

Supplementary Figures/Tables for

**Effect of bovine milk fat globule membranes as a complementary food on the serum
metabolome and immune markers of 6-11-month-old Peruvian infants**

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Supplementary Table S1. Amino acid composition of the protein fraction of each powder meal. Complementary powder meals were given twice daily (40 g/d) in addition to the regular meals of infants.

Amino acid	unit	Calculated on estimated g /100 g powder	
		Control food	MFGM-enriched food
Isoleucine	(g)	0.8184	0.7645
Leucine	(g)	1.3995	1.5692
Lysine	(g)	1.2685	1.3601
Methionine	(g)	0.3601	0.2915
Cysteine	(g)	0.1105	0.4541
Phenylalanine	(g)	0.7366	0.5681
Tyrosine	(g)	0.6138	0.5111
Threonine	(g)	0.622	0.9567
Tryptophan	(g)	0.1923	0.2598
Valine	(g)	0.9821	0.8554
Arginine	(g)	0.491	1.3580
Histidine	(g)	0.4051	0.3878
Alanine	(g)	0.491	0.7202
Aspartic acid	(g)	1.1867	1.5016
Glutamic acid	(g)	2.8644	2.3485
Glycine	(g)	0.2946	0.3612
Proline	(g)	1.3913	0.8195
Serine	(g)	0.8184	0.9757
Sum	(g)	15.05	16.06

Supplementary Table S2. The number of subjects included in data analysis for selected characteristics by treatment group. Fifty samples per each group were initially chosen by stratified random sampling, matched for age, the number of anemic subjects, and the number of females or males in each group. The samples with excessive dilution, or noisy spectra were excluded from the analysis, leaving 46 (MFGM group) and 45 (Control group) subjects respectively.

	Total number of samples included in analysis	Age at entry *	Anemic	Sex (F / M)
MFGM	46	8.2 ± 1.8	24	18 / 28
Control	45	8.5 ± 1.7	21	21 / 24

*Average ± S.D.

Supplementary Table S3. The concentration of several metabolites differed between the MFGM and the control group in all, male (n = 28 (MFGM), 24 (control)) and female infants (n = 18 (MFGM), 21 (control)). Concentrations are reported in μM as median and interquartile range (3rd - 1st). IQR = interquartile range.

Metabolite	All Infants				Male Infants				Female Infants			
	MFGM		Control		MFGM		Control		MFGM		Control	
	Median	IQR	Median	IQR	Median	IQR	Median	IQR	Median	IQR	Median	IQR
<i>Essential amino acids</i>												
Isoleucine	86.7	35.4	78.3	34	87.1	36.4	84.9	43.3	84.3	27.8	73.7	23.6
Leucine	136.4	67	119.3	56	136.3	53.1	129.2	55.7	144.6	63.1	106.8	41.9
Lysine	179.6	55.5	164.3	37.8	177.6	70.7	162.6	55.2	193.0	36.8	164.3	28.9
Phenylalanine	57.1	21.5	58.2	18.8	57.1	14.1	61.1	22.9	62.2	25.6	56.2	11.3
Threonine	135.2	54.5	123.8	38.6	118.8	55.4	126.1	43.6	145.2	25.0	115.1	32.2
Valine	250	94.9	216	76.3	247.9	100.7	221.3	72.4	251.8	72.7	216.0	71.4
<i>Non-essential amino acids</i>												
Alanine	448.1	93.3	424.1	167.5	456.7	113	458.9	150.8	439.4	149.8	374.4	137.9
Arginine	179.3	57.6	158.7	58.1	166.6	44.1	157.8	53.9	201.6	49.4	166.1	64.7
Asparagine	13.3	7.7	15.7	9.6	15.6	7.7	17.0	9.3	13.1	6.9	13.9	6.6
Proline	277.6	98	257.7	93.6	257.2	101.7	264.7	82.0	279.0	1060	236.9	103.3
Serine	206.6	46.2	206	33.4	201.8	46.4	204.5	40.4	212.6	46.7	211.4	29.9
Tyrosine	93.3	32.4	85.9	27.3	93.2	33.3	85.6	46.8	98.3	26.8	88.3	24.5
<i>Urea cycle intermediates</i>												
Ornithine	66.1	23.2	60.6	21.4	61.2	25.4	67.6	23.7	72.7	10.1	59.6	13.6
Urea	2003.4	936.4	1423.9	676.7	1999.6	1010.8	1513.9	702.7	2007.2	844.1	1402.0	583.9
<i>Ketone body metabolites</i>												
Acetone	26.9	16.6	30.7	51.7	27.1	17.1	28.3	14.9	24.7	21.7	65.6	85.8
3-OHB	60.4	80.7	82.6	199.4	49.4	80.1	60.9	66.0	72.9	109.9	215.1	302.8
<i>Other metabolites</i>												
Aspartate	75.5	24.9	73.7	19.2	73.1	19.4	73.6	19.5	86.0	37.1	75.3	19.2
Creatine	75	24.4	70.5	21	83.0	24.6	73.0	16.5	70.2	12.8	65.3	19.7
Choline	36	15	29.7	13.3	35.0	10.4	30.8	12.1	44.9	14.6	26.6	16.7
DMA	4.1	1.1	3.8	1.2	4.2	0.8	3.9	1.3	3.9	1.1	3.8	0.9
Mannose	35.6	12.1	30.8	10.1	36.1	13.0	30.9	8.9	32.9	10.3	29.9	13.8
N,N-DMG	4.7	3.9	5.2	5	4.4	2.8	6.1	4.7	5.1	4.1	4.6	3.9
PG	5.4	16.3	8.4	21.1	5.8	25.4	10.1	33.1	3.4	4.2	8.3	10.9
Pyroglutamate	137.6	59.3	117.4	52.6	125.9	40.2	117.4	38.6	175.6	56.0	115.8	62.8
Succinate	10.2	3.9	9.6	2.6	10.1	4.0	9.0	2.9	10.8	4.1	9.7	1.9
Taurine	129.5	57.1	108.8	59.3	126.6	54.3	109.9	65.8	151.6	60.9	103.6	77.1
TMAO	4.3	2.4	7.8	2.9	4.2	2.2	7.5	2.2	4.8	2.6	8.2	2.7

Abbreviations: 3-Hydroxybutyrate (3-OHB), Dimethylamine (DMA), N,N-Dimethylglycine (N,N-DMG), Propylene glycol (PG), Trimethylamine-N-oxide (TMAO).

Supplementary Table S4. The metabolites with identified sex effect were analyzed by a linear regression model with sex and diet as fixed effect factors, and significance of diet (MFGM supplementation) adjusted for sex was computed. Additional statistics from the linear model as well as the slope coefficient estimates for Sex.Male effect (the magnitude of metabolite-level changes when the fixed class variable changes from female to male) and Diet.MFGM effect are summarized.

Metabolite	Adjusted R ²	F-statistics	Intercept	p-value for Sex	p-value for Sex*Diet	Estimated slope coeff. for Sex.male	Estimated slope coeff. for Diet.MFGM
<u>Essential amino acids</u>							
Isoleucine	-0.002	0.952	1.868	0.252	0.295	0.051	0.074
Leucine	0.018	1.541	2.064	0.370	0.195	0.039	0.098
Lysine	0.020	1.603	2.210	0.746	0.186	0.011	0.075
Phenylalanine	0.007	1.205	1.732	0.303	0.230	0.036	0.070
Threonine	-0.006	0.839	2.077	0.742	0.418	0.013	0.062
Valine	0.011	1.313	2.319	0.232	0.223	0.045	0.076
<u>Non-essential amino acids</u>							
Alanine	0.011	1.313	2.319	0.232	0.223	0.045	0.076
Arginine	0.062	2.900	2.236	0.404	0.337	-0.027	0.070
Asparagine	0.008	1.241	1.146	0.173	0.330	0.094	-0.013
Proline	0.018	1.528	2.385	0.202	0.070 [#]	0.047	0.084
Serine	-0.018	0.479	2.333	0.527	0.779	-0.015	0.006
Tyrosine	0.016	1.462	1.926	0.067 [#]	0.084 [#]	0.067	0.069
<u>Urea cycle intermediates</u>							
Ornithine	0.023	1.688	1.773	0.222	0.045*	0.045	0.086
Urea	0.047	2.442	3.136	0.598	0.873	0.031	0.115
<u>Ketone body metabolites</u>							
Acetone	0.071	3.214	1.692	0.038*	0.200	-0.219	-0.268
3-OHB	0.092	3.931	2.194	0.013*	0.218	-0.366	-0.356
<u>Other metabolites</u>							
Aspartate	0.022	1.662	1.862	0.813	0.099 [#]	0.008	0.067
Creatine	0.051	2.561	1.819	0.356	0.548	0.029	0.025
Choline	0.036	2.084	1.526	0.487	0.605	-0.039	0.104
DMA	-0.013	0.633	0.527	0.807	0.891	-0.014	0.048
Mannose	0.042	2.274	1.470	0.686	0.924	0.014	0.064
N ₂ N-DMG	-0.031	0.130	0.696	0.629	0.572	0.039	0.245
PG	0.029	1.877	0.934	0.423	0.515	0.124	-0.253
Pyroglutamate	0.019	1.565	2.083	0.991	0.194	-0.001	0.097
Succinate	0.020	1.593	0.986	0.391	0.118	-0.030	-0.010
Taurine	0.004	1.113	1.991	0.210	0.106	0.071	0.108
TMAO	0.317	14.470	0.917	0.286	0.562	-0.062	-0.288

Group differences with approaching significance ([#] = 0.05 < P < 0.1) or significance (* = 0.1 < P < 0.05) were noted.

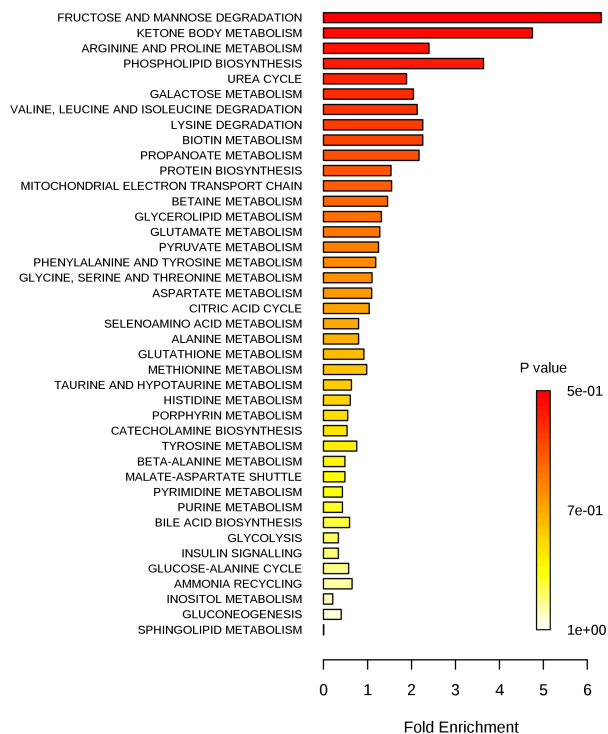
The residual plots (as diagnostic plots) generated from the linear regression model were reported in the following data repository:

Click on the [link](#)

or go to:

<https://drive.google.com/drive/folders/0B3cVdIJxMYUOei1STHVrZUF0QkE?usp=sharing>

A Metabolite Set Enrichment Analysis overview – serum



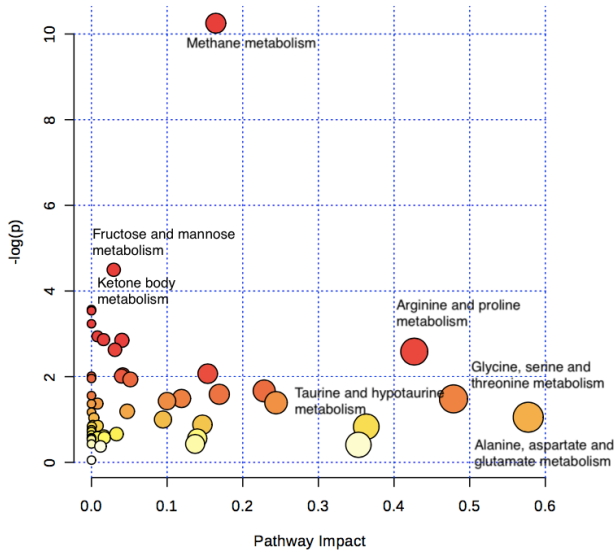
B

Rank	Metabolite set	Associated metabolites	Raw p
1	Fructose and mannose degradation	Mannose	1.12E-02
2	Ketone body metabolism	3- Hydroxybutyric acid, Acetone	2.85E-02
3	Arginine and proline metabolism	Arginine, urea, proline, creatine, creatinine, ornithine, glutamine	3.80E-02
4	Phospholipid biosynthesis	Choline	5.60E-02
5	Urea cycle	Arginine, urea, ornithine, glutamine	8.51E-02
6	Galactose metabolism	Glycerol, mannose	8.98E-02
7	Valine, leucine and isoleucine degradation	Valine, leucine, 3-hydroxyisobutyric acid	1.30E-01
8	Lysine degradation	Lysine	1.34E-01
9	Biotin metabolism	Lysine	1.34E-01
10	Propanoate metabolism	Valine	1.41E-01
11	Protein biosynthesis	Proline, arginine, valine, leucine, tyrosine, phenylalanine,	1.66E-01
12	Mitochondrial electron transport chain	Fumaric acid, succinic acid	2.12E-01
13	Betaine metabolism	Choline, methionine, dimethylglycine, betaine	2.23E-01
14	Glycerolipid metabolism	Glycerol	2.54E-01

*The metabolites higher in the MFGM group are highlighted in **bold and Italic**

Supplementary Figure S6. (A) Summary of Metabolite Set Enrichment Analysis (MSEA). *P* values are indicated as color (red: lowest *P* value) and fold enrichment as a length of each bar. (B) Associated metabolites that are enriched in a corresponding metabolite set. The metabolites higher in the MFGM group are highlighted in **bold and Italic**.

A Metabolic Pathway Enrichment Analysis (MPEA) summary



B

KEGG pathway	Associated metabolites
Methane metabolism	Trimethylamine-N-oxide, <i>dimethylamine</i> , formic acid
Fructose and mannose metabolism	Mannose
Pyrimidine metabolism	<i>Urea</i> , glutamine
Synthesis and degradation of ketone bodies	<i>3-Hydroxybutyric acid</i> , acetone
Amino sugar and nucleotide sugar metabolism	Glucose, mannose
Purine metabolism	Glycine, <i>urea</i> , glutamine
Propanoate metabolism	<i>Valine</i> , acetone, 2-hydroxybutyric acid, succinic acid, lactic acid
Butanoate metabolism	Succinic acid, fumaric acid, 3-hydroxybutyric acid
Glycerophospholipid metabolism	Glycerophosphocholine, choline
Arginine and proline metabolism	<i>Arginine, urea, proline</i> , creatine, creatinine, <i>ornithine</i> , glutamine
Glyoxylate and dicarboxylate metabolism	Glycolic acid, formic acid, succinic acid, citric acid
Valine, leucine and isoleucine degradation	<i>Valine, leucine</i> , 3-hydroxyisobutyrate
Valine, leucine and isoleucine biosynthesis	<i>Valine, leucine, isoleucine</i> , threonine
Biotin metabolism	<i>Lysine</i>
D-Arginine and D-ornithine metabolism	<i>Arginine, ornithine</i> (L-form)

*The metabolites higher in the MFGM group are highlighted in **bold and italic**

Supplementary Figure S7. (A) Metabolic pathways significantly enriched by differences in the metabolome between the control and MFGM group. Enrichment scores are represented according to their $\log(p)$ values (y-axis) and pathway impacts (x-axis). (B) The associated metabolites that "hit" the corresponding metabolites in a KEGG library pathway are listed.