Supplementary Information

Interspecies chemical signaling in a methane-oxidizing bacterial community

Departments of ¹Chemical Engineering and ²Microbiology,
University of Washington, Seattle, WA 98105

*Present affiliation:

Department of Chemistry and the Henry Eyring Center for Cell and Genome Science,

University of Utah, Salt Lake City, UT 84112

#Corresponding author: a.puri@utah.edu

Table of Contents

Page	Contents	
3	Figure S1	
4	Figure S2	
6	Figure S3	
7	Figure S4	
8	Table S1	
9	Supplementary References	
10	LW13 Nanopore Report	

Supplementary Figures

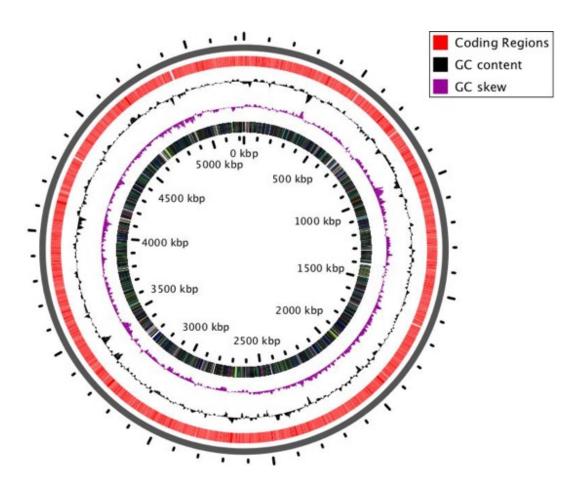


Figure S1. Overview of finished LW13 genome. Visualization using GView (1).

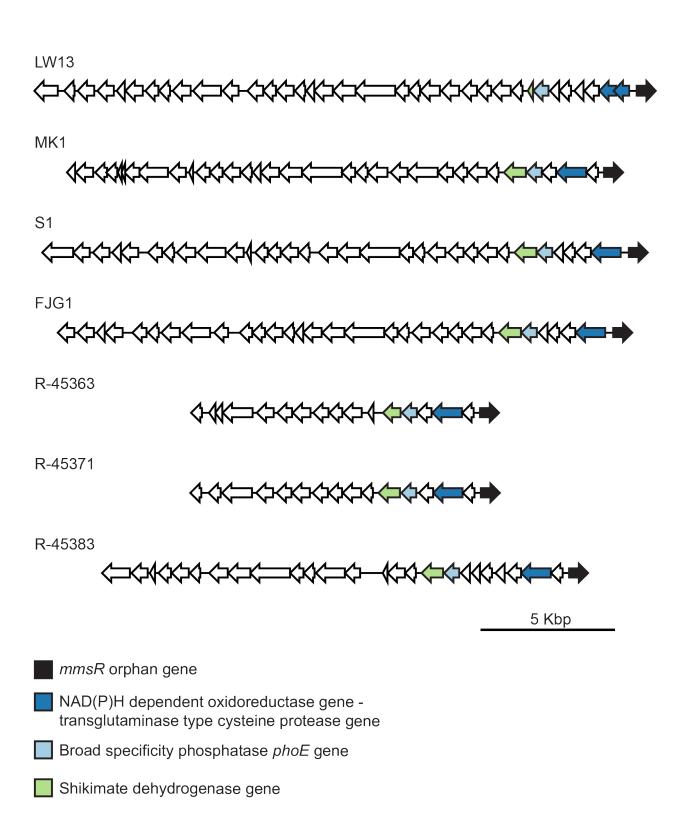


Figure S2. The *mmsR* orphan *luxR*-type receptor/transcription factor gene and neighboring gene cluster is conserved in several *Methylomonas* species. The following genomic regions are shown: *Methylomonas* sp. LW13: U737_12580 - U737_12750; *Methylomonas* sp. MK1: G006DRAFT_0572 - G006DRAFT_0604; *Methylomonas methanica* S1/NCIMB 11130:

Ga0133021_10132 - Ga0133021_101333; *Methylomonas denitrificans* FJG1: Ga0213656_112900 - Ga0213656_112931; *Methylomonas methanica* R-45363: Ga0133022_10999 - Ga0133022_109925 (reverse, end of contig); *Methylomonas methanica* R-45371: Ga0133023_10646 - Ga0133023_106421 (reverse); *Methylomonas koyamae* R-45383: Ga0133025_11938 - Ga0133025_119320 (reverse). All gene locus tags are from the Integrated Microbial Genomes system (2), except for LW13 genes which refer to the new genome reported in this manuscript. Gene clusters drawn using Easyfig (3).

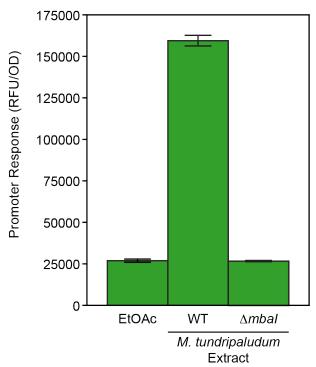


Figure S3. The *E. coli* reporter strain P_{12745} -*gfp* responds to an ethyl acetate extract from the supernatant of wild-type *M. tundripaludum*, but not a $\Delta mbaI$ mutant strain.

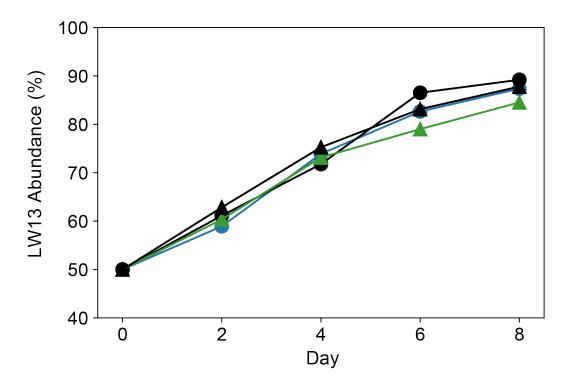


Figure S4. MmsR does not affect the outcome of a co-culture competition between LW13 and *M. tundripaludum* 21/22. Black and blue circles: Abundance of wild-type LW13 in co-culture with *M. tundripaludum*. Black and green triangles: Abundance of LW13 $\Delta mmsR$ in co-culture with *M. tundripaludum*. Two separate co-cultures of each condition are shown and the results are representative of two independent experiments.

WT + EtOAc	$WT + 3-OH-C_{10}-HSL$	$\Delta mmsR + EtOAc$	$\Delta mmsR + 3$ -OH-C ₁₀ -HSL
10.1 (9.9-10.3)	11.3 (10.1-12.6)	10.9 (10.1-11.7)	11.0 (10.4-11.5)

Table S1. Doubling times for LW13 wild-type (WT) and $\Delta mmsR$ mutant strains in the absence or presence of 2 μ M 3-OH-C₁₀-HSL. Data are the mean of two independent experiments, with the range shown in parentheses. There are no significant differences in the doubling times of any pair of strains (two-tailed homoscedastic t-test, p-value < 0.01). EtOAc, ethyl acetate solvent control.

References

- 1. Petkau A, Stuart-Edwards M, Stothard P, Van Domselaar G. 2010. Interactive microbial genome visualization with GView. Bioinformatics 26:3125–3126.
- 2. Chen I-MA, Chu K, Palaniappan K, Pillay M, Ratner A, Huang J, Huntemann M, Varghese N, White JR, Seshadri R, Smirnova T, Kirton E, Jungbluth SP, Woyke T, Eloe-Fadrosh EA, Ivanova NN, Kyrpides NC. 2018. IMG/M v.5.0: an integrated data management and comparative analysis system for microbial genomes and microbiomes. Nucleic Acids Res. [Epub ahead of print]
- 3. Sullivan MJ, Petty NK, Beatson SA. 2011. Easyfig: a genome comparison visualizer. Bioinformatics 27:1009–1010.

