Club Cell Secretory Protein Deficiency Leads to Altered Lung Function

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ONLINE DATA SUPPLEMENT

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Fig. E1. Lung function by serum CC16 levels from age 11 to 32. FEV1, FVC, FEF_{25–75}, and FEV1/FVC ratio **A**) before (N subject = 706) and **B**) after (N subject = 689) bronchodilator from ge 11 to age 32 years by serum CC16 tertile categories. Data are shown separately for males and females. Error bars indicate the standard error.





Fig. E2. Indices of acute inflammation are not present in CC16^{-/-} naïve mice. After flexivent assessment, cells from the bronchoalveolar lavage were assessed in a subset of mice. There were no differences in **A**) total cells, **B**) macrophages and **C**) Neutrophils in WT (n=6) and CC16^{-/-} (n=9) mice. **D**) TNF- α (n=6,6) and **E**) Muc5AC gene expression (n=6,6) and **F**) mucin production (n=12,12) as assessed by PAS score were not different in WT and CC16^{-/-} mice. **G**-**H**) Airspace size was measured on formalin-fixed inflated lung sections. Representative pictures (10X) of alveolar areas of the lung from WT and CC16^{-/-} naïve mice. The average alveolar chord length was ~20 um in both WT (n=9) and CC16-/- (n=6) mice at approximately 8-10 weeks of age.



	Pre-Albuterol										
Z-Scores CC16 †		FEV1 (ml) N subjects = 427; N observations = 755		FVC (ml) N subjects = 427; N observations = 755		FEF (ml/second) N subjects = 427; N observations = 755		FEV1/FVC Ratio N subjects = 427; N observations = 755			
		Coef (95% CI)	Р	Coef (95% CI)	Р	Coef (95% CI)	Р	Coef (95% CI)	Р		
Continuous		65.3 (26.6, 104)	0.001	26.3 (-24.0, 76.6)	0.304	122 (43.6, 201)	0.002	0.802 (0.263, 1.34)	0.004		
Category	High				(refer	ence group)					
	Middle	-44.9 (-130, 40.1)	0.300	33.5 (-59.9, 127)	0.481	-179 (-352, -6.22)	0.042	-1.50 (-2.62, -0.376)	0.009		
	Low	-142 (-237, -47.7)	0.003	-47.4 (-160, 65.6)	0.410	-293 (-483, -103)	0.003	-1.97 (-3.24, -0.703)	0.002		
		Post-Albuterol									
Z-Scores CC16 †		FEV1 (ml) N subjects = 412; N observations = 711		FVC (ml) N subjects = 412; N observations = 711		FEF (ml/second) N subjects = 411; N observations = 705		FEV1/FVC Ratio N subjects = 412; N observations = 711			
		Coef (95% CI)	Р	Coef (95% CI)	Р	Coef (95% CI)	Р	Coef (95% CI)	Р		
Continuou	IS	55.7 (16.1, 95.3)	0.006	25.6 (-26.7, 77.8)	0.337	131 (52.9, 209)	0.001	0.608 (0.132, 1.08)	0.012		
Category	High				(reference group)			·			
	Middle	-38.1 (-121, 45.1)	0.368	12.4 (-83.8, 109)	0.800	-209 (-392, -27.1)	0.024	-1.03 (-2.02, -0.039)	0.042		
	Low	-122 (-216, -26.9)	0.012	-40.3 (-157, 76.3)	0.497	-348 (-547, -149)	0.001	-1.66 (-2.79, -0.520)	0.004		

Table E1. Linear Regression Models for Lung Function* as Measured from Age 22 to Age 32 years <u>among Participants with No Asthma[‡]</u>.

* Lung function was assessed pre- and post-albuterol.

† Circulating CC16 levels were included as z-scores in the model.

‡ Subject-clustered sandwich estimators of standard errors were used in linear regression models to adjust for within-subject

correlation. All models were adjusted for sex, survey year, ethnicity, parental education, maternal smoking at year 6, and height (cm). The models are restricted to the non-asthmatics participants.

Pre-Albuterol											
Z-Scores CC16 †		FEV1 (ml) N subjects = 265; N observations = 499		FVC (ml) N subjects = 265; N observations = 499		FEF (ml/second) N subjects = 265; N observations = 499		FEV1/FVC Ratio N subjects = 265; N observations = 499			
		Coef (95% CI)	Р	Coef (95% CI)	Р	Coef (95% CI)	Р	Coef (95% CI)	Р		
Continuous		70.9 (22.3, 119)	0.004	11.7 (-46.8, 70.1)	0.694	183 (81.3, 284)	<0.001	1.18 (0.444, 1.92)	0.002		
Category	High				(reference group)						
	Middle	-72.5 (-172, 26.8)	0.152	13.4 (-101, 128)	0.818	-260 (-469, -50.8)	0.015	-1.77 (-3.19, -0.343)	0.015		
	Low	-179 (-296, -62.1)	0.003	-54.4 (-195, 85.7)	0.445	-426 (-669, -183)	0.001	-2.67 (-4.34, -1.00)	0.002		
		Post-Albuterol									
Z-Scores CC16 †		FEV1 (ml) N subjects = 260; N observations = 479		FVC (ml) N subjects = 260; N observations = 479		FEF (ml/second) N subjects = 260; N observations = 476		FEV1/FVC Rat N subjects = 260 observations = 4	io); N 479		
		Coef (95% CI)	Р	Coef (95% CI)	Р	Coef (95% CI)	Р	Coef (95% CI)	Р		
Continuous	s	56.3 (7.42, 105)	0.024	18.6 (-40.1, 77.3)	0.533	155 (45.4, 264)	0.006	0.779 (0.090, 1.47)	0.027		
Category	High			·	(refere	(reference group)					
	Middle	-35.5 (-134, 62.6)	0.477	-5.83 (-124, 113)	0.923	-191 (-414, 32.1)	0.093	-0.807 (-2.05, 0.440)	0.204		
	Low	-139 (-255, -22.6)	0.019	-54.7 (-197, 87.9)	0.451	-386 (-645, -126)	0.004	-1.87 (-3.41, -0.332)	0.017		

Table E2. Linear Regression Models for Lung Function* as Measured from Age 22 to Age 32 years <u>among Participants who did Not</u> <u>Smoke[‡].</u>

* Lung function was assessed pre- and post-albuterol.

† Circulating CC16 levels were included as z-scores in the model.

‡ Subject-clustered sandwich estimators of standard errors were used in linear regression models to adjust for within-subject correlation. All models were adjusted for sex, survey year, ethnicity, parental education, maternal smoking at year 6, and height (cm). All models were restricted to never-smokers, i.e. participants who never smoked or who smoked less than 100 cigarettes in their lifetime. **Table E3**. Linear Regression Models for Lung Function* as Measured from Age 22 to Age 32 years including total IgE levels among covariates[‡].

Pre-Albuterol											
Z-Scores CC16 †		FEV1 (ml) N subjects = 491; N observations = 906		FVC (ml) N subjects = 491; N observations = 906		FEF (ml/second) N subjects = 491; N observations = 906		FEV1/FVC Ratio N subjects = 491; N observations = 906			
		Coef (95% CI)	Р	Coef (95% CI)	Р	Coef (95% CI)	Р	Coef (95% CI)	Р		
Continuous		49.6 (14.1, 85.0)	0.006	12.1 (-31.8, 56.0)	0.588	113 (37.3, 189)	0.004	0.747 (0.214, 1.28)	0.006		
Category	High			·	(referenc	e group)					
	Middle	-16.9 (-92.6, 58.9)	0.662	61.8 (-20.3, 144)	0.140	-138 (-299, 23.0)	0.093	-1.36 (-2.46, -0.257)	0.016		
	Low	-114 (-199, -29.2)	0.009	-22.4 (-122, 77.0)	0.658	-273 (-447,-99.9)	0.002	-1.85 (-3.07, -0.632)	0.003		
		Post-Albuterol									
Z-Scores CC16 †		FEV1 (ml) N subjects = 474; N observations = 855		FVC (ml) N subjects = 474; N observations = 855		FEF (ml/secor	nd)	FEV1/FVC Ratio)		
		observations =	′4; N 855	N subjects = 47 observations =	4; N 855	N subjects = 47 observations =	3; N 849	N subjects = 474; observations = 8	N 55		
		N Subjects = 47 observations = Coef (95% CI)	'4; N 855 <i>P</i>	N subjects = 47 observations = Coef (95% Cl)	4; N 855 <i>P</i>	N subjects = 47 observations = Coef (95% CI)	3; N 849 <i>P</i>	N subjects = 474; observations = 8 Coef (95% CI)	N 55 <i>P</i>		
Continuous	6	N subjects = 47 observations = Coef (95% CI) 35.8 (0.301, 71.3)	4; N 855 <i>P</i> 0.048	N subjects = 47 observations = Coef (95% Cl) 9.54 (-35.7, 54.8)	4; N 855 <i>P</i> 0.679	N subjects = 47 observations = Coef (95% Cl) 105 (29.3, 181)	3; N 849 <i>P</i> 0.007	N subjects = 474; observations = 8 Coef (95% Cl) 0.526 (0.068, 0.984)	N 55 <i>P</i> 0.025		
Continuous Category	s High	N subjects = 47 observations = Coef (95% CI) 35.8 (0.301, 71.3)	4; N 855 <i>P</i> 0.048	N subjects = 47 observations = Coef (95% Cl) 9.54 (-35.7, 54.8)	4; N 855 <i>P</i> 0.679 (referenc	N subjects = 47 observations = Coef (95% Cl) 105 (29.3, 181) re group)	3; N 849 <i>P</i> 0.007	N subjects = 474; observations = 83 Coef (95% Cl) 0.526 (0.068, 0.984)	N 55 <i>P</i> 0.025		
Continuous Category	s High Middle	N subjects = 47 observations = Coef (95% CI) 35.8 (0.301, 71.3) 5.18 (-68.6, 78.9)	4; N 855 <i>P</i> 0.048 0.890	N subjects = 47 observations = Coef (95% Cl) 9.54 (-35.7, 54.8) 45.6 (-40.4, 132)	4; N 855 <i>P</i> 0.679 (referenc 0.298	N subjects = 47 observations = Coef (95% Cl) 105 (29.3, 181) e group) -111 (-279, 57.8)	3; N 849 <i>P</i> 0.007 0.197	N subjects = 474; observations = 83 Coef (95% Cl) 0.526 (0.068, 0.984) -0.750 (-1.71, 0.209)	N 55 P 0.025 0.125		

* Lung function was assessed pre- and post-albuterol.

† Circulating CC16 levels were included as z-scores in the model.

[‡] Subject-clustered sandwich estimators of standard errors were used in linear regression models to adjust for within-subject correlation. All models were adjusted for sex, survey year, ethnicity, parental education, maternal smoking at year 6, height (cm) and log10 transformed IgE (IU/mI).

					Pre-	Albuterol				
Z-Scores CC16 †		Z-Scores FEV1		Z-Scores FVC		Z-Scores FEF		Z-Scores FEV1/FVC Ratio		
		N subjects = 674; N observations = 1872		N subjects = 674; N observations = 1872		N subjects = 674; N observations = 1868		N subjects = 674; N observations = 1872		
		Coef (95% CI)	Р	Coef (95% CI)	Р	Coef (95% CI)	Р	Coef (95% CI)	Ρ	
Continuous		0.081 (0.045, 0.117)	<0.001	0.031 (-0.004, 0.065)	0.079	0.115 (0.058, 0.173)	<0.001	0.099 (0.037, 0.162)	0.002	
Category	High		(reference group)							
	Middle	-0.057 (-0.143, 0.030)	0.198	0.0009 (-0.078, 0.080)	0.983	-0.138 (-0.259, -0.018)	0.025	-0.141 (-0.268, -0.014)	0.029	
	Low	-0.173 (-0.265, -0.082)	<0.001	-0.054 (-0.142, 0.033)	0.224	-0.275 (-0.410, -0.139)	<0.001	-0.243 (-0.390, -0.097)	0.001	
				F	ost-Al	buterol				
Z-Scores	CC16 †	Z-Scores FEV1		Z-Scores FVC		Z-Scores FEF		Z-Scores EEV1/EVC	Ratio	
		N subjects = 659 observations = 1	; N 807	N subjects = 659; observations = 18	N 06	N subjects = 659 observations = 17	; N 799	N subjects = 659 observations = 18	; N 306	
		N subjects = 659 observations = 1 Coef (95% Cl)	; N 807 <i>P</i>	N subjects = 659; observations = 18 Coef (95% CI)	N 06 <i>P</i>	N subjects = 659 observations = 17 Coef (95% CI)	; N 799 <i>P</i>	N subjects = 659 observations = 18 Coef (95% CI)	N 806 P	
Continuo	IS	N subjects = 659 observations = 1 Coef (95% CI) 0.063 (0.027, 0.098)	; N 807 <i>P</i> 0.001	N subjects = 659; observations = 18 Coef (95% CI) 0.029 (-0.007, 0.065)	N 06 <i>P</i> 0.110	N subjects = 659 observations = 17 Coef (95% Cl) 0.094 (0.039, 0.149)	; N 799 <i>P</i> 0.001	N subjects = 659 observations = 18 Coef (95% CI) 0.081 (0.021, 0.141)	N 806 P 0.008	
Continuou Category	is High	N subjects = 659 observations = 1 Coef (95% CI) 0.063 (0.027, 0.098)	; N 807 <i>P</i> 0.001	N subjects = 659; observations = 18 Coef (95% CI) 0.029 (-0.007, 0.065) (ref	N 06 P 0.110 eferenc	N subjects = 659 observations = 17 Coef (95% CI) 0.094 (0.039, 0.149) e group)	; N 799 <i>P</i> 0.001	N subjects = 659 observations = 18 Coef (95% Cl) 0.081 (0.021, 0.141)	N 806 P 0.008	
Continuou Category	is High Middle	N subjects = 659 observations = 1 Coef (95% CI) 0.063 (0.027, 0.098) -0.032 (-0.115, 0.051)	; N 807 P 0.001 0.446	N subjects = 659; observations = 18 Coef (95% CI) 0.029 (-0.007, 0.065) (ref -0.006 (-0.087, 0.075)	N 06 P 0.110 eferenc 0.890	N subjects = 659 observations = 17 Coef (95% CI) 0.094 (0.039, 0.149) e group) -0.076 (-0.194, 0.043)	, N 799 <i>P</i> 0.001 0.212	N subjects = 659 observations = 18 Coef (95% CI) 0.081 (0.021, 0.141)	N 306 P 0.008 0.211	

Table E4. Linear Regression Models for Z-Scores of Lung Function* as Measured from Age 11 to Age 32 years[‡].

* Lung function was assessed pre- and post-albuterol.

† Circulating CC16 levels were included as z-scores in the model.

‡ Subject-clustered sandwich estimators of standard errors were used in linear regression models to adjust for within-subject

correlation. All models were adjusted for sex, survey year, ethnicity, parental education, maternal smoking at year 6, and height (cm).

		Pre-Albuterol								
Z-Scores CC16 †		Z-Scores FEV N subjects = 593 observations = 14	Z-Scores FVC N subjects = 593; N observations = 1492		Z-Scores FEF N subjects = 593; N observations = 1488		Z-Scores FEV1/FVC Ratio N subjects = 593; N observations = 1492			
		Coef (95% CI)	Ρ	Coef (95% CI)	Ρ	Coef (95% CI)	Ρ	Coef (95% CI)	Ρ	
Continuous		0.087 (0.045, 0.128)	<0.001	0.039 (-0.0007, 0.078)	0.054	0.106 (0.044, 0.167)	0.001	0.088 (0.024, 0.152)	0.007	
Category	High			(1	eferenc	ce group)				
	Middle	-0.065 (-0.160, 0.030)	0.178	-0.003 (-0.091, 0.086)	0.955	-0.143 (-0.272, -0.015)	0.029	-0.148 (-0.280,017)	0.027	
	Low	-0.177 (-0.277, -0.077)	0.001	-0.068 (-0.165, 0.029)	0.169	-0.247 (-0.388, -0.107)	0.001	-0.211 (-0.358, -0.064)	0.005	
					Post-A	lbuterol				
Z-Scores CC16 †		Z-Scores FEV1 N subjects = 576 observations = 14	; N 436	Z-Scores FVC N subjects = 576 observations = 14	; N 136	Z-Scores FEF N subjects = 576; observations = 14	N 28	Z-Scores FEV1/FVC N subjects = 576; observations = 14	Ratio N 36	
		Coef (95% CI)	Р	Coef (95% CI)	Ρ	Coef (95% CI)	Ρ	Coef (95% CI)	Р	
Continuo	us	0.077 (0.037, 0.116)	<0.001	0.039 (-0.001, 0.079)	0.057	0.098 (0.041, 0.156)	0.001	0.082 (0.020, 0.145)	0.010	
Category	High			()	eferenc	ce group)				
	Middle	-0.059 (-0.151, 0.032)	0.200	-0.017 (-0.106, 0.073)	0.714	-0.107 (-0.235, 0.021)	0.102	-0.115 (-0.252, 0.021)	0.096	
	Low	-0.155 (-0.251, -0.060)	0.001	-0.069 (-0.167, 0.029)	0.168	-0.240 (-0.375, -0.104)	0.001	-0.205 (-0.353, -0.058)	0.006	

Table E5. Linear Regression Models for Z-Scores of Lung Function* as Measured from Age 11 to Age 32 years <u>among Participants</u> with No Asthma[‡].

* Lung function was assessed pre- and post-albuterol.

† Circulating CC16 levels were included as z-scores in the model.

‡ Subject-clustered sandwich estimators of standard errors were used in linear regression models to adjust for within-subject

correlation. All models were adjusted for sex, survey year, ethnicity, parental education, maternal smoking at year 6, and height (cm).

All models were restricted to participants with no asthma.

		Pre-Albuterol								
Z-Scores CC16 †		Z-Scores FEV1 N subjects = 572; N observations = 1255		Z-Scores FVC N subjects = 572; N observations = 1255		Z-Scores FEF N subjects = 572; N observations = 1252		Z-Scores FEV1/FVC Ratio N subjects = 572; N observations = 1255		
		Coef (95% CI)	Р	Coef (95% CI)	Р	Coef (95% CI)	Р	Coef (95% CI)	Р	
Continuo	us	0.083 (0.042, 0.125)	<0.001	0.023 (-0.019, 0.065)	0.279	0.136 (0.074, 0.199)	<0.001	0.122 (0.052, 0.192)	0.001	
Category	High			(referen	ce group)				
	Middle	-0.072 (-0.169, 0.024)	0.142	-0.016 (-0.113, 0.080)	0.741	-0.163 (-0.293, -0.034)	0.013	-0.137 (-0.275, 0.0004)	0.051	
	Low	-0.200 (-0.304, -0.095)	<0.001	-0.061 (-0.168, 0.046)	0.263	-0.328 (-0.485, -0.171)	<0.001	-0.290 (-0.461, -0.120)	0.001	
Z-Scores CC16 †		Z-Scores FEV1 N subjects = 568 observations = 12	; N 232	Z-Scores FVC N subjects = 568; N observations = 1231		Z-Scores FEF N subjects = 568; N observations = 1227		Z-Scores FEV1/FVC Ratio N subjects = 568; N observations = 1231		
		Coef (95% CI)	Р	Coef (95% CI)	Р	Coef (95% CI)	Р	Coef (95% CI)	Р	
Continuo	us	0.060 (0.017, 0.103)	0.006	0.023 (-0.021, 0.066)	0.306	0.099 (0.038, 0.160)	0.002	0.093 (0.024, 0.162)	0.009	
Category	High		·	. (referen	ce group)	·			
	Middle	-0.042 (-0.138, 0.054)	0.389	-0.027 (-0.124, 0.071)	0.595	-0.069 (198, 0.060)	0.295	-0.054 (-0.191, 0.084)	0.442	
	Low	-0.154 (-0.255, -0.053)	0.003	-0.063 (-0.170, 0.044)	0.250	-0.259 (-0.407, -0.112)	0.001	-0.236 (-0.404, -0.069)	0.006	

Table E6. Linear Regression Models for Z-Scores of Lung Function* as Measured from Age 11 to Age 32 years <u>among Participants</u> who did Not Smoke[‡].

* Lung function was assessed pre- and post-albuterol.

† Circulating CC16 levels were included as z-scores in the model.

‡ Subject-clustered sandwich estimators of standard errors were used in linear regression models to adjust for within-subject

correlation. All models were adjusted for sex, survey year, ethnicity, parental education, maternal smoking at year 6, and height (cm).

All models were restricted to never-smokers, i.e. participants who never smoked or who smoked less than 100 cigarettes in their

lifetime.

Table E7. Multinomial Logistic Regression Models for Airway Hyper-responsiveness as Measured from Age 11 to Age 26 years including total IgE levels among covariates[†].

Airway Hyper-Responsiveness			All participant (N su 552; N observations	ıbjects = s = 1198)	No asthma (N subj 490; N observations	jects = = 1007)	Non-smoker (N subjects = 483; N observations = 875)				
			adjRRR (95% CI)	Р	adjRRR (95% CI)	Р	adjRRR (95% CI)	Р			
No drop				(base outcome)							
Mild	z-score CC16 * continuous		0.943 (0.790, 1.13)	0.515	0.918 (0.753, 1.12)	0.395	0.890 (0.714, 1.11)	0.300			
Moderate			0.761 (0.636, 0.910)	0.003	0.768 (0.627, 0.941)	0.011	0.652 (0.515, 0.826)	<0.001			
Severe			0.678 (0.554, 0.831)	<0.001	0.637 (0.499, 0.813)	<0.001	0.601 (0.470, 0.768)	<0.001			
No drop				(bas	e outcome)						
Mild	z-score CC16*	High	(reference group)								
	category	Middle	1.22 (0.831, 1.80)	0.308	1.28 (0.851, 1.92)	0.238	1.43 (0.925, 2.22)	0.107			
		Low	1.18 (0.760, 1.85)	0.456	1.20 (0.750, 1.90)	0.453	1.39 (0.821, 2.36)	0.219			
Moderate		High		(reference group)							
		Middle	1.26 (0.839, 1.90)	0.264	1.28 (0.814, 2.01)	0.287	1.47 (0.898, 2.42)	0.125			
		Low	1.84 (1.19, 2.84)	0.006	1.86 (1.16, 2.98)	0.010	2.52 (1.50, 4.25)	0.001			
Severe		High			(reference grou	up)					
		Middle	1.40 (0.905, 2.16)	0.131	1.75 (1.06, 2.89)	0.029	1.44 (0.894, 2.31)	0.135			
		Low	2.16 (1.34, 3.47)	0.001	2.51 (1.43, 4.40)	0.001	2.83 (1.63, 4.89)	<0.001			

* Circulating CC16 levels were included as z-scores in the model.

† Subject-clustered sandwich estimators of standard errors were used in multinomial logistic regression models to adjust for withinsubject correlation. All models were adjusted for sex, survey year, ethnicity, parental education, maternal smoking at year 6 and log10 transformed IgE (IU/mI).

AHR severity (mild, moderate, severe) was defined based on PD20 tertiles generated at each survey (see Methods section for more information)