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SUPPORTING INFORMATION

Title: Synthesis and Avidin Binding of Ruthenium Complexes Functionalized with a Light-Cleavable Free Biotin Moiety

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1. Synthesis and Characterization

1.1. NMRs and numbering of the synthesized compounds

1.1.1. N''-(acetyl-L-methionine)-N'-biotinyl-3,6-dioxaoctane-1,8-diamine (**1**)

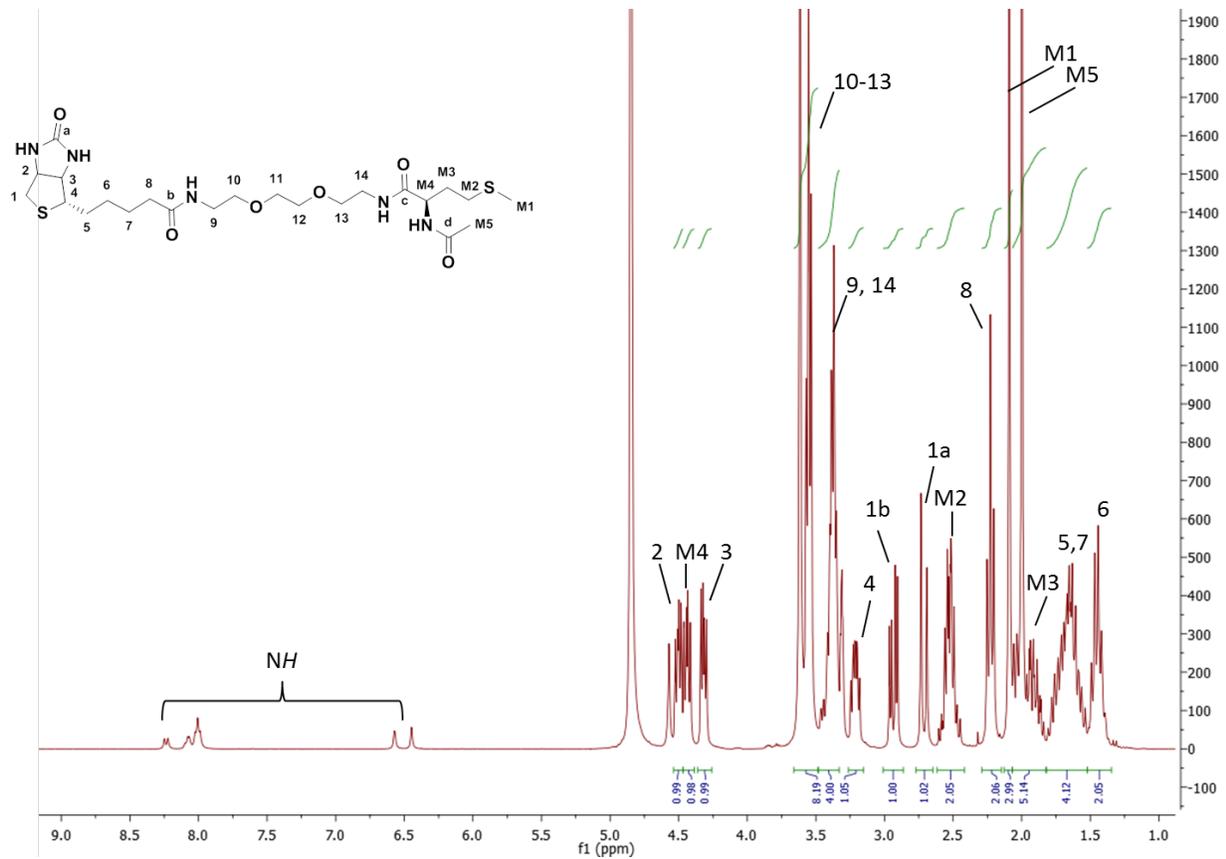


Figure S 1: ¹H NMR (300 MHz, dMeOH) of compound **1**.

1.1.2. Bis(N-biotinyl)-3,6-dioxaoctane-1,8-diamine (**2**)

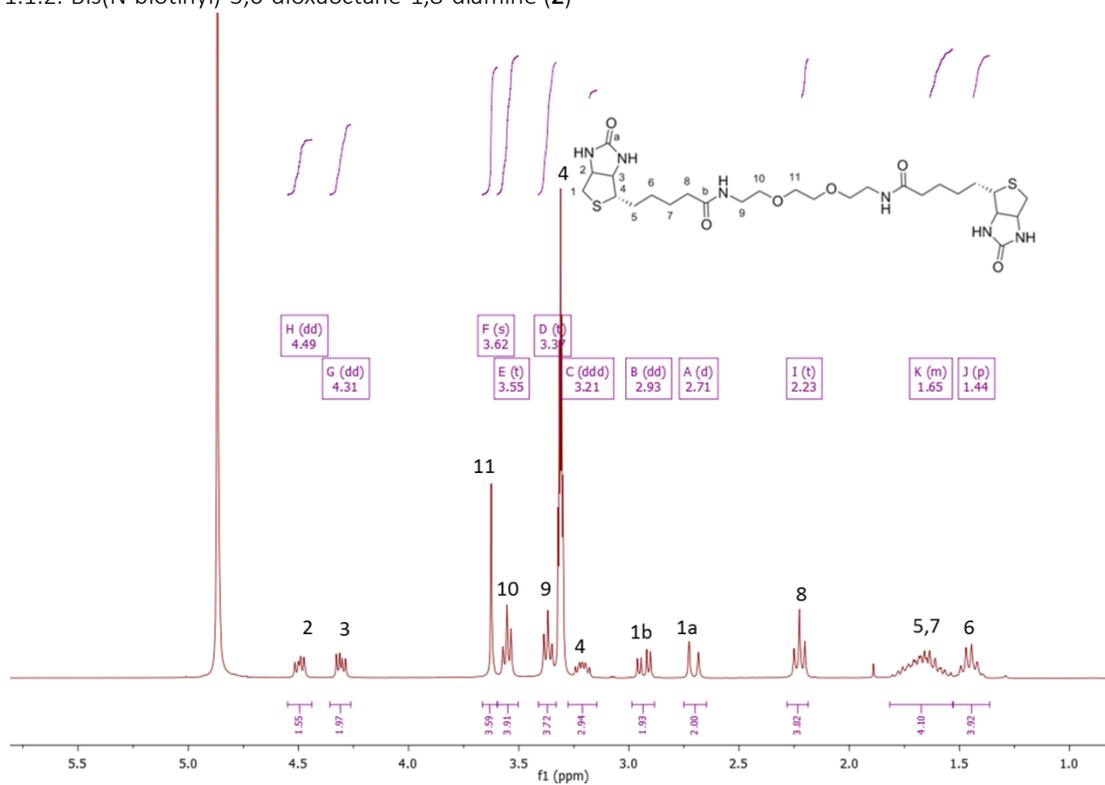


Figure S 2: ¹H NMR (300 MHz, dMeOH) ligand **2**.

1.1.3. [Ru(tpy)(bpy)]₂(**1**)Cl₄—complex [**5**]Cl₄

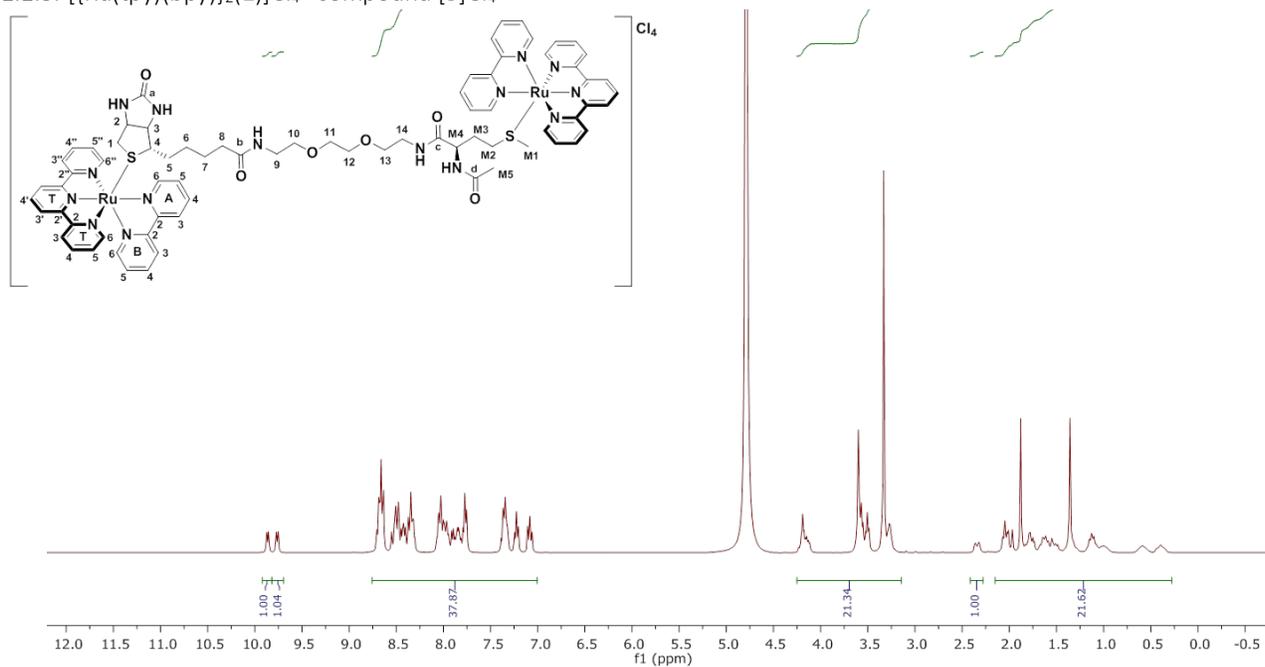


Figure S 3: ¹H NMR (300 MHz, dMeOH) complex [**5**]Cl₄.

1.1.4. [Ru(tpy)(bpy)(1)]Cl₂ – compound [6]Cl₂ (as mixture with complex [7]₂)

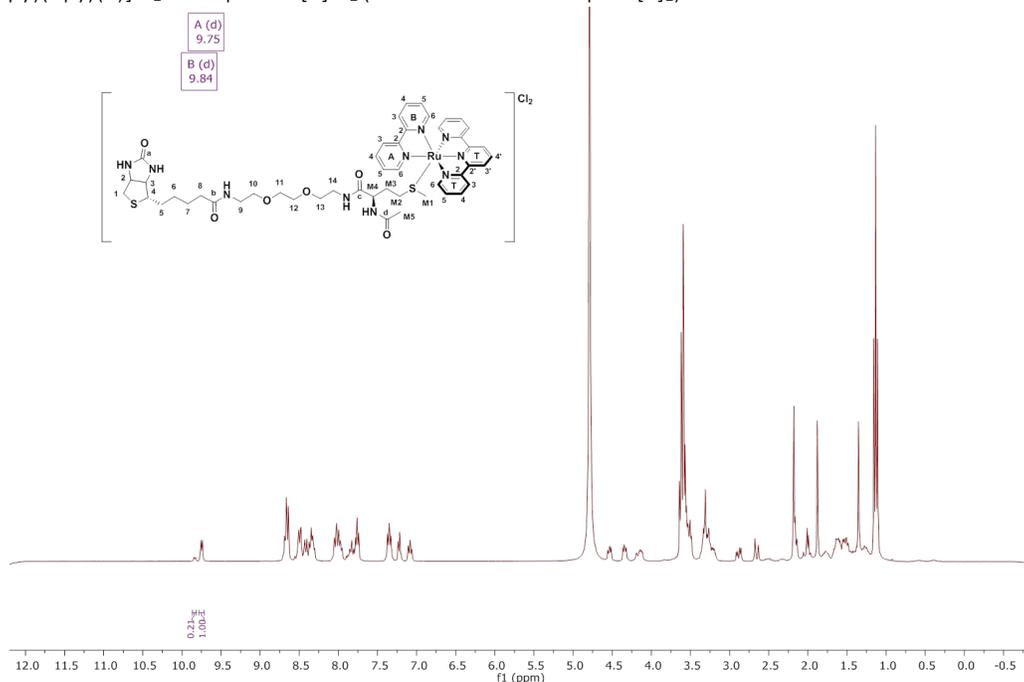


Figure S 4: ¹H-NMR of complex [6]Cl₂. The small dd signal at 9.84 indicates the formation of the regioisomere, complex [7]₂.

1.1.5. [Ru(tpy)(bpy)(2)](PF₆)₂ – (compound [8](PF₆)₂)

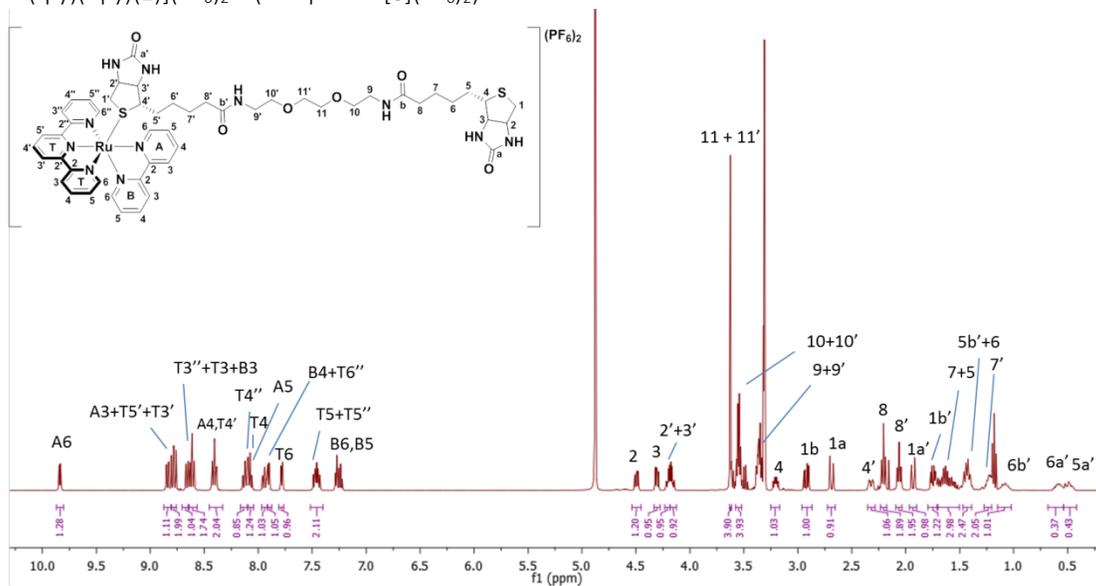


Figure S 5: ¹H NMR (400 MHz, dMeOH) of complex [8]Cl₂

1.2. Analytical scale synthesis of [Ru(tpy)(bpy)(1)](PF₆)₂ – (compound [6](PF₆)₂)

Table S1. Results of the reaction of ligand **1** with [Ru(tpy)(bpy)(OH₂)](PF₆)₂ in H₂O under different conditions.^a Isomeric ratios were obtained from ¹H NMR measurements (in D₂O or MeOD, 300 MHz) after workup of the reaction by silica column chromatography.

	Temperature (K)	Time (h)	NMR yield	
			[6] ²⁺	[7] ²⁺
A	333	48	61%	39%
B	353	48	83%	17%
C	Reflux	48	84%	16%
D	Reflux	2	63%	37%

^[a] Conditions: [RuOH₂] = 5.0 mM, [**1**] = 25 mM, in H₂O:acetone (3:1) solution, under argon, in the dark.

2. Photochemistry

2.1. Kinetics of photosubstitution study of [8](PF₆)₂

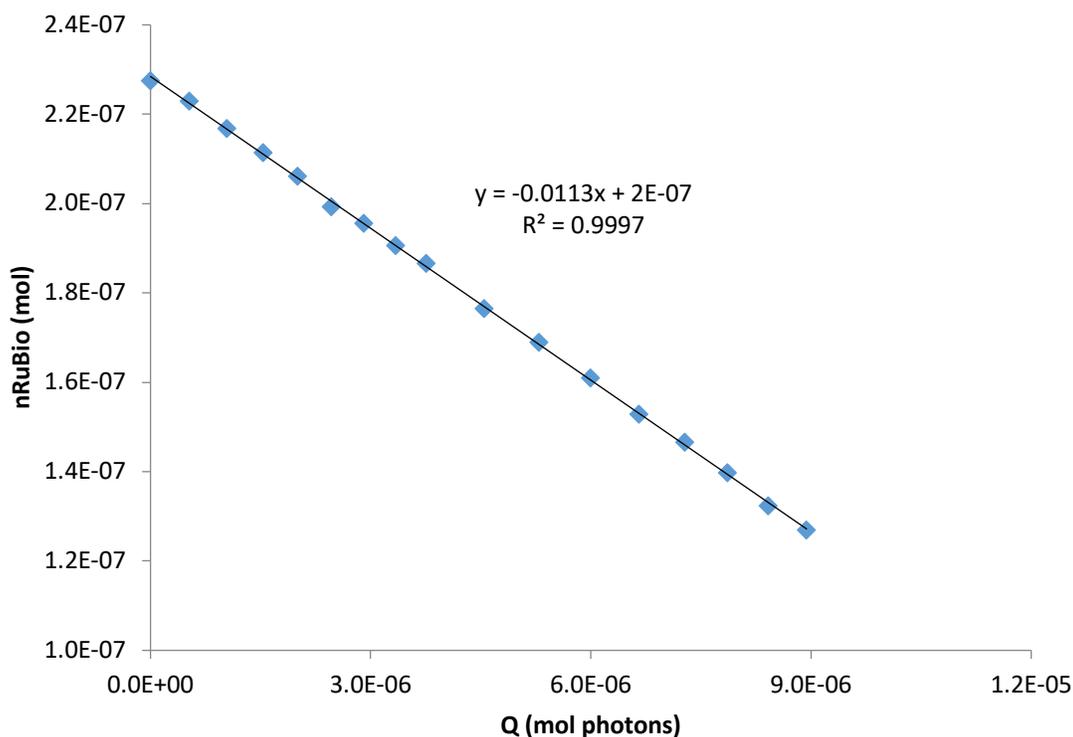


Figure S 6 Plot of the moles of the ruthenium thioether complex [8]²⁺ vs the moles of photons Q absorbed by the complex.

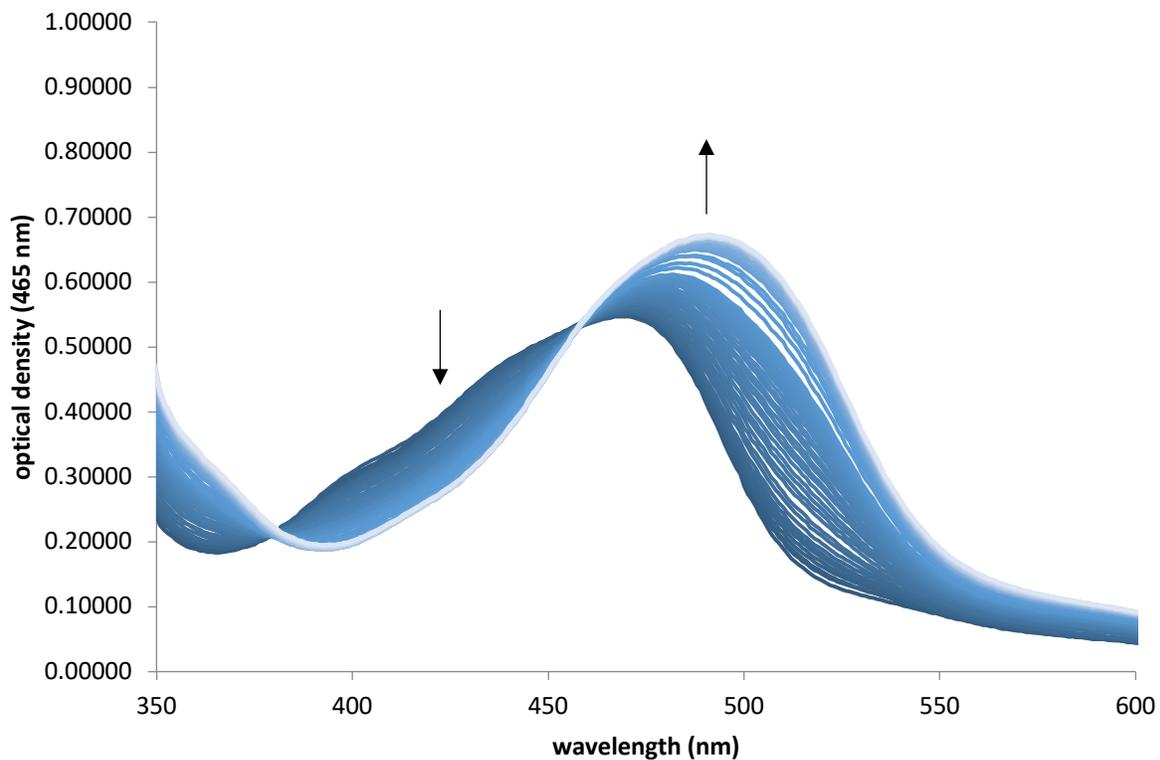


Figure S 7. Evolution of the UV-Vis spectra of a solution of $[8](PF_6)_2$ during blue light irradiation ($\lambda = 465$ nm, $\Delta\lambda_{1/2} = 25$ nm). Conditions $[Ru]_0 = 9.4 \times 10^{-5}$ M in PBS solution (pH = 7.03, I = 50 mM), photon flux $\Phi_p = 1.87 \times 10^{18}$ (Einstein/s); photon flux $\Phi_p = 1.29 \times 10^{18}$ (Einstein/s). T = 298 K, irradiation pathlength: 3.00 cm, UV-vis absorbance pathlength: 1.00 cm.