## Integrated multi-parametrical high-content profiling of endothelial cells

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**Figure S1:** Representative images of individual NOTCH-A488 (A-D) and Hoechst (A'-D') channels for single microscopic fields (40X) under indicated experimental conditions. Scale bar =  $40 \mu m$ .



**Figure S2:** Schematics detailing the different steps to identify and measure phenotypic features (see Figure 1C and Table S1).



**Figure S3:** Cumulative explained variance for each Principal Component (PC). The first component (PC1) explain 54.01% of the total variance value which raises to 74.02% with PC2 and 81.66% with PC3.



**Figure S4:** Flowchart representing the analytical post processing of data generated by the image analysis pipeline. Numerical data are collated in a single Tibco Spotfire database, tagged as appropriate and transferred to Graph Pad Prism for statistical analysis of variance (ANOVA) and to High Content Profiler for dimensionality reduction, clustering and PCA.

Number of Objects
% n +/+
% n-/-
% n+/-
Jn (% n Junctions final/n nuclei= avg Jn/cell)
NOTCH Clusters - Number of High Notch- N of High NOTCH per Cluster - Mean per Well
NOTCH Clusters - Number of Objects
NOTCH Clusters (>3 cells/cluster) - N of High NOTCH per Cluster - Mean per Well
NOTCH Clusters (>3 cells/cluster) - Number of Objects
Nuclei - Number of Objects
Cell Morphology STAR Axial Length Ratio - Mean per Well
Cell Morphology STAR Axial Small Length - Mean per Well
Cell Morphology STAR Profile 1/5 - Mean per Well
Cell Morphology STAR Profile 2/5 - Mean per Well
Cell Morphology STAR Profile 3/5 - Mean per Well
Cell Morphology STAR Profile 4/5 - Mean per Well
Cell Morphology STAR Profile 5/5 - Mean per Well
Cell Morphology STAR Radial Mean - Mean per Well
Cell Morphology STAR Radial Relative Deviation - Mean per Well
Cell Morphology STAR Symmetry 02 - Mean per Well
Cell Morphology STAR Symmetry 03 - Mean per Well
Cell Morphology STAR Symmetry 04 - Mean per Well
Cell Morphology STAR Symmetry 05 - Mean per Well
Cell Morphology STAR Symmetry 12 - Mean per Well
Cell Morphology STAR Symmetry 13 - Mean per Well
Cell Morphology STAR Symmetry 14 - Mean per Well
Cell Morphology STAR Symmetry 15 - Mean per Well
Cell Morphology STAR Threshold Compactness 30% - Mean per Well
Cell Morphology STAR Threshold Compactness 40% - Mean per Well
Cell Morphology STAR Threshold Compactness 50% - Mean per Well
Cell Morphology STAR Threshold Compactness 60% - Mean per Well
Cell Morphology Width [ $\mu$ m] (2) - Mean per Well
Nuclei Morphology Area [µm <sup>2</sup> ] - Mean per Well
Nuclei Morphology Length [µm] - Mean per Well
Nuclei Morphology Ratio Width to Length - Mean per Well
Nuclei Morphology Roundness - Mean per Well
Nuclei Morphology Width [µm] - Mean per Well
Cell Morphology Area [µm²] - Mean per Well
Cell Morphology Length [µm] - Mean per Well
Cell Morphology Ratio Width to Length - Mean per Well
Cell Morphology Roundness - Mean per Well
[-/-] Cells having no spots - Mean per Well
[+/-] Cells having spots only in cytoplasm (no nuclei spots) - Mean per Well
[+/+] Cells having spots in both cytoplasm & nulcei - Mean per Well
[-/-] Cells naving no spots - Number of Objects
[+/-] Cells naving spots only in cytoplasm (no nuclei spots) - Number of Objects
[+/+] Cells having spots in both cytoplasm & nulcei - Number of Objects

**Table S1:** List of the 47 phenotypic features measured in our pipeline. Featureshighlighted in red correspond to the red dots in Figure 3 A.

Input Image	Stack Processing :	
	Maximum Projection	
	Flatfield Correction : None	
Find Nuclei	Channel : DAPI ROI : None	Method : B
Output Population : Nuclei		Common Threshold : 0.4
		Area : > 30 µm2 Split Footor : 7.0
		Split Factor . 7.0
		Contrast : > 0.1
Filter Image	Channel : Alexa 555	Method : Sliding Parabola
Output Image : Sliding Parabola		Curvature : 4
Filter Image	Channel : Sliding Parabola	Method : Texture SER
Output Image : VEC SER Edge		Filter : SER Edge
		Scale : 3 px
		Normalization by : Kernel
Filter Image	Channel : VEC SER Edge	Method : Invert Image
Cutput Image : Inverted VEC SER Edge	Channel + Inverted VEC SER Edge	Cut-off Quantile : 90
<u>Find Cytoplasm</u>	Nuclei - Nuclei	Individual Threshold : 0.25
	Hudier . Hudier	
Calculate Morphology Properties	Population : Nuclei	Method : Standard
Output Properties : Cell Morphology	Region : Cell	Area
	-	Roundness
		Width
		Length
		Ratio Width to Length
Select Population	Population : Nuclei	Method : Common Filters
Output Population : Nuclei Selected		Remove Border Objects
Select Population	Population : Nuclei Selected	Region : Cell Method : Filter by Property
Output Population : Nuclei Selected Final	ropulation . Nuclei Gelected	Cell mornhology Area $[um2] : > 200$
Calculate Morphology Properties	Population : Nuclei Selected Final	Method : Standard
Output Properties : Nuclei Morphology	Region : Nucleus	Area
+		Roundness
		Width
		Length
		Ratio Width to Length
Calculate Morphology Properties	Population : Nuclei Selected Final	Method : Standard
Output Properties : Cell Morphology	Region : Cell	Area
		Koundness
		width
		Batio Width to Length
Calculate Morphology Properties	Population : Nuclei Selected Final	Method : Standard
Output Properties : Cell Morphology STAR	Region : Cell	Channel : Alexa 488
	-	Symmetry
		Threshold Compactness
		Axial
		Radial
		Profile
		Profile Inner Region : Nucleus
		Sliding Parabola
		Curvature : 10
Filter Image	Channel : Alexa 555	Method : Texture SER
Output Image : VEC SER Ridge		Filter : SER Ridge
		Scale : 5 px
		Normalization by : Region Intensity
Find Image	Channel : VEC SER Ridge	Method : Common Threshold
Output Population : Junctions Points	ROI : None	Threshold : 0.8
Output Region : Junctions Region		Split into Objects
Salaat Ragion	Population : Junctions points	Area : > 200 px2 Method : Restrict by Mask
Output Begion : Junctions Begion Selected	Begion : Junctions region	Population : Nuclei
	riegien i canono region	Mask Region : Nucleus
		Use Inverted Mask
Modify Population	Population : Junctions Points	Method : Cluster by Distance
Output Population : Number of Junctions final	Region : Junctions Region Selected	Distance : 0 px
Output Region : Selected Junctional region		Area : > 150 px2
Find Spots	Channel : Alexa 488	
Output Population : Spots in cytoplasm selected	ROI : Nuclei Selected final / Cytoplasm	Method : C
		Radius : ≤ 7 px
		Contrast : > 0.15
		Intensity : > 1
		Distance : > 3 px
		Spot Peak Badius : 0.8 px
		Calculate Spot Properties
		Calculate Spot Froperties

	Demodeller a Nordel Orlegie d'art	Nother die De Delate di Demodetter
Calculate Properties	Population : Nuclei Selected final	Method : By Related Population
Output Properties : per Cell		Related Population : Spots in cytoplasm selected
		Number of Spots in cytoplasm selected
Find Spots	Channel : Alexa 488	
Output Population : Spots in cytoplasm selected	ROI : Nuclei Selected final / Nuclei	Method : C
		Radius : ≤ 7 px
		Contrast : > 0.15
		Uncorrected Spot to Region
		Distance : > 3 ny
		Spot Book Bodius + 0.9 px
		Spot Peak Radius : 0.8 px
		Calculate Spot Properties
Calculate Properties	Population : Nuclei Selected final	Method : By Related Population
Output Properties : per Cell		Related Population : Spots in cytoplasm selected
		Number of Spots in nuclei selected
Select Population	Population : Nuclei Selected final	Method : Filter by Property
Output Population : [-/-] Cells having no spots		E1 : Number of Spots in cytoplasm selected- per Cell :<3
+		E2 : Number of Spots in nuclei selected- per Cell : < 3
		Pooloon Operations : E1 and E2
Onland Doministic o	Denulation - Nuclei Colected final	Noted - Filter by Preparty
Select Population	Population : Nuclei Selected final	Method : Filter by Property
Output Population : [+/-] Cells having spots		F1 : Number of Spots in cytoplasm selected- per Cell :>=3
		F2 : Number of Spots in nuclei selected- per Cell : < 3
		Boolean Operations : F1 and F2
Select Population	Population : Nuclei Selected final	Method : Filter by Property
Output Population : [+/+] Cells having spots		F1 : Number of Spots in cytoplasm selected- per Cell >=3
		E2 : Number of Spots in puclei selected, per Cell :>=2
		Peoloon Operations : Et and E0
	Benelation - New York - 10	Boolean Operations : F1 and F2
Select Population	Population : Nuclei Selected final	Method : Filter by Property
Output Population : High NOTCH		F1 : Number of Spots / area cytoplasm :>=15
		F2 : Number of Spots / area Nucleus :>=3
		F3 : Number of Spots in nuclei selected- per Cell : >=10
		Boolean Operations : E1 and E2 or E3
Modify Population	Population : High Notch	Method : Cluster by Distance
Output Population : NOTCH dustors	Begion : Cell	Distance : 2 um
Output Population . NOTOH clusters	negion . Cell	
Output Region : NOT CH cluster region		Area : > 0 µm2
		Fill Holes
Calculate Properties	Population : NOTCH Clusters	Method : By Related Population
Output Properties : N of High NOTCH per Cluster		Related Population : High Notch
		Number of High Notch
Select Population	Population : NOTCH Clusters	Method : Filter by Property
Output Population : NOTCH Clusters (>3/cluster)		High NOTCH per Cluster : >= 3
		• • •
Define Results		
Method : List of Outputs		Method : Formula Output
Bonulation : Nuclei Selected final		Formula : a/b
Number of Objects		Formula . a/b
Number of Objects		Variable A : Number of Junctions final - Number of Objects
Cell morphology Area [µm2]	Mean per well	Variable B : Nuclei - Number of Objects
Cell morphology Roundness	Mean per well	Output Name : Jn (% n Junctions final/n nuclei)
Cell morphology Width [µm]	Mean per well	
Cell morphology Length [µm]	Mean per well	Method : Formula Output
Cell morphology Ratio Width to Length	Mean per well	Formula : a/b*100
Nuclei morphology Area [um2]	Mean per well	Population Type : Objects
Nuclei morphology Roundness	Mean per well	Variable A : [./] Calle basing no anota - Number of Objects
Nuclei mersheleru Midth fursi		Variable A . [77] Cells having no spots - Number of Objects
Nuclei morphology wiath [µm]	wean per well	variable B : Nuclei Selected final - Number of Objects
Nuclei morphology Length [µm]	Mean per well	Output Name : % n-/-
Nuclei morphology Ratio Width to Length	Mean per well	
STAR Properties (Cell Morphology STAR)	Mean per well	
Population : [-/-] Cells having no spots	-	Method : Formula Output
Number of Objects		Formula : a/b*100
Population : [1/] Calls having spots only in outoplasm		Population Type : Objects
Number of Objects		Variable A : [1/1 Colle having anote only
Penulation : [./.] Calle having anota in hath	in autoplaam (no puoloi anoto) Number of Objects	
Population : [+/+] Cells naving spots in both cytop	in cytoplasm (no nuclei spots) - Number of Objects	
Number of Objects		Variable B : Nuclei Selected final - Number of Objects
		Output Name : % n+/-
		Method : Formula Output
		Formula : a/b*100
		Population Type : Objects
		Variable A : [1/1] Cells having enote in both
		outonlearn & nuleai - Number of Objects
		Cytopiasin a nuicer - Number of Objects
		variable B : Nuclei Selected final - Number of Objects
		Output Name : % n+/-

**Table S2:** High content pipeline extracted from Columbus, colours correspond toFigure 1C and S2. Each step is detailed to allow replication in other software.