Supplemental Materials

Supplemental Table 1: Estimated remaining lifetime risk of heart failure with missing ejection fraction as compared with that of heart failure with preserved ejection fraction and heart failure with reduced ejection fraction at index age 45 without adjustment for competing risk

HF subtype	Lifetime Risk (%) (95% CI)				
	Men	Women		Black	Non-black
HFpEF	12.6 (11.0 – 14.2)	11.9 (10.6 – 13.1)		9.6 (7.4 – 11.7)	12.7 (11.6 – 13.8)
HFrEF	12.6 (11.1 – 14.1)	6.5 (5.6 – 7.4)		9.0 (7.1 – 10.9)	8.9 (8.0 – 9.8)
HF with missing EF	17.0 (15.1 – 18.9)	14.4 (13.1 – 15.8)		14.2 (11.5 – 16.8)	15.7 (14.5 – 16.9)

Supplemental Table 2: Estimated remaining lifetime risk of different heart failure phenotypes at index age 45 in the extreme case scenario sensitivity analysis assuming all missing EF as HFpEF and then assuming all missing EF as HFrEF.

	Lifetime risk (95% CI)					
	Sensitivity analysis (I	Primary analysis				
_	HFpEF	FpEF HFrEF		HFrEF		
	(Assuming all missing	(Assuming all missing EF				
	EF events as HFpEF)	events as HFrEF)				
Men	12.7	12.8	10.4	10.6		
	(11.2 – 14.1)	(11.4 – 14.3)	(9.1 - 11.6)	(9.4 - 11.8)		
Women	13.0	7.2	10.7	5.8		
	(11.7 – 14.3)	(6.2 - 8.2)	(9.6 - 11.8)	(5.03 - 6.6)		
Blacks	9.5	9.4	7.7	7.7		
	(7.6 – 11.4)	(7.6 – 11.2)	(6.0 - 9.4)	(6.1 - 9.2)		
Non-	13.6	9.6	11.2	7.9		
blacks	(12.4 - 14.7)	(8.67 – 10.50)	(10.2 - 12.1)	(7.1 - 8.7)		

Supplemental Table 3: Estimated remaining lifetime risk of heart failure with preserved ejection fraction and heart failure with reduced ejection fraction at index age 45 across different sex- and race-based subgroups using different ejection fraction cut offs

	Lifetime Risk (%) (95% Confidence Interval)					
Group	HFpEF with EF ≥ 45% (Primary analysis)	HFpEF with EF > 50% (Sensitivity analysis)	HFrEF with EF < 45% (Primary analysis)	HFrEF with EF < 40% (Sensitivity analysis)		
Blacks	7.7	5.3	7.7	6.8		
	(6.0 - 9.4)	(3.9 - 6.6)	(6.1 - 9.2)	(5.3 - 8.3)		
Non-	11.2	8.7	7.9	6.5		
blacks	(10.2 - 12.1)	(7.9 - 9.6)	(7.1 - 8.7)	(5.8 - 7.2)		
Men	10.4	7.2	10.6	9.0		
	(9.1 – 11.6)	(6.1 - 8.3)	(9.4 – 11.8)	(7.8 – 10.2)		
Women	10.7	8.7	5.8	4.8		
	(9.6 – 11.8)	(7.7 - 9.8)	(5.03 - 6.6)	(4.1 - 5.6)		

Supplemental Table 4: Estimated remaining lifetime risk of heart failure with preserved ejection fraction and heart failure with reduced ejection fraction at different index ages among patients with vs. without history of Diabetes Mellitus at the baseline examination

Index Age (y)	Lifetime Risk (%) (95% Confidence Interval)			
	HFpEF		HFrEF	
	DMII	No DMII	DMII	No DMII
45	11.9	10.4	11.6	7.4
	(9.6 – 14.2)	(9.5 – 11.3)	(9.2 – 13.9)	(6.6 – 8.1)
55	11.9	10.4	11.6	7.31
	(9.6 – 14.2)	(9.5 – 11.3)	(9.3 – 14.0)	(6.6 – 8.0)
65	11.5	10.4	11.4	7.3
	(9.2 – 13.8)	(9.5 – 11.3)	(9.0 – 13.8)	(6.5 – 8.0)

Supplemental Figure 1: Age distribution of pooled study participants across the two cohorts

