Supplementary Information

Precisely controlling endogenous protein dosage in hPSCs and derivatives to model FOXG1 syndrome

Zhu et al.



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Supplementary Figure 1 . Generation and Characterization of AAVS1 -PC-mNG-SMASh hESC line and AAVS1-PC-mNG (GGS)-SMASh hESC line. (a) Schematic view of mNG fused mutated SMASh domain fails to induced protein degradation. b) Schematic overview of the strategy for CRISPR/Cas9 -mediated targeting to the AAVS1 locus to generate AAVA1-PC-mNeonGreen-SMASh (GGS) hESC line. (c) Immunofluorescence images of PC-mNG-SMASh hESCs before and after ASV treatment for pluripotent makers OCT4 (green), NANOG (red). ASV treatment does not compromise pluripotent stat e of hESCs. Scale bar, 100 µm. (d) Immunofluorescence images and comparison of AAVS1-PC-mNG-SMASh and AAVS1PC-mNG-SMASh (GGS) before and after 4 days ASV (1µm treatment. ASV successfully induced mNG degradation in AAVS1 -PC-mNG-SMASh hESCs rather than AAVS1-PC-mNG-SMASh (GGS) hESCs. Scale bar, 100 µm. (e) Flow cytometry analysis of AAVS1-PC-mNG-SMASh hESCs before and after 4 days ASV (1µM) treatment, as well as other NS3 inhibitors like DAV (1 Mm, 2 μ M) and VAV (1 μ M, 2 μ M). (f) AAVS1-PC-mNG-SMASh hESCs were cultured with different NS3 inhibitors: ASV(1µM) DAV (1µM, 2 µM) and VAV (1 µM, 2 µM) for 6 days. These NS3 inhibitors do not affect the proliferation hESCs. Error bar represents SEM.





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	MERGE	DAPI	OCT4	HA	SOX2
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H1-SOX2 ^{ss}					
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Supplementary Figure 2. Generation and Characterization of SOX2s/s hPSCs. (a) Schematic overview of generation of $SOX2^{s/s}$ hPSC lines and ASV induced endogenous SOX2 protein degradation. (b) PCR genotyping to identify H9SOX2^{s/s} hESC colonies. Red character indicates homozygous targeted colonies, yellow character indicate heterozygou colonies. (c) Immunostaining images of H1 -*SOX2*^{s/s} hESC line, H9 -*SOX2*^{s/s} hESC line, $SOX2^{s/s}$ hiPSC line for OCT4 (green), HA (red), SOX2 (magenta). R esults showed coexpression of HA and *SOX2*. Scale bar, 100 µm. (d-f) Karyotyping analysis on H9 - SOX2^{s/s} hESCs (d), H1-*SOX2*^{s/s} hESCs (e), *SOX2* ^{s/s} hiPSCs (f). (g) H&E staining shows ectoderm, mesoderm, endoderm of a teratoma derived from H9 -SOX2^{s/s} hESCs *in vivo*. Scale bar, 200 µm.



Supplementary Figure 3 . Target and Degrade a Broad Range of Endogenous

Proteins or Transgenes by SMASh in hPSCs. (a) Schematic overview of generation of $SOX17^{s/s}$ hPSC lines using CRISPR/Cas9. (b, c) Western blot (b) and Immunostaining images (c) of DE derived from $SOX17^{s/s}$ hESCs or WT H9 hESCs after ASV (1 µM) treatment. SOX17 protein production was knocked out in $SOX17^{s/s}$ hESCs derived DE. White arrow shows the SOX17 protein aggregates. Scale bar, 100 µm. (d, f, j) Western blot of *Znhit1*^{s/s} hESCs (d), *TP53* ^{s/s} hESCs (f), AAVS1-PC-Cas9 (j) before and after ASV treatment. (e, j, i, k) Immunostaining images of *Znhit1*^{s/s} hESCs (e), *TP53* ^{s/s} hESCs (j), *B2M* ^{s/s} hESCs (i), AAVS1-PC-Cas9 (k) before and after ASV treatmentScale bar, 100 µm. (h) Flow cytometry analysis of *Znhit1*^{s/s} hESCs to detect ZnHit1 expression before and after ASV treatment.

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g	TP53 ^{s/s}	sgTP53 GGAGAATGTCAGTCTAGGTCAGG Chr6: 41578770 GGAGAATIGCAGTCTGAGTCCGG 0 <th>J B2M^{S/S}</th> <th>sgB2M GAGACATGTAAGCAGCATCATGG Chr8: 57378767 <u>C</u>AGAAATGTAAGCAGCATCATAG C A G A A A T G T A A G C A G C A T C A T A G</th>	J B2M ^{S/S}	sgB2M GAGACATGTAAGCAGCATCATGG Chr8: 57378767 <u>C</u> AGAAATGTAAGCAGCATCATAG C A G A A A T G T A A G C A G C A T C A T A G
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Supplementary Figure 4. Characterization and Off Target Analysis of Various SMAS Tagged hESC Lines. (a, d, g, j) Representative Sanger sequencing graph of SOX17 s/s (a), $ZnHit1^{s/s}$ (d), TP53 s/s (g), B2M s/s (j) hPSC colony showed integration of HA -SMASh fragment. (b, e, h, k) Karyotyping analysis on $SOX17^{s/s}$ hESCs (b), $ZNHIT1^{s/s}$ hESCs (e), $TP53^{s/s}$ hESCs (h) and $TP53^{s/s}$ hESCs (k). (c, f, i, I) Representative Sanger sequencing graph of top 5 potential off-target sites of $SOX17^{s/s}$ (c), $ZnHit1^{s/s}$ (f), $TP53^{s/s}$ (i), $B2M^{s/s}$ (I) hPSC colony showed no off-target mutations. (m) Table shows targeted genetic locus anc targeted efficiency for each locus using SMASh. FoxG1^{s/s} NPC





Supplementary Figure 5. SMASh fine-tunes the dosage of FOXG1 protein.(a)Western blot of *FOXG1*^{s/s} hESCs under treatment of different concentration of ASV (0 nM10 nM, 25 nM, 50 nM, 75 nM, 100 nM, 300 nM, 1000 nM) to detect FOXG1 protein. (b)Immunofluorescence images of WT hESCs derived NPCs, FOXG1S/SNPCs and FOXG1-GGS derived NPCs for HA (green), FOXG1 (red). Scale bar, 100 µm.









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Supplementary Figure 6. FOXG1 Regulates the Proliferation of Telencephalic Progenitors and Cortical GABA Interneuron Development in a Dose Dependent

Manner. (**a**, **c**) Immunofluorescence images (**a**) and quantification (**c**) of FOXG1 - expressing telencephalic progenitors (day 13) for HA (green), PAX6 (red), SOX1 (magent under the treatment of different concentration of ASV (0 nM, 50 nM, 100 nM, 1000 nM), showed dosage regulation of FOXG1 protein. Scale bar, 100 μ m. (**b**, **d**) Immunofluorescence images (**b**) and and quantification (**d**) of FOXG1-expressing medial ganglionic eminence (MGE, day 25) progenitors for HA (green), *NKX2-1* (red) under the treatment of different concentration of ASV (0 nM, 50 nM, 100 nM). Scale bar, 100 μ m. (**e**, **f**) qPCR analysis on day 25 (n=3) under treatment of ASV (0 nM, 50 nM, 100 nM, 1000 nM) for *HES1* (**e**) and *NKX2-1* (**f**). (**g**) qPCR analysis on day 13 and day 25 (n=3) under treatment of ASV (0 nM, 50 nM, 100 nM) for *OLIG2* and *DLX2*. Error bar represents SEM (*p < 0.05, **p < 0.01, ***p < 0.001, **** p < 0.0001).



WT hESCs Derived GABA Interneutron (Day 60)

GABA

TUJ1

b

50 \sim 100 *** ns *** 100-ns 50



DAP

DAPI/vGAT/GABA







f



- ASV

+ ASV

Supplementary Figure 7 . FOXG1 Insufficiency Block Cortical GABA Interneuron Induction and Maturation. (a) Immunofluorescence images of WT hESCs derived cortica GABA interneuron (day 60) for TUJ1 (green), GABA (red) with or without ASV treatment (μ M). (b) Immunofluorescence im ages of *FOXG1*^{S/S} hESCs derived cortical GABA interneuron (day 60) for vGAT (green), GABA (red), showed colocalized GABA and vGAT expression Scale bar, 100 µm. (c) Representative images of GABA interneurons from eacl ASV treatment group (0 nM, 50 nM, 100 nM, 1000 nM) on day 60. Scale bar, 100 µm. (d, e) Immunofluorescence images (d) and quantification (e) on day 60 for TUJ1 (green), FOXG1-*HA* (red) under the treatment of different concentration of ASV (0nM, 50nM, 100n 1000nM). Scale bar, 100 µm. (f) A DIC image of *FOXG1*^{S/S} hESCs derived neurons on day 60. (g, h) Voltage-current relationships for Na+ currents on day 60. Error bar represents SEM (*p < 0.05, **p < 0.01, ***p < 0.001, **** p < 0.0001).

FOXG1^{s/s} derived hMGEOs (day 50) +ASV (nM)



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Hierarchical Cluster of DEGs (Union)

Supplementary Figure 8. RNA-seq Analysis of Derived Cortical GABA Interneurons.

(a) Immunostaining against Caspase3 (green) on FOXG1S/S hESCs derived hMGEOs from each ASV treatment group (0 nM, 50 nM, 100 nM, 1000 nM). Scale bar, 500 μ m. (b) Hierarchical clustering between sampl es. (c) Venn diagram of DEGs. The red number represents the up -regulated gene amount, blue number represents the down -regulated gene amount. (d) Heatmap of hierarchical clustering of DEGs. Coloring indicates the log2 transformed fold change. Union indicatethe file contents are intersection or union of DEGs among different comparison groups. (e) Expression profile of DEGs related to variety of synapses formation. Coloring indicates the log2 transformed fold change.

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d

D20 D70





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FOXG1^{s/s} derived hCOs (day 30) ASV=0



h

FOXG1s/s derived hCOs (day 42) +ASV (nM)



i *FOXG1s/s* derived hCOs (day 42)



Supplementary Figure 9. Model FOXG1 syndrome in hPSC -derived cortical organoids using SMASh. (a) Haematoxylin and eosin (HE) staining images of WT hESC derived cortical organoids on day 20 and day 70 with or without ASV treatment. Scale bar 500 µm. (b) MA plots chart of differentially expressed genes (DEGs) with or without ASV treatment. Red, blue and gray dots represent up -regulated, down-regulated DEGs and non-DEGs. (c) Correlation heatmap showing correlation between group with or without ASV treatment. (d) Immunostaining image for SOX2 of hMGEOs on day 20 and on day 70 Scale bar, 500 µm. (e) Immunostaining image for SOX2 of hMGEOs on day 20. Dashed lines highlight a gap between VZ and SVZ zone. Scale bar, 100 µm. (f) Immunostaining image for SOX2 of hMGEOs on day 70, showing the diminishment of VZ-like area. Dashed lines highlight gaps among VZ, iSVZ and oSVZ zone. Scale bar, 100 μm. (**g**) Representative Immunostaining images of FOXG1^{S/S} hESCs derived hCOs on day 30 for PAX6 (red), SOX2 (magenta), HA (green). Scale bar, 100 µm. (**h**) Representative Immunostaining images of FOXG1^{S/S} hESCs derived hCOs on day 42 forNKX2-1 (green). Scale bar, 200 µm. (i) Western blot of FOXG1^{s/s} hESCs derived hCOs on day 42 to detect ventral forebrain maker NKX2-1, showed decreasing of NKX2-1 protein level, as shutting off FOXG1 protein production.



Supplementary Figure 10. Uncropped images of western blots in main figures.



Supplementary Figure 11. Uncropped images of western blots in supplemental figures.



Supplemental Figure 1e

200 400 600 800 1.0K

FSC-H :: FSC-Height

Single cell 74.7

1.0K

800

600 400

200

0

SSC-H :: SSC-Height

Fig. 1i



Supplemental Figure 3h





Supplementary Figure 12. All FACS sequential gating strategies in figures.

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Supplementary Table 1

Primers for Off-target Analysis

B2M-OT1-F:	TTTCCTGAAGTCTTTCTCCTCG	B2M-OT1-R:	CTAAAATGGCAATGCTGATGCCTG
B2M-OT2-F:	CCTCAGTTTCCCCATATGAACATG	B2M-OT2-R:	AGCTGCTTGTTGGATTGTGCATGG
B2M-OT3-F:	CTGATATGTTGATTGCTGGTGGAG	B2M-OT3-R:	TCCGGGGATGCAAGGACCATTG
ZnHit1-OT4-F:	AGGTGTGCTGATGCTCTGTCAGG	ZnHit1-OT4-R:	GACAACAGTGACCTGGTGATGCTG
ZnHit1-OT5-F:	ATAGCCACACCGGGCTGTGCTCC	ZnHit1-OT5-R:	ATGAAGAGTGAGTTAGTTTCGACAG
SOX17-OT1-F:	TTCTCCACTGAATAACCACCCAGG	SOX17-OT1-R:	AGAGCAGGAGCCTCAGGTGAG
SOX17-OT2-F:	TAAAACATAGAGCATGCCCTCAAAG	SOX17-OT2-R:	AATGAAATCTTTCTAGGAAGCCCG
SOX17-OT3-F:	AATAGTACACATGTACTTTCCTGTTG	SOX17-OT3-R:	ACAATTCCAAAGATCTCTACTAATTG
SOX17-OT4-F:	CCAAAATAATACGGAAACTTTGACAAG	SOX17-OT4-R:	GCAGATTATCTCCCATGACCTG
SOX17-OT5-F:	GATTGTCTTATCTTCTTAGAGAACTG	SOX17-OT5-R:	GACCAAAATAATACGGAAACTTTGACAAG
TP53-OT1-F:	CTTGATGTCTCTCTGTCTCTTTTG	TP53-OT1-R:	AATTCTGAGCCTCCCTCTGCTGG
TP53-OT2-F:	CTAACAAAATTGTAGCTGACCTCCA	TP53-OT2-R:	TTGTTGTTGGCAGCACCAAGCAG
TP53-OT3-F:	ATTCTCCCAGGAGAAACATCAGAG	TP53-OT3-R:	CTGAGGGAGCTCCAGCTCCAG
TP53-OT4-F:	GGCGTTCCGAATGACCTCAG	TP53-OT4-R:	CACGCTTCGGACGTGTGGAG
TP53-OT5-F:	TGGGAGCTGGAGGTTGCAATAAG	TP53-OT5-R:	AGAGAGATGGCTTAAGTGGTTCTG
FOXG1-OT1-F	CATCTACATTGGTATCAAATATCAGG	FOXG1-OT1-R	TGAGTCCTATCTAGGTCTATATAAG
FOXG1-OT2-F	CTACTCTGTTGTGATTTCTGCTGG	FOXG1-OT2-R	ATCACAATTCAAGTTACATCAGGG
FOXG1-OT3-F	CCAGGTGGAGAATATTTGTATGG	FOXG1-OT3-R	GAAACACAGATCACTTCTGTGG
FOXG1-OT4-F	TAAATGGTTAATGAGACATGCC	FOXG1-OT4-R	TCTGCATGTAGTACTCAGAAAGG
FOXG1-OT5-F	CTGGTCTTTAAAGCTCCATCCTG	FOXG1-OT5-R	ACAAATACCTGCGTGATTTCCCAG
SOX2-OT1-F	ACCTCCGGGACCTGATCAGCACG	SOX2-OT1-R	TCCATGCTGTTTCCTACTCTCCTC
SOX2-OT2-F	GGAGCAATCACAGCTTTCTACTTCC	SOX2-OT2-R	TAAATGTATTTCATCATTAAGGC
SOX2-OT3-F	GCTCGATACATTGGCATGGTATAG	SOX2-OT3-R	TTCAGCGTTTAAAGCACATCCTCTG
SOX2-OT4-F	GCTGCAACCACTCTTGGCATTCC	SOX2-OT4-R	AGAGTAACTGTCCAACGGGCATG
SOX2-OT5-F	TCTTGGGTGTTCCCTTAACCTTGG	SOX2-OT5-R	TCACCTGATTGACGACAAAGGTGG

Supplementary Table 2

B2M-seq-F:	TTTCCTGAATTGCTATGTGTCTGGG	B2M-seq-R:	TCTGTTTCCCTTTATCTCCTCTAGTG
FOXG1-seq-F:	CAAGTACGAGAAGCCGCCGTTCAG	FOXG1-seq-R:	CACAACACAAACTGAAGGCAATCG
SOX2-seq-F:	AGCGCCCGCATGTACAACATGATG	SOX2-seq-R:	GCAACTGTCCTAAATTTCAGCTGCAG
SOX17-seq-F:	AGAAGCGGCCCTTCGTGGAGGAG	SOX17-seq-R:	CCTTCTACTTAAAGTGATATACTGG
TP53-seq-F:	GAATCCTATAACCACATTCTTGCCTC	TP53-seq-R:	TCTACCTAACCAGCTGCCCAACTG
ZnHit1-seq-F:	TCTGCAGAACTTGAGTGTGGCCGAG	ZnHit1-seq-R:	GAAACTTCTGGGTTTTCCGTACTG
AAVS1-seq-F:	TCGACCTACTCTCTCCGCATTGG	AAVS1-seq-R:	CGCACCGTGGGCTTGTACTCGG
SMASh-seq-R:	GGAGCCCTTATCATCGTCGTCCTTG		

Primers for Genotyping of SMASh Tagged hESC Colonies.

Supplementary Table 3

Primers for qRT-PCR.

RT-LHX9-F:	GGGAGTGGACATCGTCAATTA	RT-LHX9-R:	GTCTTCTGCGAGGGTGGATA
RT-HES1-F:	CGGACATTCTGGAAATGACA	RT-HES1-R:	TACTTCCCCAGCACACTTGG
RT-PAX6-F:	TCCGTTGGAACTGATGGAGT	RT-PAX6-R:	GTTGGTATCCGGGGACTTC
RT-NKX2-1-F:	TGAACGTAAGATGGAGGAACA	RT-NKX2-1-R:	GCCAAGGTCAGCCTTATTGA
RT-DLX2-F:	AGCAGCTATGACCTGGGCTA	RT-DLX2-R:	AATTTCAGGCTCAAGGTCCT
RT-ASCL1-F:	CTAAAGATGCAGGTTGTGC	RT-ASCL1-R:	GGAGCTTCTCGACTTCACCA
RT-SIX6-F:	CTGTGACAGGACCTGCTGC	RT-SIX6-R:	CAACCGGACTGACCCCTAC
RT-OLIG2-F:	GATAGTCGTCGCAGCTTTCG	RT-OLIG2-R:	CCTGAGGCTTTTCGGAGC
RT-SST-F:	TGGGTTCAGACAGCAGCTC	RT-SST-R:	CCCAGACTCCGTCAGTTTCT
RT-GAD1-F:	GCGGACCCCAATACCACTAAC	RT-GAD1-R:	CACAAGGCGACTCTTCTCTTC
RT-PDGFRA-F:	TTGAAGGCAGGCACATTTACA	RT-PDGFRA-R:	GCGACAAGGTATAATGGCAGAAT
RT-MYT1-F:	GAAGGAGCCCCGTCAAGTC	RT-MYT1-R:	AGAAGTTGCGATGATTCCCTG
RT-SOX10-F:	CCTCACAGATCGCCTACACC	RT-SOX10-R:	CATATAGGAGAAGGCCGAGTAGA
RT-NPY2R-F:	CATCTTGCTTGGGGTAATTGGC	RT-NPY2R-R:	AGAGTGAACGGTAGACACAGAG
RT-RAX-F:	AAGCCCCTCGACCCTACTG	RT-RAX-R:	CCGCCGATGCTTTTTCTTGG
RT-OTP-F:	GCACAGCTCAACGAGTTGGA	RT-OTP-R:	GTCAGCCCGATACGCAGTG
RT-PMCH-F:	TTTCAAAGAACACAGGCTCCAAA	RT-PMCH-R:	GCATACATCTGAGCATGTCAAAATC
RT-GAPDH-F:	CGGATTTGGTCGTATTGGG	RT-GAPDH-R:	CGCTCCTGGAAGATGGTGAT