Multimedia Appendix 6 Reported outcomes*

*Presenting outcomes measured in weight loss interventions >6 months and weight loss maintenance interventions

Study	Adherence measured /	Motivation measured /	Weight measured / outcomes
number	outcomes	outcomes	
WM1	No	No	No
WM2	No	No	No
WM3	Yes, adherence to coaching, by sending	No	Yes, significant effects were found for this
	self-monitoring data to coach, was		intervention. There were significant group
	evaluated. This method cannot be used		differences in weight regain (p=.01).
	to evaluate actual usage.		
	Intended usage: >=1/day.		
WM4	Yes, adherence measured by the	No. Motivation was evaluated in the	Yes, significant effects were found for this
	amount of delivered text messages.	separate paper, through qualitative	intervention through self-reported
	Adherence to coaching calls and	methods.	measures.
	delivery of text messages was reported	Ref: Process evaluation of TXT2BFiT: a	
	to be >90%. The method cannot be	multi-component mHealth randomised	
	used to evaluate usage.	controlled trial to prevent weight gain	
	A separate publication on process	in young adults. Patridge et al. 2016.	
	evaluation, evaluated use more		
	extensively.		
	Intended usage: >=1/day.		
WM5	No	No	No
WM6	No	No	No
WM7	No	No	No
WM8	No	No	No
WM9	Yes, adherence measured through self-	No	Yes, significant effects were found for this
	monitoring of weight/weigh-ins and		intervention. This intervention has one
	activity tracking. Usage of the		weight-loss, and one weight maintenance
	dashboard cannot be linked to the		part, and focus on "High- performing
	actual usage or adherence, or to		participants"= Participants who lost ≥10%
	effective PSD features, as no data on		of their starting weight.
	the actual usage is provided. Intended		
	usage: >=1/day.		
WM10	No	No	No
WM11	No	No	No
WL1	No	No	No
WL2	No	No	No

WL3	Yes, indicators of adherence to the	No	Yes, significant effects were found for this
	prescribed interventions were		intervention. The key finding was that
	measured		weight loss from baseline to week 32 was
	and automatically computed by the		significantly greater for participants with
	computerized tracking system: (1)		high versus low usage.
	attendance to individual sessions, (2)		
	attendance to group sessions, (3)		
	frequency of submitting dietary self-		
	monitoring records, (4) frequency of		
	submitting physical activity records, (5)		
	deviation from total daily kilocalories		
	goal, (6) deviation from daily protein		
	goal, (7) deviation from daily fat goal,		
	and (8) deviation from daily		
	carbohydrate		
	goal. Rates of internet based computer		
	tracking system utilization were highest		
	during year 1 of this 2-year		
	intervention, but declined steadily over		
	time.		
	Intended usage: >=1/day.		
WL4	No	No	No
WL5	No	Yes, participants had to answer	Yes
		questions and telling to what degree	
		they experienced the text messages	
		motivational ("not at all, somewhat,	
		very much")	
WL6	Yes, intervention duration ≤6 months.	No	Yes
	Intended usage: >=1/day		
WL7	Yes, intervention duration ≤6 months.	No	Yes
	Intended usage: free usage, not		
	specified		
		<u> </u>	

WL8 No Yes, motivational orientation (gain or Yes	
loss focus) and the focus on behavioral	
consequences was measured by the	
instrument Consideration of Future	
Consequences (CFC) and the Behavioral	
Inhibition and Activation Scales	
(BIS/BAS). The Diet and Exercise Self-	
Efficacy questionnaires and the	
University of Rhode Island Change	
Assessment (URICA) scale were also	
used to assess motivation.	
WL9 No Yes, motivation for healthy eating and Yes	
continued exercise was assessed by	
using the autonomous and controlled	
regulation subscales of the Treatment	
Self-Regulation Questionnaire, TSRQ.	
WL10 No No No	
WL11 No, evaluate engagement No Yes	
WL12 Yes, adherence was measured as No Yes, significant ed	fects were found for this
reported by the authors, which in this intervention. Cor	npleters experienced
case was compliance to the web-based significant weigh	t loss (between 5 and
program. The reported measures 10%). Individuals	reporting the highest
related to The Precision Nutrition compliance with	daily habits and exercise
Coaching Program, a web-based multi-	greatest weight loss.
platform, cannot be linked to actual	
usage, or to effective PSD features.	
Intended usage: >=1/day.	
WL13 Yes, intervention duration ≤6 months. No Yes	
Intended usage: >=1/day	
WL14 No No Yes	
WL15 Yes, intervention duration ≤6 months. No Yes	
Intended usage: >=1/day	
WL16 No No Yes	
WL17 No No No	
WL18 No No No	
WL19 Yes, adherence was measured No Yes, significant et	fects were found for this
according to authors' definition. Web-	arly stage. The
site usage was according to the authors relationship betw	veen Heart360 usage and
correlating with weight loss. weight loss from	3 to 15 months continued
Intended usage: Every second week the same trend b	ut was not statistically
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WL20	Yes, intervention duration ≤6 months.	No	Yes
WLZO	Intended usage: >=1/day	110	103
WL21	No	No	No
WL22	Yes, intervention duration ≤6 months.	No	Yes
	Intended usage: >=1/day		
WL23	No	Yes, each week, participants had to	Yes
		report their level of motivation, via an	
		online portal, so that it could be	
		considered whether they needed of	
		closer follow-up from the GP or	
		practice nurse.	
WL24	No	No	No
WL25	No	No	No
WL26	No	No	No
WL27	No	No	Yes
WL28	Yes, adherence was measured as the	No	Yes, weight was measured. No group
	total percent of question SMS		differences in weight loss were found over
	(knowledge testing, weight and step		6 or 12 months.
	data) that participants responded to.		
	Participants who responded to a		
	greater proportion of SMS tended to		
	have greater weight loss over time.		
	Intended usage: Step count – daily,		
	weight weekly (1/week).		
WL29	Yes, intervention duration ≤6 months.	No	Yes
	Intended usage: >=1/day		
WL30	Yes, intervention duration ≤6 months.	Yes, weight loss motivation	Yes
	Intended usage: >=1/day	was measured at baseline, at four and	
		sixteen weeks, using the autonomous	
		and controlled regulation subscales of	
		the Treatment Self-Regulation	
		Questionnaire (TSRQ).	
WL31	Yes, intervention duration ≤6 months.	Yes, motivation for weight loss was	Yes
	Intended usage: >=1/day	measured at baseline and at 4, 8, 12,	
		and 16 weeks using the autonomous	
		and controlled motivation subscales of	
		the Treatment Self-Regulation	
		Questionnaire (TSRQ). Motivation	
		levels were tabulated by averaging the	
		answers for each subscale separately.	
		answers for each subscale separately.	

WL32	Yes, intervention duration ≤6 months.	No	Yes
	Intended usage: 2-3/week		
WL33	No	No	No
WL34	Yes, intervention duration ≤6 months.	No	Yes
	Intended usage: >=1/day		

WM = Weight loss maintenance

WL = Weight loss