Supplementary information

A novel liver-specific fluorescent anti-cancer drug delivery system using indocyanine green

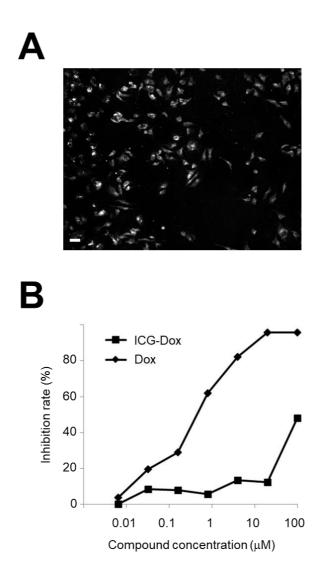
Yoshinori Inagaki^{1,*}, Takashi Kokudo^{1,*}, Mako Kamiya², Shin-nosuke Uno², Masumitsu Sato¹, Junichi Kaneko¹, Norihiro Kokudo¹, Yasuteru Urano², Kiyoshi Hasegawa¹

¹Hepato-Biliary-Pancreatic Surgery Division and Artificial Organ and Transplantation Division, Department of Surgery, Graduate School of Medicine, The University of Tokyo

²Laboratory of Chemical Biology & Molecular Imaging, Graduate School of Medicine, The University of Tokyo

* Authors share co-first authorship.

Corresponding author: Kiyoshi Hasegawa Address: 7-3-1 Hongo, Bunkyo-ku, Tokyo 113-8655, Japan. Tel: +81 338155411; fax: +81 356843989 E-mail address: kihase-tky@umin.ac.jp



Supplementary Figure 1. Effect of an indocyanine green (ICG)-conjugated doxorubicin (ICG-Dox) *in vitro*. (A) Fluorescent image (x100) of hepatocellular carcinoma (HCC) cells 24 h after exposure to ICG-Dox. Scale bar = 50 μ m. (B) An MTT assay of HuH-7 cells 24 h after exposure to ICG-Dox or Dox.



Supplementary Figure 2. Distribution of indocyanine green (ICG) *in vivo.* Fluorescent image of ICG *in vivo* 24 h after intravenous administration.