¹⁹F MRI of Polymer Nanogels Aided by Improved Segmental Mobility of

Embedded Fluorine Moieties

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Materials:

All chemicals and reagents were purchased from commercial sources and were used as received, unless otherwise mentioned. Polyethylene glycol monomethyl ether acrylate (PEGA; 480), 2,2,2-trifluoroethyl methacrylate (TFEMA), 3,5-bis(trifluoromethyl)benzoic acid, 2-hydroxyethyl methacrylate, nonafluoro-tert-butyl alcohol, tert-butyl acrylate, 2-tetrahydropyranyl acrylate, pentaerythritol, DL-dithiothreitol (DTT), folic acid, fluorescein isothiocyanate isomer I, 1,1'-dioctadecyl-3,3,3',3'-tetramethylindocarbocyanine perchlorate (DiI) were obtained from Sigma-Aldrich. 2,2'-Azobis(2-methylpropionitrile) (AIBN) was purchased from Sigma-Aldrich and purified by recrystallization in cold methanol for three times. Cyclohexyl acrylate (CHA) and docetaxel were purchased from TCI America. Pyridyl disulfide ethyl acrylate (PDSA) and Compound **3** were synthesized according to previously reported procedures.^{1,2} Thiolated version of folic acid (FA-SH) and fluorescein isothiocyanate (FITC-SH) were prepared using to the previously reported procedures.^{1,3}

Methods: Synthesis protocol:

Synthesis of P1:

PEGA (0.398 g, 0.83 mmol), PDSA (0.1 g, 0.415 mmol), THPA (0.194 g, 1.245 mmol) and AIBN (4.5 mg, 0.0277 mmol) were weighed into small round bottom flask and purged with argon. Reaction mixture was dissolved in 0.75 mL of previously degassed dry THF. TFEMA (40 μ L, 0.277 mmol) was separately degassed (15 min) and added with syringe. After that the reaction mixture was sealed and transferred to preheated oil bath at 65 °C and stirred for 20 hours. Polymerization was stopped by cooling down the flask in cold water. Product was purified with extensive dialysis against DCM:MeOH (3:1, v/v) for three days. Yield: 96%. GPC (THF) Mn:16 kDa. *D*:3.71. ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 8.42, 7.64, 7.07, 5.90, 4.42-4.13, 3.80, 3.60-3.34, 2.98, 2.31-1.01. Tentative assignments for the NMR peaks are shown below. ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 174.5, 159.6, 149.2, 138.0, 124.6, 122.1, 120.5, 101.1, 100.2, 98.6, 94.9, 72.1, 70.7, 69.1, 63.9, 63.5, 63.1, 60.9, 59.1, 53.5, 45.5, 41.2, 37.2, 32.0, 31.0, 30.8, 25.4, 20.3, 19.9, 19.5, 19.1.



Figure S1: ¹H NMR spectrum of p(PEGA-co-PDSA-co-THPA-co-TFEMA), P1.



Synthesis of P2:

PEGA (0.398 g, 0.83 mmol), PDSA (0.1 g, 0.415 mmol), THPA (0.152 g, 0.968 mmol) and AIBN (4.5 mg, 0.0277 mmol) were weighed into small round bottom flask and purged with argon. Reaction mixture was dissolved in 0.75 mL of previously degassed dry THF. TFEMA (79 μ L, 0.553 mmol) was separately degassed (15 min) and added with syringe. After that the reaction mixture was sealed and transferred to preheated oil bath at 65 °C and stirred for 20 hours. Polymerization was stopped by cooling down the flask in cold water. Product was purified with extensive dialysis against DCM:MeOH (3:1, v/v) for three days. Yield: 97%. GPC (THF) Mn:18000 Da. *D*:3.88. ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 8.44, 7.65, 7.09, 5.91, 4.42-4.14, 3.82, 3.63-3.35, 2.99, 2.32-1.01. Tentative assignments for the NMR peaks are shown below. ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 174.9, 159.6, 149.8, 144.3, 137.7, 124.3, 122.4, 121.1, 120.0, 100.9, 99.9, 98.7, 94.6, 93.1, 72.1, 70.7, 68.8, 65.9, 64.0, 62.1, 60.9, 59.3, 55.2, 45.9, 41.5, 37.2, 32.0, 30.8, 25.8, 22.9, 20.5, 19.5, 18.3, 8.8.



Figure S3: ¹H NMR spectrum of p(PEGA-co-PDSA-co-THPA-co-TFEMA), P2.



Figure S4: ¹³C NMR spectrum of p(PEGA-co-PDSA-co-THPA-co-TFEMA), P2.

Synthesis of P3:

PEGA (0.398 g, 0.83 mmol), PDSA (0.1 g, 0.415 mmol), THPA (0.108 g, 0.692 mmol) and AIBN (4.5 mg, 0.0277 mmol) were weighed into small round bottom flask and purged with argon. Reaction mixture was dissolved in 0.75 mL of previously degassed dry THF. TFEMA (118 μ L, 0.830 mmol) was separately degassed (15 min) and added with syringe. After that the reaction mixture was sealed and transferred to preheated oil bath at 65 °C and stirred for 20 hours. Polymerization was stopped by cooling down the flask in cold water. Product was purified with extensive dialysis against DCM:MeOH (3:1, v/v) for three days. Yield: 98%. GPC (THF) Mn:16000 Da. *D*:3.05. ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 8.43, 7.64, 7.08, 5.90, 4.41-4.13, 3.81, 3.61-3.34, 2.98, 2.30-0.92. Tentative assignments for the NMR peaks are shown below. ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 175.0, 159.5, 149.8, 144.3, 137.6, 124.5, 122.1, 121.2, 120.1, 100.8, 98.6, 94.5, 72.0, 70.7, 68.9, 65.9, 64.0, 62.6, 61.0, 59.1, 45.4, 44.8, 41.2, 39.3, 37.3, 32.1, 31.1, 30.7, 25.3, 22.9, 20.3, 19.7, 18.2.



Figure S5: ¹H NMR spectrum of p(PEGA-co-PDSA-co-THPA-co-TFEMA), P3.



Figure S6: ¹³C NMR spectrum of p(PEGA-co-PDSA-co-THPA-co-TFEMA), P3.

Synthesis of PC:

PEGA (0.398 g, 0.83 mmol), PDSA (0.1 g, 0.415 mmol), CHA (0.128 g, 0.692 mmol) and AIBN (4.5 mg, 0.0277 mmol) were weighed into small round bottom flask and purged with argon. Reaction mixture was dissolved in 0.75 mL of previously degassed dry THF. TFEMA (118 μ L, 0.830 mmol) was separately degassed (15 min) and added with syringe. After that the reaction mixture was sealed and transferred to preheated oil bath at 65 °C and stirred for 20 hours. Polymerization was stopped by cooling down the flask in cold water. Product was purified with extensive dialysis against DCM:MeOH (3:1, v/v) for three days. Yield: 83%. GPC (THF) Mn:11700 Da. *D*:2.57. ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 8.45, 7.65, 7.09, 4.69, 4.42-4.15, 3.76, 3.63-3.36, 3.00, 2.26-0.94. Tentative assignments for the NMR peaks are shown below. ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 174.1, 159.6, 149.7, 137.6, 124.5, 121.7, 121.2, 120.0, 73.1, 72.0, 70.5, 69.0, 63.6, 62.5, 61.0, 59.1, 45.6, 41.2, 37.1, 31.6, 25.4, 23.8, 20.0, 18.0.



Figure S7: ¹H NMR spectrum of p(PEGA-co-PDSA-co-CHA-co-TFEMA), PC.



Figure S8: ¹³C NMR spectrum of p(PEGA-co-PDSA-co-CHA-co-TFEMA), PC.

Synthesis of P4:



2-(Acryloyloxy) ethyl 3,5-bis(trifluoromethyl)benzoate (Compound **1**) To a solution of 3,5-bis(trifluoromethyl)benzoic acid (3.0 g, 11.62 mmol) in dry dichloromethane was added 2-Hydroxyethyl acrylate (1.04 g, 8.94 mmol) and cooled to 0 °C in ice bath. To this mixture N-(3-dimethylaminopropyl)-N'-ethylcarbodiimide hydrochloride (2.23 g, 11.62 mmol) and 4-(dimethylamino) pyridine (0.13 g, 1.07 mmol) were added. The reaction mixture was stirred for 3 hours at room temperature. Distilled water was added to the reaction mixture and extracted three times with dichloromethane. Combined organic layers were dried over anhydrous Na₂SO₄ and evaporated to dryness. The product was purified by silica gel column chromatography using ethyl acetate/hexane as eluent to yield 1.23 g (39%) of pure compound **1**. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.48 (s, 2H), 8.07 (s, 1H), 6.45 (d, *J* = 17.3 Hz, 1H), 6.16 (dd, *J* = 17.3, 10.4 Hz, 1H), 5.88 (d, *J* = 10.4 Hz, 1H), 4.64 (d, *J* = 4.8 Hz, 2H), 4.54 (d, *J* = 4.8 Hz, 2H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 166.1, 163.9, 132.4 (q, *J*_{C-F} = 34 Hz), 132.2, 131.9, 130.1, 127.8, 126.8-126.7 (m), 124.3, 121.6, 119.0, 64.0, 62.0.

Compound **1** (0.309 g, 0.868 mmol), PEGA (0.5 g, 1.042 mmol), PDSA (0.139 g, 0.578 mmol), CHA (0.189 g, 1.215 mmol), Cyanomethyl dodecyl trithiocarbonate (27.6 mg, 0.0868 mmol) and AIBN (3.0 mg, 0.0173 mmol) were weighed into small Schlenk flask and dissolved in 1 mL of dry toluene. Reaction mixture is degassed through three cycles of freeze-pump-thaw, transferred to preheated oil bath at 80 °C and stirred for 20 hours. Polymerization was stopped by cooling down the flask in cold water. Product (**P4**) was purified with extensive dialysis against DCM:MeOH (3:1, v/v) for three days. Yield: 79%. GPC (THF) Mn:13100 Da. *D*:1.25. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 8.47, 8.04, 7.68, 7.12, 6.03, 4.57, 4.40-4.14, 3.76, 3.63-3.36, 3.02, 2.41, 1.84-1.69, 1.24, 0.86. ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 174.6, 163.7, 158.6, 149.5, 137.9, 131.9, 130.0, 126.6, 124.1, 121.4, 120.0, 118.8, 99.0, 98.4, 94.5, 71.8, 70.4, 68.9, 63.5, 62.2, 59.1, 41.1, 36.8, 34.8, 32.0, 29.8, 29.4, 25.4, 22.9, 20.3, 14.3.



Figure S11: ¹H NMR spectrum of p(PEGA-co-PDSA-co-THPA-co-(CF₃)₂A), P4.



Synthesis of P5:



Compound **2** was prepared according to previously reports procedure.² To a solution of Compound **2** (2.36 g, 2.78 mmol) in dry dichloromethane was added triethylamine (0.46 mL, 3.33 mmol) and cooled to 0 °C in ice bath. To this mixture acryloyl chloride (0.25 mL, 3.06 mmol was added. The reaction mixture was stirred for 4 hours at room temperature. Distilled water was added to the reaction mixture and extracted three times with dichloromethane. Combined organic layers were dried over anhydrous Na₂SO₄ and evaporated to dryness. The product was purified by silica gel column chromatography using ethyl acetate/hexane as eluent to yield 0.92 g (37%) of pure compound **3**. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 6.39 (dd, *J* = 17.3, 1.5 Hz, 1H), 6.10 (dd, *J* = 17.3, 10.4 Hz, 1H), 5.82 (dd, *J* = 10.4, 1.5 Hz, 1H), 4.20 (t, *J* = 6.4 Hz, 2H), 4.04 (s, 6H), 3.48 (t, *J* = 6.3 Hz, 2H), 3.38 (s, 2H), 1.92 (p, *J* = 6.3 Hz, 2H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 166.5, 131.1, 128.3, 124.5 (q, *J*_{C-F} = 292.5 Hz), 79.4 (m), 67.8, 65.4, 64.8, 61.4, 46.4, 28.7.

Compound **3** (25 mg, 0.0277 mmol), PEGA (0.2 g, 0.416 mmol), PDSA (67 mg, 0.277 mmol), THPA (0.104 g, 0.666 mmol) and AIBN (2.3 mg, 0.0138 mmol) were weighed into small round bottom flask and purged with argon. Reaction mixture was dissolved in 0.4 mL of previously degassed dry THF. After that the reaction mixture was sealed and transferred to preheated oil bath at 65 °C and stirred for 20 hours. Polymerization was stopped by cooling down the flask in cold water. Product (**P5**) was purified with extensive dialysis against DCM:MeOH (3:1, v/v) for three days. Yield: 97%. GPC (THF) Mn:9800 Da. *Đ*:1.96. ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 8.41, 7.64, 7.06, 5.88, 4.25-3.98, 3.77, 3.59-3.50, 3.32, 2.98, 2.31-1.59, 1.120. ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 174.3, 159.3, 149.5, 144.0, 137.6, 121.4, 121.1, 119.6, 118.6, 100.9, 98.8, 94.7, 94.3, 92.6, 71.8, 70.44, 68.9, 65.8, 63.8, 63.5, 62.3, 59.1, 41.1, 36.8, 35.1, 31.8, 31.0, 29.0, 25.2, 24.8, 22.6, 20.3, 19.5, 18.3.



Figure S13: ¹H NMR spectrum of compound 3.



Figure S14: ¹³C NMR spectrum of compound 3.



Figure S15: ¹H NMR spectrum of p(PEGA-co-PDSA-co-THPA-co-(CF₃)₉A), P5.



Synthesis of P6:

PEGA (0.2 g, 0.415 mmol), PDSA (0.2 g, 0.830 mmol), TFEMA (20 μ L, 0.138 mmol), Cyanomethyl dodecyl trithiocarbonate (5.8 mg, 0.0184 mmol) and AIBN (0.6 mg, 0.0037 mmol) were weighed into small schlenk flask and dissolved in 0.4 mL of dry THF. Reaction mixture is degassed through three cycles of freeze-pump-thaw, transferred to preheated oil bath at 65 °C and stirred for 24 hours. Polymerization was stopped by cooling down the flask in cold water. Product (**P6**) was purified with extensive dialysis against DCM:MeOH (3:1, v/v) for three days. Yield:

68%. GPC (THF) Mn:12600 Da. *Đ*:1.45. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 8.40, 7.63, 7.05, 4.42-4.11, 3.60-3.43, 3.34, 2.97, 2.32-1.51, 1.22.



Figure S17: ¹H NMR spectrum of p(PEGA-co-PDSA-co-co-TFEMA), P6.

Gel permeation chromatography (GPC) for P1, P2, P3 and PC

Average molecular weight of all random copolymers were estimated by GPC (THF) using poly(methyl methacrylate) (PMMA) standards with a refractive index detector.



Figure S18. GPC of P1, P2, P3 and PC; a) Polymer peaks are zoomed in. b) Complete GPC run of 35 min.

Dynamic light scattering (DLS) for P1, P2, P3 and PC

				Size (nm) ^c		
polymer	Mn (PDI) ^a	Comonomer feed ratio (OEG:PDS:THP:CF ₃)	Actual monomer ratio (OEG:PDS:THP:CF ₃) ^b	Polymer assembly	Polymer nanogel	Acid Degraded nanogel
P1	8 800 (1.77)	30:15:45:10	30:12:29:29	6	8	9
P2	11 900 (2.50)	30:15:35:20	25:10:20:44	8	9	10
Р3	11 200 (2.35)	30:15:25:30	27:10:13:50	8	9	10
РС	11 700 (2.57)	30:15:25:30 ^d	27:10:22:41 ^d	13	13	13

Table S1. Polymer characterization via GPC and ¹H NMR. Size change of polymer assemblies in response to crosslinking and acid degradation.

^{*a*}Mn measured by GPC. ^{*b*}Actual ratio is calculated based on ¹H NMR acquired in CDCl₃. ^{*c*}Size distribution is measured via DLS. ^{*d*}CHA instead of THP for PC polymer.

Table S2. Size change of polymer assemblies in response to crosslinking and acid degradation by DLS measurement.

	Peak 1	Volume %	Peak 2	Volume %	Z-Average	PDI	Intercept
						(d.nm)	
P1	6.1	99.9	107	0.1	20.87	0.755	0.885
P1X	7.9	99.9	108	0.1	17.39	0.521	0.885
P1H	8.5	100	-	-	22.52	0.661	0.900
P2	7.7	100	-	-	12.32	0.316	0.872
P2X	9	100	-	-	13.58	0.284	0.888
P2H	9.5	100	-	-	18.29	0.399	0.929
P3	8.5	100	-	-	13.22	0.309	0.890
P3X	9.3	100	-	-	14.27	0.297	0.931
РЗН	9.9	100	-	-	17.09	0.386	0.931
PC	13.3	100	-	-	17.08	0.159	0.934
РСХ	13.39	99.9	794.8	0.1	22.38	0.335	0.887
РСН	12.56	100	-	-	15.98	0.145	0.922



Figure S19. Intensity% weighted DLS size distribution of polymer assembly, polymer nanogel and acid degraded polymer nanogel of P1-P3 and PC.



Figure S20. Absorption spectra of pyridothione at 342 nm, confirming the formation of polymer nanogel for PC, and P4-P5.



Figure S21. Volume% weighted DLS size distribution of polymer assembly, polymer nanogel and acid degraded polymer nanogel for **PC** and, **P4-P6**. There is no size change observed for **PC** after crosslinking and acid hydrolysis, which could be due to lack of THP acid degradable groups. For **P4**, **P5** and **P6**, it was challenging to obtain stable polymer assembly because of their high hydrophobicity. Therefore, size change in response to crosslinking and hydrolysis were not as consistent as other polymer series.

	Size (nm) ^a			
polymer	Polymer assembly	Polymer NG	Hydrolyzed NG	
РС	13	13	13	
P4	99	52	33	
P5	8	7	12	
P6	14	12	13	

Table S3. Size change of polymer assemblies **PC**, **P4**, **P5** and **P6** in response to crosslinking and acid degradation by DLS measurement.

^aSize distribution is measured via DLS



Figure S22. ¹⁹F NMR of P4, P5 and P6 in CDCl₃ and PBS buffer.

¹⁹F NMR of P1, P2, P3 and PC.



Figure S23. Stacked ¹⁹F NMR of P1, P2, P3 and PC in CDCl₃ and PBS buffer

Table S4. Evolution of T₁ in P1, P2, P3 and PC in response to addition of DTT and HCl

	T ₁ Relaxation time (ms)			
polymer	Polymer in CDCl ₃	Polymer assembly $(\mathbf{P})^{a}$	Polymer nanogel $(\mathbf{PX})^a$	Acid Degraded Nanogel (PH) ^a
P1	518	360	358	406
P2	520	362	358	371
P3	526	363	357	380
PC	533	360	357	381

^aMeasurements were done in PBS/D₂O (90/10, v/v)



Figure S24. Evolution of T2 in P3 and PC upon DTT crosslinking and acid degradation. Graph is designed to represent the increase of T2 value for all component, increase of relative intensity for the longer T2 component and the decrease of relative intensity for the shorter T2 component resulting in increased overall T2 value for P3.



Current fit display









Figure S25. Exponential curve fitting in T₂ for P1, P1X.





Figure S26. Exponential curve fitting in T₂ for P1H.

Diffusion NMR of P1 and P1H

Table S5. Fraction (f) and hydrodynamic diameter (D) of each component from the twocomponent fitting of diffusion NMR data for samples P1 and P1H.

	f _a (%)	D₁ (nm)	f _b (%)	D _b (nm)
P1	54	3.6	46	9.8
P1H	57	4.4	43	12.6

¹H and ¹⁹F MRI Phantom Imaging







Figure S28: (a) ¹H and ¹⁹F phantom MRI images of P1 series at 20 mg/mL concentration in PBS buffer.

¹H and ¹⁹F MRI Animal Imaging



Figure S29: In vivo ¹H and ¹⁹F contiguous coronal slices of mouse after 2 hours (a) or 72 hours (b).



Figure S30: *In vivo* ¹H and ¹⁹F MRI images of mouse without any polymer injection, eliciting that there is no ¹⁹F signal inherent to animal body.

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