

S3 Table-Average TPR obtained for the several algorithms

Table 1: Average TPR and associated standard deviations obtained considering a 10% FPR . Also shown is the impact of increasing the repertoire population size from 1 to 12 populations of detectors in CFAs. Here, $N.D.$ stands for "no detection". Overall, these results show that: 1) larger repertoires improve slightly the accuracy; 2) CFAs have comparable, if not better overall accuracies than one class SVM.

		AIS				IS				SVM	
Number of populations		1		12		1		12			
dataset	normal train- ing data	μ	σ	μ	σ	μ	σ	μ	σ	μ	σ
ball bearings	new	75.8	7.4	76.1	6.3	71.6	9.7	74.5	8.7	80.1	0.2
	worn out	20.1	5.5	22.0	8.1	18.0	3.9	19.7	6.9	<i>N.D.</i>	<i>N.D.</i>
iris	setosa	94.1	13.6	99.5	1.7	94.2	13.5	96.4	7.2	100.0	0.0
	versi-colour	90.0	10.4	89.8	9.9	88.1	13.6	92.5	9.5	89.5	4.5
	vir-ginica	83.6	6.3	82.3	9.5	80.8	11.2	81.5	9.2	83.5	7.5
sonar	metal	17.4	11.6	17.4	9.7	18.1	12.6	20.9	9.3	<i>N.D.</i>	<i>N.D.</i>
	rock	24.9	6.8	25.9	5.8	24.3	5.9	23.4	8.0	30.6	3.7
wines	3,4,5	16.5	4.2	18.5	3.4	17.9	4.6	19.6	2.0	14.8	1.5
	4,5,6	15.3	2.9	16.5	2.3	15.9	3.3	16.3	2.4	11.6	1.2
	5,6,7	27.4	1.7	28.2	1.1	25.1	3.2	26.9	2.4	24.4	1.0
	6,7,8	20.2	2.2	20.7	1.5	18.9	2.7	20.1	2.0	19.6	0.8
	7,8,9	19.7	2.2	20.7	3.37	21.6	2.63	21.0	2.4	19.4	1.1