

Supplementary Information

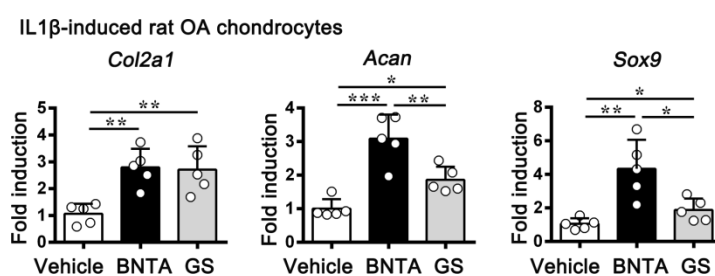
A small molecule promotes cartilage extracellular matrix generation and inhibits osteoarthritis development

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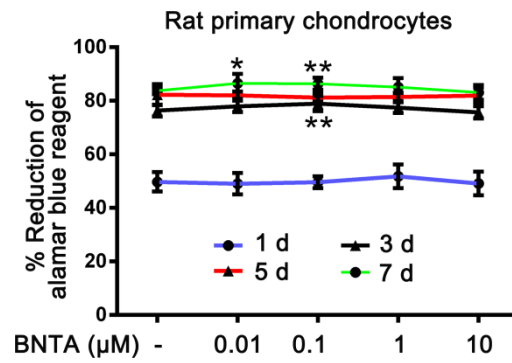
N-[2-bromo-4-(phenylsulfonyl)-3-thienyl]-2-chlorobenzamide (BNTA)

The characterization data of BNTA: **Melting point (mp):** 148-149 °C; **¹H-NMR** (600 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆) δ : 10.15 (s, 1H, N-*H*), 8.68 (s, 1H, thiophene), 7.52-7.94 (m, 9H, aryl); **¹³C-NMR** (150 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆) δ : 165.72, 140.97, 137.73, 135.98, 135.56, 134.32, 132.54, 131.88, 130.78, 130.40, 129.98, 129.62, 127.70, 127.59, 115.55; **HRMS:** [M+H]⁺ calcd for C₁₇H₁₂NO₃S₂ClBr, 455.9131; found, 455.9128.

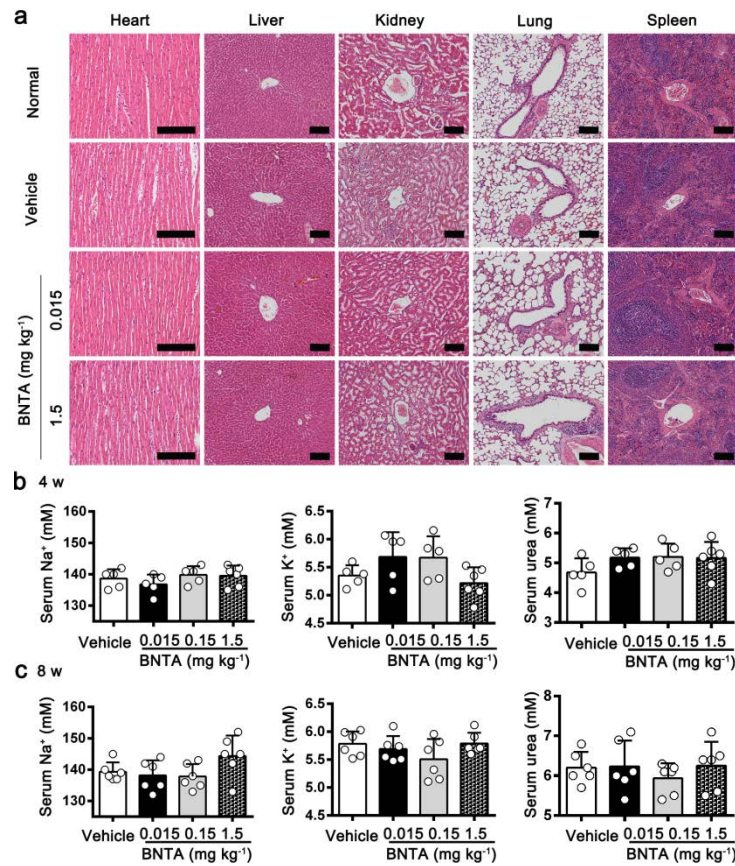
Supplementary figure legends



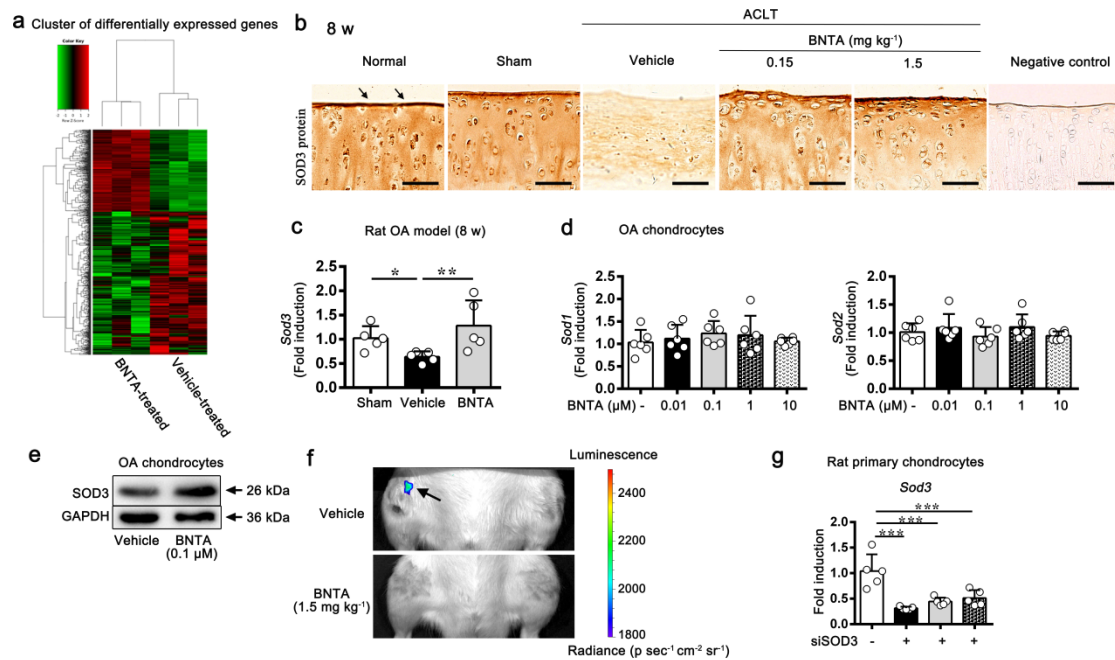
Supplementary Fig. 1 The collagen type II alpha 1 chain (*Col2a1*), aggrecan (*Acan*), and SRY-box 9 (*Sox9*) mRNA levels were evaluated after BNTA (0.1 μ M) treatment compared with glucosamine sulfate (GS, 500 μ M) in interleukin 1 beta (IL1 β , 10 ng ml⁻¹)-induced rat osteoarthritis (OA) model at 6 h (n = 5 for each group; *Col2a1*, *Acan*, one-way ANOVA; *Sox9*, nonparametric test). Data are shown as the mean \pm standard deviation (s. d.). **P* < 0.05, ***P* < 0.01, ****P* < 0.001. Source data are provided as a Source Data file.



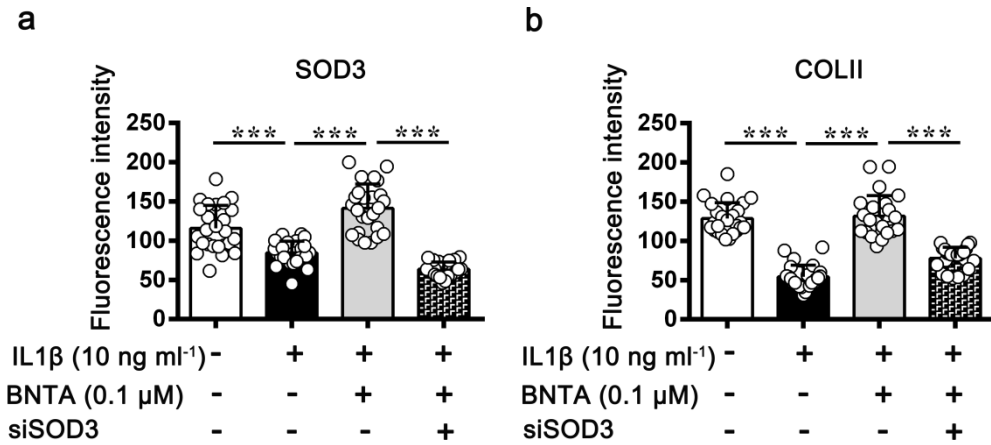
Supplementary Fig. 2 Cell viability of rat primary chondrocytes detected using the alamar blue assay after BNTA treatment for 1 d, 3 d, 5 d, and 7 d (n = 14 for each group; 1 d and 3 d, one-way ANOVA; 5 d and 7 d, nonparametric test). Data are shown as the mean \pm standard deviation (s. d.). * $P < 0.05$, ** $P < 0.01$. Source data are provided as a Source Data file.



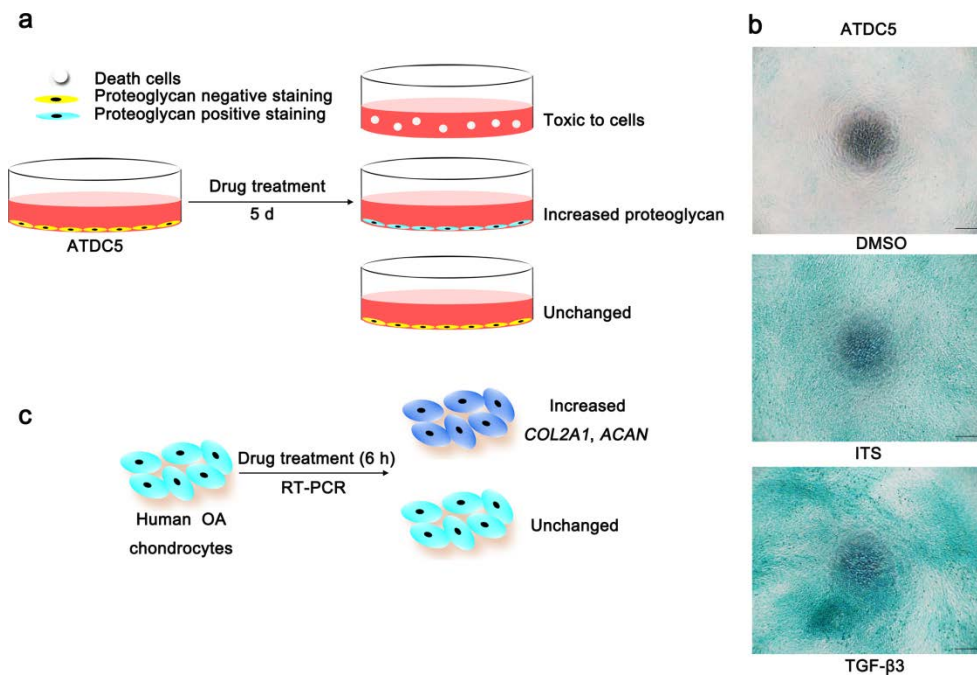
Supplementary Fig. 3 Toxicity of BNTA was detected with H&E staining and biochemical assays of serum *in vivo*. **a**, Histological features of rat heart, liver, kidney, lung, and spleen stained with H&E after treatment with BNTA or vehicle at 8 w (scale bars, 200 μm ; $n = 4$). **b**, Concentrations of serum Na^+ , K^+ , and urea of rats treated with BNTA or vehicle evaluated by biochemical assays at 4 w (vehicle, 0.015, 0.15 mg kg^{-1} , $n = 5$; 1.5 mg kg^{-1} , $n = 6$; one-way ANOVA). **c**, Concentrations of serum Na^+ , K^+ , and urea of rats in BNTA or vehicle groups at 8 w ($n = 6$ for each group; one-way ANOVA). Data are shown as the mean \pm standard deviation (s. d.). Source data are provided as a Source Data file.



Supplementary Fig. 4 Superoxide dismutase 3 (SOD3) was activated by BNTA. **a**, Cluster of differentially expressed genes in BNTA or vehicle-treated anterior cruciate ligament transection (ACLT) rats assessed by RNA sequencing. **b**, Immunostaining for SOD3 protein in normal, sham, vehicle, and BNTA-treated (0.15, 1.5 mg kg⁻¹) rats at 8 w (brown, arrows; scale bar, 50 μm). **c**, *Sod3* mRNA levels in cartilage tissue of the rat osteoarthritis (OA) model at 8 w (nonparametric test; n = 5 for each group). **d**, Quantification of mRNA levels for *Sod1* and *Sod2* in interleukin 1 beta (IL1β, 10 ng ml⁻¹)-induced rat OA chondrocytes after BNTA or vehicle incubation for 6 h (one-way ANOVA; n = 6 for each group). **e**, SOD3 protein levels in IL1β (10 ng ml⁻¹)-induced rat OA chondrocytes from the BNTA (0.1 μM) or vehicle groups at 2 d. **f**, Chemiluminescence signal of the ACLT-induced knee joint after vehicle or BNTA (1.5 mg kg⁻¹) treatment at 8 w with intravenous injection of luminol. Arrow showed the reactive oxygen species (ROS) produced in the knee joint. **g**, *Sod3* mRNA levels in rat primary chondrocytes after treatment with three siSOD3s at 24 h (one-way ANOVA; n = 5 for each group). Data are shown as the mean ± standard deviation (s. d.). **P* < 0.05, ***P* < 0.01. Source data are provided as a Source Data file.



Supplementary Fig. 5 The fluorescence intensity of superoxide dismutase 3 (SOD3) and type II collagen (COLII) in rat primary chondrocytes was quantified using LAS_X software when cultured with interleukin 1 beta (IL1 β , 10 ng ml⁻¹), BNTA (0.1 μ M), or siSOD3 for 2 d (n = 25 for each group; nonparametric tests). Data are shown as the mean \pm standard deviation (s. d.). *** P < 0.001. Source data are provided as a Source Data file.



Supplementary Fig. 6 Development of an effective assay to screen for candidate of disease-modifying osteoarthritis drug (DMOAD). **a**, Scheme of alcian blue staining outcomes after treating ATDC5 cells with the small compounds library for 5 d. **b**, Alcian blue staining in ATDC5 cells after stimulation with transforming growth factor- β 3 (TGF- β 3) or insulin-transferrin-selenium (ITS; scale bar, 200 μ m). **c**, Schematic diagram of possible results after treating human osteoarthritis (OA) chondrocytes with prospective candidates, as evaluated with reverse transcription polymerase chain reaction (RT-PCR).

Supplementary Table 1 The excluded candidates for the experiments

Product Name	References
NS-398	<i>J RHEUMATOL.</i> 28, 2509-2519 (2001)
Melatonin	<i>Br J Pharmacol.</i> 175, 3230–3238 (2018)
Harmine HCl	<i>BIOCHIMIE.</i> 95, 374-381 (2013)
Kaempferol	<i>Med Sci Monit.</i> 23, 3925-3931 (2017)
CL-82198	<i>CURR MED CHEM.</i> 18, 977-1001 (2011)
Z-FA-FMK	<i>OSTEOARTHR CARTILAGE.</i> 23, A57 (2015)
SB220025	<i>SCAND J RHEUMATOL.</i> 36, 247-258 (2007)
SD-208	<i>GROWTH FACTORS.</i> 24, 268-278 (2006)
Cryptotanshinone	<i>INT IMMUNOPHARMACOL.</i> 50, 161-167 (2017)
CXCR4 Antagonist I, AMD3100	<i>J ORTHOP RES.</i> 33, 1071-1078 (2015)
SB 203580, Sulfone	<i>McGill University Montreal,(Quebec),Canada.</i> (2011)
Histone Deacetylase Inhibitor CP-690550	<i>Osteoarthritis Cartilage.</i> 21, 1987-1996 (2013). <i>JAMA.</i> 297, 28-29 (2007)
Propyl gallate	<i>Free Radic Res.</i> 30, 395-405 (1999)
Sphingosine	<i>Osteoarthritis Cartilage.</i> 6, 393-399 (1998)
Kenpaullone	<i>INT J CLIN EXP MED.</i> 4, (2016)
Pifithrin- α , Cyclic- SIRT1 Inhibitor IV, (S)-35	<i>Arthritis Rheum.</i> 60, 2340-2349 (2009) <i>J ORTHOP RES.</i> 29, 511-515 (2011)
SAHA	<i>AM J PATHOL.</i> 186, 2701-2708 (2016)
Prostaglandin J2	<i>J BIOL CHEM.</i> 279, 37939-37950 (2004)
5-Aza-2-deoxycytidine	<i>ANN RHEUM DIS.</i> 66, 1616-1621 (2007)
Amphotericin B	<i>INFECTIO.</i> 25, 112-116 (1997)
JNK Inhibitor	<i>Arthritis Rheum.</i> 56, 2663-2673 (2007)
Oxytetracycline, a -apo- p38 MAP Kinase Inhibitor VI, JX401	<i>J BONE MINER METAB.</i> 28, 627-633 (2010) <i>J Inflamm (Lond).</i> 5, 22 (2008)
p38 MAP Kinase Inhibitor VIII	<i>J Inflamm (Lond).</i> 5, 22 (2008)
E-caryophyllene	<i>EUR J PHARMACOL.</i> 750, 141-150 (2015)
Alsterpaullone	<i>MOL MED REP.</i> 7, 603-607 (2013)
Carnosic acid	<i>MOLECULES.</i> 21, 465 (2016)
PKCbII/EGFR Inhibitor	<i>Mediators Inflamm.</i> 2013, 326041 (2013)
Lavendustin A	<i>Proc Natl Acad Sci U S A.</i> 105, 7467-7471 (2008)
Tranylecypromine	<i>ARTHRITIS RES THER.</i> 16, R113 (2014)
JAK Inhibitor I	<i>Tissue Eng Part A.</i> 20, 2243-2252 (2014)
CCR2 Antagonist A77 1726	<i>ANN RHEUM DIS.</i> 76, 914-922 (2017) <i>ARTHRITIS RES THER.</i> 6, R181-R189 (2004)
trans-Retinoic Acid	<i>J CELL PHYSIOL.</i> 159, 340-346 (1994)
Cyclopamine	<i>INT J MOL SCI.</i> 14, 5966-5977 (2013)

Adenosine	<i>Osteoarthritis Cartilage</i> . 14, 486-495 (2006)
Gingerol	<i>J CELL BIOCHEM</i> . 118, 1003-1013 (2017)
Lycorine HCl	<i>MOL MED REP</i> . 14, 3389-3396 (2016)
Nicotine, (-)-	<i>Osteoarthritis Cartilage</i> . 13, 942-943 (2005)
URB-597	<i>PAIN</i> . 152, 975-981 (2011)
Bisindolylmaleimide I	<i>J BIOL CHEM</i> . 282, 2929-2936 (2007)
Gö 6976	<i>J BIOL CHEM</i> . 281, 24124-24137 (2006)
NDGA	<i>Arthritis Rheum</i> . 26, 771-774 (1983)
Tetramethylpyrazine	<i>J ETHNOPHARMACOL</i> . 132, 414-420 (2010)
Mithramycin A	<i>ARTHRITIS RES THER</i> . 7, R777-R783 (2005)
Actinonin	<i>MATRIX BIOL</i> . 19, 333-344 (2000)
GM6001	<i>Osteoarthritis Cartilage</i> . 14, 738-748 (2006)
Enalapril	<i>DARU: Journal of Pharmaceutical Sciences</i> . 15, 199-204 (2007)
SB 203580	<i>J IMMUNOL</i> . 161, 467-473 (1998)
SB202190	<i>Osteoarthritis Cartilage</i> . 18, 1509-1517 (2010)
BMS-5	<i>PLOS ONE</i> . 6, e28663 (2011)
MCI-186	<i>Biochem Biophys Res Commun</i> . 473, 840-844 (2016)
EPA	<i>ARTHRITIS RES THER</i> . 12, R207 (2010)
Thymoquinone	<i>xp Biol Med (Maywood)</i> . 235, 1425-1431 (2010)
Tyrphostin 1	<i>Arthritis Rheum</i> . 48, 404-409 (2003)
Tetrandrine	<i>EVID-BASED COMPL ALT</i> . 2013, 1-8 (2013)
Quercetin	<i>J NUTR BIOCHEM</i> . 23, 106-112 (2012)
Myricetin	<i>INT J PHARMACOL</i> . 4, 440-450 (2016)
Cambinol	<i>JOINT BONE SPINE</i> . 79, 570-573 (2012)
17 β -Estradiol	<i>BONE</i> . 39, 310-317 (2006)
Splitomycin	<i>JOINT BONE SPINE</i> . 79, 570-573 (2012)
Salermide	<i>JOINT BONE SPINE</i> . 79, 570-573 (2012)
Baicalein	<i>CELL PHYSIOL BIOCHEM</i> . 36, 325-333 (2015)
Betulinic Acid	<i>INT IMMUNOPHARMACOL</i> . 29, 687-692 (2015)
Phorbol 12,13-dibutyrate	<i>EXP CELL RES</i> . 201, 245-249 (1992)
