

Table S1: Swiss postal code areas (PCA), permanent male population (aged 15–64); and estimates for the absolute size of the MSM populations, using two different approaches

PCA	Index city	p	s	K	K'	M _{50%}	M _{2.5%}	M _{97.5%}	M'	M'	%
10	Lausanne	106,902	338	1.86	1.83	5,761	5,158	6,429	5,717	6,000	5.4%
11	Morges	28,332	31	0.66	0.66	543	385	744	545	500	1.9%
12	Genève	174,400	347	1.18	1.19	5,985	5,360	6,667	6,074	6,000	3.4%
13	Orbe	15,436	13	0.54	0.53	241	144	376	238	200	1.6%
14	Yverdon-les-Bains	24,743	32	0.77	0.79	550	388	751	571	600	2.2%
15	Moudon	15,532	8	0.38	0.34	170	89	285	157	200	1.1%
16	Bulle	32,958	23	0.45	0.41	426	285	604	398	400	1.3%
17	Fribourg	46,183	68	0.87	0.85	1,167	917	1,460	1,151	1,200	2.5%
18	Montreux	55,026	50	0.55	0.54	883	667	1,139	863	900	1.6%
19	Sion	48,707	40	0.50	0.50	713	523	945	712	700	1.5%
20	Neuchâtel	32,814	52	0.93	0.93	882	669	1,137	894	900	2.7%
21	Val-de-Travers	3,853	4	0.66	0.64	74	33	138	72	70	1.9%
22	ValdeRus	1,071	2	0.80	1.12	25	10	50	35	40	2.3%
23	La Chaux-de-Fonds	16,405	20	0.73	0.78	345	223	504	373	400	2.1%
24	Le Locle	4,132	2	0.47	0.27	57	22	116	33	30	1.4%
25	Biel / Biennie	46,582	64	0.82	0.83	1,101	854	1,387	1,133	1,100	2.4%
26	Saint-Imier	4,945	4	0.57	0.44	82	37	153	63	60	1.7%
27	Moutier	9,440	5	0.42	0.29	114	55	206	80	80	1.2%
28	Delémont	12,631	10	0.52	0.42	190	106	308	155	200	1.5%
29	Porrentruy	7,368	6	0.55	0.51	118	59	206	110	100	1.6%
30	Bern	89,172	289	1.90	1.95	4,907	4,341	5,499	5,090	5,000	5.5%
31	Köniz	32,225	31	0.59	0.60	551	388	756	562	600	1.7%
32	Lyss	28,872	25	0.54	0.50	451	308	637	426	400	1.6%
33	Herzogenbuchsee	16,138	18	0.67	0.63	315	200	468	299	300	2.0%
34	Burgdorf	22,792	25	0.66	0.64	439	298	616	429	400	1.9%
35	Langnau im Emmental	12,461	12	0.60	0.63	218	126	346	229	200	1.7%
36	Thun	37,464	34	0.56	0.56	604	430	821	614	600	1.6%
37	Spiez	18,460	11	0.41	0.36	219	127	351	194	200	1.2%
38	Interlaken	14,752	15	0.63	0.62	268	162	407	269	300	1.8%
39	Sierre	42,783	28	0.41	0.38	515	355	713	481	500	1.2%
40	Basel	55,971	231	2.37	2.46	3,851	3,369	4,368	4,029	4,000	6.9%
41	Riehen	64,085	78	0.73	0.77	1,357	1,079	1,670	1,434	1,400	2.1%
42	Laufen	11,722	9	0.51	0.45	174	96	287	154	200	1.5%
43	Rheinfelden	16,705	19	0.69	0.67	332	215	485	326	300	2.0%
44	Liestal	31,256	33	0.64	0.63	579	410	788	579	600	1.9%
45	Solothurn	32,746	42	0.76	0.79	725	533	956	753	800	2.2%
46	Olten	31,593	42	0.79	0.75	721	535	954	697	700	2.3%
47	Balsthal	9,103	8	0.57	0.57	151	81	255	152	200	1.7%
48	Zofingen	12,179	18	0.84	0.84	298	191	441	298	300	2.4%
49	Langenthal	16,892	15	0.56	0.57	275	167	417	283	300	1.6%
50	Aarau	40,106	50	0.74	0.78	865	653	1,114	909	900	2.2%
51	Willegg	5,971	6	0.63	0.67	110	56	192	117	100	1.8%
52	Brugg	14,251	16	0.68	0.69	280	173	424	286	300	2.0%
53	Würenlingen	12,552	13	0.64	0.58	232	137	359	213	200	1.8%
54	Baden	37,162	46	0.74	0.74	794	595	1,037	803	800	2.1%
55	Mellingen	8,144	12	0.83	0.93	195	115	307	222	200	2.4%
56	Lenzburg	33,047	37	0.67	0.69	645	468	863	669	700	2.0%
57	Reinach (AG)	21,893	14	0.43	0.40	271	164	412	258	300	1.2%
60	Luzern	88,019	131	0.89	0.89	2,262	1,893	2,680	2,294	2,300	2.6%

Table S1 (cont.)

PCA	Index city	p	s	K	K'	M _{50%}	M _{2.5%}	M _{97.5%}	M'	M' ^r	%
61	Willisau	18,304	14	0.50	0.47	264	159	404	253	300	1.4%
62	Sursee	36,377	25	0.44	0.39	459	314	647	412	400	1.3%
63	Zug	57,527	61	0.64	0.66	1,066	825	1,343	1,104	1,100	1.9%
64	Schwyz	34,338	30	0.54	0.53	540	377	736	531	500	1.6%
65	Bellinzona	24,668	26	0.64	0.62	457	310	642	444	400	1.9%
66	Locarno	16,076	18	0.68	0.66	316	203	468	311	300	2.0%
67	Biasca	9,020	6	0.48	0.40	125	63	219	105	100	1.4%
68	Mendrisio	22,458	15	0.44	0.39	286	175	435	259	300	1.3%
69	Lugano	40,489	78	1.12	1.15	1,314	1,047	1,617	1,364	1,400	3.2%
70	Chur	21,048	33	0.91	0.95	554	395	75	585	600	2.6%
71	Ilanz	7,064	7	0.63	0.59	129	66	220	122	100	1.8%
72	Davos	13,941	9	0.45	0.40	182	100	301	164	200	1.3%
73	Bad Ragaz	9,118	8	0.57	0.59	152	82	254	157	200	1.7%
74	Thusis	7,600	8	0.65	0.66	143	77	241	147	100	1.9%
75	St.Moritz	9,588	9	0.59	0.53	165	90	275	148	100	1.7%
76	Bregaglia	403	0	0.62	0.59	7	2	17	(7)	10	1.8%
77	Poschiavo	1,541	4	0.96	1.51	43	20	82	68	70	2.8%
80	Zürich	137,673	903	3.85	3.87	15,389	14,312	16,496	15,596	16,000	11.2%
81	Bülach	78,667	117	0.88	0.92	2,013	1,672	2,399	2,107	2,100	2.6%
82	Schaffhausen	43,022	48	0.67	0.70	837	629	1,090	880	900	1.9%
83	Kloten	54,466	79	0.86	0.92	1,358	1,085	1,671	1,464	1,500	2.5%
84	Winterthur	65,874	76	0.69	0.70	1,322	1,052	1,639	1,343	1,300	2.0%
85	Frauenfeld	46,250	53	0.69	0.71	920	705	1,183	959	1,000	2.0%
86	Uster	68,489	81	0.71	0.68	1,409	1,128	1,739	1,362	1,400	2.1%
87	Küschnacht (ZH)	45,541	59	0.77	0.80	1,017	786	1,295	1,072	1,100	2.2%
88	Horgen	70,814	90	0.76	0.78	1,556	1,263	1,897	1,620	1,600	2.2%
89	Dietikon	53,519	65	0.73	0.75	1,126	878	1,421	1,175	1,200	2.1%
90	St.Gallen	41,489	73	1.03	1.06	1,236	979	1,539	1,291	1,300	3.0%
91	Herisau	10,894	11	0.62	0.68	197	113	316	218	200	1.8%
92	Gossau (SG)	24,381	23	0.58	0.56	412	274	589	398	400	1.7%
93	Arbon	14,071	4	0.27	0.17	112	50	210	70	100	0.8%
94	Altstätten	53,310	43	0.50	0.47	768	573	1,010	739	700	1.4%
95	Wil (SG)	22,522	18	0.51	0.54	332	211	491	358	400	1.5%
96	Wattwil	12,223	13	0.65	0.65	230	136	360	234	200	1.9%
	Switzerland	2,718,741	4,534	1.00	1.00	78,468	63,800	96,228	79,510	80,000	2.9%

Legend: PCA, postal code area for Switzerland; p, male permanent population aged 15–64; s, number of EMIS-2010 survey participants living in Switzerland; k, local MSM concentration factor; k', local MSM concentration factor (age-stratified approach); M, number of MSM aged 15–64 (M_{50%}, M_{2.5%}, M_{97.5%}, Bayesian approach with 95% credible intervals; M', age-stratified approach; M'^r, rounded); %, proportion of MSM among men (based on M_{50%}). The nine largest Swiss cities are bolded.

Note: All regional distribution data reported here are based on postal code areas, not municipalities, which affects the reported concentration factors K_i, e.g. for PCA 12 (Geneva). To consider the specific geographical position of Geneva, which is nearly completely surrounded by France, we used EMIS-2010 data of MSM living in France and we temporarily added men who were born in Switzerland but living in the surrounding French Departments Ain or Haute-Savoie to Geneva's PCA. However, this affected Geneva's concentration factor only marginally. The main reason for Geneva's rather low concentration factors seems to be the wide geographical scope of PCA 12.