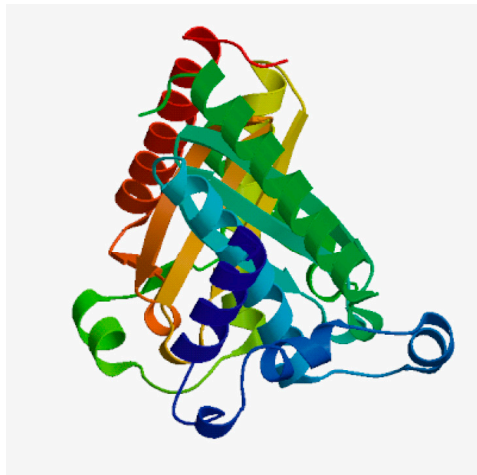
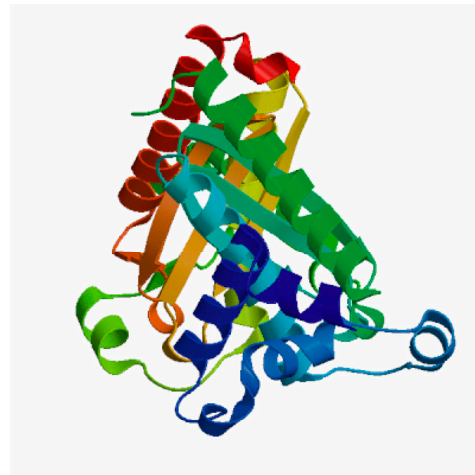


Table S1. Comparison of the predicted protein encoded by the *orf1* gene from *P. graminis* RSA19 with those from other diazotrophic species at amino acid sequence level.

Species	Amino acid identity (%)
<i>Paenibacillus sonchi</i>	89.36% (168/188)
<i>Paenibacillus riograndensis</i>	88.83% (167/188)
<i>Paenibacillus sabine</i>	61.83% (115/186)
<i>Paenibacillus durus</i>	59.57% (112/188)
<i>Frankia</i> sp. EuIK1	26.51% (22/83)
<i>Cyanothece</i> sp. ATCC 51142	30% (24/80)
<i>Rhodopseudomonas palustris</i>	32.76% (19/58)
<i>Azospirillum brasilense</i>	24.06% (32/133)
<i>Herbaspirillum seropedicae</i>	20.47% (26/127)
<i>Rhodobacter capsulatus</i>	24.22% (31/128)
<i>Azotobacter vinelandii</i>	18.75% (24/128)
<i>Clostridium ultunense</i>	32.89% (49/149)



Orf1 (*P. graminis* RSA19)



Cce_0566 (*Cyanothece* 51142)

Figure S1: Comparison of three-dimensional structure of *P. graminis* RSA19 Orf1 with that of Cce_0566 (DUF269) of *Cyanothece* 51142. The 3-dimensional structure model was predicted by SWISS-MODEL, which is an automated comparative protein modeling server.