1 Supplementary Figures

Supplemental Figure 1: Treatment with 2AP during indeterminate stage significantly reduced ER stress in the myocardium of infected mice.

4 (a) IHC analysis demonstrated a significant decrease in the levels of ER stress marker BIP in the
5 hearts of infected mice treated with 2AP compared to infected untreated mice at 120DPI.

6 (b) IHC analysis demonstrated a significant decrease in the levels of ER stress marker pelF2α in the
7 hearts of infected mice treated with 2AP compared to infected untreated mice at 120DPI.

8 (c) IHC analysis demonstrated a significant decrease in the levels of ER stress marker CHOP in the
9 hearts of infected mice treated with 2AP compared to infected untreated mice at 120DPI.

10 (d) IHC images of BIP, pELF2 α and CHOP staining were quantified and represented as bar graph.

Five images from each section were quantified using NIH image-J program. Bars represent mean valuesof the data with SEM as vertical lines.

13 Statistical significance compared to uninfected untreated mice is represented by * ($p \le 0.05$), ** ($p \le$

14 0.01) or *** ($p \le 0.001$). Statistical significance compared to infected untreated mice is represented by #

15 $(p \le 0.05), \#\# (p \le 0.01) \text{ or } \#\#\# (p \le 0.001).$

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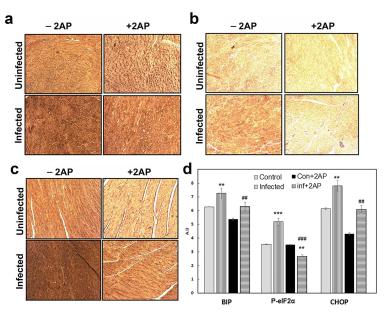
Supplemental Figure 2: Histology of the myocardium of mice during chronic stages of infection (additional images, n=8).

H&E staining displayed significantly more damage (degenerating cardiac muscle fibre – black arrow head
and presence of adipocytes or lipid granules – read long arrow) in infected (untreated) mice compared to
infected 2AP treated mice at 120 DPI (bar -25um, 40X magnification).

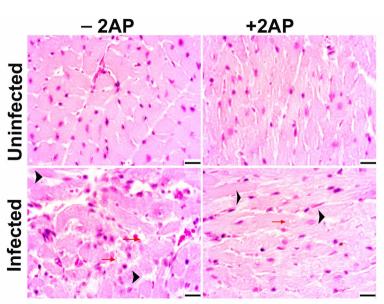
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23 Supplemental Figure 3: Schematic explanation of Experimental design

Supplemental Figure 1

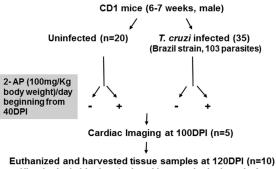


Supplemental Figure_2



Supplemental Figure 3

Experimental design



Histological, biochemical and immunological analysis