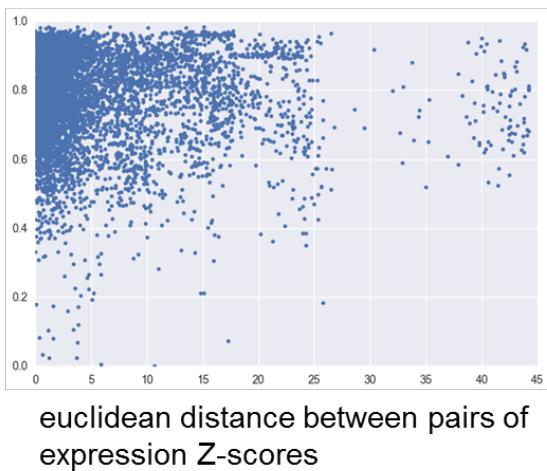
A

jaccard distance
between pairs of
structures



B

jaccard distance
between pairs of
structures



C

jaccard distance
between pairs of
structures

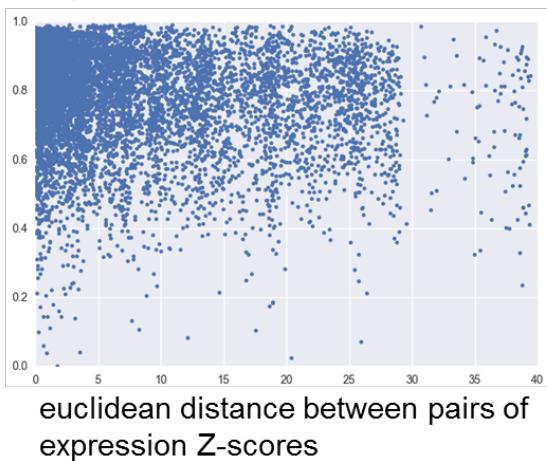


Figure S2: Similarity in structure of microsource natural products does not correlate with similarities in transporter activations. For drugs that had a Z-score >3 for each promoter, jaccard distance were calculated between pairs of the structures, and euclidean distance were calculated between the difference in Z-scores. **a)** JLY31 induction. **b)** JLY32 induction. **c)** JLY33 induction.

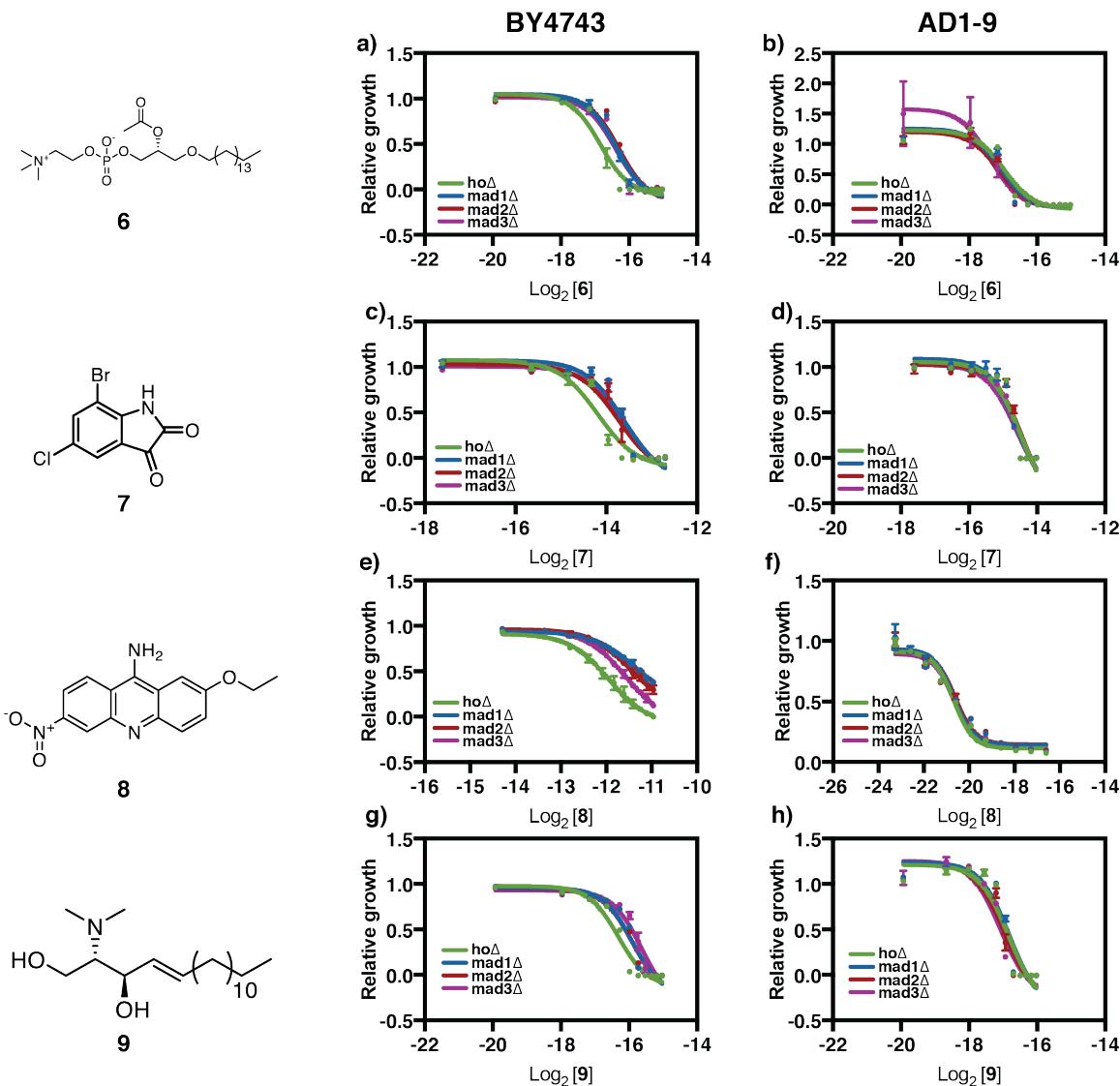


Figure S3. A diverse group of chemicals that show enhanced mad deletion resistance when transporters are present. The *hoΔ* and *mad* deletion strains in BY4743 background and AD1-9 PDR null background were treated with 6-9, similar to methods described in Figure 4. a), c), e) and g) are BY4743 background stains, and b), d), f) and h) are AD1-9 background stains. Growth relative to that in the absence of drug is indicated by the y axis and was calculated as follows: Relative growth = $AUC_{\text{drug}}/AUC_{\text{no drug}}$. All wells contain the same DMSO concentration. AUC calculation was performed with baseline corrected growth curve. Line represents best fitted dose-response curve, and error bar represents SD ($n=3$).

Supplementary Tables

Table S1: Sequences of the promoters used in this study

Promoter	Sequence
P_{PDR5}	CGTTAACGTAAATATGTCCTCCTTGTATTCCAACAATGATATTATAAGGAATTATCGTCACA ATCTAATCAACAAGGACAAAGAAAAGAAAAAGTTGAGAGAGAGAACAAAAGTTCAAATCAAAG AAAAAAAAGAACATCAAATTACCTATTACAATAAAACAATTAAGCCATACTCGCAACAATTGCC ATAATAGAAAGCAGCACCTCGTGGCGCAGTCCTTACATAGTACACAACATTACTTCAC ACAATCAGGAGTGGAACTCAATGGAAAACAACACCACAGTATGATCTTACTAATAAAAGAAC TGAACGTTCTCAGCGCGAACGTTCCGATTCTGCGCTTCGAGCACAGGATAAGTGCAGGAAG CCATCACATCTATGCAACGATTATCACGACACAACCTTGCGCGAGAAAACGTCCTGGAGAA CCATTGCGTCGATTGCTTCCCACGGAACGAGTGGACTGAAACTTAAGACTGCCCTCTTCC GCGGAATCGCTCATGCCCGGTGCCAACATTTCAGATTACTAAGACTCCGGTAGTGTGG GCTCACCCGCGGGTCTGATCACGATTACGACCCTTGGACTCGTGTATTCCGTGAAAGGTCA GATCTGATTCTACTTATGTAATGTCTAAAAAAAGAGAACATGTCTCCGCGAACTCTCTAC GCCGTGGTACGATATCTGTTAACGTAATCTGAGCAATAACAAACAAGGCCTCCCTACATAT ATAATTGTGATGTGCATAACCTTATGGCTGTTCTTATTATCATAACCTAGAATGAAATCCAA AAGAAAAAAAGTCACGCAAAGTTGCAACATATAACAAACTGTGTTAGTTACTCGACTTTGTTA TTCTAATTATAAATAATTGGCAACTAGGAACCTTCGAAAAGAAAATTAAAGACCCTTTAAGTT TTCGTATCCGCTCGTTGAAAGACTTTAGACAAAA
P_{SNQ2}	GATCTCACAGATGAAGAACTAAAGACGCAATTATAGTTCGAAGCCTGCCCTGGTACTTGT GTACGAACAATAACACTAAACACCTTCTGGAACACCTTAAATATTAAAAGTTACTCATACC TCTTACACTCTATAAAGAACAGTTGGTAGTCAATAGAACCCATTCCAGCATTGATGCAA CCATAGCCCGGTTGATCGGAGTCAGAGTGGCTCGCACACAGAGGTTATGTGACCATGGTAACC GTACACATTTCACGGCAAGGAAGTGGCGCGAAAGAACGGACCCCTCACGGATCACCC ATTGGAAAAGAACGGAGACATAAAAAAAATTACCTTCAGCCAGACTATGTATGACTCGTAG AAATCTAGCATCCGCGGAGCTATTAAAGTTCCGCGGATGCCTTCGATCCTTCCAGTCGTC TGGTCCGCGCACATATGACTAAATGTCGCCATTCCGTTAAATCCGTTTCTATTTC GGTCTTCCATTGTATTCCCTGCAACCCGCTGGTATTGGTATTACTAATAGTACTACGCAAC ATCAACATATAAAACAAATGATGAGTAGTGCCTCCCTCACCGCTATGCCCTACCAACTTTT ATGCTTGTATATGCTGTAGATAAATAACCTAACGAAACAAATATACGAACCTAGTGTAT TTGTTATTTGTTTCAAGTTGAAGTGTGCGAGGTCAAAAAAAAAAGCTCACTGTAGGAT ATAGGAGTTACTATATCACCAGTGCATTACATTCTCAGTGCATCCATCGTCTCACATTGATTA TTTCTCTTCCATTGATTAGAGTTCAAGCTCCCTGAGAAAACGAAGGTATCGGACGTACCCG CAGAGACATAAAAAAGAAAAACTATATCGAAGACCGAAAGCAGTAAAAAGTGGATAGAATA ACACAGCTACCAAAATACGTAAGAGAATTCA
P_{YOR1}	TTCCTTTCTTTTTTTTTCTTGACTGTTACCGGTTGTTATATTGAGGAAAACAAC GACAGAGAAAATACCTTGCACTGGGGCTAATTGTTAGTGACTGATTGATCACCTTCACTTA TTAAAGTAAATCAGCATACAAGAGATCAGAAGGGAGAAAGAGAGTGGCAAGGCTATAGTACT TTGAAGAAAAGCATCTTGACCGGACCAAGTCTCTTCAAGCAAATCTATGACTAACCGCA AGGGGAAAGGGTTGAGAGGGCCGCTTCTCCCGTATAGCCGTACTGGTATCCCTCCT GGCTGCACAAATCCGATAGAAAGGGAGAACAGGAAAGTTAGTGCACCTTATAGCACGCAGTTA CTGTTACGCTAAGGAGAGGCATACTCAATTATTAGTGCCTCTTGTGCTGCGTTTTA TCCACGGTTCTACTAAATGCTTGCATAAGCGCTTCTATTTCCTCCCCACCGCGAGGCAGAA ATGGCACATTTCCTTGTGCTCTGCTTGTGTTGTAATTGGCATGTGCTATTGTATGAA GATAACCGTGGTCCGTTGAAATAGCCGAAATTGCGGGAAATAGACGGACATGATTAA CACCCGTGAAATGAAAAAGCCAAGGTAAGAAAAGTGGCAATATTTCCTACAAATAGATCTG CTGTCCTTAAATGATTACCATACATATATATTACACATCTGTCAGAGGTAGCTAGCGA AGGTGTCAGTGAATATTGTTGTCAGTTAGTATAAATACGGAGGTAGAACAGCTCCGCGT GTATATCTTTTGTGCGTATACAAGAACAGGAAGAACGCAATTCCATACCTTCTCCTTACA GGTCCCTCTGAGTAGTGTACGAACGAGGAAAAGATTAAATTACTGTTTATATTCAAAA GAGTAAAGCCGTTGCTATACGAAT

Table S2: GO Enrichment analysis of screen hits

Treatment Condition	GO Term	Description	P-value
3	GO:0048583	regulation of response to stimulus	1.33E-04
	GO:0010646	regulation of cell communication	3.38E-04
	GO:0042147	retrograde transport, endosome to Golgi	3.45E-04
	GO:0010647	positive regulation of cell communication	4.67E-04
2	GO:0010468	regulation of gene expression	4.00E-05
	GO:0044774	mitotic DNA integrity checkpoint	6.25E-05
	GO:0031326	regulation of cellular biosynthetic process	1.28E-04
	GO:0009889	regulation of biosynthetic process	1.31E-04
	GO:0031570	DNA integrity checkpoint	1.35E-04
	GO:2000112	regulation of cellular macromolecule biosynthetic process	1.67E-04
	GO:0010556	regulation of macromolecule biosynthetic process	1.97E-04
	GO:0050789	regulation of biological process	2.09E-04
	GO:0019354	siroheme biosynthetic process	2.74E-04
	GO:0046156	siroheme metabolic process	2.74E-04
	GO:0050794	regulation of cellular process	2.81E-04
	GO:1901991	negative regulation of mitotic cell cycle phase transition	2.81E-04
	GO:0065007	biological regulation	3.00E-04
1	GO:1901988	negative regulation of cell cycle phase transition	3.65E-04
	GO:0051171	regulation of nitrogen compound metabolic process	4.37E-04
	GO:0000075	cell cycle checkpoint	6.59E-04
	GO:0000103	sulfate assimilation	6.65E-04
	GO:0007093	mitotic cell cycle checkpoint	7.31E-04
	GO:2000765	regulation of cytoplasmic translation	8.12E-04
	GO:0061188	negative regulation of chromatin silencing at rDNA	3.82E-06
	GO:0061187	regulation of chromatin silencing at rDNA	7.53E-06
	GO:0061186	negative regulation of chromatin silencing at silent mating-type cassette	2.19E-05
	GO:0090054	regulation of chromatin silencing at silent mating-type cassette	5.03E-05
Overall	GO:0031939	negative regulation of chromatin silencing at telomere	7.16E-05
	GO:0031938	regulation of chromatin silencing at telomere	2.85E-04
	GO:2000217	regulation of invasive growth in response to glucose limitation	3.56E-04
	GO:0031936	negative regulation of chromatin silencing	3.56E-04
	GO:0045815	positive regulation of gene expression, epigenetic	4.39E-04
	GO:0060969	negative regulation of gene silencing	5.35E-04
	GO:0061408	positive regulation of transcription from RNA polymerase II promoter in response to heat stress	6.89E-04
	GO:0010646	regulation of cell communication	9.28E-04
	GO:2000219	positive regulation of invasive growth in response to glucose limitation	9.35E-04
	GO:0065007	biological regulation	7.36E-07
	GO:0050794	regulation of cellular process	1.10E-06
	GO:0050789	regulation of biological process	2.09E-06
	GO:0031326	regulation of cellular biosynthetic process	2.42E-06
	GO:0009889	regulation of biosynthetic process	2.54E-06
	GO:0080135	regulation of cellular response to stress	2.72E-06
	GO:0010556	regulation of macromolecule biosynthetic process	3.36E-06

GO:0080134	regulation of response to stress	3.57E-06
GO:0010468	regulation of gene expression	6.25E-06
GO:2000112	regulation of cellular macromolecule biosynthetic process	1.17E-05
GO:0048583	regulation of response to stimulus	1.37E-05
GO:0051171	regulation of nitrogen compound metabolic process	1.75E-05
GO:0080090	regulation of primary metabolic process	3.56E-05
GO:0060255	regulation of macromolecule metabolic process	4.06E-05
GO:0019222	regulation of metabolic process	4.43E-05
GO:0031323	regulation of cellular metabolic process	4.87E-05
GO:0010646	regulation of cell communication	5.85E-05
GO:0016569	covalent chromatin modification	5.99E-05
GO:0006357	regulation of transcription from RNA polymerase II promoter	8.41E-05
GO:0010647	positive regulation of cell communication	1.24E-04
GO:0048522	positive regulation of cellular process	1.41E-04
GO:0061188	negative regulation of chromatin silencing at rDNA	1.63E-04
GO:0048523	negative regulation of cellular process	1.63E-04
GO:0006355	regulation of transcription, DNA-templated	1.83E-04
GO:2001141	regulation of RNA biosynthetic process	1.83E-04
GO:1903506	regulation of nucleic acid-templated transcription	1.83E-04
GO:0031936	negative regulation of chromatin silencing	1.86E-04
GO:0048518	positive regulation of biological process	2.08E-04
GO:0048519	negative regulation of biological process	2.19E-04
GO:0031939	negative regulation of chromatin silencing at telomere	2.31E-04
GO:0045815	positive regulation of gene expression, epigenetic	2.55E-04
GO:0061187	regulation of chromatin silencing at rDNA	3.14E-04
GO:0051252	regulation of RNA metabolic process	3.20E-04
GO:0060969	negative regulation of gene silencing	3.42E-04
GO:0009966	regulation of signal transduction	3.93E-04
GO:0023051	regulation of signaling	3.93E-04
GO:0006325	chromatin organization	7.69E-04
GO:0061186	negative regulation of chromatin silencing at silent mating-type cassette	8.72E-04
GO:0048584	positive regulation of response to stimulus	9.98E-04

Table S3: qPCR validation of PDR transcriptional regulators

Drug	Gene deleted	Systematic name	Brief Description	PDR5		SNQ2		YOR1		Screen Result
				fc	p	fc	p	fc	p	
1	<i>hoA</i>	YDL227C	Site-specific endonuclease	15.61		6.90		5.68		Upregulator
	<i>pdr1A</i>	YGL013C	Transcription factor that regulates the pleiotropic drug response	1.40	0.000	1.91	0.001	1.17	0.000	
	<i>nbp2A</i>	YDR162C	Protein involved in the HOG (high osmolarity glycerol) pathway	8.91	0.012	6.03	0.152	4.38	0.095	
	<i>cho2A</i>	YGR157W	Phosphatidylethanolamine methyltransferase (PEMT)	8.21	0.005	4.10	0.007	4.98	0.138	
	<i>ypt6A</i>	YLR262C	Rab family GTPase	8.20	0.037	4.33	0.024	4.00	0.069	
	<i>gyp1A</i>	YOR070C	Cis-golgi GTPase-activating protein (GAP) for yeast Rabs	9.56	0.021	4.03	0.072	3.99	0.064	
	<i>gcn2A</i>	YDR283C	Protein kinase	22.90	0.025	11.94	0.005	8.26	0.015	Downregulator
	<i>mad1A</i>	YGL086W	Coiled-coil protein involved in spindle-assembly checkpoint	22.46	0.123	11.83	0.022	9.85	0.014	Downregulator
	<i>fjv10A</i>	YIL097W	Subunit of GID complex	17.98	0.148	11.64	0.005	6.05	0.324	Downregulator
	<i>sap30A</i>	YMR263W	Component of Rpd3L histone deacetylase complex	18.07	0.144	12.20	0.005	8.45	0.013	Downregulator
2	<i>hoA</i>	YDL227C	Site-specific endonuclease	1.52		36.15		26.59		Upregulator
	<i>pdr1A</i>	YGL013C	Transcription factor that regulates the pleiotropic drug response	1.37	0.381	20.14	0.021	23.76	0.303	
	<i>yrr1A</i>	YOR162C	Zn2-Cys6 zinc-finger transcription factor	2.72	0.092	11.87	0.002	15.10	0.041	
	<i>ssn2A</i>	YDR443C	Subunit of the RNA polymerase II mediator complex	2.91	0.073	20.28	0.014	15.79	0.032	
	<i>met1A</i>	YKR069W	S-adenosyl-L-methionine uroporphyrinogen III transmethylase	1.46	0.454	21.07	0.016	10.58	0.006	
	<i>met8A</i>	YBR213W	Bifunctional dehydrogenase and ferrochelatase	1.61	0.438	18.22	0.010	9.42	0.006	
	<i>cho2A</i>	YGR157W	Phosphatidylethanolamine methyltransferase (PEMT)	1.66	0.412	20.42	0.046	14.92	0.026	
	<i>spf1A</i>	YEL031W	P-type ATPase, ion transporter of the ER membrane	3.29	0.051	73.58	0.016	45.53	0.033	Downregulator
	<i>alg6A</i>	YOR002W	Alpha 1,3 glucosyltransferase	2.98	0.070	62.82	0.048	32.90	0.211	Downregulator
	<i>mad2A</i>	YJL030W	Component of the spindle-assembly checkpoint complex	2.46	0.119	56.78	0.026	30.75	0.233	Downregulator
3	<i>hoA</i>	YDL227C	Site-specific endonuclease	9.53		3.27		4.04		Upregulator
	<i>pdr1A</i>	YGL013C	Transcription factor that regulates the pleiotropic drug response	1.83	0.000	1.42	0.000	1.46	0.000	
	<i>uga2A</i>	YBR006W	Succinate semialdehyde dehydrogenase	8.31	0.079	2.69	0.008	3.29	0.027	
	<i>cho2A</i>	YGR157W	Phosphatidylethanolamine methyltransferase (PEMT)	5.70	0.001	3.75	0.056	4.58	0.141	
	<i>ykl053wA</i>	YLK053W	Dubious ORF	8.38	0.021	3.37	0.314	4.44	0.238	Downregulator
	<i>dph1A</i>	YIL103W	Protein required for synthesis of diphthamide	14.73	0.005	3.81	0.205	6.80	0.052	Downregulator
	<i>sif2A</i>	YBR103W	WD40 repeat-containing subunit of Set3C histone deacetylase complex	10.28	0.261	6.05	0.000	6.45	0.001	Downregulator

Table S4: qPCR on *madΔ* strains

Drug	[Drug](μM)	Strain	PDR5		SNQ2		YOR1	
			FC	P	FC	P	FC	P
5	50	<i>hoΔ</i>	22.81		1.80		22.36	
		<i>mad1Δ</i>	37.83	0.014	2.94	0.001	46.05	0.033
		<i>mad2Δ</i>	34.27	0.058	2.41	0.022	43.01	0.041
		<i>mad3Δ</i>	26.60	0.083	2.57	0.009	36.52	0.068
6	10	<i>hoΔ</i>	2.51		1.24		3.26	
		<i>mad1Δ</i>	3.94	0.019	1.40	0.220	6.71	0.001
		<i>mad2Δ</i>	4.29	0.007	1.21	0.449	7.08	0.001
		<i>mad3Δ</i>	4.06	0.010	0.97	0.087	6.41	0.007
7	50	<i>hoΔ</i>	1.01		2.88		0.91	
		<i>mad1Δ</i>	1.28	0.079	4.90	0.002	1.26	0.010
		<i>mad2Δ</i>	0.93	0.127	5.70	0.003	0.84	0.268
		<i>mad3Δ</i>	1.17	0.005	3.74	0.000	1.17	0.001
8	50	<i>hoΔ</i>	3.11		1.70		2.03	
		<i>mad1Δ</i>	6.09	0.001	1.67	0.446	4.46	0.004
		<i>mad2Δ</i>	5.98	0.003	1.83	0.325	4.43	0.003
		<i>mad3Δ</i>	5.10	0.094	1.97	0.195	4.02	0.014
9	25	<i>hoΔ</i>	1.46		0.95		3.15	
		<i>mad1Δ</i>	2.22	0.025	0.98	0.357	5.75	0.009
		<i>mad2Δ</i>	1.79	0.153	1.05	0.297	5.01	0.001
		<i>mad3Δ</i>	1.47	0.469	0.97	0.414	4.07	0.019

Table S5: Description of all genes tested in qPCR experiments*

Gene	Systematic Name	Gene name	Brief Description	Description
<i>hoΔ</i>	YDL227C	HOmothallic switching endonuclease	Site-specific endonuclease	Site-specific endonuclease; required for gene conversion at the MAT locus (homothallic switching) through the generation of a ds DNA break; expression restricted to mother cells in late G1 as controlled by Swi4p-Swi6p, Swi5p, and Ash1p
<i>pdr1Δ</i>	YGL013C	Pleiotropic Drug Resistance	Transcription factor that regulates the pleiotropic drug response	Transcription factor that regulates the pleiotropic drug response elements (PDREs) to fine tune the regulation of multidrug resistance genes; relocates to the cytosol in response to hypoxia; PDR1 has a paralog, PDR3, that arose from the whole genome duplication
<i>yrr1Δ</i>	YOR162C	Yeast Reveromycin-A Resistant	Zn2-Cys6 zinc-finger transcription factor	Zn2-Cys6 zinc-finger transcription factor; activates genes involved in multidrug resistance; paralog of Yrm1p, acting on an overlapping set of target genes; YRR1 has a paralog, PDR8, that arose from the whole genome duplication
<i>ssn2Δ</i>	YDR443C	Suppressor of SNf1	Subunit of the RNA polymerase II mediator complex	Subunit of the RNA polymerase II mediator complex; associates with core polymerase subunits to form the RNA polymerase II holoenzyme; required for stable association of Srb10p-Srb11p kinase; essential for transcriptional regulation

<i>met1Δ</i>	YKR069W	METHionine requiring	S-adenosyl-L-methionine uroporphyrinogen III transmethylase; involved in the biosynthesis of siroheme, a prosthetic group used by sulfite reductase; required for sulfate assimilation and methionine biosynthesis
<i>met8Δ</i>	YBR213W	METHionine requiring	Bifunctional dehydrogenase and ferrochelatase; involved in the biosynthesis of siroheme, a prosthetic group used by sulfite reductase; required for sulfate assimilation and methionine biosynthesis
<i>cho2Δ</i>	YGR157W	CHOline requiring	Phosphatidylethanolamine methyltransferase (PEMT); catalyzes the first step in the conversion of phosphatidylethanolamine to phosphatidylcholine during the methylation pathway of phosphatidylcholine biosynthesis
<i>spf1Δ</i>	YEL031W	Sensitivity to Pichia Farinosa killer toxin	P-type ATPase, ion transporter of the ER membrane; required to maintain normal lipid composition of intracellular compartments and proper targeting of mitochondrial outer membrane tail-anchored proteins; involved in ER function and Ca ²⁺ homeostasis; required for regulating Hmg2p degradation; confers sensitivity to a killer toxin (SMKT) produced by Pichia farinosa KK1

<i>alg6Δ</i>	YOR002W	Asparagine-Linked Glycosylation	Alpha 1,3 glucosyltransferase	Alpha 1,3 glucosyltransferase; involved in transfer of oligosaccharides from dolichyl pyrophosphate to asparagine residues of proteins during N-linked protein glycosylation; C998T transition in human ortholog ALG6 causes carbohydrate-deficient glycoprotein syndrome type-Ic; wild-type human ortholog ALG6 can partially complement yeast <i>alg6</i> mutant
<i>mad2Δ</i>	YJL030W	Mitotic Arrest-Deficient	Component of the spindle-assembly checkpoint complex	Component of the spindle-assembly checkpoint complex; delays onset of anaphase in cells with defects in mitotic spindle assembly; forms a complex with Mad1p; regulates APC/C activity during prometaphase and metaphase of meiosis I; gene dosage imbalance between MAD1 and MAD2 leads to chromosome instability
<i>nbp2Δ</i>	YDR162C	Nap1 Binding Protein	Protein involved in the HOG (high osmolarity glycerol) pathway	Protein involved in the HOG (high osmolarity glycerol) pathway; negatively regulates Hog1p by recruitment of phosphatase Ptc1p the Pbs2p-Hog1p complex; interacts with Bck1p and down regulates the cell wall integrity pathway; found in the nucleus and cytoplasm, contains an SH3 domain and a Ptc1p binding domain (PBM)

<i>ypt6Δ</i>	YLR262C	Yeast Protein Two	Rab family GTPase	Rab family GTPase; Ras-like GTP binding protein involved in the secretory pathway, required for fusion of endosome-derived vesicles with the late Golgi, maturation of the vacuolar carboxypeptidase Y; resides temporarily at the Golgi, dissociates into cytosol upon arrival of the Rab GTPase Ypt32p, which also functions in the late Golgi; Golgi-localized form is bound to GTP, while cytosolic form is GDP-bound; homolog of the mammalian Rab6
<i>gyp1Δ</i>	YOR070C	Gtpase-activating protein for YPt1p	Cis-golgi GTPase-activating protein (GAP) for yeast Rabs	Cis-golgi GTPase-activating protein (GAP) for yeast Rabs; the Rab family members are Ypt1p (in vivo) and for Ypt1p, Sec4p, Ypt7p, and Ypt51p (in vitro); involved in vesicle docking and fusion
<i>gcn2Δ</i>	YDR283C	General Control Nonderepressible	Protein kinase	Protein kinase; phosphorylates the alpha-subunit of translation initiation factor eIF2 (Sui2p) in response to starvation; activated by uncharged tRNAs and the Gcn1p-Gcn20p complex; contributes to DNA damage checkpoint control

<i>mad1Δ</i>	YGL086W	Mitotic Arrest-Deficient	Coiled-coil protein involved in spindle-assembly checkpoint	Coiled-coil protein involved in spindle-assembly checkpoint; required for inhibition of karyopherin/importin Pse1p (aka Kap121p) upon spindle assembly checkpoint arrest; phosphorylated by Mps1p upon checkpoint activation which leads to inhibition of anaphase promoting complex activity; forms a complex with Mad2p; gene dosage imbalance between MAD1 and MAD2 leads to chromosome instability
<i>fyy10Δ</i>	YIL097W	Function required for Yeast Viability	Subunit of GID complex	Subunit of GID complex; involved in proteasome-dependent catabolite inactivation of gluconeogenic enzymes FBPase, PEPCK, and c-MDH; forms dimer with Rmd5p that is then recruited to GID Complex by Gid8p; contains a degenerate RING finger motif needed for GID complex ubiquitin ligase activity <i>in vivo</i> , as well as CTLH and CRA domains; plays role in anti-apoptosis; required for survival upon exposure to K1 killer toxin
<i>sap30Δ</i>	YMR263W	Sin3-Associated Polypeptide	Component of Rpd3L histone deacetylase complex	Component of Rpd3L histone deacetylase complex; involved in silencing at telomeres, rDNA, and silent mating-type loci; involved in telomere maintenance

<i>tom7A</i>	YNL070W	Translocase of the Outer Mitochondrial membrane	Component of the TOM (translocase of outer membrane) complex	Component of the TOM (translocase of outer membrane) complex; responsible for recognition and initial import steps for all mitochondrially directed proteins; promotes assembly and stability of the TOM complex
<i>uga2A</i>	YBR006W	Utilization of GABA	Succinate semialdehyde dehydrogenase	Succinate semialdehyde dehydrogenase; involved in the utilization of gamma-aminobutyrate (GABA) as a nitrogen source; part of the 4-aminobutyrate and glutamate degradation pathways; localized to the cytoplasm
<i>ykl053wA</i>	YLK053W	Dubious ORF		
<i>dph1A</i>	YIL103W	DiPHthamide biosynthesis	Protein required for synthesis of diphthamide	Protein required for synthesis of diphthamide; required along with Dph2p, Kti11p, Jjj3p, and Dph5p; diphthamide is a modified histidine residue of translation elongation factor 2 (Eft1p or Eft2p); may act in a complex with Dph2p and Kti11p
<i>sif2A</i>	YBR103W	Sir4p-Interacting Factor	WD40 repeat-containing subunit of Set3C histone deacetylase complex	WD40 repeat-containing subunit of Set3C histone deacetylase complex; complex represses early/middle sporulation genes; antagonizes telomeric silencing; binds specifically to the Sir4p N-terminus

*: All descriptions are directly adapted from Saccharomyces Genome Database (1).

Table S6: Plasmids used in this study

Name	Description
pCH81	pRS25_P _{PDR5} -HIS3-T _{CYCI}
pCH82	pRS25_P _{SNQ2} -HIS3-T _{CYCI}
pCH83	pRS25_P _{YOR1} -HIS3-T _{CYCI}

Table S7: Strains used in this study

Strain	Description	Source	Notes
JLY30	<i>MATa/a his3Δ1/his3Δ1 leu2Δ0/leu2Δ0 LYS2/lys2Δ0 met15Δ0/MET15 ura3Δ0/ura3Δ0 Δho::KanMX4/Δho::KanMX4</i>	Yeast deletion collection (2)	Aka <i>hoΔ; hoΔ</i> BY4743
JLY31	JLY30 transformed with pCH81	This study	
JLY32	JLY30 transformed with pCH82	This study	
JLY33	JLY30 transformed with pCH83	This study	
JLY34	<i>MATα, pdr1-3, ura3, his1, Δyor1::hisG, Δsnq2::hisG, pdr5-Δ2::hisG, Δpdr10::hisG, Δpdr11::hisG, Δycf1::hisG, pdr3-Δ2::hisG, Δpdr15::hisG, pdr1-Δ3::hisG, Δho::KanMX4</i>	This study	Aka <i>hoΔ AD1-9</i>
JLY35	<i>MATα, pdr1-3, ura3, his1, Δyor1::hisG, Δsnq2::hisG, pdr5-Δ2::hisG, Δpdr10::hisG, Δpdr11::hisG, Δycf1::hisG, pdr3-Δ2::hisG, Δpdr15::hisG, pdr1-Δ3::hisG, Δmad1::KanMX4</i>	This study	Aka <i>mad1Δ AD1-9</i>
JLY36	<i>MATα, pdr1-3, ura3, his1, Δyor1::hisG, Δsnq2::hisG, pdr5-Δ2::hisG, Δpdr10::hisG, Δpdr11::hisG, Δycf1::hisG, pdr3-Δ2::hisG, Δpdr15::hisG, pdr1-Δ3::hisG, Δmad2::KanMX4</i>	This study	Aka <i>mad2Δ AD1-9</i>
JLY37	<i>MATα, pdr1-3, ura3, his1, Δyor1::hisG, Δsnq2::hisG, pdr5-Δ2::hisG, Δpdr10::hisG, Δpdr11::hisG, Δycf1::hisG, pdr3-Δ2::hisG, Δpdr15::hisG, pdr1-Δ3::hisG, Δmad3::KanMX4</i>	This study	Aka <i>mad3Δ AD1-9</i>

All other deletions strains used in this study is retrieved from the yeast deletion collection.

Supplementary Datasets:

Dataset 1. Z-scores for each drug under with each biosensor construct in MSNP collection.

Dataset 2. Identity, fold change and significance of all samples that pass significance threshold in screenings

Reference

1. Cherry JM, *et al.* (2012) Saccharomyces Genome Database: the genomics resource of budding yeast. *Nucleic acids research* 40(Database issue):D700-705.
2. Giaever G, *et al.* (2002) Functional profiling of the *Saccharomyces cerevisiae* genome. *Nature* 418(6896):387-391.