

Zachary A. Wood (zaw@uga.edu) Corresponding author(s): Manuscript ID: 2017-08-11396C

Reporting Summary

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Statistica	l parameters

When statistical analyses are reported	, confirm that the following items are	present in the relevant	location (e.g. figu	re legend, table	legend, mair
text, or Methods section).					

n/a	Confirmed
	The exact sample size (n) for each experimental group/condition, given as a discrete number and unit of measurement
	🔀 An indication of whether measurements were taken from distinct samples or whether the same sample was measured repeatedly
\boxtimes	The statistical test(s) used AND whether they are one- or two-sided Only common tests should be described solely by name; describe more complex techniques in the Methods section.
	A description of all covariates tested
	A description of any assumptions or corrections, such as tests of normality and adjustment for multiple comparisons
	A full description of the statistics including <u>central tendency</u> (e.g. means) or other basic estimates (e.g. regression coefficient) AND <u>variation</u> (e.g. standard deviation) or associated <u>estimates of uncertainty</u> (e.g. confidence intervals)
\boxtimes	For null hypothesis testing, the test statistic (e.g. <i>F</i> , <i>t</i> , <i>r</i>) with confidence intervals, effect sizes, degrees of freedom and <i>P</i> value noted <i>Give P values as exact values whenever suitable.</i>
	For Bayesian analysis, information on the choice of priors and Markov chain Monte Carlo settings
\boxtimes	For hierarchical and complex designs, identification of the appropriate level for tests and full reporting of outcomes
\boxtimes	Estimates of effect sizes (e.g. Cohen's d, Pearson's r), indicating how they were calculated
	Clearly defined error bars State explicitly what error bars represent (e.g. SD, SE, CI)

Our web collection on statistics for biologists may be useful.

Software and code

Policy information about availability of computer code

Data collection

Monte-Carlo Simulations: The code generates random self-avoiding conformations for a given n-mer of the UGDH tail, and then analyzes against the protein surface for steric clashes (https://github.com/ugazac/UGDHtail_monte_carlo).

Data analysis

XDS, PHENIX software suite, PRISM (GraphPad Software Inc., San Diego, CA), SEDNTERP, SEDFIT, HYDROPRO, Mascot (Matrix Science, London, UK), HDX Examiner (Sierra Analytics, Modesto, CA), KinTek Global Kinetic Explorer program (KinTek Corp., Austin, TX)

For manuscripts utilizing custom algorithms or software that are central to the research but not yet described in published literature, software must be made available to editors/reviewers upon request. We strongly encourage code deposition in a community repository (e.g. GitHub). See the Nature Research guidelines for submitting code & software for further information.

Data

Policy information about availability of data

All manuscripts must include a data availability statement. This statement should provide the following information, where applicable:

- Accession codes, unique identifiers, or web links for publicly available datasets
- A list of figures that have associated raw data
- A description of any restrictions on data availability

The structure factors and coordinates described in this manuscript have been deposited and released (PDB entries: 5W4X and 5VR8). All data generated or analyzed in this study can be found within the Extended Data Files and the provided Source Data.

Field-specific reporting				
Please select the b	est fit for your research. If you are not sure, read the appropriate sections before making your selection.			
Life sciences For a reference copy of	Life sciences Behavioural & social sciences Ecological, evolutionary & environmental sciences a reference copy of the document with all sections, see nature.com/authors/policies/ReportingSummary-flat.pdf			
Life scier	nces study design			
All studies must dis	sclose on these points even when the disclosure is negative.			
Sample size	No sample size calculations were performed.			
Data exclusions	No data were excluded from the analyses.			
Replication	Progress curves for calculating activation hysteresis were replicated 6 times each for native and mutant enzymes. Each transient state binding curve was replicated 4 times. For determining the inhibition constants, two to three independent substrate saturation curves were used in global fitting, and the refined parameters were consistent with previously published work. For the HDX exchange rates, each time point was replicated 4 times.			
Randomization	This study did not involve animals, cells, or trial studies; thus, randomization was not relevant to the experiments.			
Blinding	This study did not involve animals, cells or trial studies; thus, blinding was not used.			

Reporting for specific materials, systems and methods

Materials & experimental systems		Methods	
n/a	Involved in the study	n/a Involved in the study	
X	Unique biological materials	ChIP-seq	
X	Antibodies	Flow cytometry	
\times	Eukaryotic cell lines	MRI-based neuroimaging	
X	Palaeontology	•	
X	Animals and other organisms		
X	Human research participants		