nature research

Corresponding author(s): A. Radu Aricescu

Reporting Summary

Nature Research wishes to improve the reproducibility of the work that we publish. This form provides structure for consistency and transparency in reporting. For further information on Nature Research policies, see Authors & Referees and the Editorial Policy Checklist.

Statistical parameters

When statistical analyses are reported, confirm that the following items are present in the relevant location (e.g. figure legend, table legend, main text, or Methods section).

n/a	Confirmed	
☐	☒	The exact sample size (*n*) for each experimental group/condition, given as a discrete number and unit of measurement
☐	☒	An indication of whether measurements were taken from distinct samples or whether the same sample was measured repeatedly
☐	☒	The statistical test(s) used AND whether they are one- or two-sided *Only common tests should be described solely by name; describe more complex techniques in the Methods section.*
☒	☐	A description of all covariates tested
☒	☐	A description of any assumptions or corrections, such as tests of normality and adjustment for multiple comparisons
☐	☒	A full description of the statistics including central tendency (e.g. means) or other basic estimates (e.g. regression coefficient) AND variation (e.g. standard deviation) or associated estimates of uncertainty (e.g. confidence intervals)
☒	☐	For null hypothesis testing, the test statistic (e.g. *F*, *t*, *r*) with confidence intervals, effect sizes, degrees of freedom and *P* value noted *Give P values as exact values whenever suitable.*
☒	☐	For Bayesian analysis, information on the choice of priors and Markov chain Monte Carlo settings
☒	☐	For hierarchical and complex designs, identification of the appropriate level for tests and full reporting of outcomes
☒	☐	Estimates of effect sizes (e.g. Cohen's *d*, Pearson's *r*), indicating how they were calculated
☐	☒	Clearly defined error bars *State explicitly what error bars represent (e.g. SD, SE, CI)*

Our web collection on statistics for biologists may be useful.

Software and code

Policy information about availability of computer code

Data collection	FEI EPU, Clampex 8.2
Data analysis	MotionCor2, Gctf-v.1.18, RELION 2.1, RELION 3.0, MonoRes, Scipion, UCSF Chimera v1.12, Pymol v2.0.7, Coot 0.8.9, Phenix 1.13, MolProbity, PDBePISA, HOLE, Clampfit 9.0., Graphpad Prism 6, Igor Pro, Origin 6.

For manuscripts utilizing custom algorithms or software that are central to the research but not yet described in published literature, software must be made available to editors/reviewers upon request. We strongly encourage code deposition in a community repository (e.g. GitHub). See the Nature Research guidelines for submitting code & software for further information.

Data

Policy information about availability of data

All manuscripts must include a data availability statement. This statement should provide the following information, where applicable:

- Accession codes, unique identifiers, or web links for publicly available datasets
- A list of figures that have associated raw data
- A description of any restrictions on data availability

Atomic coordinates of all protein models were deposited in the Protein Data Bank. Cryo-EM density maps were deposited in the Electron Microscopy Data Bank.

Field-specific reporting

Please select the best fit for your research. If you are not sure, read the appropriate sections before making your selection.

☒ Life sciences ☐ Behavioural & social sciences ☐ Ecological, evolutionary & environmental sciences

For a reference copy of the document with all sections, see nature.com/authors/policies/ReportingSummary-flat.pdf

Life sciences study design

All studies must disclose on these points even when the disclosure is negative.

Sample size	Sample sizes were estimated on the basis of previous studies using similar methods and analyses that are widely published.
Data exclusions	A small number of the acquired cryo-EM movies were discarded owing to poor ice, excessive movement or defocus.
Replication	All attempts to replicate data were successful.
Randomization	Randomization is not relevant to this study.
Blinding	Blinding is not relevant to this study.

Reporting for specific materials, systems and methods

Materials & experimental systems

n/a	Involved in the study
☐	☒ Unique biological materials
☐	☒ Antibodies
☐	☒ Eukaryotic cell lines
☒	☐ Palaeontology
☒	☐ Animals and other organisms
☒	☐ Human research participants

Methods

n/a	Involved in the study
☒	☐ ChIP-seq
☒	☐ Flow cytometry
☒	☐ MRI-based neuroimaging

Unique biological materials

Policy information about availability of materials

Obtaining unique materials	No restrictions.

Antibodies

Antibodies used	Rho 1D4 antibody was purchased from the University of British Columbia. The Mb38 megabody is available upon request.
Validation	The nanobody Nb38, used to design the megabody Mb38 as described in methods, was validated by surface plasmon resonance and published elsewhere (doi: https://doi.org/10.1101/338343).

Eukaryotic cell lines

Policy information about cell lines

Cell line source(s)	The cell line (based on ATCC CRL-3022) expressing the human alpha1beta3gamma2L GABAA receptor has been previously described (PMID 24288268).
Authentication	Authentication was not performed for this study.
Mycoplasma contamination	Mycoplasma testing was not performed for this study.

Commonly misidentified lines (See ICLAC register)	N/A