

Table S1: Association between WHO suggested waist circumference cut-off values and clinical ART outcomes (N=264 women, cycles=445)

Adjusted proportions (mean, 95% CI) ^a	WC≤80		WC>80		<i>P</i> trend	
	cycles=215	cycles=230				
Implantation	0.62 (0.53-0.71)	0.51* (0.42-0.61)			0.04	
Clinical pregnancy	0.57 (0.48-0.66)	0.48 (0.39-0.58)			0.09	
Live birth	0.48 (0.38-0.58)	0.41 (0.31-0.51)			0.19	

Adjusted proportions (mean, 95% CI) ^a	WC≤88		WC>88		<i>P</i> trend	
	cycles=322	cycles=123				
Implantation	0.60 (0.51-0.67)	0.49 (0.37-0.61)			0.08	
Clinical pregnancy	0.55 (0.47-0.63)	0.46 (0.34-0.58)			0.12	
Live birth	0.47 (0.38-0.55)	0.38 (0.27-0.51)			0.20	

Adjusted proportions (mean, 95% CI) ^a	Waist circumference (cm)					<i>P</i> trend
	WC≤80		80<WC≤ 88		WC>88.0	
			cycles=215	cycles=107	cycles=123	
	cycles=215	cycles=107				
Implantation	0.62 (0.53-0.71)	0.54 (0.42-0.65)	0.49*	(0.38-0.61)	0.04	
Clinical pregnancy	0.57 (0.48-0.66)	0.51 (0.39-0.62)	0.46	(0.34-0.58)	0.08	
Live birth	0.48 (0.38-0.58)	0.43 (0.31-0.56)	0.38	(0.27-0.51)	0.15	

^a: All models were adjusted for age, race (white vs. non-white), smoking (ever vs. never), infertility diagnosis (male factor, female factor, unexplained), day 3 FSH, BMI, and height.

WHO: World Health Organization. *: p<0.05 compared with the first category.

Table S2. Association between waist circumference and probability of clinical ART outcomes (N=264 women, cycles=445)

Implantation					
Adjusted proportions (95% CI) ^a	Measured waist circumference, cm				
	Tertile 1 (<77.0)	Tertile 2 (77.0-86.0)	Tertile 3 (>86.0)	P trend	
Model 1	0.64 (0.54-0.74)	0.56 (0.46-0.66)	0.50* (0.39-0.61)	0.03	
Model 2	0.64 (0.53-0.74)	0.56 (0.45-0.66)	0.50* (0.39-0.61)	0.03	
Model 3	0.63 (0.52-0.73)	0.56 (0.45-0.66)	0.52 (0.40-0.63)	0.14	
BMI-adjusted waist circumference					
Adjusted proportions (95% CI) ^a	Tertile 1 (<80.9) Tertile 2 (80.9-86.7) Tertile 3 (>86.7)				
	0.66 (0.56-0.75)	0.51* (0.40-0.61)	0.52* (0.41-0.63)	0.02	
Model 4	0.66 (0.55-0.75)	0.50* (0.40-0.61)	0.53 (0.42-0.64)	0.03	
Clinical pregnancy					
Adjusted proportions (95% CI) ^a	Measured waist circumference, cm				
	Tertile 1 (<77.0)	Tertile 2 (77.0-86.0)	Tertile 3 (>86.0)	P trend	
Model 1	0.60 (0.49-0.70)	0.51 (0.41-0.62)	0.47* (0.37-0.58)	0.06	
Model 2	0.60 (0.49-0.70)	0.52 (0.41-0.62)	0.47* (0.36-0.58)	0.05	
Model 3	0.61 (0.50-0.71)	0.52 (0.41-0.62)	0.46 (0.34-0.58)	0.06	
BMI-adjusted waist circumference					
Adjusted proportions (95% CI) ^a	Tertile 1 (<80.9) Tertile 2 (80.9-86.7) Tertile 3 (>86.7)				
	0.62 (0.52-0.72)	0.48* (0.37-0.58)	0.47* (0.36-0.58)	0.01	
Model 4	0.62 (0.52-0.72)	0.48* (0.37-0.58)	0.47* (0.36-0.58)	0.01	
Model 5	0.62 (0.52-0.72)	0.48* (0.37-0.58)	0.47* (0.36-0.58)	0.01	
Live birth					

Adjusted proportions (95% CI) ^a	Measured waist circumference, cm				<i>P</i> trend
	Tertile 1 (<77.0)	Tertile 2 (77.0-86.0)	Tertile 3 (>86.0)		
Model 1	0.53 (0.42-0.65)	0.42 (0.32-0.53)	0.38* (0.28-0.50)	0.04	
Model 2	0.53 (0.42-0.65)	0.42 (0.32-0.53)	0.38* (0.28-0.50)	0.04	
Model 3	0.53 (0.41-0.65)	0.42 (0.31-0.53)	0.39 (0.27-0.52)	0.10	

Adjusted proportions (95% CI) ^a	BMI-adjusted waist circumference			<i>P</i> trend
	Tertile 1 (<80.9)	Tertile 2 (80.9-86.7)	Tertile 3 (>86.7)	
Model 4	0.53 (0.39-0.62)	0.41 (0.27-0.49)	0.38* (0.24-0.48)	0.03
Model 5	0.52 (0.41-0.63)	0.41 (0.31-0.52)	0.38 (0.28-0.50)	0.04

Model 1: Adjusted for age, race (white vs. non-white), smoking (ever vs. never), infertility diagnosis (male factor, female factor, unexplained), day 3 FSH, and height.

Model 2: Model 1 adjusted for BMI residual (waist circumference adjusted BMI).

Model 3: Model 1 adjusted for measured BMI.

Model 4: Adjusted for age, race (white vs. non-white), smoking (ever vs. never), infertility diagnosis (male factor, female factor, unexplained), day 3 FSH, and height.

Model 5: Model 4 adjusted for measured BMI.

*: p<0.05 compared with the first category.

Table S3. Adjusted probabilities (95% confidence intervals) of implantation, clinical pregnancy and live birth among women undergoing infertility treatment with ART jointly stratified by BMI and WC categories (N=257 women, cycles=435)

Number of Cycles	121	162	13	139
	18.5≤BMI<25			
Adjusted proportions (95% CI)^a	WC<77.0	WC≥77.0	WC<77.0	WC≥77.0
Implantation	0.64 (0.52-0.74)	0.55 (0.45-0.65)	0.73 (0.39-0.92)	0.49* (0.38-0.61)
Clinical pregnancy	0.61 (0.49-0.72)	0.50 (0.40-0.60)	0.66 (0.35-0.88)	0.48 (0.37-0.60)
Live birth	0.54 (0.42-0.66)	0.41 (0.32-0.52)	0.54 (0.24-0.81)	0.38* (0.27-0.50)
Number of Cycles	191	92	17	135
	18.5≤BMI<25			
Adjusted proportions (95% CI)^a	WC≤80	WC>80	WC≤80	WC>80
Implantation	0.62 (0.52-0.71)	0.53 (0.40-0.66)	0.76 (0.48-0.91)	0.48* (0.37-0.60)
Clinical pregnancy	0.58 (0.48-0.67)	0.48 (0.35-0.60)	0.67 (0.40-0.86)	0.47 (0.36-0.59)
Live birth	0.49 (0.39-0.59)	0.43 (0.30-0.56)	0.45 (0.21-0.71)	0.39 (0.28-0.51)
Number of Cycles	250	33	34	118
	18.5≤BMI<25			
Adjusted proportions (95% CI)^a	WC≤86	WC>86	WC≤86	WC>86
Implantation	0.59 (0.50-0.67)	0.60 (0.41-0.76)	0.71 (0.52-0.85)	0.45* (0.33-0.56)
Clinical pregnancy	0.54 (0.45-0.63)	0.53 (0.35-0.70)	0.68 (0.49-0.82)	0.43 (0.32-0.55)
Live birth	0.46 (0.37-0.55)	0.49 (0.31-0.68)	0.59 (0.40-0.76)	0.32* (0.22-0.45)
Number of Cycles	263	20	49	103
	18.5≤BMI<25			
	BMI≥25			

Adjusted proportions (95% CI)^a

	WC≤88	WC>88	WC≤88	WC>88
Implantation	0.59 (0.50-0.67)	0.64 (0.38-0.83)	0.66 (0.49-0.79)	0.45* (0.33-0.57)
Clinical pregnancy	0.54 (0.46-0.63)	0.55 (0.31-0.76)	0.62 (0.46-0.76)	0.43 (0.32-0.56)
Live birth	0.46 (0.37-0.55)	0.56 (0.32-0.77)	0.52 (0.35-0.69)	0.33 (0.23-0.46)

^a: All models were adjusted for age, race (white vs. non-white), smoking, infertility diagnosis (male factor, female factor, unexplained), day 3 FSH, and height.

*: p<0.05 compared with the first category.

Waist circumference and the probability of live birth

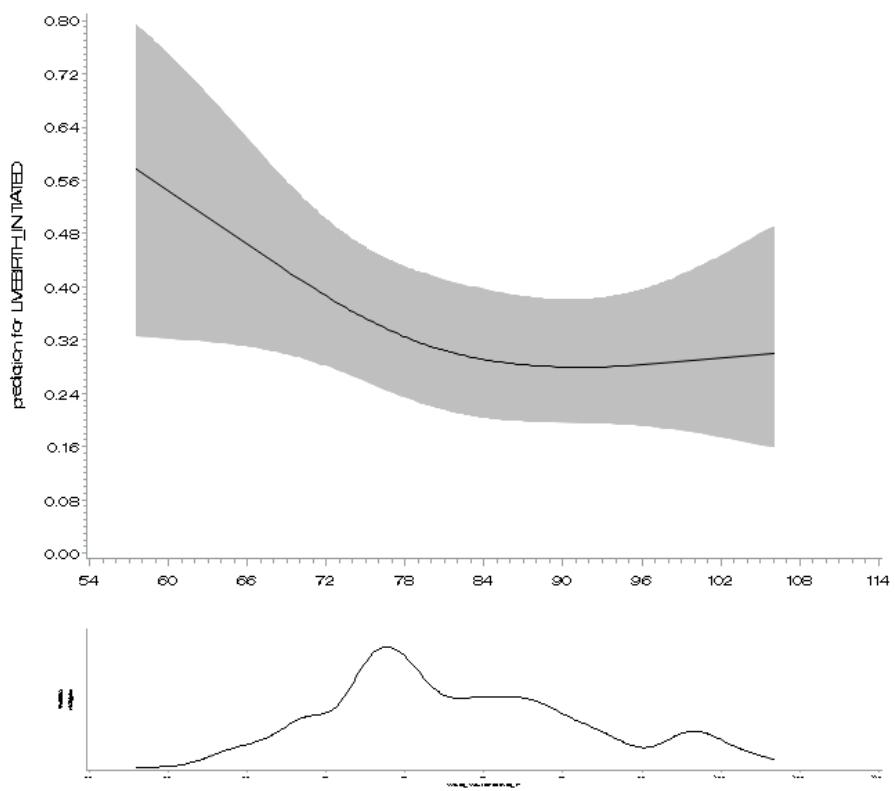


Figure S1. Restricted cubic spline plot of the association between waist circumference and probability of live birth. P-value for non-linear relation: 0.20.

Waist circumference and the probability of clinical pregnancy

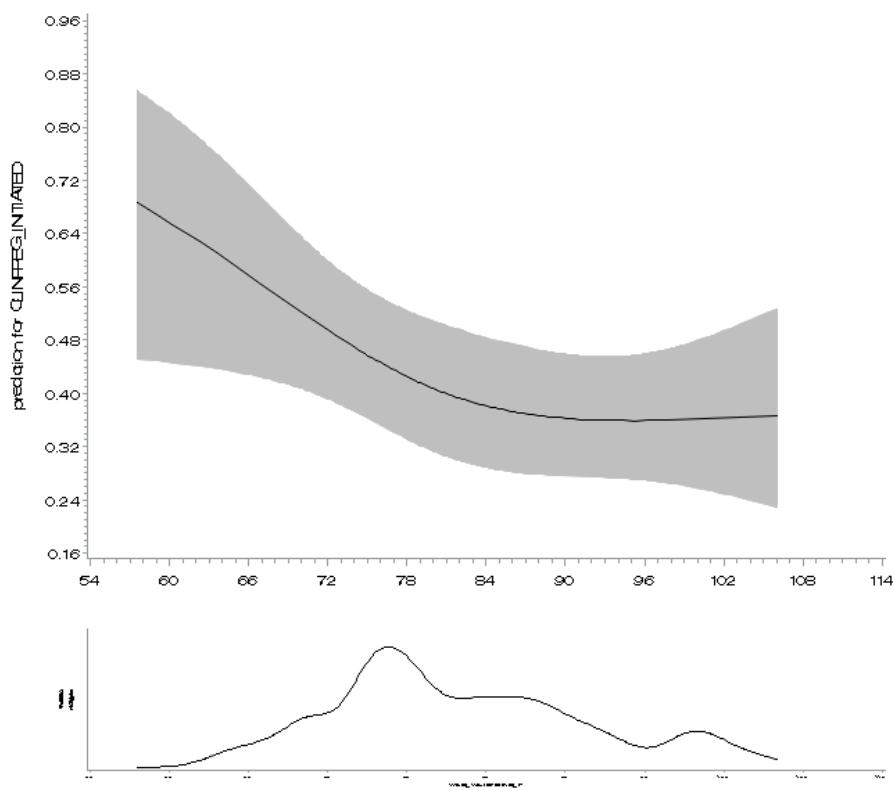


Figure S2. Restricted cubic spline plot of the association between waist circumference and probability of clinical pregnancy. P-value for non-linear relation: 0.19.

Waist circumference and the probability of implantation

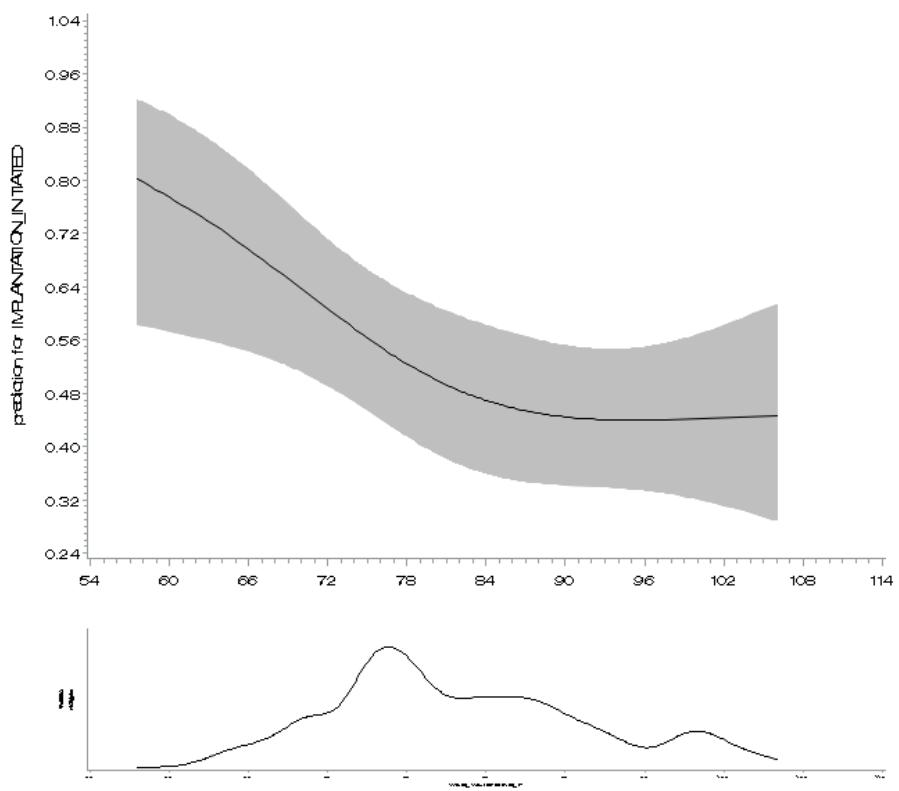


Figure S3. Restricted cubic spline plot of the association between waist circumference and probability of implantation. P-value for non-linear relation: 0.13