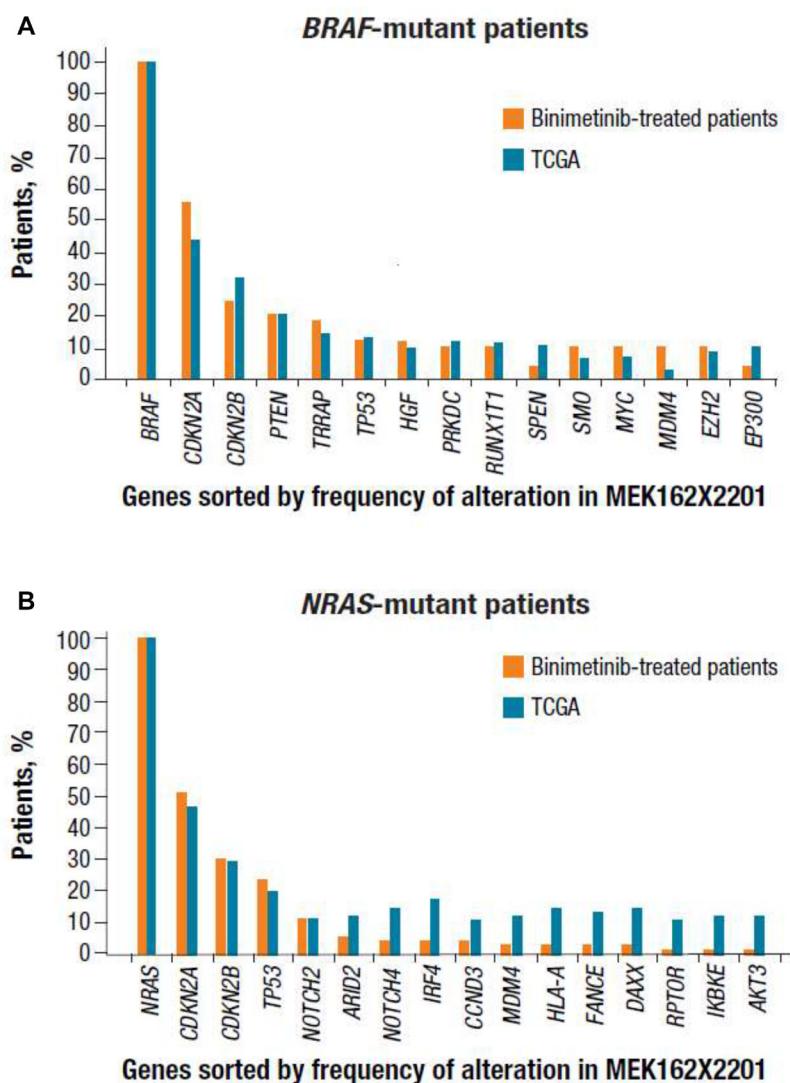
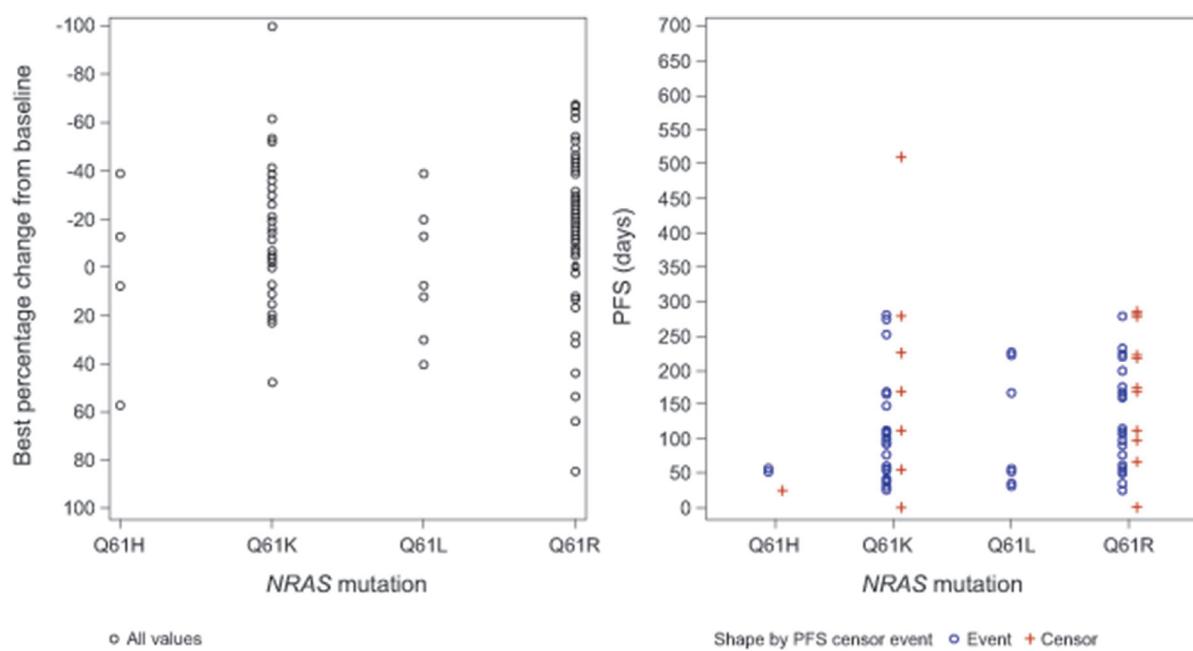


Biomarker results from a phase II study of MEK1/2 inhibitor binimetinib (MEK162) in patients with advanced *NRAS*- or *BRAF*-mutated melanoma

SUPPLEMENTARY MATERIALS



Supplementary Figure 1: Study data on gene alterations in (A) *BRAF*- and (B) *NRAS*-mutated melanoma patients treated with binimetinib vs data from The Cancer Genome Atlas (TCGA). Genes sorted by frequency of alteration in binimetinib-treated patients. TCGA, The Cancer Genome Atlas.



Supplementary Figure 2: Best percentage change from baseline in sum of the longest diameter and progression-free survival by different Q61 mutation types for *NRAS*-mutated patients. PFS, progression-free survival.

Supplementary Table 1: Patient demographics and baseline characteristics

	<i>BRAF</i> -mutated patients receiving binimatinib 45 mg (n = 41)	<i>BRAF</i> -mutated patients receiving binimatinib 60 mg (n = 25)	<i>NRAS</i> -mutated patients receiving binimatinib 45 mg (n = 117)	All patients (N = 183)
Age, median (range), years	57 (21–81)	52 (27–70)	62 (26–84)	58 (21–84)
Sex, n (%)				
Male/Female	22 (53.7)/19 (46.3)	8 (32.0)/17 (68.0)	84 (71.8)/33 (28.2)	114 (62.3)/69 (37.7)
WHO performance status, n (%)				
0/1/2	33 (80.5)/8 (19.5)/0	19 (76.0)/5 (20.0)/1 (4.0)	82 (70.1)/30 (25.6)/5 (4.3)	134 (73.2)/43 (32.5)/6 (3.3)
Melanoma type, n (%)				
Cutaneous	40 (97.6)	23 (92.0)	111 (94.9)	174 (95.1)
Noncutaneous	0	0	4 (3.4) ^a	4 (2.2)
Missing	1 (2.4)	2 (8.0)	2 (1.7)	5 (2.7)
Stage IV, n (%)				
At initial diagnosis/current stage	6 (14.6)/40 (97.6)	2 (8.0)/23 (92.0)	19 (16.2)/110 (94.0)	27 (14.8)/173 (94.5)
Elevated LDH (U/L) at baseline, n (%)	16 (39.0)	8 (32.0)	45 (38.5)	69 (37.7)
<i>BRAF</i> mutation status, n (%)				
None (no mutation detected)	0	0	3 (2.6)	
V600E/V600K	34 (82.9)/5 (12.2)	19 (76.0)/1 (4.0)	0/0	–
Unknown/other/missing data	1 ^b (2.4)/1 ^c (2.4)/0	2 ^b (8.0)/0 /3 ^a (12.0)	0/0/114 (97.4)	
<i>NRAS</i> mutation status, n (%)				
None (no mutation detected)	0	5 (20.0)	4 ^d (3.4)	
Q61	0	0	100 (85.5)	
G12/13	0	0	2 (1.7)	
Unknown ^e /Missing data	1 (2.4)/40 (97.6)	0/20 (80.0)	1 ^f (0.9)/10 ^g (8.5)	
Prior antineoplastic medication, n (%)				
Any prior therapy	27 (65.9)	17 (68.0)	84 (71.8)	128 (69.9)
<i>BRAF</i> inhibitor	7 (17.1)	14 (56.0)	0	21 (11.5)
Number of regimens				
1	10 (24.4)	3 (12.0)	47 (40.2)	60 (32.8)
2	11 (26.8)	8 (32.0)	18 (15.4)	37 (20.2)
3	4 (9.8)	2 (8.0)	10 (8.5)	16 (8.7)
4	1 (2.4)	2 (8.0)	4 (3.4)	7 (3.8)
> 4	1 (2.4)	2 (8.0)	5 (4.3)	8 (4.4)
Chemotherapy	16 (39.0)	10 (40.0)	59 (50.4)	85 (46.4)
Dacarbazine	10 (24.4)	4 (16.0)	41 (35.0)	55 (30.1)
Immunotherapy	19 (46.3)	11 (44.0)	52 (44.4)	82 (44.8)
Interferon	10 (24.4)	7 (28.0)	19 (16.2)	36 (19.7)
Ipilimumab	6 (14.6)	6 (24.0)	28 (23.9)	40 (21.9)
Other	3 (7.3)	1 (4.0)	6 (5.1)	10 (5.5)

^aOf these 4 patients, 3 had mucosal melanoma, and 1 had an unknown primary site of melanoma;^bV600E according to local laboratory;^cV600R according to local laboratory;^dThree Q61R (1 result received after database lock) and one G12 (result received after database lock);^eAny other mutation not known; known mutation includes all Q61, A59T, A11T, G12V, G13R;^fQ61R according to local laboratory;^gThree Q61R, two Q61L, two Q61K, two Q61, and one G12 mutation according to local laboratory.

LDH, lactate dehydrogenase; U/L, upper limit; WHO, World Health Organization.

Supplementary Table 2: Non-synonymous single nucleotide variant mutations in patients with BRAF or NRAS mutation with categorization based on findings in COSMIC

Patients with BRAF mutation in COSMIC											
COSMIC	CDKN2A	PTEN	TP53	EZH2	TRRAP	EGFR	MYST3	AKT3	ARID1A	CTNNB1	GNAS
Pathogenic	238C>T	112C>T	1024C>T	1936T>A	2165C>T	994C>T	80C>T	152T>G	4910G>A	133T>C	679C>G
	341C>T	675T>G	451C>T		7603G>A			49G>A	3440C>T	110C>A	
	205G>T	464A>G	794T>C		1577C>T				5965C>T	134C>A	
Neutral	71G>C										
Unknown									865C>T		
Not in COSMIC	151-1G>A				2165C>T	1574C>T	5791A>G		3619C>T		1268C>A
					11135C>T		4118C>T				241G>A
					9233C>A						736C>T
					2165C>T						558G>C
					3807G>C						622C>T
											1203G>A
											1736G>C
											422C>T
Patients with NRAS mutation in COSMIC											
COSMIC	CDKN2A	TP53	CTNNB1	EP300	FBXW7	CD79B	EPHA3				
Pathogenic	220G>T	380C>T	94G>A	2773C>A	1787C>T	587A>G	2005G>A				
	389T>G	454C>T	110C>G		1436G>A						1843G>A
	262G>T	541C>T	98C>G		1177C>T						1732G>A
	341C>T	637C>T	134C>A		1673C>T						2563C>T
	148C>T	661G>T	137T>C								2416G>A
	248A>C	722C>T	104T>C								
	238C>T	734G>C									
		742C>T									
		772G>A									
		800G>A									
		949C>T									
		986C>T									
		1009C>T									
Neutral	172C>T										
	44G>A										
Unknown											
Not in COSMIC			1036G>C	1693C>T	3673A>G	1844A>C					855G>A
				332C>A	2399C>T						465G>A
											621G>T
											2398A>G
											983C>T
											1969G>C

COSMIC; Catalogue of Somatic Mutations in Cancer.

Available online at: <https://cancer.sanger.ac.uk/cosmic/gene/analysis>.

Supplementary Table 3: Frequency of genetic pathway alterations in patients with *BRAF* or *NRAS* mutations

Patients with <i>BRAF</i> mutation		Patients with <i>NRAS</i> mutation	
Pathway/process (associated genes)	Patients with alteration, n (%)	Pathway/process (associated genes)	Patients with alteration, n (%)
All patients with analyzed samples	48	All patients with analyzed samples	78
Cell cycle pathway (<i>AURKA, CCND1, CCND3, CCNE1, CDK4, CDK6, CDKN2A, CDKN2C, RBI</i>)	33 (69)	Cell cycle pathway (<i>AURKA, CCND1, CCND3, CCNE1, CDK4, CDK6, CDKN2A, CDKN2C, RBI</i>)	45 (58)
PI3K (<i>AKT3, PIK3CA, PTEN</i>)	13 (27)	P53 (<i>MDM2, MDM4, TP53</i>)	21 (27)
Epigenetics (<i>ATRX, DNMT3A, EP300, MEN1, SMARCA4, SMARCB1, TET2, TRAAP</i>)	13 (27)	DNA damage response (<i>ATM, BRCA2, BRIP1, FANCA, FANCE, NBN, PALB2, PRKDC, RAD50</i>)	21 (27)
Transcription factors (<i>CEBPA, MED12, MITF, PAX5, RUNXI, RUNXIT1, SOX10, WT1</i>)	10 (21)	Transcription factors (<i>CEBPA, MED12, MITF, PAX5, RUNXI, RUNXIT1, SOX10, WT1</i>)	15 (19)