Restoration of correct $\beta^{IVSII-654}$ -globin mRNA splicing and HbA production by engineered U7 snRNA in β -thalassaemia/HbE erythroid cells.

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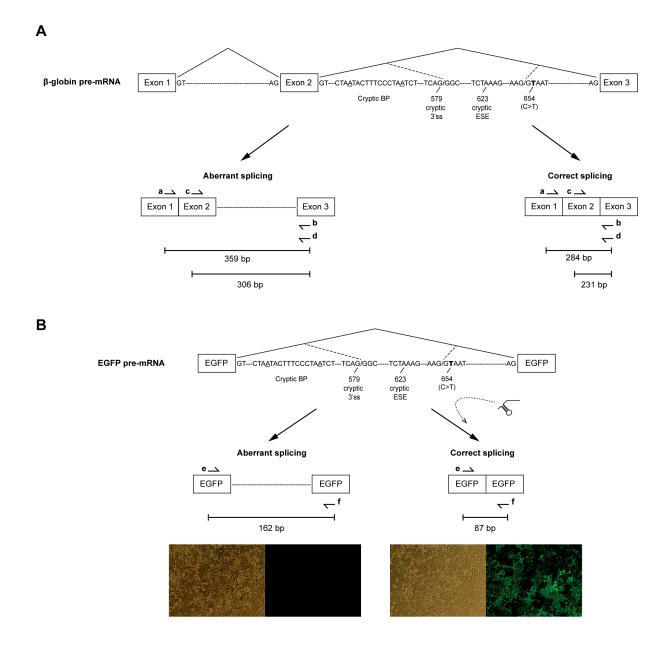


Figure S1. Splicing of human $β^{IVS2-654}$ -globin pre-mRNA and EGFP-IVS2-654 pre-mRNA. (A) Splicing pathway of human $β^{IVS2-654}$ -globin pre-mRNA. Aberrant β-globin pre-mRNA splicing resulted in retention a part of intron 2 into mature β-globin mRNA (left). Correct β-globin pre-mRNA splicing resulted in functional protein of β-globin chain (right). The sequence of splicing elements in intron 2 are shown. (B) Splicing pathway of EGFP pre-mRNA splicing in HeLa EGFP-654 cells. Interruption of EGFP coding sequence by the IVS2-654 β-globin intron 2 prevents EGFP expression. Correction of aberrant EGFP pre-mRNA splicing by engineered U7 snRNA restores EGFP expression provide a positive readout for antisense activity. Solid lines represent correct splicing and dashed lines represent aberrant splicing. Primers, half-headed arrows.

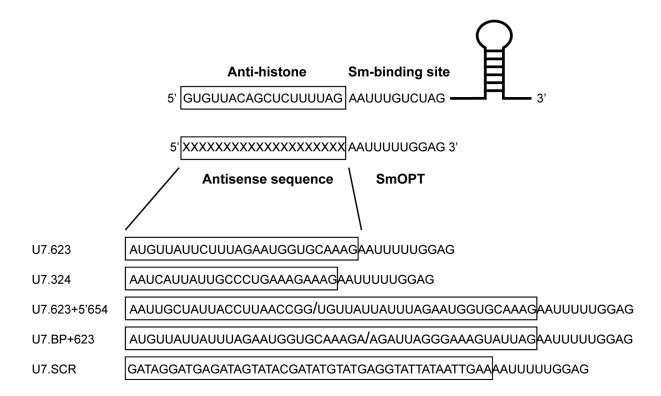


Figure S2: Structure of Modified antisense U7 snRNA. The anti-histone sequence, first 18 nucleotides, of 62-nt long U7 snRNA is replaced with antisense sequence and the Sm-binding site (AAUUUGUCUAG) is replaced with the consensus Sm-binding sequence derived from the major spliceosomal snRNPs (SmOPT; AAUUUUUGGAG). Antisense sequences are indicated in boxes.