Supporting Information

Excision of Oxidatively Generated Guanine Lesions by Competing Base and Nucleotide Excision Repair Mechanisms in Human Cells

Vladimir Shafirovich,^{1,*} Konstantin Kropachev,¹ Marina Kolbanovskiy,¹ and Nicholas E. Geacintov¹

¹Chemistry Department, New York University, 31 Washington Place, New York, NY 10003-5180, USA

*To whom correspondence should be addressed. Phone: (212) 998-8456. Fax: (212) 995-4205

E-mail: <u>vs5@nyu.edu</u>

Figure S1. Recovery of unmodified oligonucleotides after incubation in intact HeLa cells. S2

Figure S2. Denaturing gel showing the complete cleavage of hairpins harboring S-Sp lesionsby the combined BER and NER activities in HeLa cells.S3



Figure S1. Recovery of unmodified oligonucleotides after incubation in intact HeLa cells. The denaturing gel illustrates the yields of recovery of ³²P-labeled oligonucleotides 28 nt and 65 nt in lengths transfected into and incubated in HeLa cells. Lanes 1 - 4: Oligonucleotides recovered after a 2 h incubation periods in four independent samples of $\sim 4 \times 10^6$ HeLa cells transfected with equal aliquots of oligonucleotide mixtures (final DNA concentrations: ~ 30 pM in 3.5 mL of medium). Lane C: Control experiment; the oligonucleotides were not transfected into the cells and were directly loaded onto the gel. Lane M: oligonucleotides (Y65/Y28) were calculated by integration the histograms derived from the denaturing gel autoradiographs shown. The results obtained by denaturing 12% PAGE analysis of the oligonucleotide mixtures recovered from the eight independent samples of the transfected HeLa cells exhibited the following yields (Y).

Control mixture (not incubated in HeLa cells): $Y65/Y28 = 1.40 \pm 0.05$.

Recovered mixtures after incubation in HeLa cells for 2 hours: $Y65/Y28 = 1.50 \pm 0.09$.

These values are within ~ 10 ± 7 % of one another which is within the range of the experimental error bars of the actual experiments depicted in the main text.



Figure S2. Denaturing gel showing the complete cleavage of hairpins harboring *S*-Sp lesions by the combined BER and NER activities in HeLa cells. Concentrations of the ³²P-internally labeled *S*-Sp-modified hairpins used in the transfection of HeLa cells were reduced from ~30 pM (Figure 5) to ~10 pM in this figure. Other details are described in the METHODS section. Lane M: oligonucleotide size markers. Lane C: Control experiment: the Sp-containing hairpins were not transfected into the cells, but were otherwise subjected to the same treatments.