## **Supplementary Online Content**

Schulson LB, Paasche-Orlow MK, Xuan Z, Fernandez A. Changes in perceptions of discrimination in health care in California, 2003 to 2017. *JAMA Netw Open.* 2019;2(7):e196665. doi:10.1001/jamanetworkopen.2019.6665

**eTable 1.** Perceived Recent Discrimination in Healthcare Among Those With Fair to Poor Health in 2015-2017 vs. 2003-2005 Controlling for Demographic Covariates

**eTable 2.** Adjusted Results of Predictors of Recent Discrimination in Healthcare in 2003-2005 and 2015-2017

**eTable 3.** Perceived Recent Discrimination in Healthcare in 2015 vs. 2017 Controlling for Demographic Covariates

This supplementary material has been provided by the authors to give readers additional information about their work.

<b>eTable 1:</b> Perceived Recent Discrimination in Healthcare among those with Fair to Poor Health in 2015-2017 vs. 2003-2005 controlling for Demographic Covariates					
11cutti iii 2013 2017 V	Adjusted OR <sup>a</sup>	95% CI	p-value		
Model 1 <sup>b</sup>					
Overall	0.60	0.50, 0.73	<.0001		
Model 2: Race by					
Time Period					
<b>Interaction Term</b> <sup>c</sup>					
African-American	0.94	0.34, 2.64	0.91		
Asian	0.87	0.41, 1.86	0.72		
Latino	0.37	0.0.23,0.67	.0007		
Other	1.46	0.63, 3.35	0.37		

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> Probability of recent discrimination in health care in late years compared to early years, with early years as reference.

eTable 2: Adjusted Results of Predictors of Recent Discrimination in Healthcare in 2003-2005 and 2015-2017						
	2003-2005			2015-2017		
	Adjusted OR <sup>a</sup>	95% CI	p-value	Adjusted OR <sup>a</sup>	95% CI	p-value
Latino <sup>b</sup>	2.66	2.34, 3.03	<.0001	1.96	1.27, 3.03	.0025
Asian <sup>b</sup>	2.41	2.04,2.85	<.0001	1.89	1.24, 2.88	.0030
African- American <sup>b</sup>	4.01	3.43, 4.68	<.0001	4.50	2.75, 7.40	<.0001
Other	2.15	1.77,2.62	<.0001	3.02	1.97, 4.62	<.0001
LEP c	1.11	0.96, 1.29	0.1741	1.14	0.76, 1.75	0.55
Immigrant	1.53	1.37, 1.71	<.0001	1.20	0.84, 1.70	0.32
Male Sex	1.03	0.95, 1.11	0.5321	1.29	0.97, 1.72	0.08
0-99% poverty <sup>d</sup>	2.10	1.80, 2.45	<.0001	1.83	1.21, 2.76	.0044
Less than high school education	0.89	0.71, 1.14	0.1651	0.69	0.38, 1.28	0.24
Poor Health <sup>f</sup>	2.62	2.13, 3.22	<.0001	2.82	1.61, 4.90	.0002
Uninsured <sup>g</sup>	1.35	1.20, 1.53	<.0001	1.25	0.88, 1.77	0.22
Medicaid <sup>g</sup>	1.12	0.98, 1.28	0.1022	1.71	1.24, 2.40	.0011
Community Health Center h	1.28	1.13, 1.46	0.0002	1.09	0.83, 1.44	0.52

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>b</sup> Model 1 includes race, sex, age, education, poverty level, insurance status, general health, usual source of care, and LEP

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>c</sup> Model 2 includes sex, age, education, poverty level, insurance status, general health, usual source of care, and LEP. Race is included in the model as an interaction term. White is referent.

Emergency	1.27	0.98, 1.64	0.07	1.60	0.98, 2.64	0.06
department/						
Urgent care h						
Some other	2.94	2.09, 4.14	<.0001	1.51	0.66, 3.46	0.33
place/ no						
particular place h						
No usual source	1.29	1.11, 1.50	.0008	1.05	0.75, 1.47	0.78
of care h						

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> Probability of recent discrimination in health care controlling for race/ethnicity, LEP status, sex, poverty level, education, health status, insurance type, usual source of race, and age. In models where immigration status is included, LEP status was excluded due to collinearity.

eTable 3: Perceived Recent Discrimination in Healthcare in 2015 vs. 2017 Controlling for						
Demographic Covariates						
	Adjusted ORa	95% CI	p-value			
Model 1 <sup>b</sup>	Model 1 <sup>b</sup>					
Overall	1.06	0.82, 1.36	0.67			
Model 2: Race by						
Time Period						
<b>Interaction Term</b> <sup>c</sup>						
African-American	1.18	0.31. 4.46	0.81			
Asian	1.43	0.59, 3.48	0.26			
Latino	1.15	0.45, 2.92	0.77			
Other	1.65	0.68, 3.97	0.26			
<b>Model 3: Immigrant by Time Period Interaction Term</b> d						
Immigrant by Year	0.97	0.59, 1.59	0.91			
Interaction Term						
Model 4: LEP <sup>e</sup> by Time Period Interaction Term <sup>f</sup>						
LEP e by Year	1.01	0.60, 1.71	0.96			
Interaction Term						

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> Probability of recent discrimination in health care in 2015 compared to 2017, with 2015 as reference.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>b</sup> White as referent

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>c</sup>Limited English Proficiency

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>d</sup>> 300% poverty level as referent

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>e</sup>College graduate as referent

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>f</sup>Excellent health as referent

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>g</sup> Commercial insurance as referent

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>h</sup> Doctor's office as referent

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>b</sup> Model 1 includes race, sex, age, education, poverty level, insurance status, general health, usual source of care, and LEP

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>c</sup> Model 2 includes sex, age, education, poverty level, insurance status, general health, usual source of care, and LEP. Race is included in the model as an interaction term. White is referent.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>d</sup> Model 3 includes race, sex, age, education, poverty level, insurance status, general health, usual source of care, and time in the USA. Immigrant is an interaction term with non-immigrant as referent.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>e</sup> Limited English Proficiency

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>f</sup> Model 4 includes race, sex, age, education, poverty level, insurance status, general health, usual source of care, and time in the USA. LEP is an interaction term with English speaking as referent.