

Calmodulin-specific small interfering RNA induces consistent expression suppression and morphological changes in *Echinococcus granulosus*

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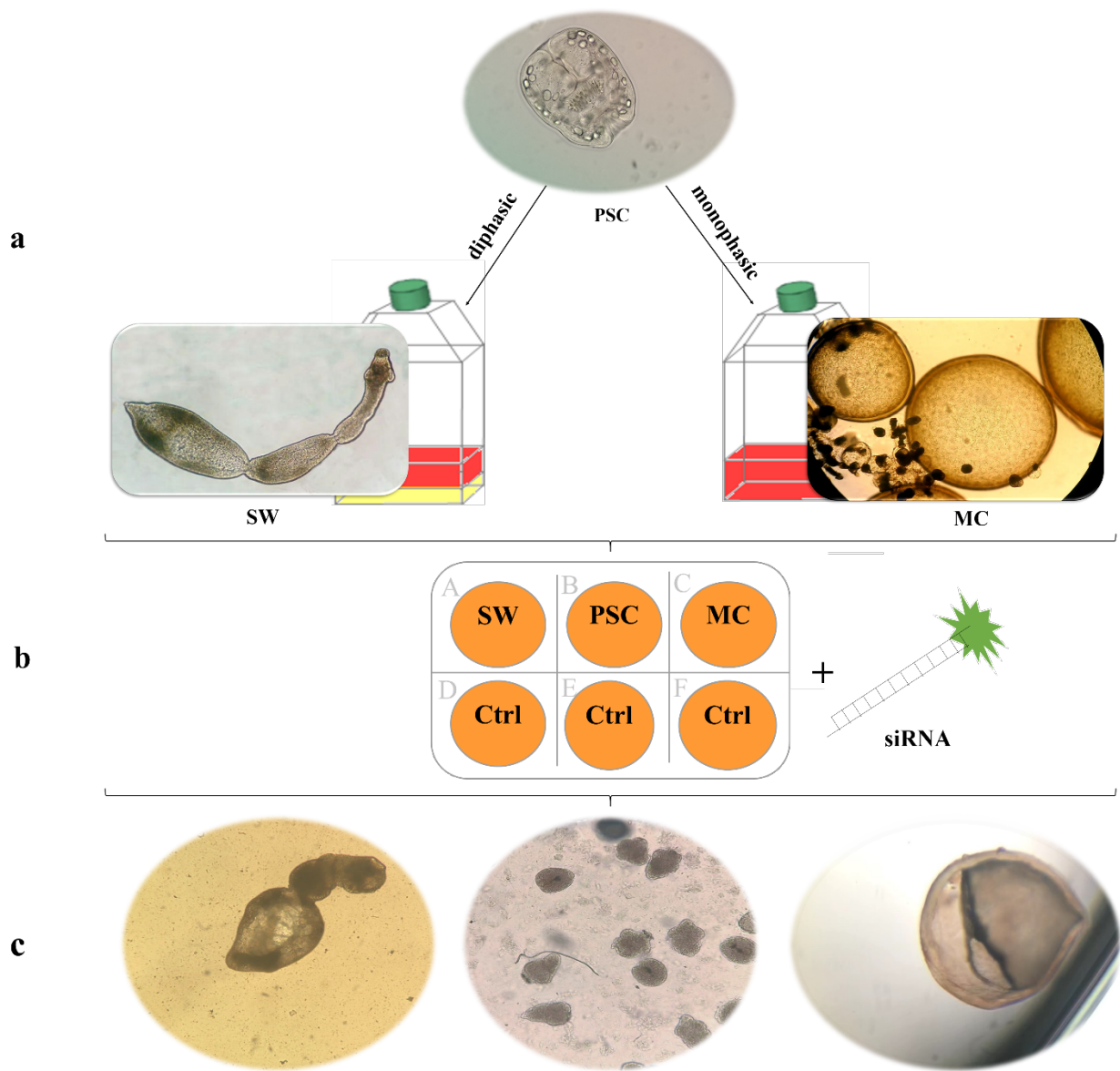
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Supplementary Figure S1. Diagrammatic presentation of the expression suppression and morphological anomalies (c) induced by Calmodulin-specific small interfering RNA (b) on different in vitro developmental stages (a) of *Echinococcus granulosus*. Protoscoleces (PSC), Microcysts (MC), strobilated worms (SW), Control (Ctrl).