

Electronic Supplementary Material

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[¹⁸F]FE-OTS964: A TOPK Inhibitor for *In Vivo* PET Imaging in Mouse Brain Cancer Model

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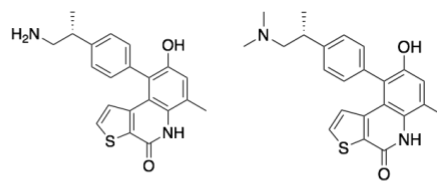
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OTS514

OTS964

TOPK IC50 (nM)	2.6	32
MW (g/mol)	364.46	392.52
clogP (calc)	2.95	3.63

Fig. S1: Structures and relevant physicochemical parameters of OTS514 and OTS964.

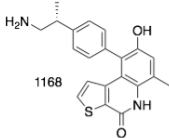
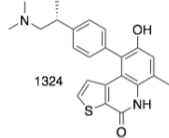
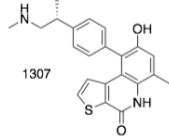
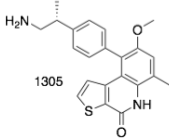
	IC ₅₀ (nM):	PBK	BT549	T47D	A549	HT1197
 1168						
 1324	OTS514	2.6	-	8.4	6.5	27
 1307	OTS964	32	30	66	24	69
 1305	OTS514-NMe	18	42	85	57	150
	OTS514-OMe	15	21	40	20	64

Fig. S2: Structures of OTS514 and OTS964 and relevant physicochemical parameters

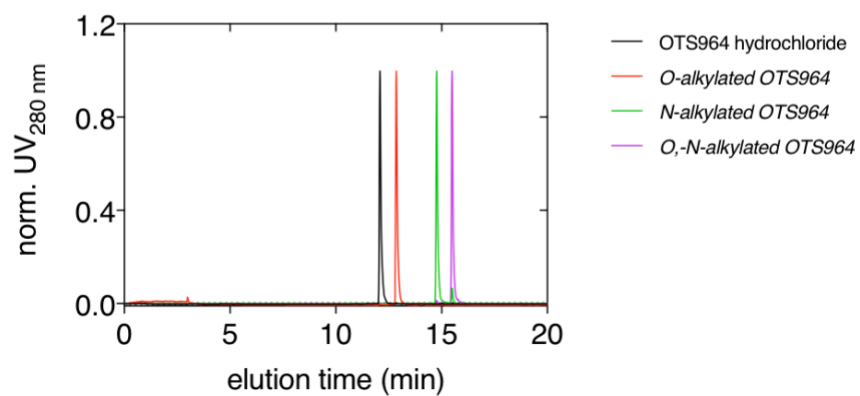
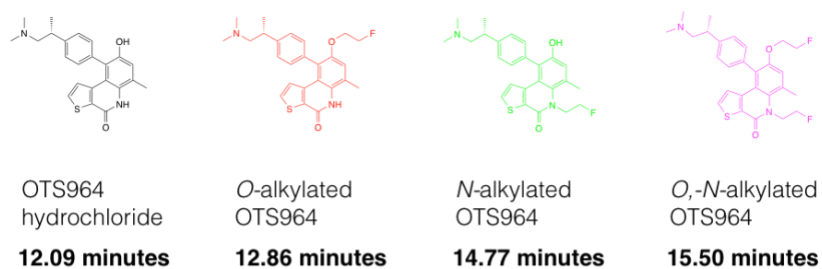


Fig. S3: QC normalized chromatograms of (left to right) OTS964 hydrochloride, *O*-alkylated OTS964, *N*-alkylated OTS964, and *O,N*-alkylated OTS964

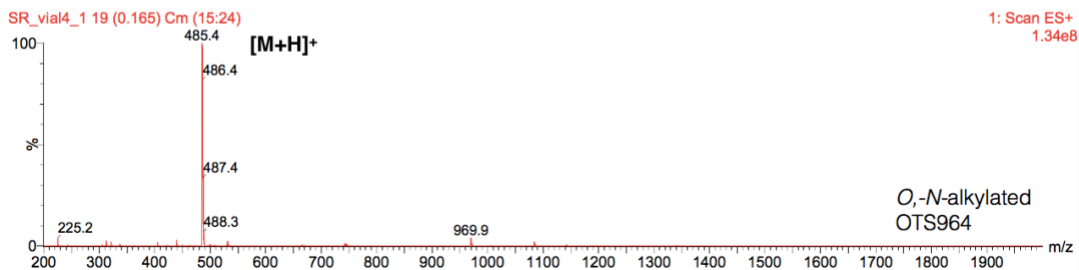
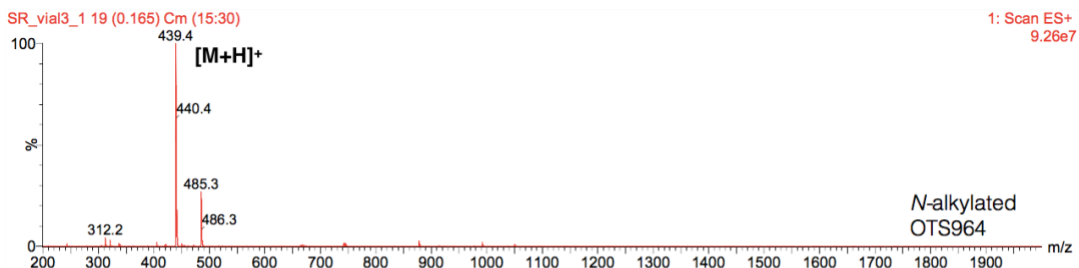
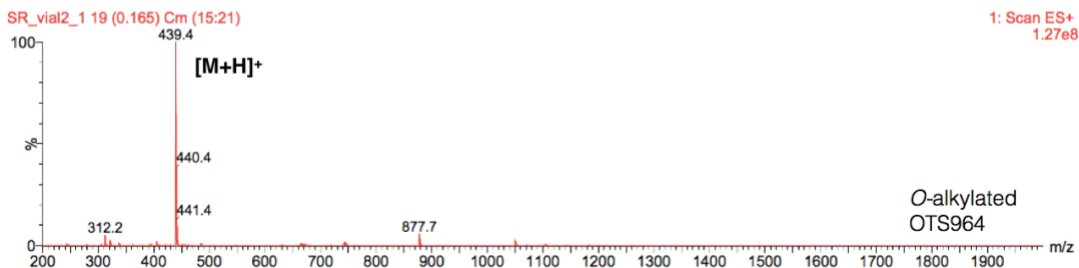
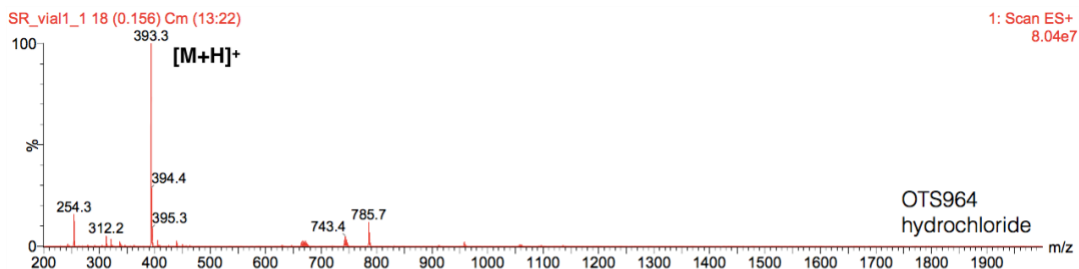


Fig. S4: LC-MS chemical identification of (top to bottom) OTS964 hydrochloride, *O*-alkylated OTS964, *N*-alkylated OTS964, and *O*-,*N*-alkylated OTS964

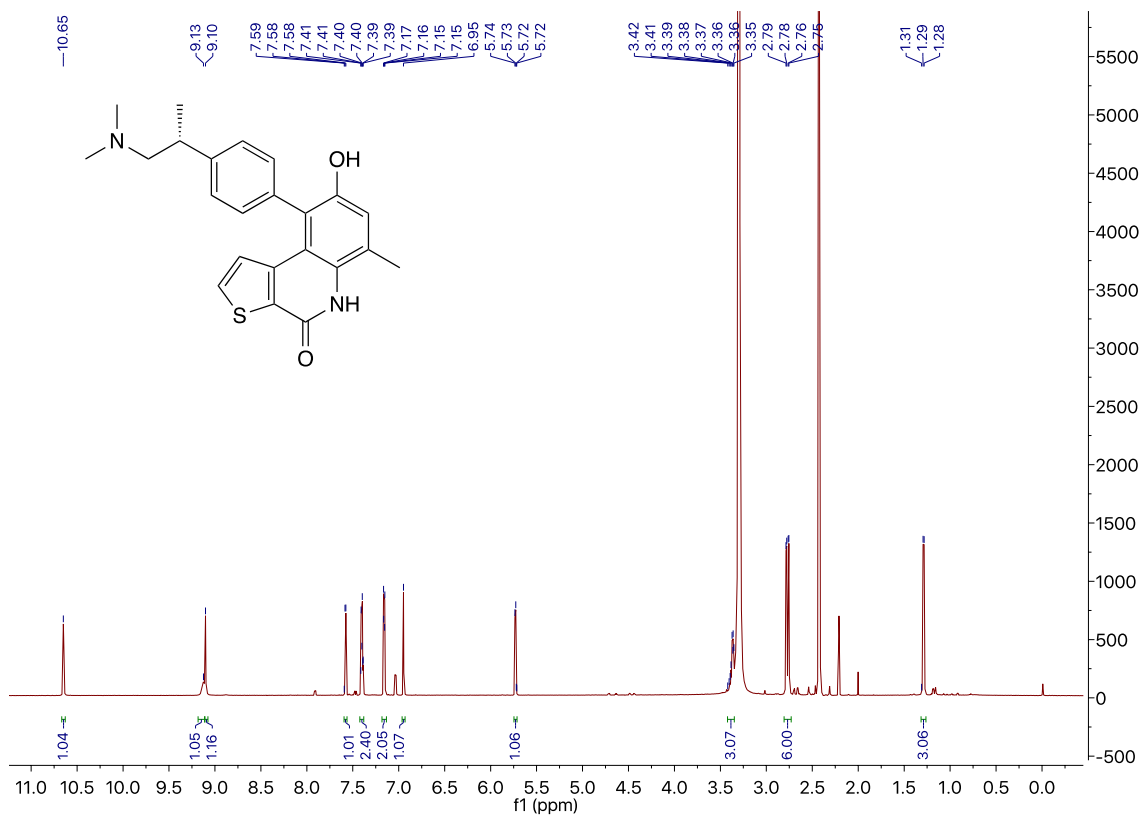


Fig. S5: ¹H NMR of OTS964. ¹H NMR (DMSO-d₆, 600 MHz): δ 10.65 (s, 1H, -N(CH₃)₂H⁺), 9.13 (s, 1H, Ar-NH), 9.10 (s, 1H, -OH), 7.58 (d, *J* = 5.4 Hz, 1H, -CHCHS), 7.42 – 7.38 (m, 2H, -CH^{Ar}), 7.18 – 7.13 (m, 2H, -CH^{Ar}), 6.95 (s, 1H, -CH^{Ar}), 5.73 (d, *J* = 5.4 Hz, 1H, -CHCHS), 3.42 – 3.35 (m, 3H, Ar-CH(CH₃)CH₂-), 2.77 (dd, *J* = 13.8, 4.8 Hz, 6H, -N(CH₃)₂), 2.43 (s, 3H, -Ar-CH₃) 1.29 (d, *J* = 6.8 Hz, 3H, -CH₃). Identity by LC-MS analysis, ESI-MS (ES⁺) calculated for C₂₃H₂₄FN₂O₂S [M+H]⁺ *m/z* 393.30, found 393.16

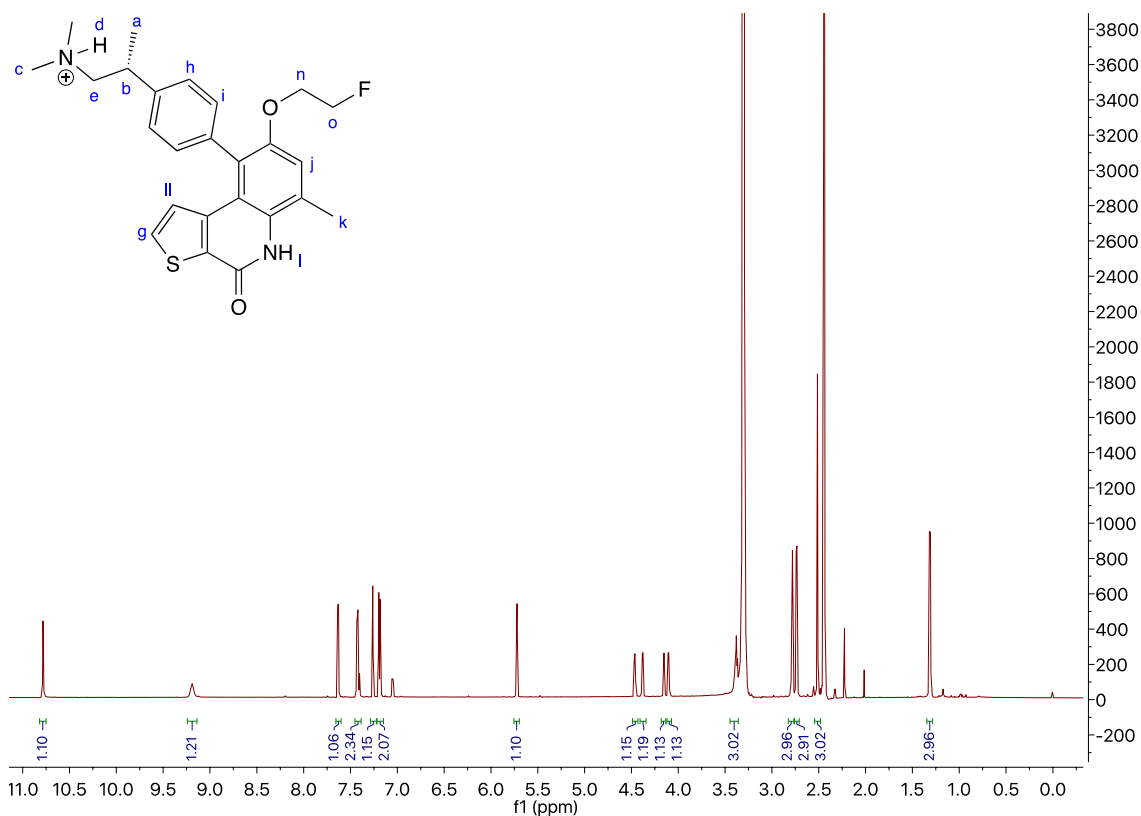


Fig. S6: ^1H NMR of *O*-alkylated OTS964. ^1H NMR (DMSO- d_6 , 600 MHz): δ 10.78 (s, 1H, $-\text{N}(\text{CH}_3)_2\text{H}^+$), 9.19 (s, 1H, Ar-NH), 7.63 (d, $J = 5.4$ Hz, 1H, $-\text{CHCHS}$), 7.45–7.39 (m, 2H, $-\text{CH}^{\text{Ar}}$), 7.26 (s, 1H, $-\text{CH}^{\text{Ar}}$), 7.22–7.15 (m, 2H, $-\text{CH}^{\text{Ar}}$), 5.73 (d, $J = 5.4$ Hz, 1H, $-\text{CHCHS}$), 4.42 (ddd, $J = 47.8, 7.5, 3.8$ Hz, 2H, $-\text{OCH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{F}$), 4.13 (ddd, $J = 30.2, 4.5, 3.2$ Hz, 2H, $-\text{OCH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{F}$), 3.46–3.36 (m, 3H, Ar- $\text{CH}(\text{CH}_3)\text{CH}_2$ -), 2.76 (dd, $J = 28.7, 4.8$ Hz, 6H, $-\text{N}(\text{CH}_3)_2$), 2.51 (s, 3H, Ar- CH_3), 1.31 (d, $J = 6.7$ Hz, 3H, $-\text{CH}_3$). Identity by LC-MS analysis, ESI-MS (ES^+) calculated for $\text{C}_{25}\text{H}_{27}\text{FN}_2\text{O}_2\text{S}$ $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$ m/z 439.4, found 439.18

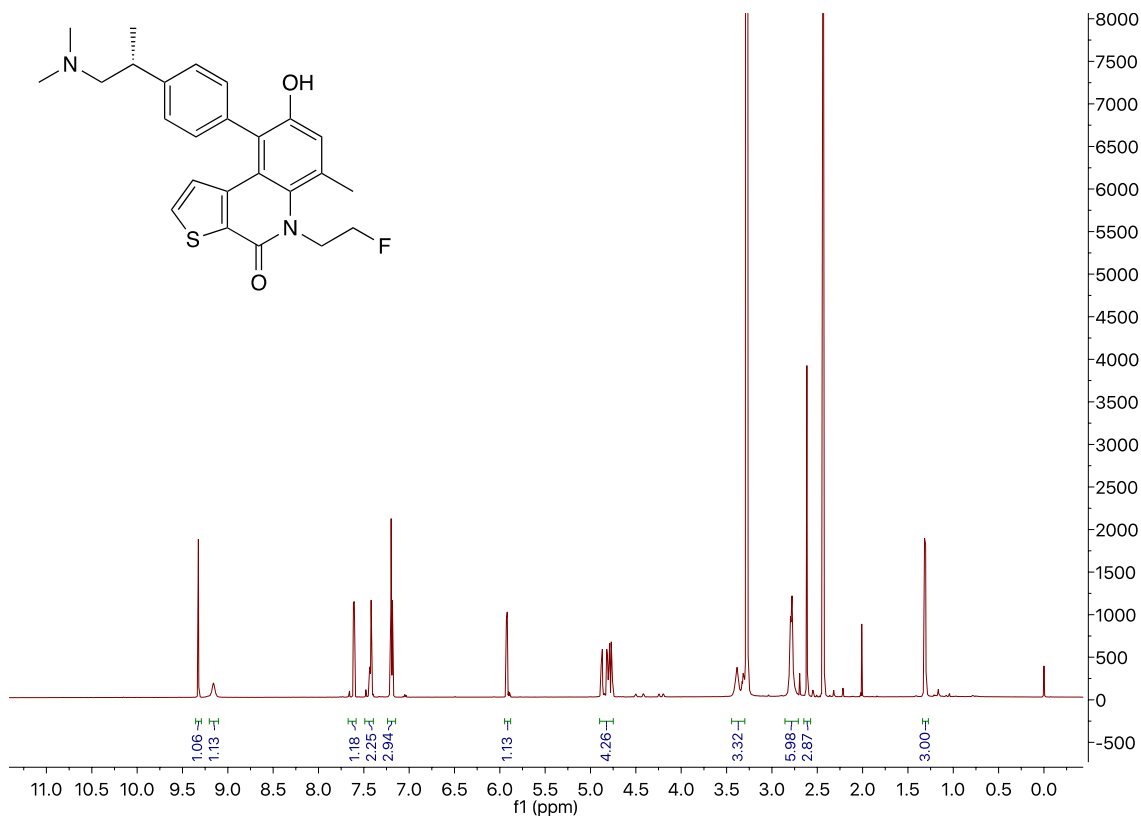


Fig. S7: ¹H NMR of *N*-alkylated OTS964. ¹H NMR (600 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆) δ 9.32 (s, 1H, -N(CH₃)₂H⁺), 9.16 (s, 1H, -OH), 7.61 (d, *J* = 5.5 Hz, 1H, -CHCHS), 7.43 (d, *J* = 7.7 Hz, 2H, -CH^{Ar}), 7.24 – 7.15 (m, 3H, -CH^{Ar}), 5.92 (d, *J* = 5.5 Hz, 1H, -CHCHS), 4.91 – 4.73 (m, 4H, -NCH₂CH₂F), 3.45 – 3.30 (m, 3H, Ar-CH(CH₃)CH₂-), 2.86 – 2.71 (m, 6H, -N(CH₃)₂), 2.65 – 2.57 (m, 3H, Ar-CH₃), 1.31 (d, *J* = 6.7 Hz, 3H, -CH₃). Identity by LC-MS analysis, ESI-MS (ES⁺) calculated for C₂₅H₂₇FN₂O₂S [M+H]⁺ *m/z* 439.40, found 439.18

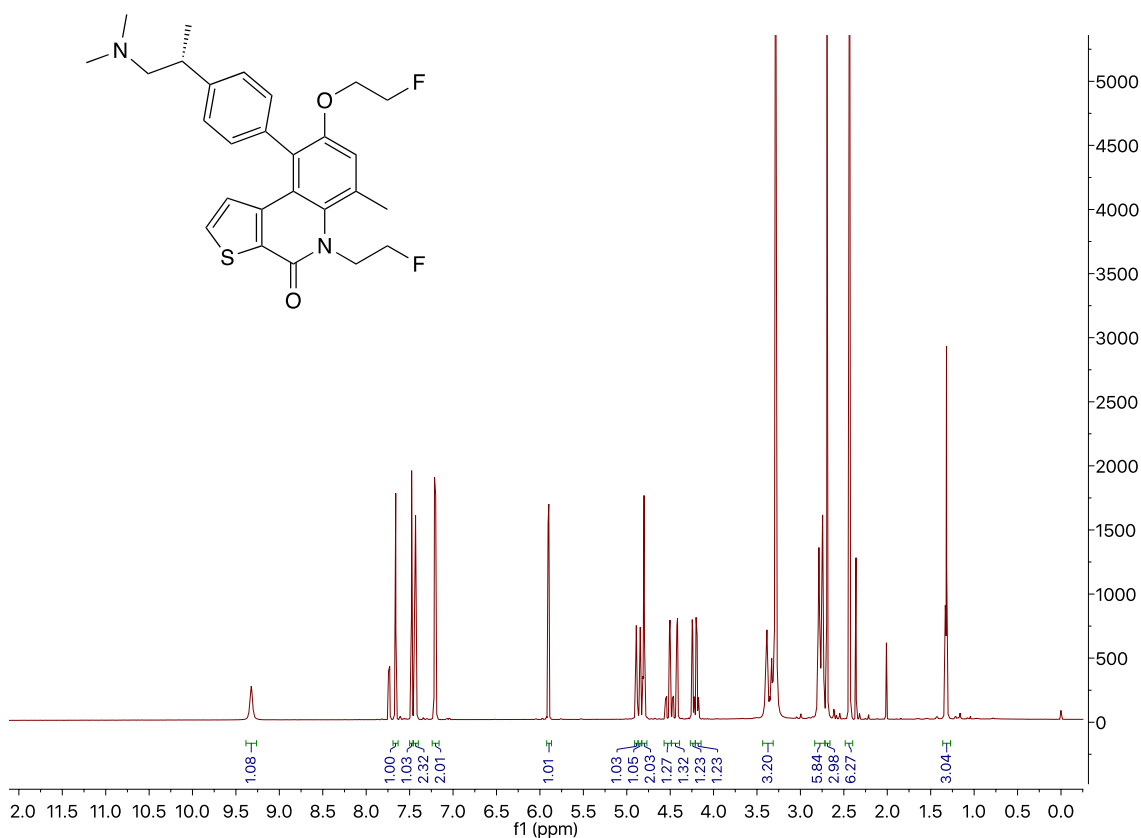


Fig. S8: ^1H NMR of *O,N*-alkylated OTS964. ^1H NMR (600 MHz, $\text{DMSO-}d_6$) δ 9.33 (d, $J = 11.2$ Hz, 1H, $-\text{N}(\text{CH}_3)_2\text{H}^+$), 7.66 (d, $J = 5.5$ Hz, 1H, $-\text{CHCHS}$), 7.48 (s, 1H, $-\text{CH}^{\text{Ar}}$), 7.43 (m, 2H, $-\text{CH}^{\text{Ar}}$), 7.24 – 7.16 (m, 2H, $-\text{CH}^{\text{Ar}}$), 5.90 (d, $J = 5.5$ Hz, 1H, $-\text{CHCHS}$), 4.92 – 4.83 (m, 2H, $-\text{NCH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{F}$), 4.83 – 4.77 (m, 2H, $-\text{NCH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{F}$), 4.57 – 4.39 (m, 2H, $-\text{OCH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{F}$), 4.27 – 4.14 (m, 2H, $-\text{OCH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{F}$), 3.36 (m, 3H, $\text{Ar-CH}(\text{CH}_3)\text{CH}_2-$), 2.77 (d, $J = 25.1$ Hz, 6H, $-\text{N}(\text{CH}_3)_2$), 2.69 (s, 3H, Ar-CH_3), 1.32 (d, $J = 6.7$ Hz, 3H, $-\text{CH}_3$). Identity by LC-MS analysis, ESI-MS (ES^+) calculated for $\text{C}_{27}\text{H}_{30}\text{F}_2\text{N}_2\text{O}_2\text{S}$ $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$ m/z 485.40, found 485.20

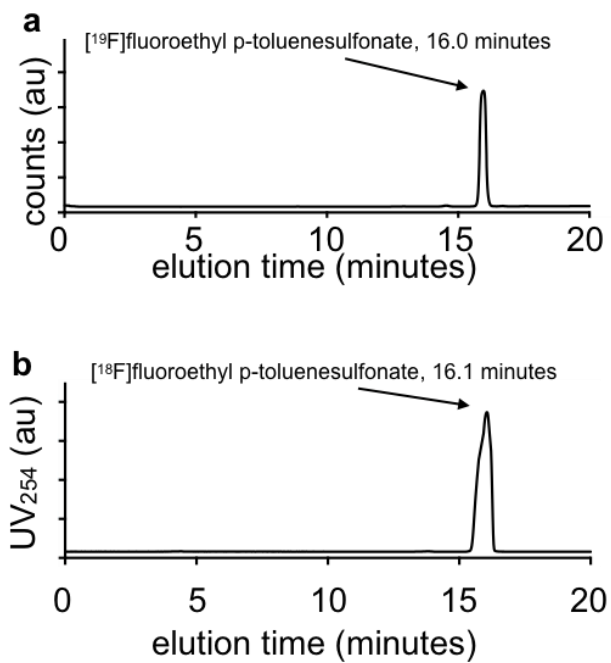


Fig. S9: QC chromatograms of (a) $[^{19}\text{F}]$ fluoroethyl p-toluenesulfonate and (b) $[^{18}\text{F}]$ fluoroethyl p-toluenesulfonate.

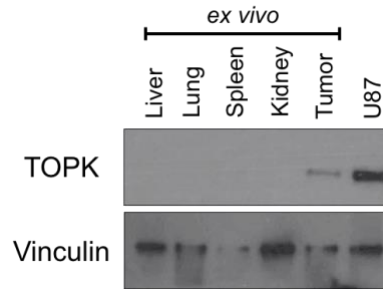


Fig. S10: Expression of human TOPK in murine *ex vivo* tissues, xenografts, and human cultured cancer cells. Vinculin is shown as a loading control.

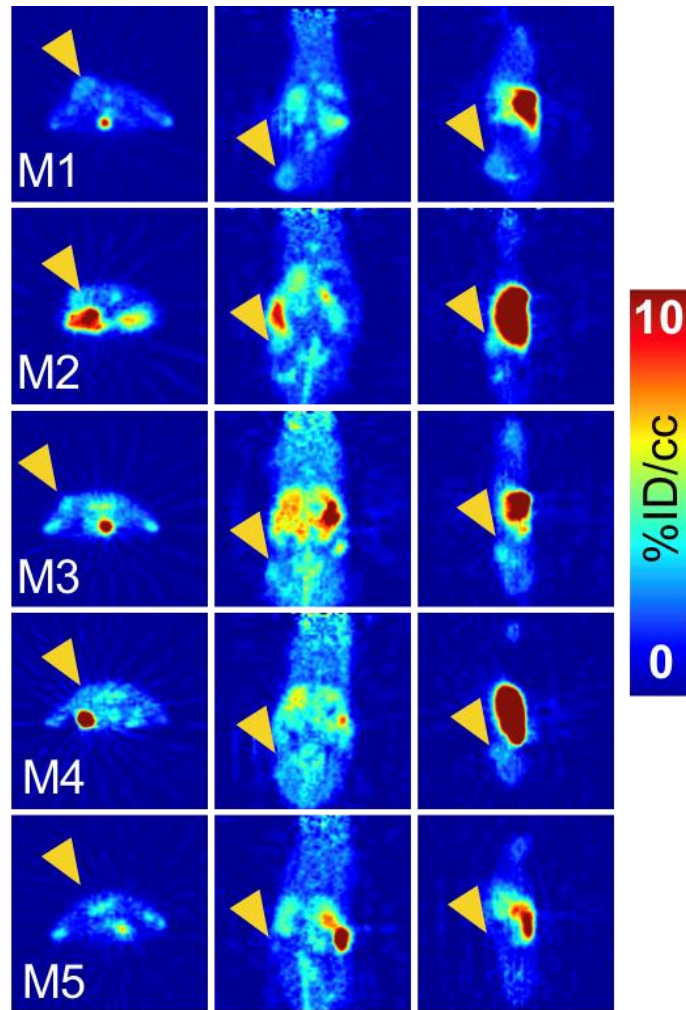


Fig. S11: PET slices for all mice. M1, M2, and M3 are unblocked. M4 and M5 are blocked with excess dose.

Table S1. Complete tabular PET VOI information

Subject	Volume (mm ³)	mean (%ID/cc)	SD (%ID/cc)	min (%ID/cc)	max (%ID/cc)
M1	123.50	2.76	0.31	1.95	3.48
M2	67.42	3.05	0.51	1.87	4.59
M3	34.01	3.36	0.50	1.59	4.39
M4	34.01	1.70	0.95	-0.49	3.48
M5	70.40	1.10	0.77	-0.50	2.90

M1, M2, and M3 are unblocked. M4 and M5 are blocked with excess dose.

Table S2. Complete tabular biodistribution information (%ID/g)

organ	M1	M2	M3	M4	M5
blood	6.65	5.89	5.09	2.64	2.03
tumor	3.57	3.33	3.86	1.61	1.61
lung	2.89	8.71	0.42	2.04	2.11
heart	2.88	1.86	3.72	2.28	1.73
liver	4.17	5.98	6.70	4.24	2.90
spleen	12.32	16.07	19.65	15.93	7.70
small intestine	7.91	7.59	4.48	3.26	2.46
large intestine	5.23	4.38	4.58	6.29	1.89
stomach	2.86	3.47	3.42	2.62	2.93
kidney	4.81	5.90	6.06	3.46	3.25
muscle	1.37	1.86	1.79	1.37	1.22
skin	0.91	2.60	2.85	1.52	0.79
bone	3.26	1.86	17.92 ^a	2.56	2.78

^aExcluded as an outlier (maximum normalized residual - Grubb's - test).