

**Title: Gestational exposure to an epidemiologically defined mixture of phthalates leads to gonadal dysfunction in mouse offspring of both sexes**

Anastasia Repouskou, Emily Panagiotidou, Lydia Panagopoulou, Pernilla Larsdotter Bisting, Astrud R. Tuck, Marcus O.D. Sjödin, Johan Lindberg, Evangelos Bozas, Joëlle Ruegg, Chris Gennings, Carl-Gustaf Bornehag, Pauliina Damdimopoulou, Antonios Stamatakis, Efthymia Kitraki.

**SUPPLEMENTAL TABLES & FIGURES**

**Table S1.** Body weights of male and female offspring on PND1, PDN21 and PND90

Body weight (grams)	Males			
	DMSO	10x	100x	500x
PND1	1.57±0.02 (34)	1.64±0.03 (14)	1.51±0.02 (19)	1.50±0.02 (26)
PND21	7.76±0.10 (30)	8.01±0.15 (13)	7.49±0.11 (19)	7.48±0.09 (26)
PND90	23.53±0.20 (21)	24.17±0.32 (8)	23.28±0.27 (12)	24.21±0.24 (13)
Females				
PND1	1.52±0.03 (26)	1.59±0.04 (15)	1.47±0.03 (14)	1.42±0.03 (16)
PND21	8.14±0.09 (24)	8.21±0.11 (17)	7.31±0.11 <sup>#</sup> (14)	7.23±0.11 <sup>#</sup> (12)
PND90	18.52±0.22 (14)	18.01±0.27 (9)	17.82±0.25 (9)	18.8±0.25 (9)

Values represent estimated marginal means ± SE. The number of animals is given in parentheses.

# p< 0.001 vs. DMSO.

**Table S2.** Number of litters used, litter size and % of male offspring per group.

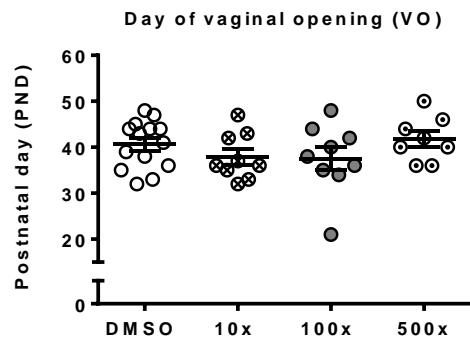
	DMSO	10x	100x	500x
Number of litters	9	6	5	6
Litter size (mean ± SEM)	6.78 ± 0.66	5.33 ± 0.92	6.6 ± 0.51	7 ± 0.45
Male offspring (% of total offspring)	55.7	43.8	57.6	61.9

**Table S3.** qRT-PCR primers used in the study

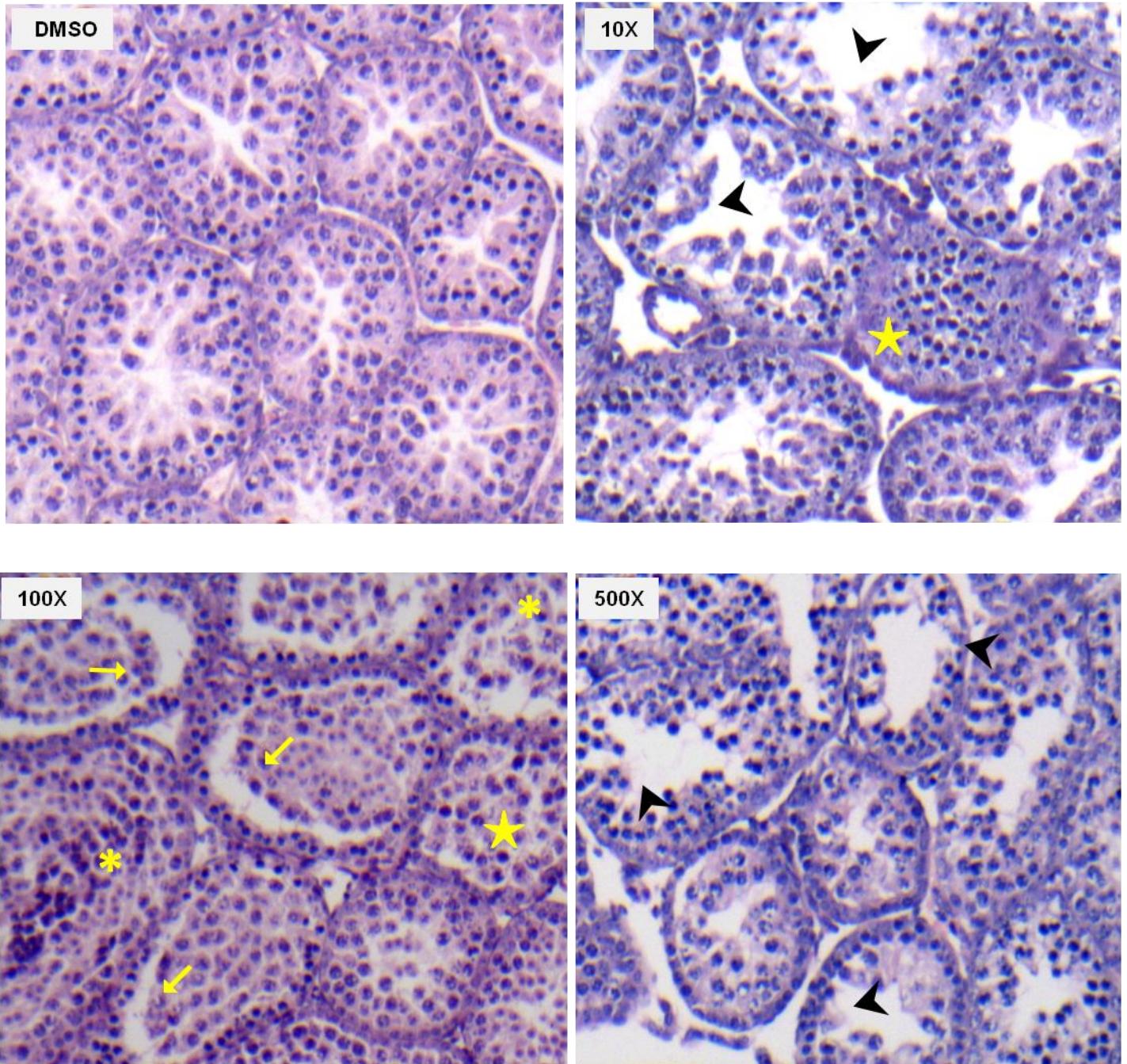
Gene	Forward primer (5'-3')	Reverse primer (5'-3')	PrimerBank ID / citation
$\beta$ -actin	GGCTGTATTCCCCCTCCATCG	CCAGTTGGTAACAATGCCATGT	6671509a1
Star	GTCATCAGAGCTAACACCGG	GGTGGTTGGCGAACTCTATC	designed using NCBI software
Cyp17a1	CTCCAGCCTGACAGACATTCTG	TCTCCCACCGTGACAAGGAT	6681099a1
Cyp19a1	ATGTTCTTGGAAATGCTGAACCC	AGGACCTGGTATTGAAGACGAG	Ref.1
Fshr	TGCTCTAACAGGGTCTTCCTC	TCTCAGTTCAATGGCGTTCGG	242397445c1
Lhcgr	CGCCCGACTATCTCACCTA	GACAGATTGAGGAGGTTGTCAAA	7305233a1
Sox9	AGTACCCGCATCTGCACAAAC	ACGAAGGGTCTCTTCGCT	165932320c1
Dmrt1	CAGAGGGACGCATGGTCATC	TGTAGTAGGCGGGTCTGATA	158631231c1
Foxl2	AACACCGGAGAAACCAGACC	CGTAGAACGGGAACTTGGCT	designed using NCBI software
HPRT1	GCCCTGGCGTCGTGATTAGT	TGTCCTGACTTGAGAACGAGC	designed using NCBI software
HSD3B2	ATCTAAGTTACGCCCTTTC	CTTCTCTCCTTGACTTCCT	KiCq Start Primers, Sigma-Aldrich
STAR	GACAAAGTGTAGTAAAGTGG	GTAAGTAATGAGTGCTCGAC	KiCq Start Primers, Sigma-Aldrich
CYP17A1	GAAGTTATCATCAATCTGTGGG	GTCATTGATAAACGGGAAG	KiCq Start Primers, Sigma-Aldrich
CYP19A1	ATGTGGACGTGTTGACCCTTCT	AACTACGTACCGTTCGAGAGGA	KiCq Start Primers, Sigma-Aldrich

## References

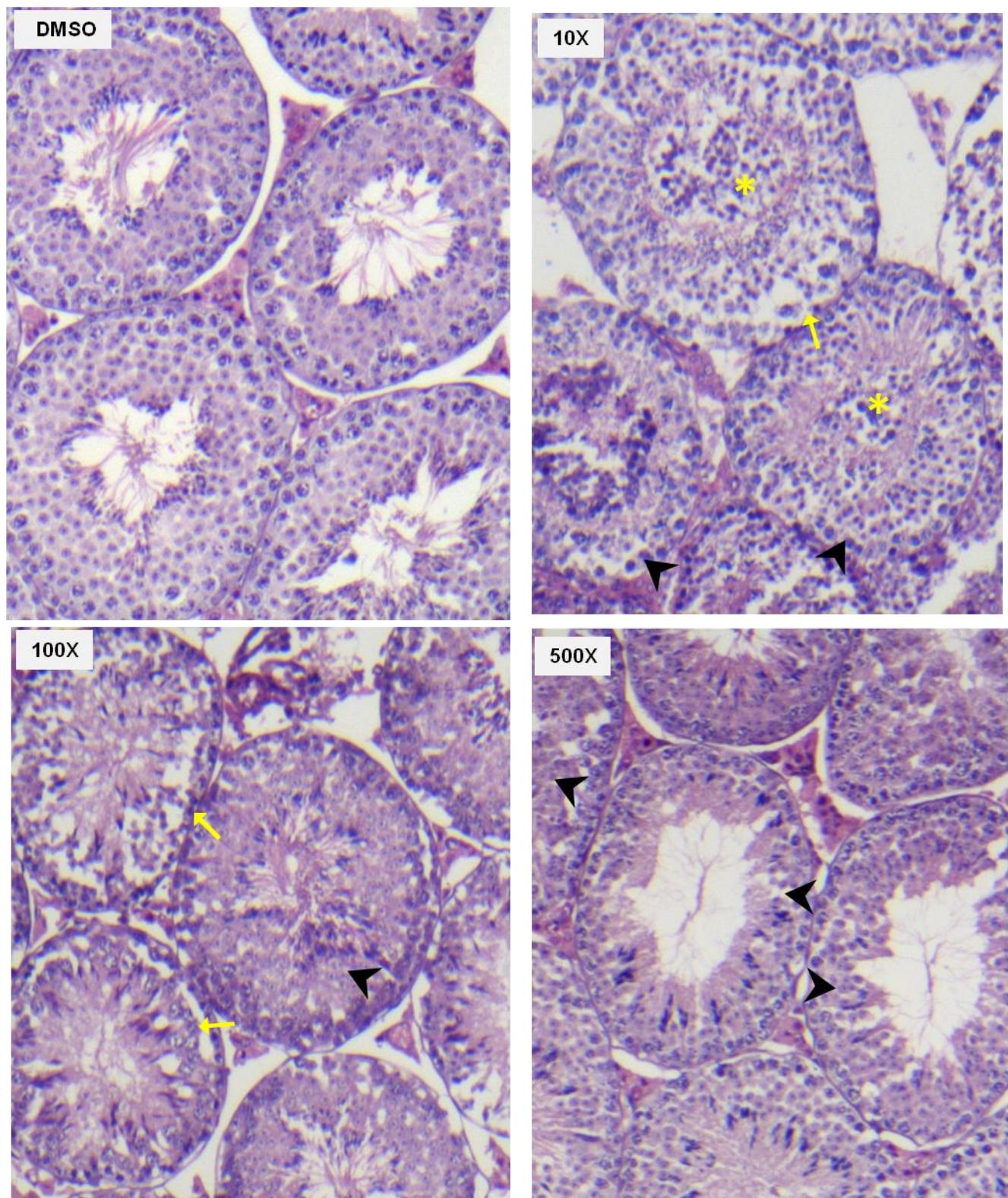
1. Bouma, G.J., Hart, G.T., Washburn, L.L., Recknagel, A.K. & Eicher, E.M. Using real time RT-PCR analysis to determine multiple gene expression patterns during XX and XY mouse fetal gonad development. *Gene Expr. Patterns* **5**, 141-9 (2004).



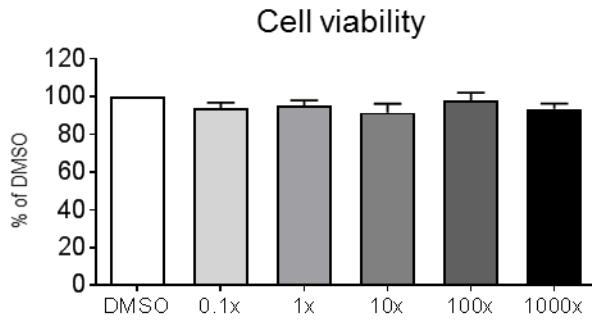
**Figure S1.** Day of vaginal opening (VO) for female offspring exposed *in utero* to DMSO (n=14) or to 10x (n=9), 100x (n=9) and 500x (n=8) the geometric mean of SELMA mothers' levels for the chemicals in Mixture S. Circles represent individual values, also means  $\pm$  SEM are given. No significant differences were detected vs. DMSO.



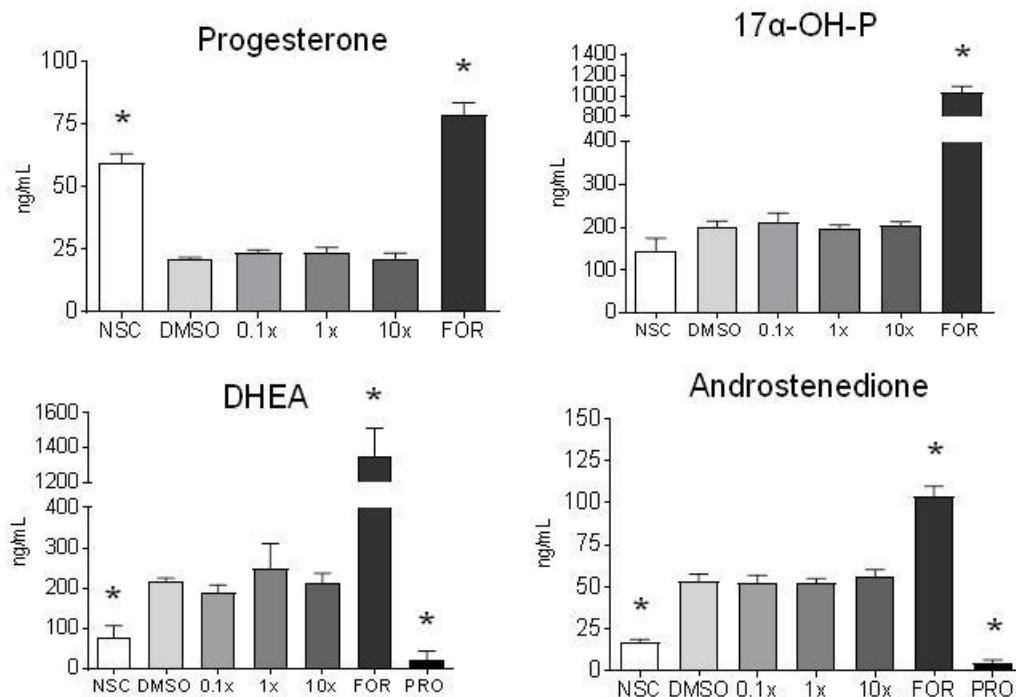
**Figure S2A.** Supplementary photomicrographs of testicular histology of PND21 offspring exposed to 0x (DMSO), 10x, 100x and 500x SELMA mothers' levels. ★ indicate tubules without lumen; \* Indicate tubules with germ cells in the lumen; arrows indicate detached layers; arrowheads indicate tubules with abnormal layers.



**Figure S2B.** Supplementary photomicrographs of testicular histology of PND90 offspring exposed to 0x (DMSO), 10x, 100x and 500x SELMA mothers' levels. \* Indicate tubules with germ cells in the lumen; arrows indicate detached layers; arrowheads indicate tubules with abnormal layers.



**Figure S3.** Cytotoxicity assessment of Mixture S on H295R cells after 48 h of Mixture exposure. N = 3 experiments with 3 technical replicates; data represent mean  $\pm$  SEM.



**Figure S4.** Production of steroid hormones by H295R cells after 24 h Mixture S exposure. NSC – non-stimulated, non-treated control; FOR – forskolin; PRO – Prochloraz. N = 3 experiments with 2 technical replicates; data represent mean  $\pm$  SEM; \* p < 0.05 vs. DMSO control; One-Way ANOVA with Dunnett's multiple comparison test.