

**Supplemental Table 1. Baseline demographics and disease characteristics in the evaluable patient population (N=22), baseline HVPG < 10 mmHg (N=7), and baseline HVPG ≥ 10 mmHg (N=15).**

Median (min-max)	Evaluable Subjects (n=22)	HVPG < 10 mmHg (n=7)	HVPG ≥ 10 mmHg (n=15)
<b>Age (yrs)</b>	59 (49,80)	57 (51,71)	60 (49,80)
<b>Gender (%male)</b>	15 (68.2%)	7 (100%)	8 (53.3%)
<b>Race (%Caucasian)</b>	20 (90.9%)	6 (85.7%)	14 (93.3%)
<b>Etiology of cirrhosis</b>			
<b>NASH</b>	13 (59.1%)	5 (71.4%)	8 (53.3%)
<b>HCV ± alcohol</b>	8 (36.4%)	2 (28.6%)	6 (40.0%)
<b>Alcohol alone</b>	1 (4.5%)	0	1 (6.7%)
<b>Child-Pugh Class A</b>	5 (5,6)	5 (5,5)	5 (5,6)
<b>Child-Pugh Class B</b>	7 (7,8)	0	7 (7,8)
<b>BMI (kg/m<sup>2</sup>)</b>	32.45 (17.9,44.9)	32.4 (27.6,37.3)	33 (17.9,44.9)
<b>Systolic BP</b>	125.5 (108,171)	125 (115,145)	126 (108,171)
<b>Heart rate</b>	76 (50,99)	77 (65,92)	76 (50,99)
<b>HVPG (mmHg)</b>	13.75 (5.5,32)	7 (5.5,8)	20.5 (10,32)
<b>cCK18 (U/L)</b>	189 (78,994)	191 (126,442)	187 (78,994)
<b>Caspase 3/7 (RLU)</b>	1959 (750,37428)	1627 (1045,4970)	1997 (750,37428)
<b>MELD score</b>	8 (6,15)	8 (6,10)	7 (6,15)
<b>Total bilirubin (mg/dL)</b>	0.77 (0.31,3.08)	0.6 (0.31,1.08)	0.81 (0.31,3.08)
<b>INR</b>	1.1 (0.9,1.6)	1.2 (1,1.3)	1.1 (0.9,1.6)
<b>Albumin (g/dL)</b>	4.05 (2.7,4.9)	4.4 (3.6,4.9)	3.9 (2.7,4.5)
<b>AST (U/L)</b>	31.5 (18,83)	27 (18,79)	35 (20,83)
<b>ALT (U/L)</b>	28.5 (12,89)	36 (16,89)	25 (12,61)