Supporting information

1 Experimental protocols

1.1 Chemistry and chemical methods

Most chemicals and solvents were of analytical grade and, when necessary, were purified and dried by standard methods. Reactions were monitored by thin-layer chromatography (TLC) using precoated silica gel plates (silica gel GF/UV 254), and spots were visualized under UV light (254 nm). Melting points (uncorrected) were determined on a Mel-TEMP II melting point apparatus and are uncorrected. ¹H-NMR and ¹³C-NMR spectra were recorded with a Bruker Avance 300 MHz spectrometer at 300 K, using TMS as an internal standard. MS spectra were recorded on a Shimadzu GC-MS 2050 (ESI) or an Agilent 1946A-MSD (ESI) Mass Spectrum. Column chromatography was performed with silica gel (200-300 mesh). Chemical shifts (d) are expressed in parts per million relative to tetramethylsilane, which was used as an internal standard, coupling constants (*J*) are in hertz (Hz), and the signals are designated as follows: s, singlet; d, doublet; t, triplet; m, multiplet.

1.1.1 The preparation of 4-Nitrobenzonitrile (2)

To dissolved 4-Nitrobenzaldehyde **1** (5 g, 33.11 mmol), hydroxylamine hydrochloride (4.24 g, 66 mmol) in 50 ml DMSO. The mixture was heated to 100° C for 0.5 h, The residue was poured into water and the resulting precipitate was recovered by filtration, and dried at infrared to give pale yellow solid **2** as crude(4 g, 82%). MS (ESI, m/z):149.1[M+H]⁺.

1.1.2 4-Nitrobenzimidamide hydrochloride (3)

4-Nitrobenzonitrile **3** (1.8 g, 12.1mmol),Sodium methanolate (0.07 g, 1.3 mmol) were added into 20 ml Methanol and stirred for 5 h at room temperature. After that, ammonium chloride (0.65 g, 12.2 mmol) was added and stirred for 4 h at room temperature. The mixture was filtrated to collect the filtrate and then concentration. The residue was washed with diethyl ether to give pale yellow solid **3** (1.1 g, 97%). MS (ESI, m/z):187.3[M+H]⁺.

1.1.3 2-(4-nitrophenyl)pyrimidine-4,6-diol (4)

A solution of Sodium methanolate in (5.1 g, 102.6 mmol) in 30 ml dry methanol was dropped into the mixture of 4-Nitrobenzimidamide hydrochloride **3**, diethyl malonate dissolved in 70 ml dry methanol and then heated to 70°C for 4h under N₂. After reaction completed, the reaction liquid was poured into 150 ml H₂O, and adjusted the pH to 4~5 with 6N HCl. The resulting precipitate was recovered by filtration, and dried at infrared to give yellow solid **4** (9.5g, 87.4%). MS (ESI, m/z):234.3[M+H]⁺.

1.1.4 4,6-dichloro-2-(4-nitrophenyl)pyrimidine (5)

To the suspension of 2-(4-nitrophenyl)pyrimidine-4,6-diol **4** (9.5g, 40.5 mmol) in POCl₃ 20 ml, was added a few drops of DMF, then the reaction mixture was stirred at 100 °C for 8 h. The reaction liquid was dropped slowly into 200mL ice water. The resulting precipitate was filtered and purify by flash chromatography to give yellow solid **5** (5.0 g, 46.3%). MS (ESI, m/z) 270.3[M+H]⁺.

1.1.5 4-(4,6-dichloropyrimidin-2-yl)aniline (6)

A suspension of 4,6-dichloro-2-(4-nitrophenyl)pyrimidine **5** (2.8g, 10.37mmol), Fe (1.75 g, 31.1 mmol), NH₄Cl (1.69 g, 31.1 mmol) in30 ml CH₃OH: H₂O (1:1) was heated to reflux for 2h. The hot mixture was then filtered through a Celite pad, and the filtrate was evaporated under vacuum. The residue was dissolved in EtOAc and washed with H₂O, and the aqueous phase was further extracted with ethyl acetate (2×20 mL). The organic extracts were combined, dried over Na₂SO₄, filtered, and evaporated under vacuum to obtain yellow solid 6 (1.5, 60.7%). MS (ESI, m/z):240.2[M+H]⁺.

1.1.6 The preparation of N-(4-(4,6-dichloropyrimidin-2-yl)phenyl)acrylamide (7)

To a solution of compound **6** in 5 ml dry DMF at 0°C was subsequently added triethylamine (0.64 ml, 4.58 mmol), then dropwise added the acyl chloride (0.38 ml,4.58 mmol) dissolved in 5 ml dry DMF. The solution was stirred for 1h at 0°C. The aqueous phase was further extracted with ethyl acetate (2×20 mL). The organic extracts were combined, dried over Na₂SO₄, filtered and concentrated, the residue was subjected to column purification to give yellow solid 7 (0.3 g, 56.5%). MS (ESI, m/z):294.1[M+H]⁺.

1.1.7 N,N-dimethyl-4-nitrobenzamide (9a)

A suspension of 4-Nitrobenzoyl chloride **8** (0.5 g, 2.7 mmol), dimethylamine hydrochloride (0.33 g, 4.05 mmol) in dry THF was stirred for 1h at 0°C. After that, the mixture was then poured into water. The resulting precipitate was recovered by filtration and purified by column chromatography to give white solid **9a** (0.48 g, 91.5%). MS (ESI, m/z):195.2[M+H]⁺.

1.1.8 N,N-diethyl-4-nitrobenzamide (9b)

Compound **9b** was synthesized from **8** and diethylamine hydrochloride following the similar procedure described above for the preparation of **9a**. (yield, 85.1%) . MS (ESI, m/z):223.2[M+H]⁺.

1.1.9 (4-nitrophenyl)(pyrrolidin-1-yl)methanone (9c)

Compound **9c** was synthesized from **8** and tetrahydro pyrrole following the similar procedure described above for the preparation of **9a**. (yield, 45.2%). MS (ESI,m/z):221.2[M+H]⁺.

1.1.10 morpholino(4-nitrophenyl)methanone (9d)

Compound **9d** was synthesized from **8** and morpholine following the similar procedure described above for the preparation of **9a**. (yield, 94.1%). MS (ESI, m/z):237.1[M+H]⁺.

1.1.11 N-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-nitrobenzamide (9e)

Compound **9e** was synthesized from **8** and 4-Fluoroaniline following the similar procedure described above for the preparation of **9a**. (yield, 69.5%). MS (ESI, m/z):231.1[M+H]⁺.

1.1.12 N-(3,5-bis(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)-4-nitrobenzamide (9f)

Compound **9f** was synthesized from **8** and 3,5-Bis(trifluoromethyl)aniline following the similar procedure described above for the preparation of **9a**. (yield, 91.8%. MS (ESI, m/z):379.2[M+H]⁺.

1.1.13 4-nitro-N-(m-tolyl)benzamide (9g)

Compound **9g** was synthesized from 8 and m-Toluidine following the similar procedure described above for the preparation of **9a**. (yield, 96.2%). MS (ESI, m/z):257.3[M+H]⁺.

1.1.14 N-(4-methoxyphenyl)-4-nitrobenzamide (9h)

Compound **9h** was synthesized from **8** and p-Anisidine following the similar procedure described above for the preparation of **9a**. (yield, 96.2%). MS (ESI, m/z):273.3[M+H]⁺.

1.1.15 The preparation of N-(2,5-dimethylphenyl)-4-nitrobenzamide (9i)

Compound **9i** was synthesized from **8** and 2,5-Dimethylaniline following the similar procedure described above for the preparation of **9a**. (yield, 92.6%). MS (ESI, m/z):271.1[M+H]⁺.

1.1.16 4-amino-N,N-dimethylbenzamide (10a)

A suspension of compound **9a** (0.5, 2.3mmol), Fe (0.38g, 6.9mmol), NH₄Cl (0.37g, 6.9mmol) in CH₃OH : H₂O (1:1) was heated to reflux for 1h. After that, the mixture was then poured into water. The resulting precipitate was recovered by filtration and purified by column chromatography to give white solid **10a** (0.34 g, 78.2%). MS (ESI, m/z):193.1[M+ H]⁺.

1.1.17 4-amino-N,N-diethylbenzamide (10b)

Compound **10b** was synthesized from **9b** following the similar procedure described above for the preparation of **10a**. (yield, 78.2%). MS (ESI, m/z):193.1[M+H]⁺.

1.1.18 (4-aminophenyl)(pyrrolidin-1-yl)methanone (10c)

Compound **10c** was synthesized from **9c** following the similar procedure described above for the preparation of **10a**. (yield, 89.4%). MS (ESI,m/z):191.1[M+H]⁺.

1.1.19 (4-aminophenyl)(morpholino)methanone (10d)

Compound **10d** was synthesized from **9d** following the similar procedure described above for the preparation of **10a**. (yield, 78.7%). MS (ESI, m/z):207.3[M+H]⁺.

1.1.20 4-amino-N-(4-fluorophenyl)benzamide (10e)

Compound **10e** was synthesized from **9e** following the similar procedure described above for the preparation of **10a**. (yield, 87.6%). MS (ESI, m/z):206.3[M+H]⁺.

1.1.21 4-amino-N-(3,5-bis(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)benzamide (10f)

Compound **10f** was synthesized from **9f** following the similar procedure described above for the preparation of **10a**. (yield, 84.0%). MS (ESI, m/z):349.1[M+ H]⁺.

1.1.22 4-amino-N-(m-tolyl)benzamide (10g)

Compound **10g** was synthesized from **9g** following the similar procedure described above for the preparation of **10a**. (yield, 60.8%). MS (ESI, m/z):227.2[M+H]⁺.

1.1.23 4-amino-N-(4-methoxyphenyl)benzamide (10h)

Compound **10h** was synthesized from **9h** following the similar procedure described above for the preparation of **10a**. (yield, 71.2%). MS (ESI, m/z):243.2[M+H]⁺.

1.1.24 4-amino-N-(2,5-dimethylphenyl)benzamide (10i)

Compound **10i** was synthesized from **9i** following the similar procedure described above for the preparation of **10a**. (yield, 68.0%). MS (ESI, m/z):241.3[M+ H]⁺.

1.1.25 4-((2-(4-acrylamidophenyl)-6-chloropyrimidin-4-yl)amino)-N,N-dimethylbenzamide (11a)

A suspension of compound **7** (0.2 g, 0.68 mmol), compound **10a** (0.08 g, 0.45 mmol), K_2CO_3 (0.25 g, 1.8 mmol), $Pd(Ph_3P)_2Cl_2$ (0.03g, 0.045mmol) in 10 ml dry 1,4-dioxane was heated to reflux for 10 h. After that, the mixture was filtrated to collect the filtrate, The organic phase was further extracted with ethyl acetate (3×20 mL). The organic extracts were combined, dried over Na₂SO₄, filtered and concentrated, the residue was subjected to column purification to give white solid **11a** (70 mg, 34%). mp:238-240°C.¹H NMR (300 MHz, *d*₆-DMSO) δ 10.44 (s, 1 H), 10.09 (s, 1 H), 8.29 (d, *J* = 8.8 Hz, 2 H), 7.83 (t, *J* = 9.0 Hz, 4 H), 7.50 (d, *J* = 8.5 Hz, 2 H), 6.76 (s, 1 H), 6.49 (dd, *J* = 17.1, 10.2 Hz, 1 H), 6.31 (d, *J* = 17.0 Hz, 1 H), 5.81 (d, *J* = 9.7 Hz, 1 H), 2.99 (s, 6 H). ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, *d*₆-DMSO) δ 169.84, 163.38, 163.30, 161.15, 158.41, 141.85, 140.31, 131.64, 131.17, 130.32, 128.81, 128.31, 127.46, 119.11, 119.02, 103.15, 22.07. HRMS (ESI) m/z calcd for C₂₂H₂₀ClN₅O₂ [M+H]+ 422.1392, found 422.1387.

1.1.26 4-((2-(4-acrylamidophenyl)-6-chloropyrimidin-4-yl)amino)-N,N-diethylbenzamide (11b)

Compound **11b** was synthesized from **7** and **10b** following the similar procedure described above for the preparation of **11a**. (yield, 20.5%). mp:158-161°C.¹H NMR (300 MHz, d_6 -DMSO) δ 10.71 (s, 1 H), 10.53 (s, 1 H), 8.27 (d, J = 8.7 Hz, 2 H), 7.98 – 7.79 (m, 4 H), 7.42 (d, J = 8.6 Hz, 2 H), 6.90 (s, 1 H), 6.58 (dd, J = 16.9, 10.2 Hz, 1 H), 6.29 (d, J = 17.1 Hz, 1 H), 5.79 (d, J = 13.6 Hz, 1 H), 1.20 (d, J =16.6 Hz, 4 H), 1.13 (d, J = 6.7 Hz, 6 H). ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, d_6 -DMSO) δ 169.76, 163.38, 161.18, 158.39, 141.84, 139.96, 131.66, 131.36, 131.17, 128.81, 127.45, 127.29, 119.37, 119.01, 103.06, 30.32, 28.97. HRMS (ESI) m/z calcd for C₂₄H₂₄ClN₅O₂ [M+H]⁺450.1703, found 450.1697.

1.1.27 N-(4-(4-chloro-6-((4-(pyrrolidine-1-carbonyl)phenyl)amino)pyrimidin-2-yl)phenyl) acrylamide (11c)

Compound **11c** was synthesized from **7** and **10c** following the similar procedure described above for the preparation of **11a**. (yield, 32.3 %). mp:234-236 °C.¹H NMR (400 MHz, d_6 -DMSO) δ 10.45 (s, 1 H), 10.11 (s, 1 H), 8.29 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 2 H), 7.90 – 7.78 (m, 4 H), 7.63 (d, J = 8.6 Hz, 2 H), 6.81 – 6.72 (m, 1 H), 6.49 (dd, J = 24.0, 12.0 Hz, 1 H), 6.31(d, J = 23.1, 1 H), 5.80 (d, J = 12.31 H), 3.46 (q, J =24.1 Hz, 4 H), 1.85 (q, J = 4.8 Hz, 4 H). ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, d_6 -DMSO) δ 167.83, 163.40, 163.33, 161.16, 158.44, 141.85, 140.64, 131.68, 131.21, 131.07, 128.79, 128.35, 127.34, 119.02, 103.17, 49.00, 46.04, 26.04, 23.88. HRMS (ESI) m/z calcd for C₂₄H₂₂ClN₅O₂ [M+H]⁺448.1551, found 448.1544.

1.1.28 N-(4-(4-chloro-6-((4-(morpholine-4-carbonyl)phenyl)amino)pyrimidin-2-yl)phenyl) acrylamide (11d)

Compound **11d** was synthesized from **7** and **10d** following the similar procedure described above for the preparation of **11**a. (yield, 23.5%). mp:215-217°C.¹H NMR (400 MHz, d_6 -DMSO) δ 10.69 (s, 1 H), 10.51 (s, 1 H), 8.27 (t, J = 8.7 Hz, 2 H), 7.89 (dd, J = 8.6, 3.7 Hz, 4 H), 7.50 (d, J =8.6 Hz, 2 H), 6.90 (s, 1 H), 6.58 (dd, J = 17.0, 10.2 Hz, 1 H), 6.29 (d, J = 17.0,1 H), 5.79 (d, J = 11.4, 1 H), 3.59 (t, 4 H), 3.50 (t, 4 H).¹³C NMR (101 MHz, d_6 -DMSO) δ 169.47, 163.97, 163.82, 161.72, 158.80, 142.43, 141.28, 132.28, 131.70, 129.71, 129.24, 128.87, 127.74, 119.67, 119.56, 104.12, 66.62. HRMS (ESI) m/z calcd for C₂₄H₂₂ClN₅O₃ [M+H]⁺464.1494, found 464.1486. 1.1.29 4-((2-(4-acrylamidophenyl)-6-chloropyrimidin-4-yl)amino)-N-(4-fluorophenyl)benzamide
(11e)

Compound **11e** was synthesized from **7** and **10e** following the similar procedure described above for the preparation of **11a.** (yield, 22.6%). mp:199-201°C.¹H NMR (400 MHz, d_6 -DMSO) δ 10.68 (s, 1 H), 10.58 (s, 1 H), 10.27 (s, 1 H), 8.31 (d, J = 8.7 Hz, 2 H), 8.08 (d, J = 8.7 Hz, 2 H), 7.98 (d, J = 8.7 Hz, 2 H), 7.90 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 2 H), 7.83 (d, J = 5.2 Hz, 2 H),7.20 (d, J = 8.9 Hz, 2 H), 6.92 (s, 1 H), 6.57 (dd, J = 16.9, 10.1 Hz, 1 H), 6.31 (d, J = 16.9 Hz, 1 H), 5.80 (d, J = 11.9 Hz, 1 H). ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, d_6 -DMSO) δ 164.79, 163.51, 163.31, 161.18, 158.35, 142.62, 142.04, 131.81, 131.14, 128.76, 128.72, 128.16, 127.22, 122.14, 122.06, 119.05, 118.81, 115.16, 114.95, 103.68. HRMS (ESI) m/z calcd for C₂₆H₁₉ClFN₅O₂[M+H]⁺488.1295, found 488.1288.

1.1.30 4-((2-(4-acrylamidophenyl)-6-chloropyrimidin-4-yl)amino)-N-(3,5-bis(trifluoromethyl) phenyl)benzamide (11f)

Compound **11f** was synthesized from **7** and **10f** following the similar procedure described above for the preparation of **11a**. (yield, 24.7%). mp:221-223 °C.¹H NMR (300 MHz, d_6 -DMSO) δ 10.66 (s, 1 H), 10.42 (s, 1 H), 10.19 (s, 1 H), 8.53 (s, 2 H), 8.26 (d, J = 8.5 Hz, 2 H), 8.06 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 2 H), 7.98 – 7.86 (m, 2 H), 7.83 (d, J = 8.5 Hz, 2 H), 7.73 (s, 1 H), 6.73 (s, 1 H), 6.47 (dd, J = 16.7, 9.9 Hz, 1 H), 6.29 (d, J = 16.7 Hz, 1 H), 5.78 (d, J = 10.2 Hz, 1 H). ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, d_6 -DMSO) δ 165.36, 163.37, 163.27, 160.97, 158.52, 143.04, 141.90, 141.28, 131.65, 131.10, 130.74, 130.31, 128.97, 128.75, 127.34, 127.07, 125.09, 121.48, 119.59, 118.94, 118.78, 103.66.HRMS (ESI) m/z calcd for C₂₈H₁₈ClF₆N₅O₂ [M+H]⁺ 606.1136, found 606.1133.

1.1.31 4-((2-(4-acrylamidophenyl)-6-chloropyrimidin-4-yl)amino)-N-(m-tolyl)benzamide (11g)

Compound **11g** was synthesized from **7** and **10f** following the similar procedure described above for the preparation of **11a.** (yield, 23.8%). mp:143-145°C.¹H NMR (300 MHz, d_6 -DMSO) δ 10.44 (s, 1 H), 10.17 (s, 1 H), 10.08 (s, 1 H), 8.30 (d, J = 8.6 Hz, 2 H), 8.06 (d, J = 8.5 Hz, 2 H), 7.96 – 7.88 (m, 2 H), 7.85 (d, J = 8.6 Hz, 2 H), 7.64 (s, 1 H), 7.59 (d, J = 7.7 Hz, 1 H), 7.21 (t, J =

7.8 Hz, 1 H), 6.89 (d, J = 7.4 Hz, 1 H), 6.76 (s, 1 H), 6.49 (dd, J = 16.9, 10.0 Hz, 1 H), 6.30 (d, J = 16.1 Hz, 1 H), 5.79 (d, J = 11.1 Hz, 1 H), 2.30 (s, 3 H). ¹³C NMR (75MHz, d_6 -DMSO) δ 165.27, 163.91, 163.83, 161.58, 159.03, 142.82, 142.41, 139.75, 138.14, 132.17, 131.69, 129.29, 129.12, 128.85, 127.89, 124.60, 121.32, 119.52, 119.39, 117.96, 104.01, 40.81, 40.52, 40.24, 39.97, 39.69, 39.41, 39.14, 21.71. HRMS (ESI) m/z calcd for C₂₇H₂₂ClN₅O₂ [M+H]⁺484.1544, found 484.1539.

1.1.32 4-((2-(4-acrylamidophenyl)-6-chloropyrimidin-4-yl)amino)-N-(4-methoxyphenyl) benzamide (11h)

Compound **11h** was synthesized from **7** and **10h** following the similar procedure described above for the preparation of **11a.** (yield, 22.0%). mp:191-193 °C.¹H NMR (400 MHz, d_6 -DMSO) δ 10.57 (s, 1 H), 10.40 (s, 1 H), 10.07 (s, 1 H), 8.31 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 2 H), 8.06 (d, J = 8.7 Hz, 2 H), 7.95 (d, J = 8.7 Hz, 2 H), 7.88 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 2 H), 7.71 (d, J = 9.0 Hz, 2 H), 6.94 (d, J = 9.1 Hz, 2 H), 6.86 (s, 1 H), 6.57 – 6.47 (dd,1H), 6.30 (d,1 H), 5.81 (d, 1 H), 3.76(s, 3 H).¹³C NMR(101 MHz, d_6 -DMSO) δ 164.96, 163.97, 163.85, 161.63, 159.01, 155.93, 142.72, 142.41, 132.87, 132.19, 131.72, 129.88, 129.27, 129.15, 127.87, 122.43, 119.57, 119.43, 114.19, 103.99, 55.66. HRMS (ESI) m/z calcd for C₂₇H₂₂ClN₅O₃ [M+H]⁺ 500.1494, found 500.1487.

1.1.33 4-((2-(4-acrylamidophenyl)-6-chloropyrimidin-4-yl)amino)-N-(2,5-dimethylphenyl) Benzamide (11i)

Compound **11i** was synthesized from **7** and **10i** following the similar procedure described above for the preparation of **11a.** (yield, 27.1%). mp:141-143°C.¹H NMR (400 MHz, d_6 -DMSO) δ 10.53 (s, 1 H), 10.31 (s, 1 H), 9.77 (s, 1 H), 8.33 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 2 H), 8.10 (d, J = 8.7 Hz, 2 H), 7.96 (d, J = 8.6 Hz, 2 H), 7.90 (d, J = 8.7 Hz, 2 H), 7.21 (s, 1 H), 7.16 (d, J = 7.7 Hz, 1 H), 6.99 (d, J = 7.5 Hz, 1 H), 6.84 (s, 1 H), 6.54 (dd, J = 16.9, 10.2 Hz, 1 H), 6.34 (d, J = 16.9 HZ,.1 H), 5.82 (d, J = 10.2 Hz, 1 H), 2.30 (s, 3 H), 2.23 (s, 3 H). ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, d_6 -DMSO) δ 164.71, 163.42, 163.34, 161.12, 160.23, 158.50, 142.31, 141.93, 136.36, 134.92, 131.70, 131.19, 130.42, 130.04, 128.80, 128.74, 128.33, 127.35, 127.04, 126.42, 119.04, 118.97, 40.09, 39.88, 39.67, 39.46, 39.25, 39.04, 38.84, 20.50, 17.51. HRMS (ESI) m/z calcd for C₂₈H₂₄ClN₅O₂[M+H]+498.1698, found 498.1695.

1.2 Biological assay method

1.2.1 Cell culture

The human cell lines Raji, HL60, Ramos cells were obtained from Chinese academy of sciences cell bank. Cancer cell lines were maintained as a monolayer culture in PRAM1640 or IMDM (Keygentech, CN), supplemented with 10% FBS (Gibco) in a humidified atmosphere (5% CO₂) at 37°C.

1.2.2 Antiproliferative assays

Cellular chemosensitivity was determined by using a modified MTT method assay in vitro. In brief, Raji and HL60 cells in 200 ml culture medium were seeded into 96-well microplates at 3000-5000 cells per well respectively and cultured in PRAM1640 or IMDM with 10% FBS, incubated at 37 °C for 12-24 h prior to drug exposure. Cell numbers were titrated to keep control cells growing in the exponential phase throughout the 48 h incubation period. Cells were treated with final concentrations of 40, 20, 10, 5 and 1 μ M of tested compounds simultaneously and incubated for 48 h and then 20 ml of MTT solution (5 mg/ml in medium) was added to each well and incubated for 4 h. The formed blue formazan crystals were pelleted to the bottom of the well by tablet centrifugation, separated from the supernatant, and dissolved in 150 ml of DMSO. The optical density at 490 nm was determined by Varioskan Flash Multimode Reader. The IC₅₀ value, that is, the concentration (μ M) of a compound was able to cause 50% cell death with respect to the control culture, was calculated according to the inhibition ratios.

1.2.3 In vitro kinase enzymatic assay

The BTK kinase enzyme assay system (Catalog: V9071, Promega). Concentrations consisting of suitable 100 nM were used for all of the tested compounds. The experiments were performed according to the instructions of the manufacturer. The more detailed and complete protocols can be seen the ADP-Glo[™] kinase Assay Technica Manual availableat:<u>http://cn.promega.com/resources/protocols/product-inf-ormationsheets/n/btk-kinase-enzyme-system-protocol/</u>. The test of Btk was performed in a 384-well plate, through the steps below:

(1) perform a 5 mL kinase reaction using 1× kinase buffer (e.g., 1× reaction buffer A), (2) incubate at room temperature for 60 min, (3) add 5 mL of ADP-GloTM Reagent to stop the kinase reaction and deplete the unconsumed ATP, leaving only ADP and a very low background of ATP, (4) incubate at room temperature for 40 min, (5) add 10 mL of Kinase Detection, (6) reagent to convert ADP to ATP and introduce luciferase and luciferin to detect ATP, (7) incubate at room temperature for 30 min, (8) plate was measured on POLARstar Omega to detect the luminescence (Integration time 0.5-1s).

1.2.4 Western Blot

Cells with different treatments for 24h were washed twice with PBS, then collected and lysed in lysis buffer (100 mM of Tris–Cl, pH 6.8, 4% (m/v) SDS, 20% (v/v) glycerol, 200 mM of β-mercaptoethanol, 1mM of PMSF, 0.1 mM NaF and DTT) for 0.5 h on the ice. The lysates were then subjected to centrifugation (13,000 rpm) at 4 °C for 20 min. Protein concentration in the supernatants was detected by BCA protein assay (Thermo, Waltham, MA). Then equal amount of protein was separated with 12% SDS-PAGE and transferred to polyvinylidene difluoride (PVDF) membranes (Millipore, Bedford, MA) using a semi-dry transfer system (Bio-rad, Hercules, CA). Proteins were detected using specific antibodies overnight at 4 °C followed by HRP-conjugated secondary antibodies for 1 h at 37 °C. All of the antibodies were diluted in PBST containing 1% BSA. Enhanced chemiluminescent reagents (Beyotime, Jiangsu, China) were used to detect the HRP on the immunoblots, and the visualized bands were captured by film. The bands were quantified by Quantity One software (Vision 4.62, Bio-rad, Hercules, CA), and the relative protein level were normalized to β-actin.

1.2.5 Flow Cytometric Analysis.

The Ramos cells were treated with 5 μ M **11g**, DMSO and Ibrutinib for 48 h. After treatment, the cells were washed twice with ice-cold PBS, collected by centrifugation, and fixed in ice-cold 70% (v/v) ethanol, washed with PBS, re-suspended with 0.1 mg/mL RNase, stained with 40 mg/mL PI, and analyzed by flow cytometry using FACScalibur (Becton Dickinson). The cell cycle distributions were calculated using Flowjo 7.6.1 software.

1.2.6 Docking study

The docking study was used with the CDOCKER model of Discovery Studio 3.0. The general step

was step by step according to the course of Discovery Studio software. And the protein surface was simulated with surface model in structure of Discovery Studio 3.0. At last, the docking results were presented with Discovery Studio visualization.





















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