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Reporting Summary

Nature Research wishes to improve the reproducibility of the work that we publish. This form provides structure for consistency and transparency in reporting. For further information on Nature Research policies, see <u>Authors & Referees</u> and the <u>Editorial Policy Checklist</u>.

Statistical parameters

When statistical analyses are reported	, confirm that the following items are	e present in the relevant	location (e.g. figu	ure legend, tabl	e legend, mair
text, or Methods section).					

n/a	Cor	nfirmed
	\boxtimes	The $\underline{\text{exact sample size}}(n)$ for each experimental group/condition, given as a discrete number and unit of measurement
	\boxtimes	An indication of whether measurements were taken from distinct samples or whether the same sample was measured repeatedly
	\boxtimes	The statistical test(s) used AND whether they are one- or two-sided Only common tests should be described solely by name; describe more complex techniques in the Methods section.
	\boxtimes	A description of all covariates tested
	\boxtimes	A description of any assumptions or corrections, such as tests of normality and adjustment for multiple comparisons
	\boxtimes	A full description of the statistics including <u>central tendency</u> (e.g. means) or other basic estimates (e.g. regression coefficient) AND <u>variation</u> (e.g. standard deviation) or associated <u>estimates of uncertainty</u> (e.g. confidence intervals)
	\boxtimes	For null hypothesis testing, the test statistic (e.g. <i>F</i> , <i>t</i> , <i>r</i>) with confidence intervals, effect sizes, degrees of freedom and <i>P</i> value noted <i>Give P values as exact values whenever suitable.</i>
	\boxtimes	For Bayesian analysis, information on the choice of priors and Markov chain Monte Carlo settings
	\boxtimes	For hierarchical and complex designs, identification of the appropriate level for tests and full reporting of outcomes
	\boxtimes	Estimates of effect sizes (e.g. Cohen's d, Pearson's r), indicating how they were calculated
\boxtimes		Clearly defined error bars State explicitly what error bars represent (e.g. SD, SE, CI)

Our web collection on statistics for biologists may be useful.

Software and code

Policy information about availability of computer code

Data collection

We collected the public gene annotation data using Bioconductor (version 3.7).

We used MMAP (2018 version) for single-marker GWAS analysis, available on github. We used QGG package (2018 version) for the GWAS signal enrichment analysis, available on github.

For manuscripts utilizing custom algorithms or software that are central to the research but not yet described in published literature, software must be made available to editors/reviewers upon request. We strongly encourage code deposition in a community repository (e.g. GitHub). See the Nature Research guidelines for submitting code & software for further information.

Data

Policy information about availability of data

All manuscripts must include a data availability statement. This statement should provide the following information, where applicable:

- Accession codes, unique identifiers, or web links for publicly available datasets
- A list of figures that have associated raw data
- A description of any restrictions on data availability

All the 18 cattle sperm methylomes have been submitted to NCBI with accession number GSE119263. All genomic annotation files of cattle (UMD 3.1.1) are available for download from Ensembl database (https://uswest.ensembl.org/index.html). The raw genotypic data are owned by third parties, and stored in the

Chief Executive Officer (joao.durr@uscdcb.com). All other data have been shown in the manuscript and supplementary data.					
Field-spe	cific reporting				
Please select the be	est fit for your research. If you are not sure, read the appropriate sections before making your selection.				
Life sciences	Behavioural & social sciences Ecological, evolutionary & environmental sciences				
For a reference copy of the document with all sections, see <u>nature.com/authors/policies/ReportingSummary-flat.pdf</u>					
Life scier	ices study design				
All studies must dis	close on these points even when the disclosure is negative.				
Sample size	For GWAS study, we had a sample size of 27,214 animals. For sperm methylation, we had a sample size of 18 animals.				
Data exclusions	When did GWAS, we excluded SNPs with MAF<0.01 and HWE test of P < 1e-06.				
Replication	There were no experimental results. We confirmed our statistical results using GWAS with DNA methylation data.				
Randomization	This is not relevant to our study. We did not allocate samples into experimental groups.				

Reporting for specific materials, systems and methods

Materials & experimental systems		Methods		
ı/a	Involved in the study	n/a Involved in the study		
\times	Unique biological materials	ChIP-seq		
\times	Antibodies	Flow cytometry		
\times	Eukaryotic cell lines	MRI-based neuroimaging		
\times	Palaeontology			
X	Animals and other organisms			
\times	Human research participants			

There was no group allocation.

Blinding