Supplemental Materials for

Potential Causal Influence of Neighborhood Disadvantage on Disordered Gambling: Evidence from a Multi-level Discordant Twin Design

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Supplemental Table 1. Correlations of facets of MPQ Negative Emotionality and Constraint with disordered gambling symptom counts and neighborhood disadvantage

MPQ Superfactor or facet	Disordered gambling	Neighborhood disadvantage		
Negative Emotionality	0.21	0.12		
Stress Reaction	0.14	0.06		
Alienation	0.18	0.14		
Aggression	0.16	0.05		
Constraint	-0.08	0.03		
Control	-0.13	-0.03		
Harm Avoidance	-0.06	0.01		
Traditionalism	0.03	0.09		

Note: MPQ = Multidimensional Personality Questionnaire;

significant correlations (p < .05) are in **bold** font.

Supplemental Table 2. Results from multilevel models predicting DSM-5 disordered gambling symptom counts in MZ and DZ twins

Predictor	Base Model		Personality		Education		Income		Fully Adjusted	
	IRR	95% CI	IRR	95% CI	IRR	95% CI	IRR	IRR 95% CI		95% CI
Sex	1.80**	(1.20, 2.70)	1.76*	(1.07, 2.88)	1.78**	(1.20, 2.63)	1.98**	(1.31, 2.97)	1.65	(0.99, 2.73)
Age	1.06	(0.97, 1.16)	1.03	(0.93, 1.15)	1.07	(0.98, 1.17)	1.08	(0.98, 1.18)	1.04	(0.94, 1.16)
WP Disadvantage	1.18*	(1.04, 1.35)	1.14	(0.97, 1.34)	1.19**	(1.05, 1.36)	1.20**	(1.05, 1.37)	1.14	(0.96, 1.34)
BP Disadvantage	1.18***	(1.08, 1.28)	1.07	(0.97, 1.19)	1.11*	(1.02, 1.22)	1.13*	(1.02, 1.24)	1.07	(0.96, 1.19)
WP Positive Emotionality			1.00	(0.96, 1.04)					1.00	(0.96, 1.04)
BP Positive Emotionality			0.99	(0.96, 1.02)					0.99	(0.96, 1.02)
WP Negative Emotionality			1.05*	(1.00, 1.09)					1.05*	(1.01, 1.09)
BP Negative Emotionality			1.12***	(1.08, 1.15)					1.11***	(1.08, 1.15)
WP Constraint			0.97	(0.92, 1.01)					0.97	(0.92, 1.01)
BP Constraint			0.99	(0.96, 1.02)					0.99	(0.96, 1.02)
WP Educational Attainment					0.83	(0.61, 1.12)			0.75	(0.51, 1.11)
BP Educational Attainment					0.74***	(0.62, .88)			0.84	(0.67, 1.05)
WP Household Income							0.91	(0.78, 1.06)	0.97	(0.80, 1.16)
BP Household Income							0.93	(0.82, 1.06)	1.10	(0.94, 1.29)

Note: Because neither the main effect for zygosity (IRR = 1.08, 95% CI = 0.71 to 1.63, p = .715) nor the zygosity x within-pair disadvantage effect (IRR = 1.17, 95% CI = 1.00 to 1.30, p = .990) was significant, these predictors were not included in the models.

^{*}p < .05, **p < .01, ***p < .001. DSM 5 = Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders, Version 5; WP = Within-pair; BP = Between-pair

Supplemental Table 3. Results from multilevel models predicting SOGS symptom counts in MZ and DZ twins

Predictor	Base Model		Personality		Education		Income		Fully Adjusted	
Fredictor	IRR	95% CI	IRR	95% CI	IRR	95% CI	IRR	95% CI	IRR	95% CI
Sex	1.75***	(1.42, 2.15)	1.46**	(1.16, 1.85)	1.72***	(1.40, 2.12)	1.79***	(1.45, 2.23)	1.46**	(1.14, 1.86)
Age	1.02	(0.97, 1.07)	1.01	(0.96, 1.07)	1.02	(0.97, 1.07)	1.03	(0.98, 1.08)	1.02	(0.97, 1.08)
WP Disadvantage	1.09***	(1.04, 1.15)	1.08**	1.02, 1.14)	1.09**	(1.03, 1.15)	1.09**	(1.03, 1.15)	1.07*	(1.01, 1.14)
BP Disadvantage	1.13***	(1.07, 1.19)	1.07*	(1.01, 1.14)	1.08**	(1.03, 1.14)	1.10**	(1.04, 1.16)	1.04	(0.98, 1.11)
WP Positive Emotionality			1.00	(0.98, 1.01)					1.00	(0.99, 1.02)
BP Positive Emotionality			1.00	(0.98, 1.01)					1.00	(0.98, 1.02)
WP Negative Emotionality			1.04***	(1.02, 1.05)					1.04***	(1.02, 1.05)
BP Negative Emotionality			1.06***	(1.05, 1.08)					1.06***	(1.04, 1.08)
WP Constraint			0.97***	(0.95, 0.99)					0.97***	(0.95, 0.99)
BP Constraint			0.99	(0.97, 1.00)					0.99	(0.97, 1.00)
WP Educational Attainment					0.87*	(0.78, 0.99)			0.92	(0.80, 1.06)
BP Educational Attainment					0.78***	(0.70, 0.86)			0.85**	(0.75, .96)
WP Household Income							0.95	(0.90, 1.01)	0.99	(0.93, 1.05)
BP Household Income							0.91*	(0.85, 0.98)	0.97	(0.90, 1.05)

Note: Because neither the main effect for zygosity (IRR = 1.00, 95% CI = 0.79 to 1.26, p = .998) nor the zygosity x within-pair disadvantage effect (IRR = 0.94, 95% CI = 0.85 to 1.04, p = .248) was significant, these predictors were not included in the models. *p < .05, **p < .01, ***p < .001. SOGS = South Oaks Gambling Screen; WP = Within-pair; BP = Between-pair

Supplemental Table 4. Results from multilevel models predicting alcohol use disorder symptom counts in MZ and DZ twins

Predictor	Base Model		Personality		Education		Income		Fully Adjusted	
Predictor	IRR	95% CI	IRR	95% CI	IRR	95% CI	IRR	95% CI	IRR	95% CI
Sex	1.85***	(1.52, 2.25)	1.52***	(1.21, 1.89)	1.86***	(1.53, 2.27)	1.90***	(1.55, 2.32)	1.50***	(1.19, 1.89)
Age	0.96	(0.92, 1.01)	0.97	(0.93, 1.02)	0.96*	(0.92, 1.00)	0.96	(0.92, 1.01)	0.97	(0.93, 1.02)
WP Disadvantage	1.00	(0.94, 1.07)	0.97	(0.90, 1.04)	1.01	(0.94, 1.07)	0.99	(0.92, 1.06)	0.96	(0.89, 1.03)
BP Disadvantage	0.99	(0.95, 1.04)	0.95*	(0.90, 0.99)	0.97	(0.93, 1.02)	0.98	(0.93, 1.02)	0.92**	(0.87, 0.97)
WP Positive Emotionality			0.99	(0.97, 1.01)					0.99	(0.97, 1.01)
BP Positive Emotionality			0.99	(0.98, 1.01)					0.99	(0.98, 1.01)
WP Negative Emotionality			1.04***	(1.02, 1.06)					1.04***	(1.02, 1.06)
BP Negative Emotionality			1.04***	(1.03, 1.05)					1.04***	(1.02, 1.05)
WP Constraint			0.98*	(0.96, 1.00)					0.98*	(0.96, 1.00)
BP Constraint			0.96***	(0.95, 0.97)					0.96***	(0.94, .97)
WP Educational Attainment					0.98	(0.85, 1.13)			1.03	(0.87, 1.20)
BP Educational Attainment					0.88**	(0.81, 0.97)			0.88*	(0.79, .98)
WP Household Income							0.91**	(0.85, 0.98)	0.96	(0.89, 1.03)
BP Household Income							0.96	(0.91, 1.02)	1.00	(0.93, 1.07)

Note: Because neither the main effect for zygosity (IRR = 1.00, 95% CI = 0.79 to 1.26, p = .194) nor the zygosity x within-pair disadvantage effect (IRR = 0.94, 95% CI = 0.85 to 1.04, p = .594) was significant, these predictors were not included in the models. *p < .05, **p < .01, ***p < .001. WP = Within-pair; BP = Between-pair