S6 Table. The linkage disequilibrium results for *HLA-G* 3'-UTR and *MICA* in each group (Ct, CKD, KTN and KTR).

Ct (n = 75)					CKD (n = 94)			
р	r <sup>2</sup>	D'	UTR	HLA-G alleles	UTR	D'	r <sup>2</sup>	р
0.036	0.029	+0.790	UTR-4	HLA-G*01:01				
< 0.001	0.282	+0.583	UTR-5	HLA-G*01:03	UTR-5	+0.377	0.142	< 0.00
< 0.001	0.161	+1.000	UTR-13		UTR-13	+0.225	0.033	0.012
0.008	0.046	+0.306	UTR-8					
< 0.001	0.194	+0.440	UTR-3	HLA-G*01:04	UTR-3	+0.375	0.134	< 0.00
0.003	0.056	+1.000	UTR-15					
0.01	0.044	+0.731	UTR-1					
0.009	0.045	+0.533	UTR-2	HLA-G*01:06	UTR-10	+0.225	0.033	0.012
	KTN	(n = 36)	)		KTR (n = 28)			
р	r <sup>2</sup>	D'	UTR	HLA-G alleles	UTR	D'	r <sup>2</sup>	р
0.04	0.058	+0.760	UTR-1	HLA-G*01:01				
< 0.001	0.422	+0.731	UTR-5	HLA-G*01:03	UTR-5	+1.000	0.491	< 0.00
< 0.001	0.189	+1.000	UTR-13					
< 0.001	0.480	+0.813	UTR-3	HLA-G*01:04				
0.032	0.064	+0.294	UTR-10	HLA-G*01:06				

The inferences of *HLA-G* haplotype through ELB algorithm of *HLA-G* alleles with determined UTRs. Analysis performed in Arlequin. The significant linkage disequilibrium had a p < 0.05. Ct: Control group. CKD: Patients with chronic kidney disease. KTN: Kidney-transplant patients with no rejection. KTR: Kidney-transplant patients who developed episodes of rejection.