

Reporting Summary

Nature Research wishes to improve the reproducibility of the work that we publish. This form provides structure for consistency and transparency in reporting. For further information on Nature Research policies, see <u>Authors & Referees</u> and the <u>Editorial Policy Checklist</u>.

Statistical parameters

When statistical analyses are reported	, confirm that the following items are	present in the relevant	location (e.g. figure	e legend, table le	egend, mair
text, or Methods section).					

n/a	Coi	nfirmed
	\boxtimes	The $\underline{\text{exact sample size}}(n)$ for each experimental group/condition, given as a discrete number and unit of measurement
	\boxtimes	An indication of whether measurements were taken from distinct samples or whether the same sample was measured repeatedly
\boxtimes		The statistical test(s) used AND whether they are one- or two-sided Only common tests should be described solely by name; describe more complex techniques in the Methods section.
\boxtimes		A description of all covariates tested
\boxtimes		A description of any assumptions or corrections, such as tests of normality and adjustment for multiple comparisons
\boxtimes		A full description of the statistics including <u>central tendency</u> (e.g. means) or other basic estimates (e.g. regression coefficient) AND <u>variation</u> (e.g. standard deviation) or associated <u>estimates of uncertainty</u> (e.g. confidence intervals)
\boxtimes		For null hypothesis testing, the test statistic (e.g. <i>F</i> , <i>t</i> , <i>r</i>) with confidence intervals, effect sizes, degrees of freedom and <i>P</i> value noted <i>Give P values as exact values whenever suitable.</i>
\boxtimes		For Bayesian analysis, information on the choice of priors and Markov chain Monte Carlo settings
\boxtimes		For hierarchical and complex designs, identification of the appropriate level for tests and full reporting of outcomes
\boxtimes		Estimates of effect sizes (e.g. Cohen's d, Pearson's r), indicating how they were calculated
		Clearly defined error bars State explicitly what error bars represent (e.g. SD, SE, CI)

Our web collection on <u>statistics for biologists</u> may be useful.

Software and code

Policy information about availability of computer code

Data collection Data was collected using SerialEM software (version 3.6.12).

Data analysis

Unblur, DigitalMicrograph (version 3.20.1314.0), Fiji (distribution of ImageJ), EMIP, SPARX, SPIDER, RELION 2.0.3, Ctffind 4.1.5, EMAN1, EMAN2 (version 2.12) were used to analyse Cryo-EM data; SITUS was used for rigid body docking; UCSF Chimera was used for initial rigid body docking, 3D map analysis, manual model building and figure presentation.

For manuscripts utilizing custom algorithms or software that are central to the research but not yet described in published literature, software must be made available to editors/reviewers upon request. We strongly encourage code deposition in a community repository (e.g. GitHub). See the Nature Research guidelines for submitting code & software for further information.

Data

Policy information about availability of data

All manuscripts must include a data availability statement. This statement should provide the following information, where applicable:

- Accession codes, unique identifiers, or web links for publicly available datasets
- A list of figures that have associated raw data
- A description of any restrictions on data availability

Provide your data availability statement here.

Field-specific reporting					
Please select the best fit for your research. If you are not sure, read the appropriate sections before making your selection.					
\times Life sciences	Behavioural & social sciences Ecological, evolutionary & environmental sciences				
For a reference copy of the document with all sections, see <u>nature.com/authors/policies/ReportingSummary-flat.pdf</u>					
Life scier	nces study design				
All studies must disclose on these points even when the disclosure is negative.					
Sample size	For each fluorescence analysis, 4-5 independent experiments were carried out and the averages and standard deviations from these sample size are reported. For biochemical reconstitution assay, 4-5 independent sample provides a good sample size to determine the intended effects.				
Data exclusions	No data was excluded				
Replication	All attempts to replicate were successful.				
Randomization	N/A				
Blinding	N/A				

Reporting for specific materials, systems and methods

Materials & experimental systems			Methods		
n/a	Involved in the study	n/a	Involved in the study		
\boxtimes	Unique biological materials	\boxtimes	ChIP-seq		
\boxtimes	Antibodies	\boxtimes	Flow cytometry		
\boxtimes	Eukaryotic cell lines	\boxtimes	MRI-based neuroimaging		
\boxtimes	Palaeontology				
\boxtimes	Animals and other organisms				
\boxtimes	Human research participants				