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Reporting Summary

Life sciences

Behavioural & social sciences $For a \ reference\ copy\ of\ the\ document\ with\ all\ sections,\ see\ \underline{nature.com/documents/nr-reporting-summary-flat.pdf}$

Nature Research wishes to improve the reproducibility of the work that we publish. This form provides structure for consistency and transparency in reporting. For further information on Nature Research policies, see Authors & Referees and the Editorial Policy Checklist.

Sta	atistics						
For	all statistical analys	es, confirm that the following items are present in the figure legend, table legend, main text, or Methods section.					
n/a	a Confirmed						
	The exact sam	The exact sample size (n) for each experimental group/condition, given as a discrete number and unit of measurement					
	A statement o	A statement on whether measurements were taken from distinct samples or whether the same sample was measured repeatedly					
	The statistical test(s) used AND whether they are one- or two-sided Only common tests should be described solely by name; describe more complex techniques in the Methods section.						
	A description of all covariates tested						
	A description of any assumptions or corrections, such as tests of normality and adjustment for multiple comparisons						
	A full description of the statistical parameters including central tendency (e.g. means) or other basic estimates (e.g. regression coefficient) AND variation (e.g. standard deviation) or associated estimates of uncertainty (e.g. confidence intervals)						
	For null hypothesis testing, the test statistic (e.g. <i>F</i> , <i>t</i> , <i>r</i>) with confidence intervals, effect sizes, degrees of freedom and <i>P</i> value noted <i>Give P values as exact values whenever suitable.</i>						
	For Bayesian analysis, information on the choice of priors and Markov chain Monte Carlo settings						
	For hierarchical and complex designs, identification of the appropriate level for tests and full reporting of outcomes						
	Estimates of e	ffect sizes (e.g. Cohen's d , Pearson's r), indicating how they were calculated					
	•	Our web collection on <u>statistics for biologists</u> contains articles on many of the points above.					
So	ftware and c	ode					
Poli	cy information abou	ut <u>availability of computer code</u>					
Data collection No software		No software was used to collect data.					
Da	ata analysis	R statistical software for Windows, version 3.5.1.					
		om algorithms or software that are central to the research but not yet described in published literature, software must be made available to editors/reviewers. deposition in a community repository (e.g. GitHub). See the Nature Research guidelines for submitting code & software for further information.					
Da	ta						
All	manuscripts must i - Accession codes, uni - A list of figures that l	nt <u>availability of data</u> nclude a <u>data availability statement</u> . This statement should provide the following information, where applicable: que identifiers, or web links for publicly available datasets nave associated raw data restrictions on data availability					
Dat	a are available from th	ne authors on request.					
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	fic reporting elow that is the best fit for your research. If you are not sure, read the appropriate sections before making your selection.					
rida	ise select the olle bi	clow that is the best fit for your research. If you are not sure, read the appropriate sections before making your selection.					

Ecological, evolutionary & environmental sciences

Ecological, evolutionary & environmental sciences study design

All studies must disclose or	these points even when the disclosure is negative.			
Study description	The purpose of the study was to examine climate effects on reindeer by performing a mark-resighting study combined with population counts.			
Research sample	The female part of the population of Svalbard reindeer in Reindalen/Colesdalen. This choice of research sample was due to the interest in understanding climate effects on reindeer in this area.			
Sampling strategy	Random sampling among female calves in the population. On average 60 female reindeer calves were marked each April 1994-2014. No sample size calculation was performed, sample size was chosen to properly account for large individual heterogeneity and demographic stochasticity.			
Data collection	Female reindeer calves were marked in April. Female reindeer of all ages, marked and unmarked, were resighted in August. For adult females, calf at heel was noted.			
Timing and spatial scale	Reindeer capture/marking was performed each April 1994-2014. Reindeer resightings and population counts were performed each August 1994-2014.			
Data exclusions	No data were excluded from the samples.			
Reproducibility	Our study was not an experiment.			
Randomization	Female reindeer were sampled randomly.			
Blinding	Not applicable.			
Did the study involve field	d work? X Yes No			
Field work collec	tion and transport			
	tion and transport			
Field conditions	Field work was performed in April (monthly average temperature/total precipitation = -12 degrees C / 11 mm) and August (monthly average temperature/total precipitation = 5 degrees C / 23 mm).			
Location	Field work was carried out in Reindalen/Colesdalen in Spitsbergen, Svalbard, Norway, at 78 N / 15 E, elevation ca 0-300 m a.s.l.			
Access and import/expor	No samples were collected. Access to habitat was approved by the Governor of Svalbard.			
Disturbance	Capture and marking of Svalbard reindeer cause immediate disturbance/stress during the capture/handling process but have no documented long-term effect, e.g. on vital rates (Omsjøe et al. 2009, Can. J. Zool.).			
Reporting fo	r specific materials, systems and methods			
	nuthors about some types of materials, experimental systems and methods used in many studies. Here, indicate whether each material,			
	vant to your study. If you are not sure if a list item applies to your research, read the appropriate section before selecting a response.			
Materials & experime	ntal systems Methods			
n/a Involved in the study	n/a Involved in the study			
Antibodies	ChIP-seq			
Eukaryotic cell lines	☐ ☐ Flow cytometry			
Palaeontology	MRI-based neuroimaging			
Animals and other of				
Human research pa	rticipants			
Clinical data				
Antibodies				
Antibodies used	Describe all antibodies used in the study; as applicable, provide supplier name, catalog number, clone name, and lot number.			
Validation Describe the validation of each primary antibody for the species and application, noting any validation statements on the manufacturer's website, relevant citations, antibody profiles in online databases, or data provided in the manuscript.				

Eukaryotic cell lines

Policy information about cell lines

Cell line source(s)

State the source of each cell line used.

Authentication

Describe the authentication procedures for each cell line used OR declare that none of the cell lines used were authenticated.

Mycoplasma contamination

Confirm that all cell lines tested negative for mycoplasma contamination OR describe the results of the testing for mycoplasma contamination OR declare that the cell lines were not tested for mycoplasma contamination.

Commonly misidentified lines (See ICLAC register)

Name any commonly misidentified cell lines used in the study and provide a rationale for their use.

Palaeontology

Specimen provenance

Provide provenance information for specimens and describe permits that were obtained for the work (including the name of the issuing authority, the date of issue, and any identifying information).

Specimen deposition

Indicate where the specimens have been deposited to permit free access by other researchers.

Dating methods

If new dates are provided, describe how they were obtained (e.g. collection, storage, sample pretreatment and measurement), where they were obtained (i.e. lab name), the calibration program and the protocol for quality assurance OR state that no new dates are provided.

Tick this box to confirm that the raw and calibrated dates are available in the paper or in Supplementary Information.

Animals and other organisms

Policy information about studies involving animals; ARRIVE guidelines recommended for reporting animal research

Laboratory animals

No laboratory animals were used.

Wild animals

Female Svalbard reindeer calves were captured in field using a net held between two snowmobiles. The reindeer were not transported, but marked with ear tags and plastic collar in situ, then immediately released. The protocol was approved by the Norwegian Animal Research Authorities and the Governor of Svalbard. See also Lee et al. (2015, Oikos).

Field-collected samples

No samples were collected.

Ethics oversight

The protocol was approved by the Norwegian Animal Research Authorities and the Governor of Svalbard.

Note that full information on the approval of the study protocol must also be provided in the manuscript.

Human research participants

Policy information about studies involving human research participants

Population characteristics

Describe the covariate-relevant population characteristics of the human research participants (e.g. age, gender, genotypic information, past and current diagnosis and treatment categories). If you filled out the behavioural & social sciences study design questions and have nothing to add here, write "See above."

Recruitment

Describe how participants were recruited. Outline any potential self-selection bias or other biases that may be present and how these are likely to impact results.

Ethics oversight

Identify the organization(s) that approved the study protocol.

Note that full information on the approval of the study protocol must also be provided in the manuscript.

Clinical data

Policy information about <u>clinical studies</u>

All manuscripts should comply with the ICMJE guidelines for publication of clinical research and a completed CONSORT checklist must be included with all submissions.

Clinical trial registration

Provide the trial registration number from ClinicalTrials.gov or an equivalent agency.

Study protocol

Note where the full trial protocol can be accessed OR if not available, explain why.

Data collection Describe the settings and locales of data collection, noting the time periods of recruitment and data collection.

Outcomes Describe how you pre-defined primary and secondary outcome measures and how you assessed these measures.

ChIP-seq		
Data deposition Confirm that both raw and	final processed data have been deposited in a public database such as <u>GEO</u> .	
Confirm that you have dep	posited or provided access to graph files (e.g. BED files) for the called peaks.	
Data access links May remain private before publication.	For "Initial submission" or "Revised version" documents, provide reviewer access links. For your "Final submission" document, provide a link to the deposited data.	
Files in database submission	Provide a list of all files available in the database submission.	
Genome browser session (e.g. <u>UCSC</u>)	Provide a link to an anonymized genome browser session for "Initial submission" and "Revised version" documents only, to enable peer review. Write "no longer applicable" for "Final submission" documents.	
Methodology		
Replicates	Describe the experimental replicates, specifying number, type and replicate agreement.	
Sequencing depth	Describe the sequencing depth for each experiment, providing the total number of reads, uniquely mapped reads, length of reads and whether they were paired- or single-end.	
Antibodies	Describe the antibodies used for the ChIP-seq experiments; as applicable, provide supplier name, catalog number, clone name, and lot number.	
Peak calling parameters	Specify the command line program and parameters used for read mapping and peak calling, including the ChIP, control and index files used.	
Data quality	Describe the methods used to ensure data quality in full detail, including how many peaks are at FDR 5% and above 5-fold enrichment.	
Software	Describe the software used to collect and analyze the ChIP-seq data. For custom code that has been deposited into a community repository, provide accession details.	
Flow Cytometry Plots		
Confirm that:		
	arker and fluorochrome used (e.g. CD4-FITC).	
	visible. Include numbers along axes only for bottom left plot of group (a 'group' is an analysis of identical markers).	
	with outliers or pseudocolor plots. ber of cells or percentage (with statistics) is provided.	
Methodology		
Sample preparation	Describe the sample preparation, detailing the biological source of the cells and any tissue processing steps used.	
Instrument	Identify the instrument used for data collection, specifying make and model number.	
	Describe the software used to collect and analyze the flow cytometry data. For custom code that has been deposited into a community repository, provide accession details.	
	Describe the abundance of the relevant cell populations within post-sort fractions, providing details on the purity of the samples and how it was determined.	
0 0,	Describe the gating strategy used for all relevant experiments, specifying the preliminary FSC/SSC gates of the starting cell population, indicating where boundaries between "positive" and "negative" staining cell populations are defined.	
Tick this box to confirm that	at a figure exemplifying the gating strategy is provided in the Supplementary Information.	

Magnetic resonance imaging

Experimental design

Design type

Indicate task or resting state; event-related or block design.

0 1		number of blocks, trials or experimental units per session and/or subject, and specify the length of each trial rials are blocked) and interval between trials.			
Behavioral performance measures		er and/or type of variables recorded (e.g. correct button press, response time) and what statistics were used that the subjects were performing the task as expected (e.g. mean, range, and/or standard deviation across			
Acquisition					
Imaging type(s)	Specify: fund	ctional, structural, diffusion, perfusion.			
Field strength	Specify in Te	Specify in Tesla			
Sequence & imaging parameters	Specify the pulse sequence type (gradient echo, spin echo, etc.), imaging type (EPI, spiral, etc.), field of view, matrix size, slice thickness, orientation and TE/TR/flip angle.				
Area of acquisition	State wheth	State whether a whole brain scan was used OR define the area of acquisition, describing how the region was determined.			
Diffusion MRI Used No		ot used			
Preprocessing					
Preprocessing software	Provide detail on software version and revision number and on specific parameters (model/functions, brain extraction, segmentation, smoothing kernel size, etc.).				
		normalized/standardized, describe the approach(es): specify linear or non-linear and define image types ansformation OR indicate that data were not normalized and explain rationale for lack of normalization.			
·		template used for normalization/transformation, specifying subject space or group standardized space (e.g. irach, MNI305, ICBM152) OR indicate that the data were not normalized.			
		or procedure(s) for artifact and structured noise removal, specifying motion parameters, tissue signals and all signals (heart rate, respiration).			
Volume censoring	Define your	software and/or method and criteria for volume censoring, and state the extent of such censoring.			
Statistical modeling & inference	9				
Model type and settings		(mass univariate, multivariate, RSA, predictive, etc.) and describe essential details of the model at the first levels (e.g. fixed, random or mixed effects; drift or auto-correlation).			
Effect(s) tested	Define precise effect in terms of the task or stimulus conditions instead of psychological concepts and indicate whether ANOVA or factorial designs were used.				
Specify type of analysis: Whole	e brain	ROI-based Both			
Statistic type for inference (See <u>Eklund et al. 2016</u>)	Specify voxe	Specify voxel-wise or cluster-wise and report all relevant parameters for cluster-wise methods.			
Correction	Describe the type of correction and how it is obtained for multiple comparisons (e.g. FWE, FDR, permutation or Monte Carlo).				
Models & analysis					
n/a Involved in the study Functional and/or effective cor Graph analysis Multivariate modeling or predi	,				
Functional and/or effective connectivity		Report the measures of dependence used and the model details (e.g. Pearson correlation, partial correlation, mutual information).			
Graph analysis		Report the dependent variable and connectivity measure, specifying weighted graph or binarized graph, subject- or group-level, and the global and/or node summaries used (e.g. clustering coefficient, efficiency, etc.).			
Multivariate modeling and predictive analysis		Specify independent variables, features extraction and dimension reduction, model, training and evaluation metrics.			