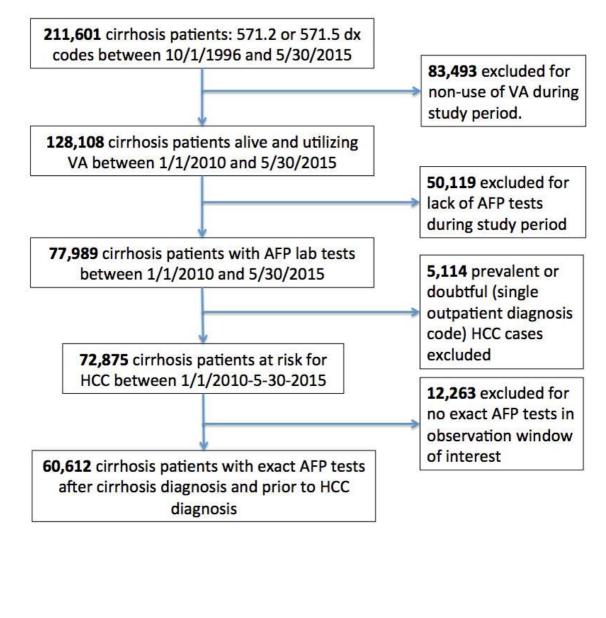
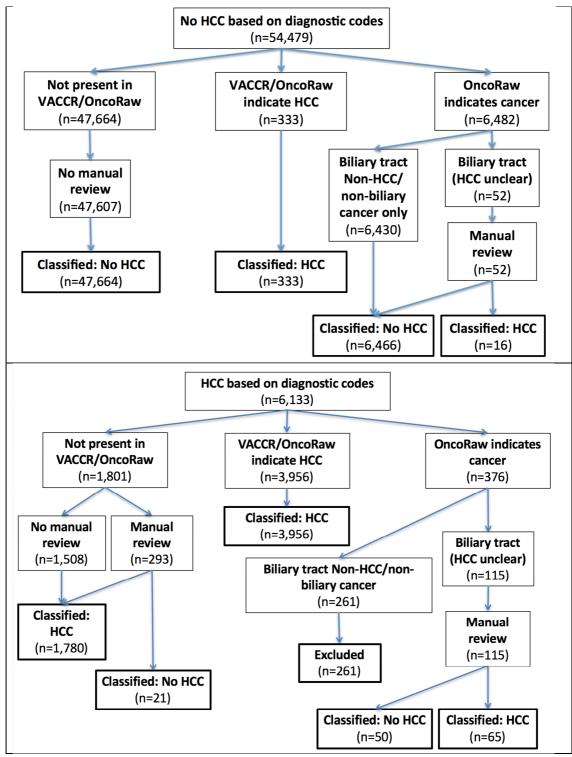
1	Validation of an HCC Early detection Screening (HES) algorithm in a multi-etiology Veteran's
2	Affairs cirrhosis cohort
3	Additional supplementary materials

- 4 Supplementary Figure 1: Derivation of the study cohort in the Department of Veteran's Affairs (VA)
- 5 Corporate Database Warehouse.



- 11 Supplementary Figure 2: HCC classification procedure in the Department of Veteran's Affairs (VA)
- 12 cirrhosis cohort.



* VACCR: VA Central Cancer Registry; OncoRaw: VA Corporate Database Warehouse oncology raw data
files.

15 Supplementary Table 1: Demographic table

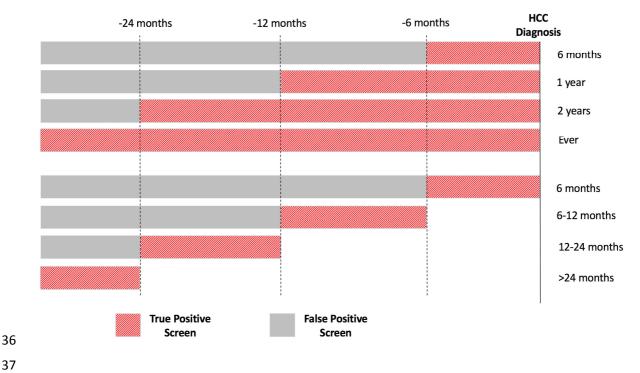
	Controls	HCC cases	
N	33,627	4,804 60.83 (57.22-64.49)	
Age at baseline AFP (years)	60.67 (56.18-64.44)		
Sex			
Male	32,575 (96.87%)	4,743 (98.73%)	
Female	1,052 (3.13%)	61 (1.27%)	
Race			
Non-Hispanic White	21,215 (63.09%)	2,955 (61.51%)	
Non-Hispanic Black	6,705 (19.94%)	934 (19.44%)	
Hispanic	3,210 (9.55%)	578 (12.03%)	
Other	2,497 (7.43%)	337 (7.01%)	
Number of AFP tests			
1	13,528 (40.23%)	1,801 (37.49%)	
2	7,265 (21.60%)	932 (19.40%)	
3-4	7,677 (22.83%)	1,173 (24.42%)	
>4	5,157 (15.34%)	898 (18.69%)	
Months between AFP tests	6.21 (3.71-11.40)	5.29 (2.76-8.97)	
Baseline AFP (ng/ml)	4.40 (2.80-7.97)	11.01 (5.20-37.23)	
Baseline ALT (ng/ml)	40 (25-70)	56 (34-90)	
Baseline PLT (1000's)	131 (89-183)	99 (70-138)	
Etiology of cirrhosis			
Alcoholic liver disease	24,137 (71.78%)	3,737 (77.79%)	
Hepatitis C virus	16,264 (48.37%)	3,392 (70.61%)	
Hepatitis B virus	2,962 (8.81%)	437 (9.10%)	
Nonalcoholic fatty liver disease	5,636 (16.76%)	584 (12.16%)	

* Continuous variables: median and interquartile range (25th and 75th percentiles) 16

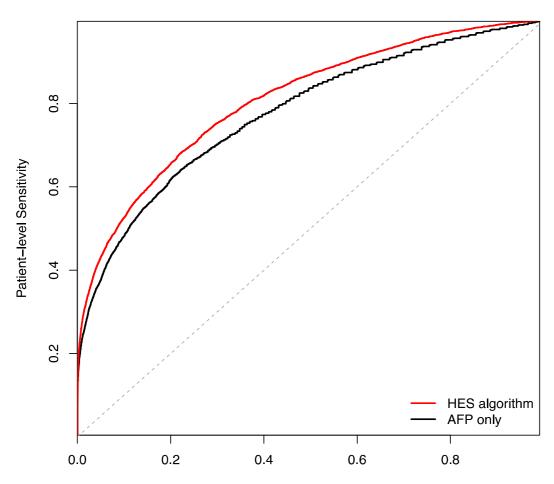
* Categorical variables: number and percentage 17

18 Definitions of time-dependent patient-level sensitivity and screening-level false positive rate

- 19 Measure/Biomarker used in screening: the predicted probability of HCC in the next six months from 20 current AFP test.
- **Positive tests**: if the predicted probability of HCC in the next six months exceeds a threshold *c*. 21
- 22 Sensitivity within T months corresponding to 10% screening level false positive rate: the proportion of
- 23 HCC cases with ≥1 positive tests within T months prior to their HCC diagnosis, among all the HCC cases
- 24 with at least one AFP test within T months of their HCC diagnosis. The threshold c is selected to ensure a
- 25 10% screening level false positive rate (T months).
- 26 Screening level false positive test (T months): the proportion of positive tests among all tests done in 27 either controls with no HCC or in cases when testing occurs more than 6 months prior to HCC diagnosis.
- 28 Sensitivity between T1 and T2 months corresponding to 10% screening level false positive rate: the
- 29 proportion of HCC cases with ≥1 positive tests within T1-T2 months prior to their HCC diagnosis among
- 30 all the HCC cases with at least one AFP test during this period. The threshold c is selected to ensure a
- 31 10% screening level false positive rate (T2 months).
- 32 Supplementary Figure 3: Visual illustration of periods during which a positive screening result was
- 33 considered to be a true positive screen and periods where a positive screen result was considered to be
- 34 a false positive screen in HCC cases for different time-dependent definitions of patient-level sensitivity
- 35 and screening-level false positive rate.



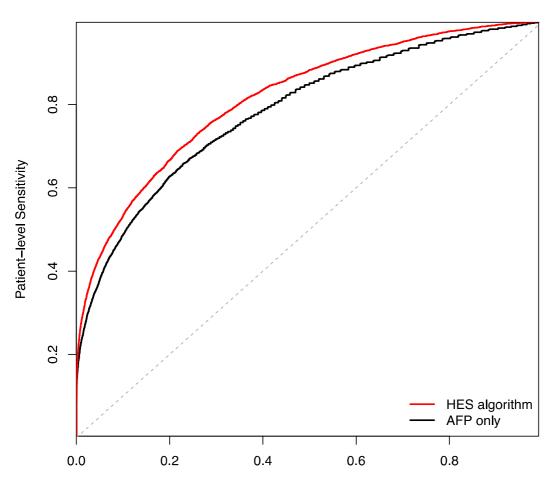
Supplementary Figure 4: Receiver operating characteristic (ROC) curves within T=6 months
prior to HCC diagnosis.



Screening-level false positive rate

40

Supplementary Figure 5: Receiver operating characteristic (ROC) curves within T=12 months prior to HCC diagnosis.

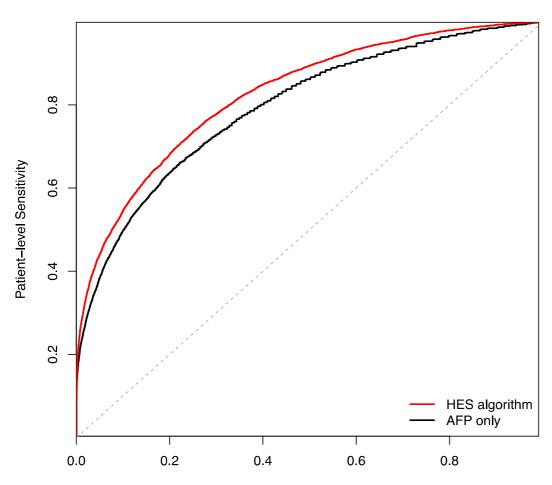


Screening-level false positive rate





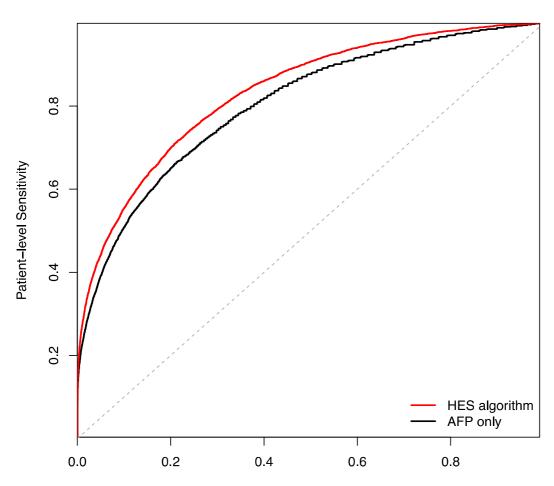
47 Supplementary Figure 6: Receiver operating characteristic (ROC) curves within T=24 months
48 prior to HCC diagnosis.



Screening-level false positive rate

49

Supplementary Figure 7: Receiver operating characteristic (ROC) curves any time prior to HCC
diagnosis.



Screening-level false positive rate

Supplementary Table 2: Alternative definition of HCC diagnosis time frame

Patient-level sensitivity corresponding to 10%	4,804 HCC cases; 33,627 cirrhosis controls					
screening-level false positive rate	0-6 months	6-12 months	12-24 months	24-Ever		
HES algorithm	52.56 (95% CI: 50.36-53.20)	36.62 (95% CI: 33.52-37.79)	28.41 (95% CI: 26.21-28.77)	26.06 (95% CI: 23.47-27.01)		
AFP only	48.13 (95% CI: 46.48-48.62)	33.87 (95% CI: 31.45-35.14)	26.40 (95% CI: 23.99-27.28)	25.21 (95% CI: 22.08-26.30)		
Bootstrap p-values:	< 0.0005	<0.0005	< 0.0005	0.095		

57 **Supplementary Table 3:** Evaluating the HES algorithm in etiology subgroups

Patient-level sensitivity corresponding to 10% screening-	Hepatitis C only* 337 HCC cases; 1,888 cirrhosis controls			
level false positive rate	6 months	12 months	24 months	Ever
HES algorithm	42.96	42.48	43.16	43.32
	(95% CI:	(95% CI:	(95% CI:	(95% CI:
	35.57-48.33)	36.39-47.87)	36.92-48.72)	36.51-48.83)
AFP only	38.99	37.26	37.08	38.28
	(95% CI:	(95% CI:	(95% CI:	(95% CI:
	31.90-44.19)	30.46-41.97)	29.47-41.69)	31.45-43.90)
Bootstrap p-values:	0.0205	0.0060	0.0050	0.0050

58 Patients included in this analysis are hepatitis C positive, hepatitis B negative/unknown, have no

59 alcoholic liver disease and no non-alcoholic fatty liver disease.

Patient-level sensitivity corresponding to 10% screening-	Alcoholic liver disease only* 945 HCC cases; 11,294 cirrhosis controls			
level false positive rate	6 months	12 months	24 months	Ever
HES algorithm	57.54	57.71	58.03	59.33
	(95% CI:	(95% CI:	(95% CI:	(95% CI:
	53.59-60.60)	54.22-60.87)	54.20-60.83)	55.77-62.24)
AFP only	53.65	53.71	53.99	54.51
	(95% CI:	(95% CI:	(95% CI:	(95% CI:
	49.70-56.56)	50.35-56.99)	50.35-57.11)	50.94-58.08)
Bootstrap p-values:	<0.0005	0.0005	<0.0005	<0.0005

60 Patients included in this analysis have alcoholic liver disease, are hepatitis C negative/unknown,

61 hepatitis B negative/unknown, and have no non-alcoholic fatty liver disease.

Patient-level sensitivity corresponding to 10% screening-	Hepatitis C or Alcoholic liver disease only* 3,737 HCC cases; 23,996 cirrhosis controls			
level false positive rate	6 months	12 months	24 months	Ever
HES algorithm	51.88	52.39	53.59	54.70
	(95% CI:	(95% CI:	(95% CI:	(95% CI:
	49.62-52.71)	49.96-53.12)	51.78-54.23)	52.79-55.32)
AFP only	47.40	47.93	48.92	50.20
	(95% CI:	(95% CI:	(95% CI:	(95% CI:
	45.61-48.04)	45.75-48.50)	46.88-49.54)	47.77-50.97)
Bootstrap p-values:	<0.0005	<0.0005	<0.0005	<0.0005

62 Patients included in this analysis are either hepatitis C positive or have alcoholic liver disease, are

63 hepatitis B negative/unknown, and no non-alcoholic fatty liver disease.